

The Sioux County Journal.

ESTABLISHED 1888. OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER. BEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY. HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN SIOUX COUNTY.

Subscription Price, \$2.00. L. J. Simmons, Editor. Entered at the Harrison post office as second class matter.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1891.

Republican County Convention.

The republican electors of Sioux county, Neb., are requested to send delegates from their several precincts to meet in convention at the court house, in Harrison, Neb., on September 19, 1891, at 11 o'clock, a. m. APPOINTMENTS. The several precincts are entitled to representation as follows, being based upon the vote for Hon. Geo. H. Hastings, for attorney general in 1890, giving one delegate at large for each precinct and one for each ten votes and the major fraction thereof.

Warbonnet—At the Warbonnet ranch, from 4 to 6 p. m.; 3 delegates. White River—At the school house in school district No. 1, from 4 to 6 p. m.; 2 delegates. Warbonnet—At the Warbonnet ranch, from 4 to 6 p. m.; 3 delegates. A. W. Mohr, Chairman. E. C. Bolton, Secretary.

Republican Judicial Convention. The republican judicial convention for the 13th judicial district will be held at Valentine, Nebraska, on September 22, 1891, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of nominating two candidates for the office of judge in said district, and for the transaction of such other business as shall come before the convention.

Hall stones fell at Hay Springs yesterday, weighing 2 pounds and 2 ounces and measuring 14 inches in circumference. The storm swept up the Beaver valley and was about a mile wide. It did considerable damage to corn.—Chadron Advocate.

Judge O. P. Mason, of Lincoln, is lying at the point of death. For many years Judge Mason has occupied a position in the front rank of brainy and active men and he has done much in the development of the state, and his death will be sincerely regretted by all.

Another change has taken place in the management of the Crawford Boomerang. S. M. B. Stuart retiring and S. I. Meseraull assuming entire control. The former is a candidate for treasurer of Dawes county and probably desires to devote his entire attention to politics. Mr. Meseraull will doubtless keep the paper up to its present standing.

Three shooting scrapes occurred at Crawford on as many successive days, the last resulting in the murder of a negro prostitute in one of the coon dives of the town, the shooting being done by a soldier of the same color as the victim. The result will be a big bill of costs for the tax payers of Dawes county to pay.

The Crawford Boomerang publishes the ticket recently nominated by the independent convention of Dawes county, the names of all the nominees being set in caps except that of the candidate for sheriff, which is set in lower-case. Wonder if that is the way they indicate that Mr. Brown, the nominee for sheriff, is to be sacrificed.

Editor Walker publishes a lot of figures and says, "Now while Walker might lie, these figures do not." As if any one doubted for a moment that he would do so. He cannot even avoid it in his statement containing the figures, for he tries to make his readers believe that all the bills allowed to THE JOURNAL were for publishing commissioners' proceedings, and tells how cheap the Herald offered to do the work (after the matter was disposed of by the board). He insinuates that THE JOURNAL uses backbiting for argument. Of course Mr. Walker never resorts to anything low and vulgar and for proof thereof it is only necessary to peruse the pure, elevating and ennobling phraseology contained in the columns of the last issue of the Herald. As to what the county has allowed THE JOURNAL the bills are on file and if there are any exorbitant or illegal amounts let the high-moral editor of the Herald state what they are and accompany the statement with proof of what he says.

An experiment was made by Prof. Dyrenfurth at Midland, Texas, of sending up dynamite balloons to produce rain. The report says the experiment proved a complete success, rain falling copiously for several hours after the dynamite was exploded. The indications are that in the near future this method of producing rain will be extensively used.

The dispatches from Waukegan, Iowa, state that the crops there are burning up. Such a state of affairs following the poor crops of last year will be hard on those who are paying high rent. Such people had better come to Nebraska and get a piece of government land and stop the rent business. There is lots of land in Sioux county open to settlement.

