

# The Sioux County Journal.

[ESTABLISHED 1888.]

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.  
LARGEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY.  
HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN SIOUX COUNTY.

Subscription Price, \$2.00

L. J. Simmons, Editor.  
Entered at the Harrison post office as second class matter.

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1891.

Heavy rains in the western part of the state have given added brilliancy to the crop prospects in the section devastated by drouth last year.—*Lincoln Call.*

The birds of the air have nests, the foxes have holes, but the son of a gun who edits the Omaha Bee hath not where to lay his aching political head.—*Fremont Tribune.*

Three men were arrested last week in Rock county, being caught in the act of making counterfeit dollars. They will be apt to learn that Uncle Sam has a monopoly on that kind of business and is opposed to free coinage.

Sam Meserault has purchased an interest and assumed the editorial management of the Crawford Boomerang. The paper gives evidence of his being a newspaper man of the real live sort and he will be apt to look well after the interests of his patrons.

The Thayer-Boyd case has been taken to the supreme court of the United States and that tribunal will pass upon its merits. That course cannot but be satisfactory to all for the case is without a parallel in the history of the nation and should be made a precedent.

The reciprocity treaty with Venezuela has been formally agreed upon and will take effect in a short time. This means that the balance of \$7,000,000 per year in our trade with that country is about to be turned the other way, to the advantage in particular of our farmers.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

Louis Haimrod, the state oil inspector appointed by Boyd, declines to turn over the office to E. C. Carna who was appointed by Thayer. The former has the records and the latter has possession of the oil inspector's room at the capitol, but neither of them appear to be doing much official business. It is a peculiar thing that one of the least important appointments made should be the only one about which there is likely to be any dispute.

The reports gathered by the national, state and commercial crop bureaus show that all through the portion of Nebraska which suffered last year for lack of moisture a plenty of rain has fallen this season to keep crops in good condition. A few days ago it was reported a little dry, but it would have occasioned no alarm had last year not been so unusual a one, but of late good rains have visited all portions of the west and north part of the state and all are looking for a bountiful harvest.

The Washington dispatches to the Omaha Bee of last Sunday contained a number of pointers to pension seekers. The correspondent says it is an absolute waste of money to employ an agent to look after pension claims. That the department has rules and they are followed and each claim is taken up in its order, and a case or piece of testimony is received it takes its regular course and there is no way to hurry it up unless it is the fact, established by affidavit, that the claimant is in a precarious condition and likely to die at any time, or is in great need and dependent upon charity. Under such conditions it will prove a saving to those entitled to pensions to send in their own applications and proofs for agents and attorneys in the east can do no more. The department is now conducted in a manner which enables cases to be reached much sooner than formerly and applicants will not have to wait always to get a claim through, and if the payment of pension attorneys is stopped it will be a net gain to the men who are entitled to pensions.

The Herald last week contained some remarks indicating that THE JOURNAL is not conducted as the management of that paper would run it. THE JOURNAL was not established to please the Herald or its supporters, and it proposes to keep right along on the same line. The editor of this paper is aware that he is not dearly loved by some residents of Sioux county and he is informed that one of the delinquent ex-county officials said that he ought to have a bullet put through him for working up the investigation of the county records. If any one thinks that the editor of THE JOURNAL is the only one who wants matters straightened out such person is mistaken, and the printing of a bullet through him would be a great deal of getting a step further from the right and justice. The editor of this paper is not a candidate for the office of editor of this paper, and he is not a candidate for any other office.

It is stated that the extension of this line of the F. E. & M. V., one hundred miles southwest from Casper would place the terminus of the line in the midst of immense coal fields, the quality of the coal being said to equal the celebrated Rock Springs coal. There is plenty of coal on the line now, but it is not of as good a quality as that further out is reported to be.

A general round-up of stock thieves is going on in the Big Horn basin, eight men having been arrested. A man has also been arrested at Cheyenne on the strength of a telegram from the sheriff of Grant county, charging him with horse-stealing, and a number have been arrested in Dawes county on the same kind of charges. The reports of missing horses are numerous, and owners seem to be getting very tired of having their property stolen and run off and unless it is soon stopped they will be apt to resort to a method that is swift and certain.

When people feel that they are not enjoying as much prosperity as they should and think that they would be better off at some other place, it would be well for them to remember that the path of all is not strewn with rose. The recent forest fires in Michigan drove hundreds out into the world without food or shelter and every bit of property possessed by them was destroyed by the flames. A few days ago a hail storm passed in the vicinity of Salina, Kas., and destroyed crops estimated at \$500,000 in value, and in cities and mining districts strikes, evictions, etc., are causing trouble and suffering.

