

# The Sioux County Journal.

[OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.]

Subscription Price, \$2.00

L. J. Simmons, Editor.  
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THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1891.

A change in the ownership of the Atkinson Enterprise occurred recently. W. H. Galleher purchasing the interest of E. E. Ragon, and the paper will now be conducted by the firm of Woods & Galleher. Success to the new firm.

In the house when the vote was taken to pass the maximum freight bill over the veto, Representative Heath voted to pass it, and when the question before senate was "shall house roll No. 12 be passed, the governor's veto notwithstanding," Senator Wilson voted "no."

Senate file 86, the free range bill of Senator Wilson's, was lost in the shuffle and never heard of after it got into the hands of the sifting committee. The Texas steer rainbow which a few men have been chasing in Sioux county, thus vanishes from view and the farmers can now go ahead and put out their crops, knowing that none dare molest.

Nebraska is not the only state which is attempting to rid itself of the school book trust and the settlement of the text book question. A number of bills on this matter were before the legislature of Illinois, but the lobby of the book trust got in its work and the bills have been shelved. The time is not far distant when the states will issue the text books for use in the public schools.

The Italian government found that it could not run a bluff on the United States in regard to the New Orleans lynching. For a few days wild rumors of war were flying thick and fast, but the firm position held by Secretary Blaine in the negotiations has called out a great deal of favorable comment. As soon as Italy saw it could not bulldoze the officials of this country, it became very conciliatory.

The attempt of the legislature of Illinois to make a law which would compel men to vote, indicates that the sentiment of the public is still in the line of advancement. To provide a penalty for dodging the responsibility of taking part in elections is a hard matter to settle, but if a man declines to take part in the election of public officials he does not do his whole duty as an American citizen and the time is not far distant when laws will be enacted to make a man either vote or forfeit some of his rights of citizenship.

During the campaign last fall the World-Herald was loud in its praises of the fearlessness of Boyd and asserted that he was a man for the people. As soon as he was called upon to consider the maximum freight bill that paper began to call on the people to petition the governor to sign the bill. To outsiders that course indicated that the World-Herald knew he could not be depended upon and wanted the people to take the responsibility of his shoulders, and when Boyd vetoed the bill that paper denounced the act in strong terms, referring to him as "a fallen idol, a dead leader, a blasted hope." It must be exceedingly pleasant for that paper to swallow itself, so to speak, and it now looks as if the World-Herald contemplated following the action of Paul Van DeVoorst and make a sneak into the independent camp.

Every bill introduced in favor of a bounty on sugar beets or sugar produced in Nebraska, was knocked out by the legislature, most of them having been killed in the house, which was almost entirely farmers. Such action appears rather peculiar. For years the cry of over-production of the staple crops of Nebraska has gone up, and the facts sustained the claim until last year. The sugar interests will develop an industry in which an over-production is impossible and every acre of land which is used in the production of sugar would reduce the acreage of other crops and also increase the number of consumers who do not produce those things of which there has been an over-production, and the fostering of the sugar industry could not but be of direct benefit to every farmer in the state. What caused the prejudice of the legislators against the sugar bounty is unknown, but the industry in the state is bound to develop, bounty or no bounty.

The question of a county poor farm is one which comes up in every county, sooner or later. As a rule a farm of that kind proves to be a very good investment for a county. There is no county that does not have more or less paupers to provide for. As a rule they are an expensive class for the tax-payers when provided for as individuals or families, and are a constant source of perplexity and annoyance to the officials. It is all right to give temporary aid to people in distress but to pay rent and purchase supplies month after month for people who have no prospect of bettering their condition, is hardly just to the

taxpayers. With a poor farm in the hands of a person who is under contract to board paupers at a reasonable price per week, the matter is simplified very materially. Then if people cannot provide for themselves they can be sent to the poor house where they need not suffer and yet not be a burden to the tax-payers, and if any paupers are able to work, suitable employment for them could be provided about the farm, garden or house. Land can be secured for a county poor farm at a small expense to the county now, and THE JOURNAL believes the investment would prove a good one.

The recent decline in the price of sugar is duly appreciated by the consumers. It is estimated that it will save to the people of Nebraska \$1,000,000 a year. This saving was brought about through the reciprocal features of the McKinley bill, which has been held up by some as being a very bad law. That is not all that the bill has accomplished. Germany receives annually from the United States about \$16,000,000 for best sugar, but Germany did not want to allow American pork to enter her markets. The McKinley bill provides that if a foreign nation does not admit our products the president can levy a tariff on goods from such country which will practically shut them out of the markets of the United States and the result is that Germany will have to eat American pork if she expects the United States to sweeten up on German sugar.

The legislature has adjourned but before doing so the bill for the normal school at Chadron was killed in the house. The people of Chadron made a hard fight for the school, but it was useless. The enterprise of the people of that place is certainly commendable, but their fate was the same as has been the fate of about a score of towns at every session of the legislature. A state educational institution is a good thing for any town, but the general good resulting therefrom is a question that is not, as a rule, fairly weighed. The establishment of state normal schools are an expense to the state. A person away from the city where a normal school is located is at no less expense while attending one than he would be to attend any other educational institution. Would it not be better for the state to devote the same amount of money that is expended for normal schools, to the establishment of higher grades in the schools of the various cities and towns throughout the state, and thus place the means of securing the benefit of an advanced course of education within the reach of all, without their having to go to the expense of going away from home. Every session of the legislature is besieged by the people of a score of towns for the location of normal schools and the advisability of such institutions should be investigated.

