The Sioux County Journal.

[OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.]

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L. J. Simmons, - - - Editor.

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THURSDAY, AUG. 14, 1890.

Republican State Ticket.

For Governor,
L. D. RICHARDS.

For Lieutenant Governor,
THOMAS MAJORS.

For Secretary of State,
J. C. ALLEN.

For Auditor,
THOMAS BENTON.

For Treasurer,
J. E. HILL.

For Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings,
G. H. HUMPHREY.

For Attorney General,
GEO. H. HASTINGS.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
A. K. GOUDY.

Republican County Ticket.

For County Attorney,
H. T. CONLEY.

For County Commissioner,
ELI J. WILCOX.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

The republican electors of the 14th senatorial district of Nebraska are requested to send delegates from their several counties to meet in convention in the town of Valentine, Cherry county, Neb., September 11th, 1890, at 2:30 p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for senator from said district.

The several counties are entitled to representation as follow, being based on the same vote as given by the state convention, to-wit:

Box Butte county		6
Brown	"	5
Cherry	"	6
Dawes	"	9
Keya Paha	"	5
Rock	"	4
Sheridan	"	8
Sioux	"	3
Total		46

It is urged that there be a full attendance and that no proxies be allowed except to persons being in the county where the delegate giving the proxy lives.

J. WESLEY TUCKER, Chairman.
E. E. EGAN, Secretary.

The republican congressional committee meets at Fremont today.

The democratic congressional convention met at Columbus yesterday.

Powers and Kemm, the independent candidates, for governor and congressman of this district spoke at O'Neill a few days ago, and they are reported as not agreeing on some very material points.

The reports from the financial centers are to the effect that the silver bill is giving excellent satisfaction and eastern capital is again seeking a market in western securities. There is little doubt that in the near future our settlers will again be able to get reasonable loans on their real estate.

Superintendent Porter of the census, states that he will make a report to congress during the month, accurate enough to enable that body to re-apportion the representatives. It is thought that the basis will be one congressman to each 180,000 people. That would give Nebraska six members of congress certain, and possibly seven.

The original package bill has been signed by the president and that matter is settled. The law now is that when goods are shipped into a state they at once become subject to the laws and regulations of that state. This settles the liquor business in original packages in the prohibition states and the dealers have been ordered to ship their goods back where they came from. In Des Moines, Iowa, the keepers of original package houses closed their doors and draped them in crape as soon as they learned the bill had been signed by the president.

It will not be long until the seat occupied by Breckinridge of Arkansas in the house of representatives will be declared vacant. John M. Clayton was elected but his election defeated by ballot-box stuffing and stealing and he was murdered while seeking evidence to prove his right to the seat in congress, and later three other men were murdered over the same election. It is high time Breckinridge was made to vacate the seat over which so much blood was shed to put a man who was not elected into.

On the morning of August 6th, Kemmler was executed by electricity according to the sentence of the court. The daily papers were filled with minute details of the affair. After the current had passed through his body for seventeen seconds it was cut off, as the physician pronounced him dead, but shortly after the breast of the victim began to heave and the current was again turned on and continued until there was no question of life being extinct. The advocates of the methods of executing criminals are not highly elated over the result of the first experiment, and it is questionable whether electricity will ever become of general use for taking the life of those condemned to death. Those who witnessed the execution are of the belief that it was unnecessarily painful, the first shock having produced the was unconscious. A [illegible] was made by some reports that it was a failure, but it is frequently the [illegible] or something [illegible] by the [illegible] and pain [illegible] progressed.

The Men Nominated.

