

The Sioux County Journal.

(SIoux COUNTY PAPER.)

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L. J. Harrison, Editor.
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THURSDAY, JAN. 1, 1891.

A Happy New Year to all.

It is reported that Chief Justice L. Q. C. Lamar will, in the near future, resign his position on the supreme bench of the United States. That is the proper thing for him to do. He ought never to have been appointed.

The Valentine Gazette speaks of the "innocent look on a chicken's face." A chicken with a face would prove quite an attraction, and the Gazette's man should have put it on exhibition, instead of putting it in his stomach.

Kearney rejoices that a cottonmill has been secured for that city which will employ three hundred hands. Kearney is not alone in the right to feel proud of the fact. The whole state of Nebraska is to be congratulated on the acquisition of a new industry within her borders, and the enterprise of Kearney is certainly commendable.

The reports are that the extension of the Pacific Short Line will be built, as the appointment of a receiver will help and not hinder the construction. As Sioux county will have over thirty-eight miles of that road within her borders, it is hoped that it will be built before the close of the present year.

A terrible storm prevailed last week over a great portion of the United States and Canada. In New York the streets were blocked so as to stop the cars. It is said to have been the worst storm since 1888. In Sioux county where the weather is warm and pleasant it is hard to realize that in other parts of the country very severe weather prevails.

The idea of producing rainfall by artificial methods is gaining a good deal of prominence. A bill has been introduced in congress for an appropriation for that purpose. A few years ago such a thing was laughed at but now many scientists claim that rainfall can be precipitated by the use of explosives. Such a method would be a great deal better than irrigation.

The reports indicate that courts as well as clients and honest attorneys are getting tired of the work of tripartism—who profess to be lawyers, and as a result a number of suits have been disbarred recently. A purifying in the ranks of the legal profession would be an excellent thing. If there is one profession more than another which demands the strictest honesty it is that of law for a client has to place himself entirely in the hands of his attorney, and consequently he is wholly at the mercy of that individual, and should he prove to be dishonest or unqualified, great injury may result to the interests of his clients.

F. I. Fox, of Crete, has recently submitted to the farmers of Nebraska through the columns of the press a plan for the organization of co-operative farm and loan associations and use their real estate for security and issue bonds drawing 3 per cent per annum, the whole matter to be regulated and governed by law, under the authority of the state. The plan has certainly the appearance of being practicable. If the legislature will take the matter up and pass the necessary laws, there is no doubt that the farmers would effect such organizations and derive great benefit therefrom. That would be a great deal better than an attempt to make stringent usury laws. Plenty of money will stop the usury.

The latest from the Indian reservation is that a fight occurred on Wounded Knee creek between Big Foot's band and the soldiers, and resulted in the death of about one hundred and fifty of the Indian warriors. The loss of soldiers is reported as twenty-five killed and thirty-five wounded. There are reports of skirmishes at Pine Ridge agency, but they are not confirmed, but the Indians there are greatly excited and may not prove to be so friendly as they have appeared to be. The action of Big Foot's band is not another indication of the incapacity of the savages. They pretended to surrender and while being marched to camp they suddenly opened fire on the soldiers with their revolvers. It is quite possible that effective work will be done by the policy adopted by the war department. The daily methods of the past have had the people in constant and unprofitable waiting, and now that the ground of peace and order has been restored the people will be glad to be left to their own devices. The only way to settle the Sioux is to strip the Indians of their arms, and then keep them in a state of peace. They ought to be kept in a state of peace, and not allowed to be a source of trouble to the government.

The course pursued by Rosewater in the last campaign has been criticized a good deal and that individual has made repeated attempts to account for his action in regard to Richards and Boyd, but he has not succeeded in making an explanation that was at all satisfactory to those to whom such explanation is due. A few days ago an open letter was published, addressed to Edward Rosewater by L. D. Richards. In this the writer puts some very plain statements in print and roasts Rosewater to a turn. The dominating, rule or ruin policy of the Omaha man is shown up in good shape, and the fact demonstrated that the only reason he had for opposing Richards was that he would not permit himself to be run by would-be Dictator Rosewater.