The citizens of a number of cities and towns in the state are making a strong effort to induce the railroads to run excursions from the east during the coming season, so that people of the eastern states may have an opportunity to come to Nebraska and look over the field and still not be to a great expense. A few years ago when the railroads had a large amount of land on which they were paying taxes and which was bringing them no business, they offered inducements to people to come west and see the land and also made it an object for them to purchase. If a man came to the state and bought a piece of railroad land, the amount of his transportation was deducted from the price and other similar methods were used to secure settlers. The result was the rapid settlement of a large portion of the state. Now that but little land is held by the railroads they make little or no effort to secure new people from the east, relying almost entirely on the work of the people to get the country thickly settled. Such a course looks like short sighted policy on the part of the railroads. The officials on this line, for instance, when approached on the question of better train service, simply say that the business does not pay for the train service now given. Admitting that to be true, the only business-like way to change the conditions is to get people enough here so that the road will pay, not only for the accommodations now afforded, but for improved service. The co-operation of the railroads with the people interested in getting the country settled up and developed would be certain to prove beneficial to the financial interests of the roads.

L. E. BELDEN & SON,  
Wagon and Carriage Makers.  
Repairing done on short notice.  
Good work and reasonable charges.  
Shop south of livery barn.

HARRISON, NEB.

GIANT SAFETY BICYCLE  
THE BEST  
MADE IN ENGLAND  
CANTON, MASS.

Physicians, clergymen and scientists unite in recommending Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as an invaluable remedy for throat and lung troubles.

SEASONED LUMBER. We have a good supply of seasoned lumber constantly on hand at our mill at West Boggy, 10 and 12 feet \$10.00; 14 and 16 feet \$12.00 per thousand feet. First-class native slingles always on hand. First-class second-class \$2 per thousand.

J. E. ALLEN.

Notice to the Creditors  
T. S. LAY (DECEASED)  
CHAS. E. HOLMES, Executor.

March 3, 1891.

Complaint No. 2275 having been entered at this office by William P. Lindsey against the estate of T. S. Lay for failure to comply with law as to timber-cutting entry No. 41, dated Feb. 17, 1887, upon the west section 25, town 25 N., range 26, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the removal of said entry, the said entry is hereby ordered to be cancelled, and the land is to be sold to the highest bidder, or in any way suitable to any portion of said tract during the 31st year of said entry, and the proceeds of said sale to be applied to the payment of the taxes on said tract, and the balance of said proceeds to be paid to the said parties as hereinafter mentioned.

The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 4th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

The affidavits of witnesses will be taken before C. R. Jones, a notary public, at his office in Harrison, on the 27th of April 1891, at 10 a. m. T. F. FORTNA, Receiver.  
H. T. CONLEY, Contestant's Attorney.

Sherriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale directed to me from the district court of Sioux county, Nebraska, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 15th day of February, 1891, in favor of E. Alice Watson as plaintiff, and against Elmer McFarling and E. S. Grusby, trustees, as defendants, for the sum of \$41.57, and costs taxed at \$10.39 and accruing costs, I have levied upon the following real estate taken as the property of said defendants, Elmer McFarling, to-wit: Lots 4 and 4 and the E. 1/2 of section 4, in Township 25 N., Range 26 W. of the 4th P. M. in Sioux county, Nebraska, subject to the first mortgage of E. S. Grusby, trustee, for \$20 and accrued interest, and will offer the same for sale subject to the first mortgage of E. S. Grusby, trustee, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at the front door of the court house of said county, at Harrison, Neb., that being the building wherein the last term of court was held, at 10 o'clock a. m., and where due attendance will be given by the undersigned.

Dated the 27th day of March, 1891.  
THIS, RICHY,  
Sherriff of said County.

SULLIVAN & CONLEY, Lawyers.  
Will practice in all the local, state and federal courts, and U. S. Land office.

Legal papers carefully drawn.  
Office in court house.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

C. E. HOLMES,  
Attorney-at-Law.

All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

GEORGE WALKER,  
Attorney-at-Law.

Will practice before all courts and the U. S. Land Office. Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

L. O. HULL,  
Attorney-at-Law.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

DR. LEONHARDT,  
142 O Street, Lincoln, Neb.

Practice limited to diseases of the NERVOUS SYSTEM,

HEART and BLOOD.

Read the press notices,  
Send for symptom chart,  
State your case.

If you are sick and want to get well,  
write all about yourself.

No trouble to read letters; send stamp for reply.

Dr. Leonhardt,  
142 O St. Lincoln, Neb.

B. E. BREWSTER, C. F. COFFEE,  
President. Vice Pres.

CHAS. C. JAMESON, Cashier.

Commercial Bank.  
[INCORPORATED.]

— A —

General Banking Business

— TRANSACTED. —

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

CORRESPONDENTS:  
ROBERTS BROS., New York City  
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Omaha.  
BANK OF CHICAGO, Chicago, Ill.

JOHN A. LUCAS, President  
CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier

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HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL \$25,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Buy School Orders, County and Village Warrants.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans Money on Improved Farms.

Griswold & Marsteller

HAVE EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF

Farm Machinery, Hardware, Furni-

ture, Garden Tools, Clocks, Etc.

We will furnish you with any kind of farm or garden tools from a hoe to a self-binder, and if we have not got what you want on hand we will get it for you on short notice, and at a reasonable price.

We will give you a

Square Deal.

Wells Drilled!

I have a good well drilling machine and am ready to drill any sized well on short notice. Terms good and prices low. Postoffice, Harrison.

C. S. SCOTT.

OMAHA WORLD-HERALD

1891.

Nebraska's Greatest Newspaper.

It has had the OMAHA WORLD-HERALD since the first and established the leading newspaper of the West. It has won first place in the West. It has become the most popular paper in the West. These are the facts.

It is the only paper in the West that is published daily and weekly.

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INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAWS.

THE BANK OF HARRISON,

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

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