

THE SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL

L. J. SIMMONS, Proprietor.

HARRISON, - - NEBRASKA

The Investigation.

VALLEJO, Cal. Jan. 9.—The investigation into the assault on the Baltimore's sailors in Valparaiso began at Mare Island, in the presence of Judge Advocate General Remy, United States District Attorney Garton and United States Commissioner J. S. Ashley. Remy conducted the investigation.

John W. Talbot, an apprentice on the Baltimore, was the first witness. He was one of the liberty party September 16. He stated that C. W. Riggins, one of those killed, was with him during the afternoon. About 3 o'clock they went together into a saloon called Shakespeare, in the southern part of town. The proprietor ordered them out, declaring that a mob of disbanded sailors and soldiers were preparing to attack the Baltimore's men and they did not want any trouble in this place. Riggins and Talbot laughed at the warning, but left the place and went to the True Blue saloon.

About 4 o'clock, coming out, I saw Riggins was being threatened by Chilean sailors in man-of-war uniform. I ran across and tried to separate them. One of the Chilean's spat in my face and I knocked him down. Instantly a crowd of a hundred people appeared in the street and we started to run, but soon jumped upon a passing car. The mob followed and stoned the car, and we were instantly surrounded by the mob. I saw Riggins fall and tried to reach him but was stabbed in the back and turned to run.

After going a few blocks I turned into a doorway and was again stabbed in the back. I got it, however, and got into a corner and defended myself with a chair. The mob followed me and a Chilean sailor, in a man-of-war uniform, stabbed me again. The bartender finally put them out and barricaded the door. The mob clamored outside for entrance.

After an hour a policeman arrested and took them to jail. He disguised me by substituting a hat for my sailor's cap, with the word "Baltimore" on it, so that the mob would not notice that I was an American sailor. The officer turned me over to two other policemen, who struck me several times, although I was making no resistance. I had no arms of any kind. I was perfectly sober. After a short time in jail I was sent to a hospital with Hamilton, Paupier and Davidson, all badly hurt. We were kept four days and then sent to the ship, where I was in the hospital forty-five days. None except American sailors were attacked by the mob.

Caused a Sensation.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 9.—The arrest of Mrs. Henry Von Phul, a society lady, on the charge of robbing Schooler's large jewelry house has caused a decided sensation in upper-tendom. For nearly a week the police have been hunting for a middle-aged lady of respectable appearance who had been putting local jewelers on their mettle. She has been operating in an open manner, and after robbing a store would attempt to dispose of her plunder at the pawnshops. Mrs. Von Phul is connected with the best families of the state, and claims relationship with Justice Fenner, of the state supreme court. Her friends claim that she is irresponsible for her actions, having been under treatment already for a mild form of insanity.

Remains of the Late Khedive of Egypt Borne to Its Last Resting Place.

Cairo, Jan. 9.—The body of Tewfik Pasha, the late khedive of Egypt, who died Thursday afternoon, was removed yesterday morning from the Helouan palace and was deposited in the Abdin palace. The removal of the remains was accompanied by most impressive ceremonies, in which all the notabilities of Egypt, European and native, together with a large force of troops took part. The vice-roy of Egypt, the Princess Emiloh, widow of the khedive has arrived in this city and is prostrated with grief. Prince Abbas, a youth of 17, the eldest son of the ruler of Egypt and heir to the throne, was traveling in Austria when his father died. He is now on his way to Egypt on board a special steamer, chartered for the purpose of hurrying home.

The body of the late khedive arrived at the Abdin palace, this city, from the palace of Helouan, at about one o'clock yesterday afternoon. The remains were preceded by the British and Egyptian officials of high rank, and followed by the officials of the khedive's household.

After the celebration of solemn and impressive religious rites at the Abdin palace the body of the dead ruler of Egypt was taken at 2:15 p. m. to Effi, where the khedive recently built a handsome vault for the reception of his body and those of his family after death. The route from the Abdin palace to Effi was lined with British and Egyptian troops, who presented arms as the body of the Tewfik Pasha was slowly borne to its final resting place.