The last issue of the Herald devoted considerable space to the discouragement of the culture of sugar beets, a long letter being contributed by B. B. Smith in which it is stated that the results of last year were not satisfactory to the farmers around Grand Island. So far no trouble has been reported of the Oxnard company in getting contracts for a supply of beets, and if a farmer contracts to furnish beets at a price at which he will realize no profit, he has no one to blame but himself. A person can go into a community where there is a canning factory, cheese factory, creamery or any other establishment which obtains its supplies from the farmers and he can find those who will assert that the prices paid will not keep the farmers out of the poor house, but any such institution if conducted on business principles is never at a loss for contracts. The beet sugar manufacturers have invested about a million dollars in Nebraska and it is folly to think that they expect to get beets from the farmers at less than it is worth to produce them. Scientists and those in position to best judge of the matter predict that this state is destined to become a great sugar producer, and the tests of 1890 show Sioux county to be the best part of the state for growing rich beets, and the results in France and Germany go to show that the industry is highly beneficial to the farmers and the opinion and action of men who have made it a study and the records made will have as much weight as the opinion of B. B. Smith or the Herald, and THE JOURNAL once more urges those who are making experiments to keep a good record and if the result is as good as in 1890 a factory can be secured, and that would double the value of every piece of real state in Sioux county.

It has frequently been stated that the Herald and those in whose interest it is run were opposed to the settlement of Sioux county and would rather induce those who were to leave, than attempt to secure new settlers, but the charge has always been denied until the last issue of that paper which comes out and claims that northwest Nebraska is not a success for agriculture, and advises that efforts to get people to come from other places to settle here be given up. It is evident that there are a few men who would like to see this county deserted. It was a very nice thing for them to have the whole country for a stock range, and pay no taxes on the land and but little, if any, on the stock, but that day is past. There are over eighty-five thousand acres of land in Sioux county proved up on and a great deal more now being held and improved by settlers who have not yet perfected their title, and for any man or set of men to entertain an idea that all that is going to be deserted is the sheerest nonsense. The assertion that this country is not good for farming, based on the past two seasons, is erroneous, for three-fifths of Nebraska is in the same boat, and no one possessed of reason will argue that but two-fifths of the state is good for farming. In all localities there are differences among the people on certain matters, and each will work for the success of his pet scheme until it comes to the work of securing new settlers and new enterprises and on that all factions unite, and it remained for Sioux county to present the peculiar spectacle of a portion of its settlers attempting to keep the county from being settled. But it is useless for them to fight against the inevitable, and the sooner such foolishness is stopped the better it will be for all parties.

Ayer's Pills are pleasant, and will cure all other ailments, and

And it came to pass that in the year of the independent legislature, the same in which Boyd was ousted and Thayer re-instated as governor, about the time that Benjamin, whose surname is Harrison, visited the state, that the clouds withheld their moisture for a season and the soil became dry to the depth of about the half part of a span. And behold the would-be cattle barons, who worship at the shrine of Bovine and Equine, spake one to another saying, come, let us tell the people that it will be a dry year and that crops will be a failure and that northwest Nebraska is no good for farming, and thus will we drive the granger from the land and secure his heritage for a range for our Texas steers and bronchos. And they looked wise and said, even so will we do, and our strikers and the Herald which is our organ. And they went out and did so forthwith, for they desired to rid the county of grangers so that they might get into office and give unto their pets fat contracts (providing they got a rake-off) and they would hoodoo the assessor and work the tax-gatherer and would wax rich. And it came to pass that they did raise a great talk, they and their strikers and the Herald which is their organ, and they did try to discourage the farmers and cause them to feel blue. And lo, about the third week of the fifth month and the second day of the week, behold, the Almighty set his irrigating machine to work and a goodly rain fell, and the farmers said one to another, behold the day of our prosperity is at hand and we shall surely gain a recompense for our labors and for the hardships we have endured in this new country and we will make of it a land noted for its fine crops and rich sugar beets and our children and our children's children will bless the day that we came to Sioux county. And the would-be cattle barons saw that it was even so, and they smote themselves upon the breast and cried—the grangers!

As to a Sugar Factory.  
The following clipping will give the farmers an idea of how the sentiment is in other parts of the state on the sugar beet industry:

The Fremont Tribune would like to see a beet sugar plant planted in that city. Had the other newspapers of that burg been as sensible as the Tribune at the time Norfolk secured the plant that is making the city so flourishing, there might be a chance for the wish to be gratified. Insane disappointed ravings against the whole sugar industry has prejudiced the farmers around Fremont and it would be a difficult matter to get enough beets raised there to keep a factory running, and that will forever bar the location of a factory at that place by men experienced in the sugar business. Men who know their business will not invest half a million in a plant and take chances on having it stand idle after it is built.—*Norfolk News.*

The News speaks by the card on the "insane ravings" of a certain Fremont paper, but as nobody takes any stock in what that paper says or does, it cannot be logically concluded that the farmers hereabouts are so prejudiced against beets that they wouldn't raise them if a factory was built and set in motion. The Tribune believes Fremont should bend every energy toward getting a factory. There'll be no danger about not getting beets to supply it.—*Fremont Tribune.*

Estimate of Expenses.  
HARRISON, NEBRASKA, May 13, 1891.

