The Sioux County Journal.

[ESTABLISHED 1888.]

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.
OLDEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY.
BEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY.
ONLY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN SIOUX COUNTY.
HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN SIOUX COUNTY.

Subscription Price, $2.00

L. J. Simmons, - - - Editor.

Entered at the Harrison post office as second class matter.

THURSDAY, Nov. 3, 1892.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
WHITELAW REID,
of New York.

Republican State Ticket.

For Governor,
LORENZO CROUNSE.
Lieutenant Governor,
T. J. MAJORS,
Secretary of State,
JOHN C. ALLEN.
Auditor,
EUGENE MOORE,
State Treasurer,
JOSEPH BARTLEY.
Attorney General,
GEORGE H. HASTINGS.
Sup't. of Public Instruction,
A. K. GOUDY.
Com. of Public Lands and Buildings,
A. R. HUMPHREY.

Presidential Electors.
W. J. BROATCH,
I. M. RAYMOND,
ISAAC WILES,
E. P. SAVAGE,
H. P. MILLER,
C. DURAS,
D. M. NETTLETON,
CHARLES JOHNSON.

Congressional Ticket.
For Congressman, 6th District.
JAMES WHITEHEAD.

Senatorial Ticket.
For State Senator, 14th district,
W. W. WOOD.

Representative Ticket.
For State Representative, 33d Dist.,
L. A. BROWER.

Next Tuesday is election day and another battle of the ballots will go on record.

If you want the country settled up and prosperous times follow vote the republican ticket.

If you want to see prosperous times in Sioux county vote the republican ticket and work for new settlers.

Van Wyck would think no more of breaking any promise than he did of breaking the one to *come* to Harrison to speak last Friday.

Little Kem will not come within one hundred votes of carrying his home precinct, to say nothing of his county and this district.—Broken Bow *Leader*.

Van Wyck was saved the humiliation of seeing how small a crowd he could draw by failing to fill his promise to the people of Sioux county.

On last Friday the remains of Mrs. Harrison were laid to rest in the cemetery at Indianapolis, Ind. A large number of people, including many notable persons paid their last respect to the honored dead and all was done that was possible to show to President Harrison the sympathy which was felt for him in his loss and bereavement.

The independent and democratic leaders had a meeting in Omaha a few days ago and an attempt was made to fuse against the republicans. It is stated that they agreed to knife the democratic electors in the interest of the Weaver men. A desperate effort was made to get the democratic support for Van Wyck, but he was too bitter a dose and the democrats repudiated that part of the program. The result of that scheme will be that many of those who were formerly republicans, but have of late been with the independents, will return to the old party and many straight democrats will also vote the republican ticket as a reproof to those who have tried to lead them into the independent camp.

In the early part of the campaign the opposition nominees for congress and other offices were very bold and aggressive. In the first district it was claimed that all that was necessary for re-election of Bryan was to make an arrangement whereby he could meet Judge Field in joint debate. The challenge was issued by Bryan and promptly accepted by Field. In the debates which followed the latter proved himself the master of the situation and at every joint meeting got the best of his opponent. The same plan was adopted by M'Keighan in the fifth district and Andrews flailed him all over the district. In both these districts the republican nominees challenged their opponents to continue the joint discussions until election, but in both cases the former challengers declined to arrange for further joint meetings. In the Sixth district when Whitehead had got through with Kem in the joint debates the latter retired to the privacy of his home disgusted and sick at heart, and has remained there waiting for election to come for the voters to put him out of his misery by informing him that he can stay at home after March 4, 1893. In the other districts where joint meeting were held the same results have followed. Calamity and prejudice worked pretty well in 1890 but two doses of it is more than the people can stand.

HE FOOLED THEM.

Van Wyck Failed to Show up as Advertised.

