

The Sioux County Journal.

(SPECIAL COUNTY PAPER.)

Subscription Price, \$2.00

Entered at the Harrison post office as second class matter.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 25, 1890.

Republican State Ticket.

For Governor, L. D. RICHARDS.

For Lieutenant Governor, THOMAS MAJORS.

For Secretary of State, J. C. ALLEN.

For Auditor, THOMAS BENTON.

For Treasurer, J. E. HILL.

For Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, G. R. HUMPHREY.

For Attorney General, GEO. H. HASTINGS.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction, A. K. GOUDY.

Republican Congressional Ticket.

For Congressman, 3d district, GEO. W. E. DORSEY.

Republican County Ticket.

For County Attorney, H. T. CONLEY.

For County Commissioner, ELI J. WILCOX.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

The republican electors of the 14th senatorial district of Nebraska are requested to meet in convention in the town of Valentine, Cherry county, Neb., September 25th, 1890, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for senator from said district.

The several counties are entitled to representation as follows, being based on the same vote as given by the state convention, to-wit:

Table listing counties and their representation: Box Butte county, Brown, Cherry, Dawes, Keya Paha, Rock, Sheridan, Sioux.

The law of representation to this convention will be the same as at the state convention, which entitles the several counties to the following number of delegates:

Box Butte, 1; Sheridan, 1; Dawes, 1; Keya Paha, 1; Rock, 1; Cherry, 1; Brown, 1; Sioux, 1.

Republican Representative Convention.

The republican electors of the 23d representative district of Nebraska are hereby requested to meet in convention at Chadron, Neb., September 25, 1890, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for representative from said district, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The law of representation to this convention will be the same as at the state convention, which entitles the several counties to the following number of delegates:

Box Butte, 1; Sheridan, 1; Dawes, 1; Keya Paha, 1; Rock, 1; Cherry, 1; Brown, 1; Sioux, 1.

The Lottery bill is a law and the infamous Louisiana lottery will be obliged to shut up shop and invest the capital it has accumulated at the expense of its past patrons in some other line.

No, D. P. Davis made no fight for the nomination he received from himself, his partner and seven others. There was no one for him to fight with for no other attorney who is not an out and out democrat would have accepted the nomination at the hands of the outfit. It was a case of Hopkins' choice: "That or nothing."

One of the neatest things in the line of a souvenir that we have seen was received at this office a few days ago with the compliments of the Sioux City Corn Palace. It is an imitation of an ear of corn inside of which is an announcement of the opening and an invitation to attend.

On the 23d inst. Congressman Connel, of the first district, was re-nominated unanimously by acclamation. It is evident that the people of that district are pleased with the work of their representative in congress, and a republican victory in that district is assured.

The fusion-gang organ says that D. P. Davis has well sustained the party. The editor of that organ, when he speaks of sustaining the party, evidently refers to the time when D. P. Davis withdrew as the nominee of the republicans for county attorney, in favor of E. J. Satterlee, the democratic nominee for that office, and also to the time at Hastings about a year ago when D. P. Davis made the statement to the state central committee that he believed E. J. Satterlee to be a republican. That is the way he has sustained the party. The voters of Sioux county remember those things and the vote on November 4th will show that they have no use for any one who will perform any such acts.

The report that J. V. Wolfe, the attorney candidate for state treasurer, was a leading democratic member of the indian legislature of 1890 has called up some facts not at all available to that body. The Journal published at his old home called attention to the fact that it was the legislature of 1890 which refused the ballot to be given in the field and attempted to put the control of the military in the hands of those known to be in sympathy with the rebel cause. The state of Nebraska has a number of men who are ready to get the hands of the traitors who have been so long in the hands of the rebel cause.

Married. ECHENBRESNER-RODGERS-At the county court room, at Harrison, Neb., on Monday, September 22, 1890, by S. Barker, county judge, Mr. George Echenbresner, and Miss Eva Rodgers, both of Crawford, Neb.

Ayer's Agree Care stimulates the liver and neutralizes the material poison in the blood. Warranted to cure.

The gang organ says D. P. Davis made no fight to secure the nomination for county attorney. The convention which nominated him was composed of D. P. Davis, his partner and seven others, not enough to make a fight.