New York Herald: Cleverness—What a smash there will be on that last grand day!

Optimism—I don't believe it will make a sensation. People will hear the cry and say, "Wonder what that fellow came to."

STARTLING DEVELOPMENTS.

The Clerical Party Furnishing the Money to Conduct the Campaign.

Diaz's Imprisonment Made Them Bitter.

CALLING MEXICANS TO ARMS.

LAREDO, Tex., Jan. 7.—Startling developments in regard to the Garza revolution have been made public. The head and front of the whole matter is coming to light. The paper found in the saddlebags of Pablo Munez, one of the captured revolutionists, throws a great deal of light on the situation. It proves conclusively that what was foreshadowed four days ago is true, and that is that the clerical party is furnishing the money with which the campaign is being conducted.

In all the forays made by Garza he has not stolen or plundered the smallest article. On the other hand he has paid cash at high prices for what he has needed. Where all this money has been coming from has been puzzling the American and Mexican authorities. It is now ascertained that Monetez de Acosta, a citizen of Monterey, is the financial agent of the clerical party in supplying Garza with funds. Summed up, it is this: Bishops Moniste de Oca and Iturbide hate Diaz and so does Garza. They furnish the money and Garza does the work. There is not a word of speculation in this. It is a cold, naked fact.

So far as Garza attempting any trouble on this side is concerned, it is the veriest nonsense. When he attacked the United States troops under Captain Bourke, it was under necessity. His camp was surprised at night and he opened fire and fled. So it has been all along. The sole ambition of the Garza revolution is to get across the river.

Inflammatory pronouncements over different signatures calling Mexicans to arms against tyranny are constantly being circulated on both sides of the Rio Grande. If the United States authorities keep Garza's forces well rounded up instead of capturing them, they will cross into Mexico, and then the real tocsin of war will be sounded.

The clerical party is strong and rich, and Diaz's imprisonment of the priests made them bitter. The Mexican administration desires to suppress every mention of the revolution and pretends to believe there is no trouble brewing, but their actions and preparations are at variance. The government realizes the inevitable and is hard at work. As a result of the trouble Mexican silver has fallen in price considerably. Foreigners who have developed American industries are alarmed. The foreign moral supporters of Diaz, say it is true that he rules more like an emperor than a president of a republic, but it is this which gives foreigners security.

The present uprising is seeking for a military leader, but at present there are none available. All the governors and generals are well paid and rich, and they will stay on Diaz's side because they have all to lose and nothing to gain. Besides they are all growing old.

The telegraph wires between Fort Ringgold and this city are in good working order and daily reports are received from the seat of war at the military department headquarters here. In addition to official information General Stanley received a letter from Captain Bourke, in which the latter asks that the attention of the federal authorities be called to the necessity of having a greatly increased force at United States deputy marshals on the border. He states that the people of the Rio Grande valley will help Garza to the last woman and child, and it is almost impossible for the troops to accomplish anything in the way of suppressing them, as they always assume new names when arrested, and are attempted from written descriptions, and those wanted escape. Captain Bourke concludes by stating he has just received a letter from Captain Hardie requesting that Sheriff Seeley send full descriptions and names of those whose arrests is desired by the government. He asserts that he is positive that he has seen several of those whose names he has on his list, and that he is confident that he can arrest at least a dozen of the active supporters of the Garza movement in the vicinity of Saleneno if he can get some one who knows the parties wanted, so that they can be identified.

General Stanley at once referred the information in Captain Bourke's letter to United States Marshal Paul Fricke of the Western district of Texas, who will appoint a large force of special deputies to assist the United States troops in their work.

Fire in an Iowa Town. WAPELLO, Ia., Jan. 7.—Fire destroyed the Phoenix block and four brick stores. Loss \$30,000.

An Explosion.