For weeks the leaders of the independents have been advertising that Van Wyck, the great pretender of reform, would be at Harrison on Oct. 28th to tell the dear people how to vote in order to help him get a chance to occupy his mansion in Washington and draw a fat salary and thus add to his wealth. A number of the enthusiastic ones were at the depot. The train was an hour and a half late and it was suggested that that was the caused by the independent political heavy-weights being in the rear car. When at last the train did arrive there was no Van Wyck, no Shrader, no Strickler, but instead there was S. I. Messerauil, of Crawford, S. C. Fairchild and H. G. Stewart.

To say that the independents put on long faces is putting it decidedly mild. At about 2 o'clock the vast crowd composed of two-score and ten, including ladies, children and members of other parties gathered at the court house. The meeting was called to order and prayer offered by Rev. Glasner. Commissioner Weber presided and the first speaker he introduced was S. I. Meserauil, of the Crawford *Boomerang*. Mr. Meseraull opened his remarks by saying that he was sorry that Van Wyck was not present, but he consoled the audience with the information that he thought it would be as well entertained as if that individual had kept his promise. He then attempted to make fun of the republican nominee for congress, James Whitehead, and misquoted him in regard to the vote on the bill to pay Stout. He whined and told profane and vulgar stories which were an insult to the ladies present and disgusted everyone in the room. He used up an hour, but the people of Sioux county know him and have not forgotten the dishonest, disreputable attempt he made a year ago to mislead them and his talk will result in more harm than good. S. C. Fairchild, an alliance lecturer, followed and attempted to show that the churches had members who gave large sums of money to the support of those institutions, that lots of people committed suicide in New York, that there were lots of people in the prisons and insane hospitals and it was all the fault of the republican party. His harangue had little effect.

When he closed, about half the people walked out, but H. G. Stewart, the perpetual candidate, could not take the hint and began to discuss the financial question on the expansion and contraction theory, and he kept at it until less than twenty remained to listen and at last the great blowout came to a close. The result of the meeting was that the independents were down in the mouth and the republicans felt good. Some of the independents did not know Van Wyck's tricks but they learned one that day, and they will find that should opportunity offer he would deceive and disappoint them in everything just as he did about coming here to speak.

If you want to keep people and money out of Nebraska vote the calamity ticket.

Don't fool about it any longer but get to work and get more people to come to Sioux county to live. That is all that is needed to make it as good as any county in the state and far better than many.

'Gene Moore is peculiarly and particularly fitted for the office of State Auditor. He has the two supremely-necessary qualifications—he is capable and honest. That the people of Fremont and Dodge county should support him goes without saying, he has enjoyed the acquaintance and esteem of many of them for years, during which time, and is a now near neighbor. He should be remembered on election day and dealt with generously.—*Fremont Tribune.*

The independents claim that they are not running a campaign of prejudice, yet the *Independent* of last week refers to the fact that Whitehead holds on to his job as receiver of the Broken Bow land office while he is making his campaign for congress, but they do not lisp a word about Kem drawing nearly $13 a day from the government while he is in the campaign. If Kem wants to reduce the expense of the government why don't he decline to take his salary while congress is not in session? It is the fear that he will not be able to draw that $13 a day after March 4, 1893, that is worrying Mr. Kem a great deal more than the hardships endured by his constituents.

It is absolutely out of the question for the independent party or press to deal fairly or honestly with any matter or person which does not agree with their hobbies. The garbled accounts of Whitehead's speech and the statement that he believes a lot of things he did not utter demonstrate the fact. The record of Whitehead in the legislature is easily seen and not one dishonest or dishonorable act is shown thereby. He voted for the bill to pay Stout what was justly due him and voted against a bill which Stout attempted to get passed for an amount to which he was not entitled. But such work on the part of the independents will avail them naught for no one will vote against Whitehead on the strength of such assertions.

Kem is Hoist by His Own Petard.

Kearney Hub.

There exists in Custer county, with its office in Broken Bow, an organization known as the Nebraska Homeseekers association. The directors are L. H. Jewett, F. M. Rublee, James Whitehead, Rev. O. R. Beebe and Rev. Father T. P. Haley.

The purpose of the association is "to assist in turning the tide of immigration this way"—that is to Custer county and Central Nebraska and is not a real estate dealers association.