Notice to Creditors.
Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Henry Diester, late of Sioux county, Neb., deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the first day of January, 1891. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county at his office therein, on or before the first day of June, 1891, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the second day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Dated this 17th day of December, 1890.
[SEAL.] S. HARRISON, County Judge.

Notice of Contest.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB.
Dec. 18, 1890.
Complaint No. 2889 having been entered at this office by Hugh W. MacLachlan against John A. Scrivner for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 104, dated January 11, 1888, upon the S 1/4 NW 1/4, SW 1/4 NW 1/4 and NW 1/4 SW 1/4, section 18, township 28, range 14, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said claimant has wholly abandoned said tract in that he has failed to break or otherwise cultivate any portion of said tract since making said entry, and that he has failed to cure such defects up to date of this affidavit, to-wit: Dec. 8, 1890.
The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of February, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
Testimony of witnesses will be taken before George Walker, a notary public, at his office in Harrison, Neb., on the 1st day of Feb. 1891, at 10 a. m. T. F. FOWLER, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, Contestant's ATTORNEY. [18-31]

Wells Drilled!
I have a good well drilling machine and am ready to drill any sized well on short notice. Terms good and prices low. Postoffice, Harrison.
C. S. SCOTT.

L. E. BELDEN & SON,
Wagon and Carriage Makers.
Repairing done on short notice.
Good work and reasonable charges.
Shop south of livery barn.
HARRISON, NEB.

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FREE HOMES!

There is still a large amount of GOVERNMENT LAND open to entry in



Map of the Elkhorn System.

Sioux County, Nebraska.

Sioux county is in the northwest corner of the great state of Nebraska, and is about thirty miles east and west by seventy miles north and south. It comprises rich valley, fine rolling table land and valuable timber land. The county contains 1,800,000 acres of land. Something near one-third of this area has been filed on by settlers, a large number of whom have made final proof and have deeded farms. The remainder is still open to settlement. Of course there is a portion of that that is not suitable for farming purposes, a part being timber land and is therefore valuable, and other tracts, too rough for cultivation, produce the best of grasses and are excellent for stock raising purposes.
This locality has an advantage which no other portion of Nebraska possesses.

Fuel, Posts and House Logs are FREE.

This, alone, makes it possible for a man to improve a piece of land with much smaller outlay of cash than he could have done in other parts of the state.



85 Miles of Railroad.

Sioux county has the main line of the F. E. & M. V. railroad crossing it from east to west and connecting with the Cheyenne & Northern, thus making a line through from Omaha to Denver and the Pacific coast, and also connects this locality with the coal fields just across the line in Wyoming. This road has 85 miles of track in Sioux county.

The B. & M. crosses the northeast part of the county and has 15 miles of its line within the borders of Sioux county. This road brings down the coal from the newly opened mines at Newcastle, and the road is being pushed on to Helena, Montana.

The Pacific Short line has a line surveyed across the southern part of the county, and the management inform us that before the close of another season it will have its line in operation beyond the west line of Nebraska. The survey of the Pacific Short Line shows that the road will have over 25 miles of track in Sioux county.

The B. & M. has a survey running west from Alliance, crossing the south part of Sioux county and it is expected that it will be built, but as the amount of the line which would be in Sioux county is not known, it is not figured in the above statement.