Not only are the farmers harvesting good crops but they are certain to get good prices for what they have to sell. The reports are that were it not for the surplus wheat which the United States will have to dispose of Europe would be on the verge of starvation before another crop grows, and at the present time the inhabitants of a vast territory in Russia would be dying of want had not the government appropriated a large sum with which to procure for them the necessities of life.

The state business men's association has started a move to collect a train load of Nebraska products and send it through the various states to New York and Boston and return by a different route. It is estimated that the cost will be about fourteen thousand dollars and it is proposed to ask the various counties of the state to contribute a certain proportion of the amount. The plan is no doubt a good one and the results will be beneficial. The greatest good will undoubtedly accrue to the eastern portions of the state, but all would be benefited thereby. A pumpkin show on wheels is a great scheme.

A new complication arises in the election of county commissioner. Under the law passed last winter the county commissioners are to be elected by the electors of their respective districts, whereas under the old law they were voted for in all the districts. In this county the territory is divided into commissioner districts in such a manner that portions of Cottonwood, Five Points and Warbonnet precincts are in different commissioner districts. It is held by some that only those residing in the district should have a voice in the nomination of a candidate for commissioner.

As the lines now run the county is not divided into commissioner districts according to population, as provided by law. As it is it would be advisable for the lines of the commissioner districts to be changed so as to conform to the precinct lines, or else change the precinct lines, for unless something is done a good deal of confusion will occur at the polls.

—THE JOURNAL made an effort to get a copy of the proceedings of the convention held at Andrews' hall last Saturday but it was refused on the authority of one of the officers of the convention. It was learned, however, that a ticket was put up composed of the following: D. A. Puhlow, clerk; Claus Christensen, treasurer; Charles Schilt, judge; Christ. Columbia, sheriff; M. J. Weber, commissioner 3d district; Miss Eva Conner, superintendent; G. J. Shaefer, coronor; —Rae, surveyor. Some of the delegations that participated were elected to attend the convention at the court house but refused to do so. It is a peculiar organization which holds a convention and nominates a lot of people for office and then does not want it published. It looks as if they were ashamed of what they did. Perhaps they expect to elect their ticket without letting anyone know such a ticket is in the field.

Walker's Proof. For some time Editor Walker has been trying to make capital out of the Shay matter, charging that Conley gave Mrs. Shay \$10 to leave the country, and he has ranted and threatened to publish a letter which he had in his possession, and after repeated requests by THE JOURNAL for Walker to prove his charges he finally produces the following in the last issue of the Herald:

HARRISON, NEB., Dec. 1, 1890. T. Shay, Esq., Hot Springs, Dak. DEAR SIR:—In reply to your recent favor, will say that I have not received any money from the man I sold the claim to, but notwithstanding that fact I paid Mary Shay \$10, and she said at the time that she was going to Hot Springs. Respectfully, H. T. CONLEY.

Perhaps Walker will publish the rest of the letter later. We supposed that it was an official act that Walker was howling about but it seems that the above letter was written more than a month before Conley became county attorney, and how long before that the money was paid we have not learned. We ask our readers to carefully examine the letter published above, it is a great document, being Walker's proof of Conley's guilt. Note carefully the damning conclusions to be drawn from every sentence. Gentle reader, could such a charge be brought against the spotless and angelic character of George Walker, and the charge be sustained by such proof as the above letter, the saintly Walker would be ready to take a trip to California as soon as his business enterprise down the road brought him in revenue enough to pay expenses.

PEOPLE'S INDEPENDENT PARTY DEPARTMENT.

Edited by the County Central Committee of the People's Independent Party.

Notice to Correspondents.

All communications to insure publication in this column must reach the secretary's office by Tuesday noon of each week. Write on one side of paper only, so that each item be laid out to the point in your statements. Address all letters to J. M. ROBINSON, Sec. Co. Cent. Com. People's Ind. Party, Harrison, Neb.

Platform of the Cincinnati Conference.

1. That in view of the great social, industrial and economic revolution now drawing upon the civilized world and the new and living forces confronting the American people, we believe that the long has arrived for a reorganization of the political relations of our country and the formation of what should be known as the People's Party of the United States of America.