The gang organ says D. P. Davis owns no proprietary interest in that paper. People do not as a rule have property assessed to them which does not belong to them and the Herald outfit is assessed in the name of Davis & Slingerland.

The plant of the Gordon Republican has been purchased by S. S. Murphy and is now used in issuing a new paper called the Gordon Independent. The new paper is to be what its name indicates, independent in all things. A number of papers of this class have been started in Nebraska of late.

In view of the fact that the value of steel rails imported into the United States in the year ending June 30, 1889, was only \$634,113, while the value of beams imported the same year was \$759,802.28, the Sioux City Journal expresses the opinion that the man who says agricultural interests do not need protection "doesn't know beans."

The gang organ says it has shown up a part of Conley's acts since he came here and several chapters yet remain unprinted. Neither the gang nor its organ has shown up one act of H. T. Conley since he has been in Sioux county which was dishonest or dishonorable, nor can they make any such showing, either since he came here or before, that is discredit to him, which can be substantiated. He has not done the bidding of the gang, but on the contrary has opposed them ever since he came to the county and he will continue to do so, no matter how much they dislike it.

The Santa Fe railroad has an eye to business. The settlers of Oklahoma needed seed wheat and did not have the money to purchase it. The railroad people realized that many would have to leave the territory unless assisted. They did not figure on the freight at present, but on futures, and are furnishing the settlers with \$10,000.00 worth of seed wheat to be put into the ground this fall. It is needless to say that they will get big returns in freight paid next fall by the farmers, and it will likely be some time before the settlers will attempt to get a competing line of road. A liberal policy on the part of a railroad will do a great deal toward getting the country settled up.

The result of the preliminary canvass of the congressional campaign terminated at Columbus on the 17th inst. by the re-nomination of Dorsey. That gentleman came home from Washington a short time before and opened headquarters on one of the main streets of Fremont and he and his friends went to making a vigorous fight for the delegation from Dodge county. Those opposed to Mr Dorsey decided not to make a fight for delegates and the result was that the county convention was almost a solid one for Dorsey.

From Sioux county, C. E. Holmes went as proxy for Eli Smith and Grant Guthrie and D. P. Davis and E. G. Hough went down to represent the fusion-ring outfit. On his arrival there, Mr. Holmes learned that it had been arranged that the gang outfit were to be seated and he decided that he would not make any fight to be seated. The Herald states that on the recommendation of Messrs. Davis and Hough, Mr. Holmes was seated as the third delegate, but Mr. Holmes knew of no such recommendation and he did not occupy the seat of the third delegate from Sioux county and did not participate in the deliberations of the convention.

The convention is, reported as having been largely composed of federal appointees, and that of the 230 votes received by Mr. Dorsey, one-half came from those holding office by his appointment, and in many cases the votes for him were in direct opposition to the sentiments of the localities they represented. If the arrangement had been made some time ago to seat the gang outfit from Sioux county, regardless of the merits of the case it is safe to presume that Mr. Dorsey was carrying matters with a pretty high hand, and if the votes for him in other counties were as directly opposed to the wishes of the masses as were those from this county it is not to be wondered at that the general idea of Dorsey bossism in the way of federal appointments was used for all it was worth, and that there is great dissatisfaction expressed at the result of the convention. It is to be regretted that at a time when the party is in the position it is at present that a more acceptable choice could not have been made.

Married. ECHENBRESNER-RODGERS-At the county court room, at Harrison, Neb., on Monday, September 22, 1890, by S. Barker, county judge, Mr. George Echenbresner, and Miss Eva Rodgers, both of Crawford, Neb.

Ayer's Agree Care stimulates the liver and neutralizes the material poison in the blood. Warranted to cure.

One of America's Wanderers.

The Sioux City corn palace people have spared no pains to make the corn palace of 1890 surpass all others. The grand street pavant, design of which is in charge of the French artist brought over by the Mardi Gras authorities of New Orleans, which will be an additional attraction, will in itself be worth going to see, and the musical features of the corn palace are more charming than ever.