The following is a short sketch of the candidates placed before the voters of the state by the republican state convention. It was the wish of the people that the convention be held early in order that the voters might have an opportunity to learn what kind of men they were asked to vote for:

L. D. RICHARDS.

Lucius D. Richards was born at Charlestown, Orleans county, Vt., November 26, 1847. He located in Fremont in May 1868, and engaged in railroading as civil engineer. He enlisted in August, 1862, in company I, fifteenth Vermont volunteer infantry, served his time and re-enlisted in company K, Seventeenth Vermont from which he was mustered out in the summer of 1865. He then went to Hannibal, Mo., for a year or two, and in 1867 he went to Iowa and was engaged in civil engineering for the Sioux City & Pacific road. In 1868 he was engaged in the same work, when the road reached Fremont. In 1872, he went to Costa Rica Central America, where he was engaged in railroading and contruction. In the spring of 1875 he returned to Fremont and commenced the land and banking business, in which he is engaged at the present time. He was general agent of the Elkhorn land and lot company. He has been Mayor of Fremont for two terms and was commissioned general of the Nebraska National Guards. Mr. Richards is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons chapter and commandery.

THOMAS MAJORS.

Hon. Thomas Majors of Nemaha, was born and brought up at Libertyville, Jefferson county, Iowa. When eighteen years of age he came to Nemaha county with a stock of goods and located at Peru. Early in 1861 he joined General (now Governor) Thayer's regiment, the First Nebraska, and participated in the battles of Fort Donelson and Shiloh. He served five years and fifteen days in the army, and when mustered out, returned to Nemaha county and took up his residence on a farm. He now lives on a half section of land.

THOMAS H. BENTON.

Thomas H. Benton, was born at New Haven, Conn., on October 17, 1858, being thirty years, two months and sixteen days old when he took the oath of office for his first term. He removed to Fremont, Nebraska, in 1868, and for a few months was connected with the County Clerk's office in Dodge county. He held the post of clerk in the County Auditor's office of Dodge county for several months in 1877 under J. B. Weston. In 1879, he was elected second assistant clerk of the House in Nebraska Legislature but resigned during his term of office to accept the position of book-keeper in the office of Auditor Leitke, and held the same position under Auditor Wallicks. In 1875, he was appointed to the office of deputy under Auditor Babcock. Mr. Benton is a brother-in-law of Congressman Dorsey of the Third district.

CAPTAIN JOHN E. HILL.

Captain John E. Hill was born at Berlin, Ohio, and spent his boyhood on a farm. Promptly on the breaking out of the war he enlisted in the 111th Ohio volunteers and while in camp at Toledo was elected by the unanimous vote of Company F as captain and so served to the close of the war. As a soldier he was brave and thorough in his perilous duties. After the war he settled near Bloomington, Illinois, and for a year engaged in merchantile pursuits, after which he carried out his original plan and removed to Nebraska. He located at Beatrice in 1871, and has lived there ever since. He has in all that time been a trusted honorable citizen of Gage county, having been a member of the Board of Supervisors for several terms and held the office of County Clerk for three terms, in both of which positions he was very popular. During the first term of Governor Thayer Captain Hill became his private secretary but resigned during the campaign to enter the canvass for the nomination to the treasurership.

GEORGE H. HASTINGS.

Hon. George H. Hastings is a resident of Crete, Saline county, and is a lawyer by profession. He was born in McHenry county, Illinois, in 1848, and came to Nebraska in 1869, settling at Lincoln, where he was admitted to the bar. Two years later he removed to Pleasant Hill, where he remained until 1876, when he took up his residence in Crete. In 1874 Mr. Hastings was elected County Judge, but resigned the position in 1875, he having been elected a member of the lower branch of the Legislature. In 1888, he was one of the presidential electors of Nebraska, and was the messenger chosen to cast the vote of the state for Harrison in the electoral college.

F. A. GOUDY.

Prof. F. A. Goudy, candidate for superintendent of public instruction, is forty-five years old and his speech of acceptance shows him to be gifted with the genius of originality. He is a man of superior education and has been a teacher all his life. His wife is also a teacher. Both taught several years ago at the Peru normal school. Later he became principal of Pawnee academy, and was subsequently elected county superintendent of public schools, serving two terms. Last year he was superintendent of schools at Red Cloud.