2. That we most heartily endorse the platform adopted at St. Louis, Mo., in 1890, Omaha, Neb., in 1891, by the industrial organizations there represented, summarized as follows:

A.—The right to make and issue money is sovereign power to be maintained by the people for the common benefit, hence we demand the abolition of the national banks of issue, and as a substitute for national bank notes we demand that legal tender treasury notes be issued in sufficient amount to transact the business of the country on a cash basis, without damage or special advantage to any class or calling, such notes to be legal tender in payment of all debts, public or private, and such notes, when demanded by the people, shall be loaned to them at not more than 2 per cent per annum upon non-perishable products, as indicated in the supplementary plan, and also upon real estate by proper limitation upon the quantity of land and amount of money.

B.—We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

C.—We demand the passage of laws prohibiting alien ownership of land, and that congress take prompt action to devise means to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates, and that all lands held by individuals and other corporations in excess of such limits be sold and the proceeds to be retained by the government and held for public settlers only.

D.—Believing in the doctrine of equal rights to all people we demand that congress take prompt action to devise means to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates, and that all lands held by individuals and other corporations in excess of such limits be sold and the proceeds to be retained by the government and held for public settlers only.

E.—We demand that all revenues—national, state and county—be placed in the hands of the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

F.—We demand the most rigid, honest and just national control and supervision of the money market, and of this control and supervision does not remove the money now existing, we demand the governmental ownership of such means of communication and transportation.

G.—We demand the election of president, vice president and United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

That Conference Committee.

The People's Independent Party of Sioux county was formed on the 30th day of July, 1891. On that day it was decided to hold the county convention on August 15th, at the court house at Harrison. The notices for the primaries which were held on the 13th day of August, were posted accordingly by the committeemen of the different precincts, delegates were elected, and the delegates assembled as per call. While in session, a conference committee made application to be heard before the convention on a proposition which in reality was a request to the convention to abandon its organization. The position taken by the conference committee was erroneous. They made the statement, and made it forcibly, that the names of candidates nominated by the convention of a new party could not be legally placed upon the official ballot by petition. They quoted the new election law in regard to official ballots which contains a clause to the effect that a party must have cast one per cent of the total vote at the previous election in order to entitle the names of its candidates to be placed on the official ballot by or through the certificates and affidavits of its officers, but they failed and are unable to show a clause in the law which will prevent a new party from having the names of its candidates placed on the official ballots by petition. They also failed to show authority for a party to be entitled to have the names of its candidates placed upon the official ballot simply because the party retains part of the name of an old party and recognizes the chairman of the old party's central committee. If a political party assumes a new title, it is understood to be a new party. For instance, if a party was known as the Union Labor party last year and changed the title to National Labor party this year, it would be considered a new party although it retained part of its former title and all of its former members with additional members. Therefore the idea which the conference committee above mentioned wished to impress upon the delegates to the People's Independent convention—that the convention which assembled at Andrews' Hall could nominate candidates and have their names placed upon the official ballot without petition simply because they recognized the call of the chairman of the Independent party, although they assume the title of People's Independent party, and that the convention assembled at the court house could not have the names of their candidates placed upon the official ballot even by petition—failed to be effective. They failed in their attempt, if their intention was to hoodwink, and time will prove that they were in error, if they supposed they were not. The fact is the People's Independent party of Sioux county was "born," as "expected," on the 30th day of July, and while it may not have been a "red letter day" it will be a cold day when false argument will cause it to disband.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

EIGHT PRECINCTS REPRESENTED AND A "CLEAN" TICKET PUT IN THE FIELD.

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Mislead the Delegates.