There has been handed to the *Hub* a little pamphlet, styled "Semi-Annual Circular No. 1," issued about a year ago, which sets forth the object of the association, describes the advantages of Nebraska as an agricultural state, and publishes the sworn statements of a large number of farmers in Central Nebraska who have made money off their farms.

On the last page of this little book there is a card signed by O. M. Kem, congressman from the sixth district, which reads as follows:

"I am personally well acquainted with each of the members of the association, and also with nearly all of the farmers whose affidavits appear herein. They are men of integrity, and their statements may be regarded as thoroughly reliable.—O. M. KEM, M. C.

At the present moment O. M. Kem is a candidate for re-election to congress, and the burden of his entire song has been a calamity wail that the farmers of his district are becoming steadily poorer, that they are losing their farms, and that under present political conditions there is no hope for the poor man. All of this slush and slander has of course been to curry favor with the farmers and catch their votes. He doesn't believe anything of the kind, and he knows that these constantly repeated assertions are not true. And to prove this it is only necessary to quote from the sworn statements made by farmers to whom he refers in his card as "men of integrity" whose statements may be "regarded as thoroughly reliable."

H. J. Shinn, an independent, county judge of Custer county, says: "Have farmed my home place continually since 1885 until elected county judge in 1889." Further says: "I am well satisfied with my success in Custer county and know of no country where I could go to better my prospects for successful farming."

James Stockham chairman of the board of supervisors of Custer county, since deputy clerk of the district court, an independent and a political speaker, tells the same story and clinches it with this statement: "Have done well in Custer county and believe any wide-awake man can make money in this county."

Diah Woodruff, independent, member of the board of supervisors, tells of sixteen years farming in Custer county and makes this positive assertion: "I know a man can do well on a farm in Custer county if he works and thinks."

William P. Burrows, county supervisor in Custer county, also an independent, says: "Have done well in Custer county and know a farmer can do as well here as any country I ever saw."

James Lindly, of Anselmo, another independent, testifies to his prosperity, produced out of nothing, says: "I believe I have succeeded better by farming in Custer county than I could in any state or locality I was ever in. * * This is a thoroughly reliable agricultural country."

Joseph Murray, of Lee Park, member of the calamity party, is so well satisfied that he says on oath: "I know of no country in the world I would wish to remove to, and consider I have accumulated property during my residence here worth to me $8,000 clear of all debts."

Thomas T. Williams, of Ansley, an independent, after twenty years experience, declares: I intend to remain permanently on my present home in Custer county, and believe with hard work and thrift a farmer can do better here than any state I was ever in."

J. A. Amsberry, Mason City, independent, thirteen years experience, testifies: "Believe this county well adapted to farming and stock raising, and these can be made exceedingly profitable here."

Geo. A. Steele, of New Helena, the last to make oath to his prosperity, also an independent, says: "I consider Custer county a thoroughly reliable agricultural county: good farmers can make money here."

These gentlemen are all members of the independent party—Mr. Kem's party—the party that talks calamity. Mr. Kem says that he is well acquainted with them. He also avers that they are men of integrity. And he further declares that their statements can be regarded as reliable.

Mr. Kem also acknowledges that he is acquainted with the "members of this association" (meaning the Nebraska Homeseekers' association) and he includes them with the farmers whose sworn statements appear as men of integrity whose statements may be regarded as true. Therefore Mr. Kem acknowledges the integrity and reliability of James Whitehead, a member of the association, who also happens to be Mr. Kem's opponent for congress at this particular writing.

And it may seem superfluous to add that Mr. Kem has by his own admission proven himself a slanderer of his own section, a besoiler of his own nest, and a very cheap calamity falsifier—convicted out of his own mouth and not worthy the confidence of the people of the big Sixth district.

Slumping Away From Van Wyck.

Lincoln Liberty (Ind.)