G. R. HUMPHREY

G. R. Humphrey was born in Madison, Indiana, in 1859. In 1865 his parents removed to Davis county, Iowa, where they settled on a farm. Mr. Humphrey remained on the farm until 1882, working at home during the summer and attending and afterwards teaching school during the winter months. He graduated from the Bloomfield (Ia.) state normal school in 1881 and from the Iowa state university in 1883. Mr. Humphrey came to Nebraska in 1883 and in July, 1884, settled at Broken Bow, where he has since been engaged in the practice of law.

JOHN C. ALLEN.

John C. Allen was born at Hinesburg, Vt., February 14, 1860, where he resided until early in the year of 1881, when he went to Lincoln and accepted a position with Raymond Bros. & Co. wholesale grocers of that city, remaining with them until 1886. He then located at McCook becoming a merchant of that city. He has been a member and president of the city council of that city for three years and has been identified with the politics of the Second district for several years. His advancement with Raymond Bros. & Co. was rapid and the same energy and good judgment has carried him successfully in his business at McCook and those knowing him best predict for his future a course that will insure the entire confidence and resect of the people.

The B. & M. railroad company are bringing men from the drouth-stricken districts of Kansas to work on the extention of the lines of road in Dakota and Wyoming. It is reported that unless employment is secured there will be much suffering in that part of the country.

The latest with regard to New York's bad faith in the matter of honoring the memory of Gen. Grant is that a huge barn has been built near his tomb, where a splendid flower garden was promised. It is certainly time that the remains of the great soldier should be removed to some other locality, in order that they may at least be treated with ordinary decency.

All does not appear satisfactory in the ranks of the independent political movement. Some of those who were working in the ranks for good results, are disgusted because Powers used the ritual and password to get himself nominated for governor, thereby making the alliance a political machine. The advisability of any secret organization making itself a strictly political one is very questionable.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved March 30th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to Section Thirteen (13) of Article Six (6) of the constitution of said state; that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1: That section thirteen (13) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 13: The judges of the supreme court shall each receive a salary of thirty-five hundred dollars ($3,500) per annum and the judges of the district court shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum, and the salary of each shall be payable quarterly.

Section 2. Each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution, relating to the salary of judges of the supreme and district court."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15) of the constitution, and the provisions of an act entitled: "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state." Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection, at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln, this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY,
[SEAL] Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved February 13th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to the constitution of said state, and that said amendment shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1: That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1890, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of this state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage are forever prohibited in this state, and the legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of this provision." And there shall also at said election be separately submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Sec. 2: At such election, on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendments to the constitution, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution, prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," or "Against the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

There shall also be written or printed on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendment to the constitution, the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in this state shall be licensed and regulated by law," or "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Sec. 3: If either of the said proposed amendments shall be approved by a majority of the electors voting at the said election, then it shall constitute section twenty-seven (27) of article one (1) of the constitution of the state.

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15) of the constitution and the provisions of the act entitled "an act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state." Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand, and cause to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln this 30th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY,
[SEAL] Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty first session thereof, and approved March 30th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to sections two (2), four (4) and five (5) of Article six (6) of the constitution of said state, and that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That section two (2) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2: The supreme court shall consist of five (5) judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision. It shall have original jurisdiction in cases relating to revenue, civil cases in which the state shall be a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law.

Sec. 2: "That section four (4) of article six (6), of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4: The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state at large and their terms of office, except as hereinafter provided, shall be for a period of five (5) years."

Section 3: That section five (5) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5: "At the first general election to be held in the year 1891, and after the adoption of this amendment to the constitution, there shall be elected three (3) judges of the supreme court, one of whom shall be elected for the term of one (1) year, one for the term of three (3) years and one for the term of five (5) years, and at each general election thereafter there shall be elected one judge of the supreme court for the term of five (5) years. Provided that the judges of the supreme court whose terms have not expired at the time of holding the general election of 1891, shall continue to hold their office for the remainder of the term for which they were respectively elected under the present constitution."