HUMOR, S. D., Jan. 7.—A terrific explosion occurred at the electric light plant Tuesday night, when the "blow off" valve was blown away and one end of the building torn out. Boards and scuttles were thrown fifty feet or more from the building. Fortunately, no one was hurt, although Harry Flaberkaler narrowly escaped. The damage will at once be repaired. This accident is the first that has occurred since the establishment of the plant, more than three years ago.

A Messenger Boy Murdered.

OMAHA, World-Herald Jan. 8.—Oscar Olson, a 15-year-old messenger boy for the Western Union Telegraph company, is lying dead in the little two-room home of his parents, in the rear of 411 Woolworth avenue.

He was murdered early yesterday morning. At 2 o'clock yesterday morning he came up to the World-Herald office with a bunch of special dispatches, and went out of the rear entrance of the building, and into the alley. The Western Union office is two blocks east, at the corner of the alley and Thirteenth street. Half an hour later another messenger, Walter Wilson, left the newspaper office, and as customary with the boys, went down the alley. When in the rear of the Wells-Fargo express office Wilson heard a moan. Looking about he found Olson lying at one side of the alley near the express office rear door. Wilson ran into the telegraph office and notified the night men. Olson was carried into the office. He was moaning with pain and as they took him up, he was delirious and kept crying:

"Don't strike me! I have no money! Please don't strike me!" Dr. Sumner, who was called, found that the boy had been struck on the left side of the head. There was a large swelling just over the ear, but there were no bruises. The lad was suffering great pain and every few minutes would feebly raise his arms as if to ward off a blow. At five o'clock the patrol wagon was called and he was removed to his home, where he died at 8 o'clock without regaining consciousness.

When he was placed on the bed at his home Olson did not recognize his mother or father and the only words he said and these over and over again, were, "No" and "Don't."

One theory is that some ruffian, supposing Olson had several dollars from collecting messages, had assaulted him. If so, the assailant must have been unfamiliar with the messenger boy's work, because the boys seldom have over 50 cents or \$1 nights and never over \$3 days from collections.

When Manager Umsted came to his office this morning he immediately left with a World-Herald reporter for the boy's home. The family is very poor and lives in a small house, scantily furnished. The lad was lying on a bed with his eyes partially opened and his messenger uniform carefully hanging upon a chair. The swelling in his head had disappeared and there was no bruise or outward signs of where he had been struck. Whatever the instrument, it was something comparatively smooth and soft, otherwise there would have been marks left on the temple. Mr. Umsted gave the family some money and the Western Union will bear the expenses of the boy's funeral, and will also for a month or so, pay his monthly salary, of \$15, to the family.

The murdered boy has been in the employ of the Western Union for the last two years and was considered one of the brightest boys in the office. He was faithful and polite and was a favorite with the manager and head clerk as well as with the boys.

Coroner Maul, who took his office this morning, as soon as he could secure the papers and be sworn in, went down to the house and had the body removed to the morgue, where an inquest will be held.

A strong theory that is advanced is that the lad had interrupted a burglary. He was found lying just back of the Wells Fargo Express company's office, and it may be that when the boy came along he saw a burglar about to force his entrance into the building. When discovered and fearing the boy would give an alarm he murdered the boy. The boy may not have seen the man but thought he was being robbed in his delirium, to beg that the man should not strike him as he had no money. This is the first time a messenger boy for either of the telegraph companies has been molested.

Chief detective Haze and detective Vaughn are working on the case, but there is yet absolutely no clue, as not once did the boy recover consciousness sufficiently to answer any questions or to utter a name. The theory of the attempt to burglarize the express office is the most plausible one, owing to the fact that nearly everyone knows a messenger never has money enough to be an object of robbery.

The father of the boy is a hard working man and is employed in the ice houses of the city when there is work for some time. Mrs. Olson, the mother, does washing and other house work. Oscar, the murdered boy, was the eldest of three children, the others being a boy of eight years and a baby in arms.