The news from every county in the state indicates a wonderful falling off in Van Wyck's strength. The editor of *Liberty* has received letters during the past two weeks from more than thirty different counties, from independents, and all of them agree that Van Wyck has lost votes in every township during that time. Democratic estimates from all over the state show that the independent candidate for governor has lost heavily during the past two weeks, and republicans are jubilant over the gains for their candidate, Mr. Crounse. Never in the history of politics in Nebraska has there been such a wonderful change in so short a time in the prospects of a candidate as there has been in regard to Van Wyck. Wherever Van Wyck has spoken his adherents have gone home dissatisfied with him. They have been angered at his lack of ability and at his clownish appearance and actions upon the rostrum, while they have been pleased with both Crounse and Morton. General Van Wyck has had to face his congressional and senatorial record everywhere and nowhere has he denied a single paragraph of that record, as published in the columns of *Liberty*. On account of this fact, those who have heard him have concluded that all we have said of him was true, and wisely concluded that they did not desire such a man for governor and United States senator.

Kem Waiting for the Hearse.

Kearney Hub.

Congressman Kem has been hors du combat since the close of his series of joint discussions with the peerless Jim Whithead—sick in body and mind—and only waiting for the election returns to put him out of misery.

Gov. Boyd has issued a personal and confidential letter to the democrats urging them to vote for the Weaver electors, stating that it is a step toward the election of Cleveland and Stevenson and the principles they represent. The Boyd democrats are also ready to knife Morton because he does not suit their taste. The result of such a contemptible scheme will be that many independents will vote the republican ticket and many straight democrats will do the same for they will not submit to be lead around by the nose by the Boyd crowd.

Final Proof Notices.

All persons having final proof notices in this paper will receive a marked copy of the paper and are requested to examine their notice and if any errors exist report the same to this office at once.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Oct. 31, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Neb., on December 12, 1892, viz:

Earnest Uplinger, of Bodare, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 541 for the NW¼ Sec. 26, T. 33 N. R., 55 West of the 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultiva of said land, viz:

John B. Bradley, William Miller, Alanson Southworth, Matthew C. Doan, all of Bodare, Nebr.

W. H. McCANN, Register.
[8-13]

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Nov. 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Chadron, Nebraska, on December 10th, 1892, viz:

David Anderson, of Montrose, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 349 for the SW¼ Sec. 27, T. 33 N. R., 54 West of the 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

J. M. Plumb, of Ardmore, S. Dak., August Meyers, Henry C. Hunter, Christopher Gensen, all of Montrose, Nebr.

[8-13] W. H. McCANN, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Oct. 11, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on November 21, 1892, viz:

Nels Engebretsen, of Harrison, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 59 for the SE¼ Sec. 35, T. 32, N. R. 55 West of the 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Leopold DeBock, William Dixon, William D. Lafferty, John Eberspecher, all of Bodare, Nebr.

W. H. McCANN, Register.
[9-10]

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Sep. 26, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on November Fifth, 1892, viz:

George J. Enteman, of Montrose, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 357 for the SE¼ Sec. 22, T. 34, N. R. 55 West of the 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Anton Rhein, Henry J. Pickenbrock, Henry Wassenburger, Ferdinand Hittner, all of Montrose, Nebr.

[9-8] W. H. McCANN, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Sep. 22, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on November 7th, 1892, viz:

Robert F. Neece, of Royville, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 1231 for the Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 Sec. 1, T. 28, N. R. 55 West of the 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

George Englebrecht, Clint Ames, all of Marshland, Nebr., Andrew McGinley, of Harrison, Nebr., Octave Harris, of Royville, Nebr.

W. H. McCANN, Register.
[8-5]

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Sep. 27, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on November 7th, 1892, viz:

Mary E. MacLachlan, of Royville, Nebr., who made Homestead No. 3409 for the E½ NW¼ & SW¼ NW¼ Sec. 13 & SE¼ NE¼ Sec. 14, T. 28, N. R. 56 W. 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Irving Wilson, John F. Cook, all of Harrison, Nebr., Arthur M. Green, John A. Green, All of Royville, Nebr., also:

Hugh W. MacLachlan, of Royville, Nebr., who made D. S. No. 289 for the E½ SE¼ & SW¼ SE¼ & SE¼ SW¼ Sec. 12, T. 28, N. R. 56 West 6th P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Irving Wilson, John F. Cook, all of Harrison, Nebr., John A. Green, Arthur M. Green, all of Royville, Nebr.