When you take into consideration the fact that Sioux county has got so great a railroad mileage and has

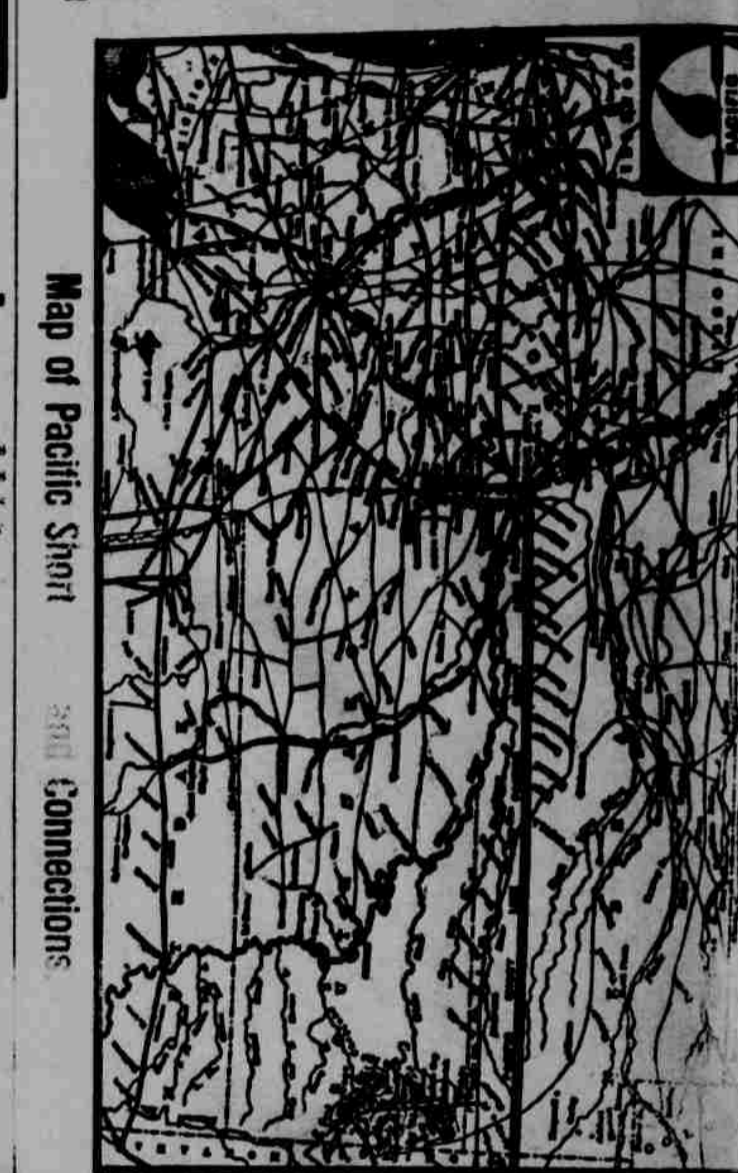
NO RAILROAD BONDS

consequently, and in fact, no county bonds of any kind have ever been issued by Sioux county, you cannot but see that it is far wiser of than those counties that

gave a large amount of bonds for a few miles of railroad.
The accompanying maps will give the reader a good idea of the advantages possessed by Sioux county.
The soil is of such a nature to eminently fit it for agriculture. Experiments indicate that it will soon be one of the most profitable sugar beet producing tracts in the world, and other crops will not be far behind.
There are a great number of small streams distributed throughout the county furnishing excellent opportunities for stock raising and still are not large enough to cause a heavy public expense for bridges. The settler can go to the nearest Sioux county and buy

Native Pine Lumber

for less than half what the same grade of material would cost five hundred miles east of here. Good building stone can be easily obtained from various parts of county; an excellent quality of brick have been made a few miles from east; the quality of the water is the very best and the climate is fine.
Harrison is the county seat and the only railroad town in the county, though new towns are being laid out at different points. There is a fine brick house which cost \$10,000, and representatives of almost all lines of business.
There is no railroad land in Sioux county, it is either government land open to entry; school land subject to lease or purchase, or land that has been taken by settlers.
COME WEST, SEE AND SETTLE.



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Loans no Money,
Represents no insurance company and has no land to sell but gives his entire time and attention to the practice of the law.
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C. E. HOLMES,
Attorney-at-Law,
All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention.
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

GEORGE WALKER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Will practice before all courts and the U. S. Land Office. Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.
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HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

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