Poverty and Misery.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The almost incredible poverty and misery existing among the immigrants from Russia was illustrated again by one of the numerous inquests which are so common among the half-starved inhabitants of the east end. The inquest was on the body of a babe that had died almost as soon as born, and the testimony showed that the child had remained naked, exposed to the chilling air of the wretched apartment occupied by its parents until died from lack of warmth and care. There are many such cases coming to light.

NEWS FROM CHILI.

Our Relations With Chili Growing More Peaceful Every Day.

Calikely that a Disturbing Element Will Be Introduced.

WILL PUNISH THE THREE CHILEANS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The correspondence which the president promised to send to congress relating to the attack upon the Baltimore's sailors at Valparaiso will not be sent now. In fact, there is reason to believe that some days will elapse before the public may know officially just what has passed between the department of state and Minister Egan on one side, and the Chilean minister of foreign affairs and Minister Montt on the other.

The unofficial announcement of the practical completion of the judicial proceedings in Valparaiso, and the intention of the Chilean legal authorities to punish three Chileans convicted of participation in the assault, has given satisfaction here, and is generally regarded as a distinct concession by the Chileans to the United States, as showing that there will not, in all probability, be further delay in the disposition of the case.

These tidings have not, so far as learned, been officially made known to Secretary Blaine by Minister Montt, and it may be that the latter will await the sentence of the convicted Chileans before he presents to the secretary the conclusions reached by the judicial authorities of his country. With matters in this promising condition, it is unlikely that a disturbing element will be introduced in the negotiations by the publication of the incomplete correspondence.

Chicago Market.

Jan. 5. WHEAT—65 1/2 @ 66 corn 38 1/2 @ 41 1/2 Oats 31 1/2 CATTLE—Steers, 3.75 @ 5.00 Ship-pers 3.25 @ 5.55 feeders 2.25 @ 3.60 HOGS—light 3.95 @ 4.00, mixed 3.50 @ 3.85, heavy 3.75 @ 4.15.

Omaha Market.

Jan. 5. HOGS—Light, 3.90 @ 3.70 mixed 3.70 @ 3.75 heavy 3.75 @ 3.80. WHEAT—80 1/2, corn 36 1/2 oats 30 1/2 rye 75.

Suffering From Starvation.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 6.—The latest news from Durango is very sad. Although the government is trying to conceal the facts and is giving out contrary accounts, it is now well-known that the stories heretofore received are not exaggerated and that people are suffering from starvation. It is said that if the government continues deaf to the cry of the sufferers a rising of the people may be expected. To use the words of a man of influence among the common people: "I prefer to die fighting than from hunger."

In the state of Chiapas there is political trouble. The new governor, Rabasa, is trying to set the people against the late governor Carascosa, but the latter, who knows the people well, has created a decided hostility against Rabasa, and the state is ripe for a revolution, not against Diaz, but against his appointee, Rabasa.

A revolution is only avoided by the general government backing down after arresting the priests in two monasteries in Puebla, which is the most Catholic and religious state in the republic. It is stated that it was the intention of the government to arrest all the priests and if the people rose to shoot them down, but Bishop Moray very prudently preached by himself and throughout his subordinate avoided what seemed to be a trap set for him. A prominent government official says the affair was a sad mistake. The government is not to blame and state authorities did not know how to carry out the orders given.

This has given rise to the opinion that the whole thing was a plan to oust Governor Marrero, who is a moderate ruler.

The Garza revolution is becoming a more important matter than the government is willing to concede. It is an open secret that Garza is receiving money from persons in both Mexico and the United States and counterbandists of all classes on the border line of both countries are sent outing to carry on the work. Speculators in Mexican bonds are also said to be leading a hand. There is no doubt that the government will finally triumph, but it is possible the present movement may be complicated with an uprising by hungry people in some suffering states, in which event and in the hands of a competent leader, a revolt would have much greater force and perhaps tax the power of the government.