It will be held September 25th to October 11th and the Sioux City & Pacific and F. E. & M. V. railroads have made reduced rates on certain days for this occasion, and will provide the necessary equipment and train service to enable people to visit this grand exhibition. Write Jonas M. Cleland, secretary Sioux City Corn Palace, Sioux City, for information relative to the corn palace, and J. R. Buchanan, general passenger agent, Omaha, Neb., or any local agent of the Sioux City & Pacific and F. E. & M. V. railroads for further information as to rates, trains, etc.

For many years, Mr. B. F. Thompson, of Des Moines, Iowa, was severely afflicted with chronic diarrhoea. He says: "At times it was very severe, so much so, that I feared I would end my life. About seven years ago, I chanced to procure a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It gave me prompt relief, and I believe cured me permanently, as I now eat or drink without harm anything I please." I have also used it in my family with the same results. For sale by C. H. Andrews.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION OF FUNDING BONDS.

At a special session of the board of county commissioners of the county of Sioux, state of Nebraska, held on the sixth (6th) day of September, 1890, it was by said board of county commissioners, by virtue and by the authority in them vested by an act of the legislature of Nebraska, approved March 1, 1879, and amended in 1880, resolved that the following questions be and are hereby submitted to the legally qualified voters of Sioux county, Nebraska:

To the qualified electors of Sioux county, Nebraska:

The board of county commissioners of said county hereby submit the following proposition: Shall the county of Sioux, state of Nebraska, issue its coupon funding bonds in the amount of eight thousand (\$8,000.00) dollars for the purpose of paying the outstanding indebtedness unprovided for by warrants existing and now due of said county and appropriate the proceeds of said bonds to pay the outstanding indebtedness of said county of Sioux, unprovided for by warrants, said bonds to be of the denomination of \$1,000.00 each, dated January 1, 1891, payable at the office of the County Treasurer of said county, and to run twenty (20) years with interest at six (6) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, the county reserving the option of paying any or all of said bonds at any time after ten years from the date thereof, if the county commissioners, by a majority vote, order the county treasurer to do so. Said bonds shall not be sold for less than par.

Further, shall there, in addition to the annual levies of taxes for ordinary purposes, be levied and collected a tax annual, to be levied and collected for the payment of the interest on said bonds as such interest shall become due, and shall an additional amount be levied and collected, as by law provided, sufficient to create a sinking fund for the payment of said bonds at maturity, or at any time after said bonds have run ten years from the date thereof should the county commissioners at such time consider it desirable so to do. Provided, that not more than 10 per cent. of the principal of said bonds, so issued, shall not exceed five per cent. of the assessed valuation of said county, provided further, that the levy shall be made to pay any part of the principal of said bonds until after ten years from the date thereof.

The form and manner in which the above proposition shall be submitted, shall be by ballot, upon which said ballot shall be written or printed, or partly written or partly printed the words "For funding bonds and levying tax," and "Against funding bonds and levying tax," and all ballots cast having thereon the words "For funding bonds and levying tax," shall be deemed and taken to be in favor of said proposition, and all ballots cast having thereon the words "Against funding bonds and levying tax," shall be deemed and taken to be against said proposition.

The said proposition shall be submitted and voted on at the next general election to be held in the county of Sioux, and state of Nebraska, on Tuesday, the 4th day of November, 1890. DON M. WILG, Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Attest: CONRAD LINDEMAY, County Clerk.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. \$5 and 50 cent boxes for sale by C. H. Andrews, Druggist.

Nothing Else

equals Ayer's Pills for stimulating a torpid liver, strengthening digestion, and regulating the action of the bowels. They contain no calomel, nor any other injurious drug, but are composed of the active principles of the best vegetable substances. "I was a sufferer for years from dyspepsia and liver troubles, and found no permanent relief until I commenced taking Ayer's Pills. They have effected a complete cure." - George Moore, Wald Walls, W. V. "Whenever I am troubled with constipation, or suffer from loss of appetite, Ayer's Pills set me right again." - A. J. Kiser, Jr., Rock House, Va. "For the cure of headache, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the most effective medicine I ever used." - R. H. Jones, Dubuque, Iowa. "Two boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me of severe headache, from which I was long a sufferer." - Emma Keyes, Hubbardston, Conn.