[5-8] W. H. McCANN, Register.

Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

August Beck and Lena C. Beck, his wife, defendants, will take notice that on the 7th day of October, 1892, Catharine A. Smoot, plaintiff herein, filed her petition in the District Court of Sioux County, Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants to the plaintiff upon the South West Quarter (¼) Section Twenty-two, (22) Township Thirty-one (31), Range Fifty-six (56), to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated on the third (3d) day of January, 1888, for the sum of Three Hundred and Fifty Dollars, ($350) and due and payable in Five years from the date thereof, that there is now due and payable upon said note and mortgage the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty-two and Twenty-five Hundreth Dollars ($362.25), with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the first day of July, 1891, and the further sum of Eighteen and Forty-eight Hundreths Dollars ($18.48) paid by plaintiff as taxes upon said mortgaged premises, for which sum with interest thereon from this date, plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same, or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or befor the 7th day of November, 1892.

Dated this 7th day of Oct. 1892.

CATHARINA A. SMOOT, Plaintiff.
By Morris & Beckman and George Walker, Attorneys.
[58]

Notice to Non-Resident Defendant.

John W. Tidd will take notice that on the 28th day of July, 1892, Louis Schuchardt, plaintiff herein, filed his petition in the District court of Sioux county, State of Nebraska, against John W. Tidd, defendant herein. The object and prayer of which is to foreclose a certain mortgage, executed by him, to the Western Farm Mortgage Company, upon Lots No. 2, 3 & 4, and the SE¼ of the SW¼ of Section 18, Township 32, Range 55 to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated June 17, 1889, for $800.00 with 7 per cent interest from date, payable semi annually. Long before said mortgage became due it was duly assigned to Louis Schuchardt who is now the owner thereof; there is now due upon said note and mortgage the sum of $400.00 with interest from December 1, 1890, and plaintiff prays that said premises may be decreed to be sold to satisfy the amount due thereon.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 21st day of Nov., 1892.

Dated october 4th, 1892.

LOUIS SCHUCHARDT, Plaintiff.
By F. J. Houghton, his attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale directed to me from the clerk of the district court of Sioux county, Nebraska on a judgment obtained in said court on the third day of August, 1892, in favor of Sarah C. D. Bassett as plaintiff and against Franklin Simons, Mary Simons, Sarah E. Davis as defendants, for the sum of One Thousand Seventeen and Forty Eight Hundreth Dollars $1017.48 and costs taxed at Eleven and Fifty-nine Hundreth Dollars ($11.59) and accruing costs, I have levied upon the following real estate taken as the property of defendants to satisfy said order of sale to wit: Lot No. Sixteen (16) in Block No. Six (6) in the village of Harrison, Sioux county, Nebraska, and will offer the same for sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand on the 12th day of November 1892, at the front door of the court house of said county, at Harrison, Nebraska, that being the building wherein the last term of court was held to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs, at which time and place due attendance will be given by the undersigned.

THOS. REDDY, Sheriff of Said County.
[4-8]
Dated October 3rd, 1892.

Notice.—Timber Culture.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, CHADRON, NEB., Oct. 14, 1892.

Complaint No. 2534 having been entered at this office by Charles Henry Dutt against Zachariah Shoop for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 6945, dated October 6th, 1885, upon the south West Quarter Section 7, Township 30 North Range 55 W. in Sioux County, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Zachariah Shoop, has wholly abandoned said tract; by neglecting to break, plow, or in any way cultivate any portion of said tract during the year 1891, and up to date Sept. 29, 1892, in the year 1892, that there is no trees growing upon said tract; at the present time, and there has been no trees, tree seeds, or tree cuttings, planted upon said tract since January 1, 1891, that the portion of said tract that was cultivated prior to January 1, 1891, has grown up to grass and weeds, Entryman has failed to cure said defects up to the date of this affidavit, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 3 day of December, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

Testimony of witnesses will be taken before George Walker, a notary public at his office in Harrison, Nebr., on the 28 day of Nov., 1892, at 10 a. m.