Two Girls Drowned.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo. Jan. 6.—A few days ago two young women registered at a hotel here as May Morton and Mollie Parley of Sedalia. They obtained a buggy and drove fifteen miles in the country to visit relatives. On returning next day they attempted to cross the Little Sac river, and as the stream was greatly swollen they were both drowned. Their bodies were not recovered until yesterday. It is thought their real names were Olivia and Madeline Blue. They were buried in the same grave.

A New Sensation in the Court Room.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 5.—Dr. Graves has made a partial confession of his guilt, implicating Colonel Ballou in the death of Mrs. Barnaby, and the colonel has fled. Before the verdict of the jury was made known the Providence lawyer made his preparations to escape. He left the court room at 5 o'clock Saturday night, after listening to the greater portion of District Attorney Stevens' closing argument. He went directly to the Vallejo, the private hotel where he was stopping, and hurriedly packed his belongings. He called Manager Evans of the hotel to his apartments and told him he desired to settle his bills. The latter expressed his surprise that the lawyer would leave so unexpectedly, when the fate of his client had not yet been determined. Colonel Ballou enjoined secrecy upon him, telling him that his business engagements would not permit of his remaining longer. He left the hotel at 5:30, not stopping for supper. His wife went with him. They lunched at an obscure restaurant in this city and went to the union depot. Colonel Ballou bought tickets and took the 8:30 Rock Island train for the east, after having made arrangements to have the verdict telegraphed to him on the train. One hour after his secret departure the startling verdict, condemning Dr. Graves to death, was found. Before the lawyer's he was accused of being an accomplice of Dr. Graves. It is supposed that this, coupled with a premonition of what the verdict would be, frightened him.

On the way to jail, after his fate had been pronounced by the jury, Dr. Graves made damaging statements about Colonel Ballou. "If Ballou had not come out here I would never have been convicted," he said. "I wanted to testify that I sent a bottle of pure whisky to Mrs. Barnaby. Ballou would not let me. He is as guilty as I am. I followed his instructions, and it is not right that he should go free and I to the gallows."

Mrs. Graves received many dispatches of condolence but none were from Colonel Ballou. He has not been heard of since his departure. It is believed that he will go to Chicago, but it is known what the destination of his ticket was.

Speaking of Colonel Ballou's flight John Conrad, prosecuting witness for the state said: "Although Colonel Ballou has fled it is as easy to bring him back as it was for him to disappear from Denver. I will follow him to the uttermost parts of the world."

The grand jury will meet after a long recess, when Colonel Ballou's flight will be considered. It is expected that he will be indicted in the next few days.

Dr. Graves is in the condemned cell of the jail here and a death watch is placed over him. Suicide is feared, as he frequently threatened to take his life. He was a pitiable object Sunday afternoon seen sitting endishable on the side of his rude iron cot. He had not even combed his hair.

"Oh, my God, this is terrible," he exclaimed to the United press correspondent. "I am an innocent man." Great tears rolled down his cheeks. Then he begged that his wife be not interviewed. "Her troubles are already great enough," he said. There was a wild gleam in his eyes that suggested desperation to the observer. He refused to talk about Colonel Ballou at once.

Mrs. Graves and his mother have not seen the condemned man since he has been locked up. The wife is heart-broken and spent Sunday in bed. John Furman, one of the lawyers of the accused, was the only visitor Dr. Graves had Saturday.

Dr. Graves does not feel hopeful of securing a new trial. The record of Judge Rising stands before him constantly. The man who sat on the bench and conducted his trial has never yet had a case reversed in the supreme court, and he has exercised extreme caution in the present case. Within five days Dr. Graves must appear before the bar of the district court and be sentenced to death and he must suffer the extreme penalty within thirty days unless granted a supercedens by the supreme court, but it is not at all likely that body will reverse the decision. Judge Furman says he will carry the case to the supreme court.