Section 4: That each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the number of supreme judges."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15), of the constitution and the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state." Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln this 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY,
[SEAL] Secretary of State.

Notice to Non-resident Defendants.

Warder, Bushnell and Glessner, defendants, will take notice that on the 30th day of July, 1890, Thompson F. Martin and Charles J. Smith, plaintiffs, filed their amended petition in the District court of Sioux county, Nebraska, against said defendants impleaded with Henry Warneke and Hannah M. Warneke, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants, Henry Warneke and Hannah M. Warneke, to the plaintiffs dated April 29th, 1889, on the se ¼, sec 21, twp 31 north, range 56 west in Sioux county, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated April 29th, 1889, for the sum of $174, due and payable on the 29th day of April, 1890, with interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from date which mortgage was made subject to a mortgage of date July 13th, 1888, for $500 in favor of the Western Security Co., of Windham, Conn., and due July 2d, 1893, drawing 7 per cent interest per annum. That there is now due to plaintiffs on their said note the sum of $195.75 with 10 per cent interest from this date, plaintiffs pray for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same, or that said premises may be sold subject to the interests of the Western Security Co., as aforesaid to satisfy the amount found due and that said defendants be foreclosed of all equity or right of redemption in said premises.

You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, September 8, 1890.

Dated July 30, 1890.

THOMPSON F. MARTIN } Plaintiffs.
CHARLES J. SMITH }
by H. T. CONLEY, their attorney. [46-49]

Notice to Non-resident Defendant.

In District court of Sioux county, Nebraska.

Emma Schonebaum, Plaintiff,
vs.
C. Aultman & Company, a corporate body incorporated under the laws of the state of Ohio, Defendant.

The above named non-resident defendant will take notice that on the 28th day of July 1890, Emma Schonebaum filed a petition against you in the District Court of Sioux county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to have a judgment which C. Aultman & Company obtained against Andrew Dahlman, M. Schonebaum and Emma Schonebaum, on July 25th, 1888, before the County Court of Sioux county, Nebraska, for $250 and $11.55 costs (a transcript of which judgment was filed and made of record in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Sioux county, Nebraska, on May 25th, 1889) declared not a lien against the southeast quarter of section 30, township 33, range 55 in Sioux county, Nebraska. On the ground that said tract is the homestead of Emma Schonebaum and that said tract contains only one hundred and sixty acres and not being within the corporate limits of any city or village and being of less value than $2,000. And to obtain an injunction restraining said C. Aultman & Company and those claiming under them from levying execution on said premises to satisfy said judgment.

You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 8th day of September, 1890. EMMA SCHONEBAUM,
By H. T. CONLEY, Plaintiff.
her Attorney. [46-49]

Notice to Non-resident Defendant.

In district court of Sioux County, Nebraska.

Agnes E. Myers, Plaintiff,
vs.
Abbie T. Drake, Defendant.

To Abbie T. Drake, non-resident defendant.

You are hereby notified that on the 28th day of July, 1890, Agnes E. Myers filed a petition against you in the district court of Sioux county, Neb., the object and prayer of which are to have a judgment which Abbie T. Drake obtained against E. C. Myers on December 30th, 1889, before S. H. Jones, a justice of the peace in and for Sioux county, Nebraska, for $96.07 and $6.10 costs (a transcript of which judgment was filed and made of record in the office of the clerk of the district court of Sioux county, Nebraska, on January 10th, 1890) declared not a lien against the ne¼ sec. 25, twp. 35, r 55. On the ground that said tract was the homestead of E. C. Myers on the 23d of May, 1890, when E. C. Myers conveyed the tract to David F. Mack from whom plaintiff obtained title to same, and that said tract contained only 160 acres and not being within the corporate limit of any city or village and being of less value than $2,000 on the said 23d of May, 1890, and to obtain an injunction restraining said Abbie T. Drake and those claiming under her from levying execution on said premises to satisfy said judgment.