T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, Contestant's Attorney.
[6-10]

GEORGE WALKER,

Attorney-at-Law.

Will practice before all courts and the U. S. Land Office. Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.

HARRISON, - - NEBRASKA.

Notice—Homestead.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, CHADRON, NEB.,

Complaint No. 2529 having been entered at this office by Charles Burt against George Slack for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry Serial No. 18921, upon the W½ NW¼ Section 31, Township 32 North Range 55 West, Sioux County, Nebraska, with a view to cancellation of said entry; alleging that the said George Slack has wholly abandoned said tract; that he has not resided upon said tract since filing on same, nor has his residence therefrom for months since making said entry; that said tract is not settled upon and improved by said party as required by law; that he has never established a residence upon said tract since filing on same; and they are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 21st day of November, 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Testimony of witnesses will be taken before George Walker, a notary public at his office in Harrison, Nebr., on the 7th day of November, 1892 at 10 a. m.

H. T. CONLEY, Contestant's Attorney.

Notice—Timber Culture.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, CHADRON, NEB.,

Complaint No. 2531 having been entered at this office by Newman L. Reed against Walter Reed for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 18915, dated December 4th, 1885, upon the W½ SW¼, NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼ Section 30 Township 30 North Range 55 West, Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Walter Reed has wholly abandoned said tract in that he has not resided upon said tract since filing on same, nor has he cultivated any portion of said tract during the year 1891, and up to date of making this affidavit, nor has he built a house on said tract since January 1, 1891, or any other time since filing on said tract; that said tract is not his actual residence nor the residence of his family nor has it been for months prior to January 1, 1891, and up to date of making this affidavit; that said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 3 day of December, 1892, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

Testimony of witnesses will be taken before George Walker, a notary public at his office in Harrison, Nebr., on the 28 day of November, 1892, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

H. T. CONLEY, Contestant's Attorney.

Swan Peterson and Anna Peterson, defendants, will take notice that on the 21st day of October, 1892, Ingalls, Plaintiff, has filed a petition in the District Court of Sioux County, Nebraska, against said Defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by said defendants, dated June 21st, 1888, for $500.00 and interest, on the Lots one and two and the South East quarter of section 1, township Thirty four north of range Fifty five West 6th P. M., in said county, to secure the payment of a certain note executed by said Swan Peterson and Anna Peterson to Western Farm Mortgage Company, which was duly assigned to Plaintiff, which said mortgage was duly recorded in Book 3, Page 31, of mortgages in the records of said county, and to have the same decreed to be a first lien on said premises and to satisfy the same, and to foreclose said record.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 28th day of November, 1892.

Dated 8 & 12, 1892.

INGALLS, Plaintiff.
[6-9]

Notice of Lease of School Lands.

Notice is hereby given that the following described contracts on the following described school lands have been cancelled by the Commissioner of Educational Lands & Funds, and reinstated by the payment of delinquent interest or lease rental due, said lands will be offered for lease by the County Treasurer of Sioux County at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the day of November, 1892.

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Dated at Lincoln, Nebraska, Oct. 31st, 1892.

A. R. HUMPHREY, Com. Public Lands & Buildings.
[6-9]

B. L. SMUCK,

Fashionable Barber & Hair Dresser

One Door South of Bank of Harrison

OPEN SUNDAY FROM 9 TO 2

RAZORS AND SCISSORS PUT IN ORDER.

Sewing machines cleaned and repaired.

Give me a call.

JOHN A. LUCAS, PRESIDENT. CHAS. E. VERITY, CASHIER.

THE BANK OF HARRISON

[ESTABLISHED 1887.]

Harrison, Nebraska.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $25,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Buys School Orders, County and Village Warrants.

CORRESPONDENTS:
KOUNTZE BROS., New York City.
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