Lawyer Daniel R. Ballou will be arrested on his arrival in Chicago, charged with being co-conspirator in the death of the late Mrs. Barnaby. Judge Rising and District Attorney Stevens will visit the county jail and take a confession from Dr. Graves. John H. Conrad said that Dr. Graves will voluntarily tell the entire story of his connection with the late Josephine P. Barnaby.

The mother and wife of the convicted murderer are seriously ill and grave doubt as to their recovery is expressed.

Business Failures.

ELDORADO, Ark., Jan. 5.—Alphon P. Pinson, general merchant, here assigned. Liabilities, \$40,000 assets, \$10,000.

Left Them to Die.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 5.—Charlie Miller, the captured fugitive from the Larimer county jail, was brought in yesterday. His feet are frozen and will have to be amputated. The body of Kingen was also brought in and will be sent to his home in Nebraska for interment. Johnson, the colored man who escaped with Kingen and Miller, has not been found. When Miller and Kingen were up their flight and lay down along the side of the road, Johnson took \$5.00 which Kingen had in his pocket, and left his two companions to die.

NEBRASKA STAFF

Saronville is expected. Harriburg is talking factory.

A Ferman college is taking mont. The Fremont G. A. R. into a fine new hall.

A revival is in progress church at Beukleman. A public debating society the opera house in Palmyra.

The Missouri Pacific at Big Muddy at Plattsmouth. A car load of thoroughbred has been received at Calmar.

C. H. Deetrich is figuring three story block at Hastings. Talmer claims to be the point on the line from Ames.

The Leigh World has enlarged to an eight page. James B. King of Tekamah received a pension check for \$100.

Blue Springs' new water completed except the station. Volunteer fire companies state indulged in New York.

The Grand Island bureau expects a hundred new students. Plattsmouth has become that they think of dispensing policeman.

The Beatrice vocal society fully produced "Ermine" Wednesday night. The Presbyterian church Astell has been receiving needed improvement.

While Joe Feld of Beatrice cattle he had the misfortune break one of his arms.

The distillery at Nebraska county damaged by fire, some operations about January.

An epidemic of giving purchase of \$1 worth of gaiters among the merchant's.

The Methodist Sunday Superior has arranged for the first Sunday evening at the Furnas County State.

The Maywood Standard its size from a five column columns.

The Fourth Annual Nebraska soldiers' association held at Nebraska City Jan. 4 and 11.

It is thought a clue has been which will lead to the person who set fire to building in Grand Island.

John Kyner, a farmer from distance from Eustice, telegram stating that his brother killed by the cars south of

Linwood's hook and ladder has been supplied with ladders and the boys now are well equipped for fighting.

The Platte river is rising now than it has been for As there has not been cause this, it is attributed to the river.

A son of William Johnson shot a hawk that measured ten inches from tip to tip. Only crippled the bird, and alive at home.

While descending the St. Francis, Kan., E. Benkleman had an attack and fell to the floor below, self quite severely.

It is rumored that J. G. Hildebrand of the St. Paul soon sever his connection paper. It is to be hoped that mor is not well founded.

A medicine show began the streets of Emerson when the sheriff demanded fee one of the men put which he afterwards redeemed.

The elevators in Wallace in as much as ten cars of grain day and are now so full are both leaving over. Bushels of wheat have been from that station this fall.

Mt. Taber Commandery, Pythias, of Fremont, held a civic last week. Following work of the convalescing which was participated in by number of Sir Knights and

The teachers in the public Plattsmouth presented Superintendent McClelland with a handsome and secretary as a Christmas had upon it a large mirror present at the presentation marked that "it was a reflection."

A Bearer citizen received a mummy by express. It came and as he was not expecting thing he was horrified on box to find a human body in whole town was thrown into and for a time it was supposed murder had been committed.

The Fremont police think have a clue that will lead to the man who has been making a practice of molesting girls in that city. A little house in the city as the one made indecent proposals to offered her money to go to with him.