At a meeting of the board of county commissioners of Sioux county, Nebraska, held on the 13th day of January, 1891, the following estimate for expenses for the year 1891 was made:	
District court expenses.....	\$3,000
Salaries.....	2,000
Stationary.....	175
Printing.....	300
Roads and Bridges.....	2,000
Indebtedness and interest as indicated by mandamus in favor of Bank of Harrison.....	2,000
Institution.....	100
Incidental.....	3,000
Insane and poor fund.....	300
Soldiers relief fund.....	300
	\$14,075

[35-38] CONRAD LINDENMAN, County Clerk.

SULLIVAN & CONLEY, Lawyers.  
Will practice in all the local, state and federal courts, and U. S. Land office.  
Legal papers carefully drawn.  
Office in court house.  
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

C. E. HOLMES,  
Attorney-at-Law.  
All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention.  
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

GEORGE WALKER,  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Will practice before all courts and the U. S. Land Office. Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.  
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

L. O. HULL,  
Attorney-at-Law.  
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

CORRESPONDENTS:  
ROUSTEY BROS., New York City  
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Omaha  
BANK OF CHICAGO, Chicago, Neb.  
JOHN A. LUCAS, President.  
CHAS. E. HOLMES, Vice-President.  
CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

# THE BANK OF HARRISON,

[ESTABLISHED 1888.]  
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$25,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Buys School Orders, County and Village Warrants.  
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans Money on Improved Farms,

# Griswold & Marsteller

HAVE EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF  
Farm Machinery, Hardware, Furniture, Garden Tools, Clocks, Etc.

We will furnish you with any kind of farm or garden tools from a hoe to a self-linder, and if we have not got what you want on hand we will get it for you on short notice, and at a reasonable price.  
We will give you a

# Square Deal.

## NEW ENGLAND PIANOS

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GEORGE GERARD  
WARD ST.  
BOSTON

UNSURPASSED  
FOR  
TONE, TOUCH  
AND FINISH.

46,000  
CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS  
NEW IN USE THROUGHOUT  
THE WORLD.

LARGEST  
PIANO FACTORIES  
IN THE  
WORLD.

## NEW ENGLAND PIANO CO

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CHAS. C. JAMESON, Cashier.

# Grant Guthrie,

Commercial Bank.  
[INCORPORATED.]  
—A—

General Banking Business  
—TRANSACTED—

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

Lime,  
—AND—

## Coal.

GIANT  
The Best  
Coal  
Manufactured  
in the World

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STATISTICAL  
John M. Thayer,  
T. J. Majors,  
J. C. Allen,  
T. H. Benton,  
John E. Hill,  
G. H. Hastings,  
A. R. Humphrey,  
A. K. Gandy.

CONGRESSIONAL  
A. S. Paddock,  
C. F. Manderson,  
W. J. Bryan, Congressman,  
W. A. McKieghan,  
O. M. Ken.

JUDICIAL  
Amasa Cobb,  
S. Maxwell,  
T. L. Norval,  
D. A. Campbell, Clerk.

TWELFTH JUDICIAL  
M. P. Kinkaid,  
A. W. Critch,  
Conrad Lindenman.

COUNTY OFFICERS  
S. Barker,  
Conrad Lindenman,  
M. J. Gayhart,  
A. Southworth,  
Thos. Reddy,  
Geo. J. Shafer,  
A. H. Dew,  
Conrad Lindenman,  
H. T. Conley.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS  
Chas. T. Grove, (chairman),  
J. A. Green,  
F. W. Knott.

LEGISLATIVE  
W. Wilson, Senator, District,  
El. L. Heath, Rep. Dist. 10.

VILLAGE OFFICERS  
S. L. R. Maline, (chairman),  
S. H. Jones,  
H. A. Cunningham,  
Thomas Reddy,  
E. G. Hough,  
W. H. Davis,  
G. Guthrie.

SCHOOL OFFICERS  
S. L. R. Maline,  
R. Wilson,  
G. W. Heister.

TERMS OF COURSE  
District Court,—At Harrison,  
February 16th and September 1st  
County Court,—At Harrison,  
first Monday of each month.

CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES  
M. E. Church—Preaching on  
Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and every  
day at 7:30. E. E. E. Church.

Rev. William Wilson  
church each alternate Wednesday  
beginning at 7:30.

Episcopal services at the  
Friday evening between the  
days of each month, conducted  
Bates.

Union Sunday School every  
Sunday at 10:30 a. m., E. E. E. Church.

Bible School meets at the  
day afternoon at 2 o'clock.  
S. C. D. Church.

Fremont,  
Elkhorn  
—AND—  
Mo. Va.

# RAILROAD

(NORTHWESTERN LINE)  
—BETWEEN—  
Harrison, Nebraska

OMAHA,  
SIOUX CITY  
CHICAGO  
—AND—  
ST. PAUL

—And All Points in the  
East, North, South & West.

THROUGH TICKETS TO ALL PORTS  
Baggage checked to Destination.

Through Palace Sleeper between  
Valley and Deadwood.  
J. C. NORTHROP, Agent,  
Harrison.

H. G. BURT, J. R. BUCHANAN,  
Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

OMAHA, NEB.

THE BEST  
MADE IN  
AMERICA  
AT LANSING, MICHIGAN  
GALLAGHER