The delegates elected by the People's Independent party assembled at the court room Saturday last as per call. There were delegates elected from ten precincts, but those chosen to represent Bodare and White River precincts refused to take part in the convention to which they were elected delegates and joined hands with the delegates in session at Andrews' Hall, who were elected under a different call, leaving eight precincts represented. The convention was called to order at 11 o'clock, a. m., and after organization and ordinary preliminary work, adjourned until 1:30 p. m. Before proceeding far after the call to order at the afternoon session, a conference committee from the Sioux County Farmers' Alliance requested to be heard on a proposition which in the opinion of said committee would harmonize the factions of the People's Independent party. The proposition was that the organization of the Independent party of 1890 should be recognized. The convention granted the request, and the conference committee proceeded to explain why they made the proposition, using the argument that no new party which held a convention and nominated a ticket could have the names of the candidates so nominated placed upon the official ballot by petition, and therefore it was useless to organize a new party. After considerable discussion, the question as to whether the proposition should be accepted was submitted to the delegates by vote, and being unambiguously concurred that the committee were in error, unanimously rejected the proposition. The convention then proceeded to transact the business for which it was called. The proceedings were as follows:

Meeting called to order at 11 a. m. by E. W. Knott, chairman of People's Independent party central committee. On motion, J. M. Robinson was elected temporary chairman. On motion, B. B. Smith was elected temporary secretary. Secretary was instructed to read the proceedings of the meeting called by H. G. Stewart, chairman of Sioux County Farmers' Alliance, to organize the county for the fall campaign on the lines of the Cincinnati Conference. Moved and carried that the chair appoint a committee of three on permanent organization. Chair appointed E. W. Knott, David Anderson, L. Gerlach. The following is the report of the committee: We, the committee on organization, recommend that the temporary chairman and secretary be made permanent. We also find that the following persons are entitled to sit as delegates in this convention: Hat Creek—E. W. Knott, J. P. Bradley. Five Points—Joshua Baker, B. B. Smith. Boren—J. M. Robinson, Otto Thielze. Montrose—David Anderson, H. Friesdorf. Running Water—Octave Harris. Warbonnet—Oscar Garton, L. Gerlach, W. Brooks. Andrews—J. B. Johnson, E. Glimmer. Lower Running Water—J. P. Shlipley. E. W. KNOTT, D. ANDERSON, L. GERLACH, Com. Moved and carried that the report of the committee be accepted. Moved and seconded that we adjourn until 1:30 p. m. Carried. B. B. SMITH, Secy.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Meeting called to order by Chairman. Moved and seconded that as a committee has been appointed by the Sioux County Farmers' Alliance to confer with the People's Independent County convention now in session that we listen to the chairman of said committee, Mr. H. G. Stewart. Carried. The proposition of H. G. Stewart was that the chairman of the Independent party of 1890 be recognized as the interim authority for the call of the People's Independent Convention held at Harrison, Neb., August 15th, 1891. Moved and carried that the proposition of H. G. Stewart be accepted. Motion was lost. Moved and carried that we proceed to elect delegates to state convention. Moved and carried that we proceed to vote by ballot. Moved and carried that the two persons receiving the highest number of votes be declared delegates. B. B. Smith and Conrad Lindeman were, on motion, nominated for delegates. David Anderson and Otto Thielze were appointed as tellers. Both nominees receiving the unanimous vote of the convention, were declared delegates. On motion, the rules were suspended, and B. B. Smith and Conrad Lindeman were declared delegates to judicial convention. On motion, the nomination of candidates for county offices proceeded in order as set forth in call. On motion, M. Gayhart, was nominated for County Treasurer. On motion, the secretary was authorized to cast the full vote of the delegation for M. Gayhart, and M. Gayhart, of Montrose precinct, was declared candidate for Treasurer. On motion, Thomas Reidy, of Boren precinct, was nominated for sheriff. On motion the secretary was authorized to cast the full vote of the convention for Thos. Reidy, and Thomas Reidy was declared the candidate for sheriff. N. C. Huthings, of White River precinct, was declared candidate for County Judge by acclamation.

Conrad Lindeman, of Boren precinct, was declared candidate for County Clerk by acclamation. On motion, B. B. Smith, B. F. Thomas and A. Southworth were placed in nomination as candidates for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Formal ballot being taken resulted as follows: B. B. Smith, 3 votes; R. H. Smith, 4 votes; A. Southworth, 5 votes.

