

The Sioux County Journal

[OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER]

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E. J. Blumenschein, Editor

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TUESDAY, JUNE 19, 1880.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The republican electors of the state of Nebraska are requested to send delegates from their several counties to meet in convention in the city of Lincoln, Wednesday, July 21, 1880, at 9 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following state officers:

Governor.
Lieutenant Governor.
Secretary of State.
Auditor of Public Accounts.
State Treasurer.
Attorney General.
Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

And the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention.

THE APPOINTMENT.

The several counties are entitled to representation as follows, being based upon the vote cast for Hon. George H. Hastings, presidential elector in 1880, giving one delegate at-large to each county, and one for each 15 votes and the major fraction thereof.

COUNTIES.	DELEGATES.	COUNTIES.	DELEGATES.
Arthur.	1	Kearney.	1
Antelope.	1	Knox.	1
Banner.	1	Keith.	1
Boone.	1	Kirkland.	1
Brown.	1	Lancaster.	1
Box Butte.	1	Lincoln.	1
Brown.	1	Logan.	1
Buffalo.	1	Morrill.	1
Butler.	1	McCook.	1
Custer.	1	McPherson.	1
Cass.	1	Merrick.	1
Cloud.	1	Nance.	1
Chase.	1	Nebraska.	1
Cheyenne.	1	Platte.	1
Cly.	1	Pottawattamie.	1
Colfax.	1	Riley.	1
Comanche.	1	Saline.	1
Custer.	1	Seward.	1
Douglas.	1	Washington.	1
Douglas.	1	Wayne.	1
Douglas.	1	Woodbury.	1
Douglas.	1	Yoshelli.	1
Douglas.	1	York.	1
Howard.	1	Unorganized Ter.	1
Jefferson.	1		
Johnson.	1	Total.	13

It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention; that each county convention elect alternates, and that the delegates present be authorized to cast the full vote of the delegation.

L. D. RICHARDS, Chairman.

WALTER M. SKELLY, Secretary.

Republican County Central Committee Meeting.

The Republican County Central Committee of Sioux county, Sch. No. 186, mailed to meet at the court house in Harrison, on Saturday June 21, 1880, at 1 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of fixing the time for holding the republican county convention and to transact such other business as may come before it. All members of the committee are requested to be present.

L. J. SIMMONS, Chairman.
E. H. JONES, Secretary.

The reports from some of the counties in the eastern and southern part of the state are to the effect that on account of continued dry weather the crop of tame hay is ruined, and oats will not be half a crop.

In the trial of McCauley, the justice of the peace at Crawford, who had charged preferred against him, was tried before the Dawes county board of commissioners, and found guilty of extortion and removed from office.

Henry St. Raynor is being urged as a candidate for attorney general. The fact of Gen. Lees's retiring from the position leaves the place open for a new man, and a good one ought to be selected for the important position. Mr. St. Raynor has a good record both public and private, which will aid him in his preliminary canvas.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad has issued an order that no man will be employed by the company who is in the habit of getting intoxicated. The tendency of all large employing organizations is to be more strict with their men in respect to their drinking habits. Such business rules are much more effective than prohibitory laws.

Among the aspirants for state office appears the name of H. W. McColl of Lawrence county, who is out as a candidate for governor. Mr. McColl is quite well known and will doubtless go into competition with quite a following. It seems to be the order for aspirants to make their candidacy known. That is right, let the discussion he had before the convention be held and there no mistakes will be made.

The republican farmers are taking steps to see that the republicans carry out the wishes of the anti-monopoly element of the party. That is the right way to proceed. All that they have to do is to attend to the matter and exercise the power they have and there is no question but they can get just the legislation they desire. Had the farmers been aroused in the past as they are at present no occasion would ever have occurred to cause the present agitation. The farmers are also interested in such an extent that no pretended friend of the poor farmer can induce them to go off on some independent side show. They will use their power and use it judiciously, and the result will be, good men will be selected for the various offices, and the result will be that the prosperity of the commonwealth will be protected.