You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 8th day of September, 1890. AGNES E. MYERS;
By H. T. CONLEY, Plaintiff.
her Attorney. [46-49]

Notice to Land Owners.

To all whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate a road commencing at the ne corner sec 22, twp 35, range 55, in Montrose precinct, Sioux county, Nebraska, running thence south on section line three miles to sw corner sec 35, in same twp, thence east on section line to ¼ corner on south line of said sec. 35; thence south through center of secs 1—12 and 13 in twp 34, range 55 to center of said section 13, terminating there. Also, commencing at corner of sec. 5—6—7 and 8 twp 34, range 54, running thence west on section line four miles between sections 6—7—1—2—5—10—11—12 terminating at corner of secs. 3-4-9 and 10, twp 34, range 55, has reported in favor of the establishment thereof, and all objections thereto or claims for damages must be filed in the County Clerk's office on or before noon of the 6th day of October, A. D. 1890 or said road will be established without reference thereto. LORENZO LIBERMAN,
[47-50] County Clerk.

CORRESPONDENTS:
KOUNTZE BROS., New York City.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Omaha.
BANK OF CHADRON, Chadron, Neb.

INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAWS.

—THE—

BANK OF HARRISON,

HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

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Transacts a General Banking Business.

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CHAS. C. JAMESON, Cashier.

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—A—

General Banking Business

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Milliner and Dressmaker.

One door East of Ranch Supply Store.

E. J. WILCOX

Owns the following brand on right hip or left side. W X

Range on Monroe creek. P. O. Harrison, Neb'r.

H. T. CONLEY, Lawyer.

Loans no Money,

Represents no insurance company and has no land to sell but gives his entire time and attention to the practice of the law.

HARRISON, - - - NEBRASKA.

C. E. HOLMES,

Attorney-at-Law.

All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention.

HARRISON, - - NEBRASKA.

GEORGE WALKER.

Attorney-at-Law.

Will practice before all court and the U. S. Land Office. Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.

HARRISON, - - NEBRASKA.

L. O. HULL,

Attorney-at-Law.

HARRISON, - - NEBRASKA.

Wells Drilled!

I have a good well drilling machine and am ready to drill any sized well on short notice. Terms good and prices low. Postoffice, Harrison.

HENRY ARMSTRONG.

Notice to Land Owners.

To all whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate a road commencing at the se corner of sec [illegible] in Five Points precinct, Sioux county, Nebraska, running thence northerly [illegible] e ½ se ¼ sec 34, thence northeast [illegible] sw ¼ and n ½ sec 35, nw ¼ nw ¼ sec [illegible] ne ¼ sec 3, all in twp 33, range 54 and nw ¼ sec 30, s ½ sec 19, sw ¼ and nw ¼ sec 20, se ¼ se ¼ sec 17 and w ½ sec 16 all in twp 33, range [illegible] thence east on section line between sections [illegible] and range, terminating at the county line of said Sioux county has reported in favor of the establishment thereof, and all objections thereto or claims for damages must be filed in the County Clerk's office on or before noon of the 6th day of October, A. D. 1890 or said road will be established without reference thereto. LORENZO LIBERMAN,
[47-50] County Clerk.

Wm. Christensen,

Wholesale and Retail

Hardware.

A large and well selected stock

ALWAYS ON HAND.

ACORN STOVES. BARBED WIRE

at prices to suit the times. Agents for

CHAMPION BINDERS AND Mowers.

Chadron, - Neb.

Grant Guthrie,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Lime, Grain

—AND—

Coal.

—ALSO—

AGENT FOR WIND MILLS AND PUMPS.

L. H. PEC & SON,

Wagon and Carriage Makers.

[illegible]

HARRISON, - - - NEB.