On motion, A. Blood, Jr., of Cottonwood precinct, and J. M. Robinson, of Boren precinct, were nominated as candidates for County Commissioners for the 2nd district. Formal ballot being taken resulted as follows: A. Blood, Jr., 7 votes; J. M. Robinson, 5 votes.

On motion, A. Blood, Jr., was unanimously declared the candidate for County Commissioner for 2nd district. On motion, the central committee was empowered to fill any vacancies that may occur in the nomination made.

The following named persons were chosen to constitute the central committee: Antelope precinct, Oscar Shopy; Boren precinct, J. M. Robinson; Bodare precinct, H. T. Zerbe; Cottonwood precinct, Cass L. Grovy; Five Points precinct, B. B. Smith; Hat Creek precinct, J. P. Bradley; Montrose precinct, David Anderson; Lower Running Water precinct, J. C. Shlipley; Running Water precinct, Octave Harris; Snake Creek precinct, W. Bernuski; White River precinct, A. E. Guter; Warbonnet precinct, Lewis Gerlach.

On motion, J. M. Robinson was elected chairman of County Central Committee. M. Gayhart, Thos. Reidy and H. B. Smith were appointed as a committee to act in conjunction with the state committee to organize fall campaign.

On motion, adjourned. DAVID ANDERSON, Pres. M. GAYHART, Secy.

There will be a convention of the committees comprising the 13th judicial district of the state of Nebraska, held at Valentine, Neb., on Thursday, 17th day of Sept. next, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination two candidates for district judge of said judicial district and to transact such other business as may rightfully come before the convention. The committee will be entitled to the following representation based upon the call for the People's Independent Convention: Thos. Reidy, 2 votes; H. B. Smith, 4 votes; J. M. Robinson, 5 votes; J. P. Bradley, 5 votes; E. W. Knott, 3 votes; Oscar Shopy, 1 vote; David Anderson, 1 vote; L. Gerlach, 1 vote; J. B. Johnson, 1 vote; E. Glimmer, 1 vote.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

On motion, adjourned. JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President. CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

Get into line for '92. Don't wait till the county is organized before you render assistance. How do you do, Brother Walker? return has resulted in what then hast sought.

Walker wore the overalls on election day, but he lacked the appropriate language on the score and a fair set to work the sympathy racket announced.

Three precincts out of fourteen delegates to attend the convention at Andrews' hall, but we judge there have been a convention, and if nominated, if but one precinct had delegates—that was the program.

White River and Bodare delegates were elected to attend the convention at the court house, but the boys in the Andrews' hall crowd were not slim as to precincts, and fair chances for nominations, and bowed themselves hither.

Well, boys, the best is on our side now what will we do with it? Confound the luck, some of you failed on the latter part of the boom.

Yes, boys, you can go home and assured that we will stand by you, we don't make other arrangements.

I've a notion to vote the straight republican ticket, and quit this voting business. O, phaw, you fellows waddle easy. There is plenty of chance to shape the business.

There's no use talking, them fellows were too hungry to listen to anything. We ought to be satisfied, but it's a rocky. Walker is always making breaks that. He ought to be told to stand clear.

I wish to say that at the polls at the court house, but I am sure that my name was used for an office without my knowledge or consent. Yours respectfully, R. F. THOMAS.

THE BANK OF HARRISON.

ESTABLISHED 1888. HARRISON, NEBRASKA. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$25,000. Transacts a General Banking Business. Buys School Orders, County and Village Warrants. Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Loans Money on Improved Farms.

HERE!

We Have Prepared for a Big Harvest. By purchasing Smith's Stock of General Merchandise, and invite all his old customers and lots of new ones to call on us for Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, etc. Our Prices will be as low as the LOWEST, on everything we sell. We shall still keep a complete line of

Hardware. GRISWOLD & MARSTELLER.