A fiend in human form attempted to outrage the wife of a neighbor near Harrison a few days ago, and failing in his attempt threw her into a well. The woman caught hold of the curbing and was stamped on her fingers until she was obliged to loosen her hold. She caught hold of the rope and let herself down gradually to a point where the well had caved in and crept into the cavity. Some men came along shortly after and assisted in getting the woman out, her assailant stating that she had fallen into the well. The men learned the facts and arrested the fiend and he was lodged in jail. Had they done justice they would have ended his miserable existence on the spot. When a brute gets so low as to do violence to an unprotected woman, he is on degraded to be allowed to live.

A Pertinent Query.

Under the above caption the following appeared in the *Omaha Bee* of the 17th inst:

HARRISON, NEB., June 12.—To the Editor of THE BEE: Please inform me through your paper if Hon. L. J. Richards, chairman of the republican state central committee is the same L. J. Richards who conducted a wholesale and retail liquor house in Omaha some years ago.

A.—No; the Richards who kept a saloon in Omaha is a democrat. He moved to Chicago some years ago where now is a deputy city official in good standing.

That is right, Mr. Richards is in the old and the people are entitled to all the information they can get in regard to him, and like the above inquiry will result in putting him in a better light before the people than ever.

The Shortening of Conveyances.

1. Louis Globe-Democrat.
New York has just set an example in legislation that ought to be imitated by every other state in the union. It relates to the simplification of transfers of real estates, and the shortening of the forms which now occupy so much space and breed so much litigation. Hereafter it is that state the various covenants of the set forth with so much elaboration and repetition in ordinary deeds and mortgages may be expressed in a few plain and direct words, and the courts will have to construe them to the same effect as if the old-fashioned forms were employed. The perpetuation of these incident and complicated methods of passing titles from one man to another is wholly indefensible. If they were ever necessary, they are certainly not required by any of the present conditions. They involve certain technicalities that are not at all essential, and that only tend to make work for the lawyers and to encumber the records with a mass of useless verbiage. It is stated that there are now over 5,000 books of record in the register's office in New York city, whereas under this new law one book will answer the purpose which has heretofore required three or four volumes. The saving in the cost of recording as well as in the time of examining these numerous conveyances can readily be seen; and the general effect will unquestionably justify the change.

It is a great pity that legal documents of all kinds can not be abbreviated and simplified in like manner. We persist in clinging to a series of traditions and formalities in that respect which are not at all adapted to our system of civilization and our methods of doing business. The average citizen knows practically nothing of the processes by which justice is administered and conflicting interests are adjudicated. When he goes into court he is at the mercy of precedents and contrivances which only experts understand; if left to his own resources of intelligence, he could not secure the enforcement of any ordinary legal right.

In fact, he can not tell what his legal rights are, so much depends upon the interpretation of involved and tautological statutes and the application of technical rules to given circumstances. He cannot consummate an ordinary trade in which papers are to be signed without calling in a lawyer; he cannot make a valid and sufficient will, though he knows exactly what he wants to do with his property. It is necessary, of course, that there should be definiteness in documents which relate to commercial transactions and to judicial controversies; but it is hardly necessary that we should continue to use forms which are cumbersome and bewildering, expensive and injurious, merely because they were adopted at and proper in former ages. We should have learned by this time to dispense with things that only serve to distract the course of justice, and to dominate the practical wisdom that is supposed to be our best guarantee.

TREASURER'S STATEMENT.

(Continued from Third Page.)

County Treasurer's Office, Harrison, Neb'r., June 1, 1880.

Financial Statement from December 31, 1889, to May 31, 1890.

School District Funds.

No. 5. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 6. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 7. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 8. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 9. \$22 00

Money received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 10. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 11. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 12. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 13. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 14. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 15. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 16. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 17. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 18. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 19. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 20. \$22 00

Money received. \$22 00

By orders paid. \$22 00

balance. \$22 00

No. 21. \$22 00

Moneys received. \$22