Ayer's Pills, PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists in the United States.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved March 20th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to section two (2), four (4) and five (5) of Article six (6) of the constitution of said state, and that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That section two (2) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. The supreme court shall consist of five (5) judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision. It shall have original jurisdiction in cases relating to revenue, civil cases in which the state shall be a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law.

Section 3. That section four (4) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state at large and their terms of office, except as hereinafter provided, shall be for a period of five (5) years.

Section 5. That section five (5) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. That the first general election to be held in the year 1891, and after the adoption of this amendment, the constitution, there shall be elected three (3) judges of the supreme court, one of whom shall be elected for the term of one (1) year, one for the term of three (3) years, and one for the term of five (5) years, and at each general election thereafter there shall be elected one judge of the supreme court for the term of five (5) years. Provided that the judges of the supreme court whose terms have not expired at the time of holding the general election of 1891, shall continue to hold their office for the remainder of the term for which they were respectively elected under the present constitution.

Section 7. That each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the number of supreme judges."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) of article fifteen (15) of the constitution and the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska, Done at Lincoln this 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fiftieth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER. BENJAMIN R. COWDELY, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved March 20th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to section thirteen (13) of Article six (6) of the constitution of said state; and that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That section thirteen (13) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. The judges of the supreme court shall each receive a salary of thirty-five hundred dollars (\$3,500) per annum, and the judges of the district court shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, and the salary of each shall be payable quarterly.

Section 3. Each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution, relating to the salary of judges of the supreme and district court."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) of article fifteen (15) of the constitution, and the provisions of an act entitled: "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska, Done at Lincoln this 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fiftieth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER. BENJAMIN R. COWDELY, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved February 13th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to the constitution of said state, and that said amendment shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1890, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of this state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage are forever prohibited in this state, and the legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of this provision. And there shall also at said election be separately submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Section 2. At each election, on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendments to the constitution, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution, prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," or "Against the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

There shall also be written or printed on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendment to the constitution, the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in this state shall be licensed and regulated by law," or "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Section 3. If either of the said proposed amendments shall be approved by a majority of the electors voting at the said election, then it shall constitute section twenty-seven (27) of article one (1) of the constitution of the state.

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) of article fifteen (15) of the constitution and the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska, Done at Lincoln this 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the 24th year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fiftieth.

CORRESPONDENTS: INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAWS

ROBERT REES, New York City. FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Omaha. BANK OF CHADRON, Chadron, Neb.

BANK OF HARRISON, HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$25,000. Transacts a General Banking Business, Buys School Orders, County and Village Warrants. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans Money on Improved Farms, CHAS. E. HOLMES, CASHIER.

B. E. BREWSTER, C. F. COFFEE, President, Vice Pres.

CHAS. C. JAMESON, Cashier.

Wm. Christensen, Wholesale and Retail

Commercial Bank, Hardware.

ALWAYS ON HAND. General Banking Business

ACORN STOVES! BARBED WIRE at prices to suit the times. Agents for

CHAMPION BINDERS AND Mowers.

Milliner and Dressmaker. One door East of Ranch Supply Store.

E. J. WILCOX Owns the following brand on right hip or left side.

Range on Monroe creek. P. O. Harrison, Neb'r.

H. T. CONLEY, Lawyer. Loans no Money, Represents no insurance company and has no land to sell but gives his entire time and attention to the practice of the law.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA. C. E. HOLMES, Attorney-at-Law.

All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA. GEORGE WALKER, Attorney-at-Law.

Will practice before all courts and the U. S. Land Office. Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA. L. O. HULL, Attorney-at-Law.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA. Wells Drilled!

I have a good well drilling machine and am ready to drill any sized well on short notice. Terms good and prices low. Postoffice, Harrison.

C. S. SCOTT. AGENT FOR WIND MILLS AND PUMPS.

L. E. BELDEN & SON, Wagon and Carriage Makers.

Repairing done on short notice. Good work and reasonable charges.

Shop south of livery barn. HARRISON, NEB.

Stray Notice. Taken up on my premises on section 21, township 24, range 2, on August 4, 1890, one grey mare, supposed to be 8 years old, branded with the letter 'L' on left shoulder, and with 'sucking' on her side.

W. F. PREPARED, Dated: Harrison, Neb., Sept. 25, 1890.