## OVER THE STATE

A Brush creek young man has made bet with two young girls on the presidential outcome. If the republicans win he is to marry the brunette; if the democrats win he is to espouse the blonde. The Cleveland girl is worth \$10,000 and the Harrison girl is poor.

It is rumored that Col. Fisher, superintendent of the Chicago, Kansas & Nobrasks railway, will soon come to Omaha and take a position in the employ of the Union Pacific.

John Lynch, of Omaha, threw himself in front of a locomotive the other day and was ground to pieces. He had "snakes" when he resorted to this means of self-destruction.

Appropriate ceremonies were held in Beatrice last week over the commencement of the laying of Beatrice paving.

£. A. Watross, president of the board of trade, laid the first bricks in the first brick paving ever laid in Nebrasks.

At Lincoln on Thursday last the attor-

ney of the Chicago, Burlington & Quinsy railroad appeared before the suprems court and requested leave to withdraw the petition entered several days ago for removal to the United States court. The railroad then changed its answer and declared itself to be a domestic corporation, subject to the laws as other corpo-The Burlington therefore rations are. The Burlington therefore holds its right of way and franchises le-gally, but there will be no more ques-tion of removal from the state to the United States courts. The chief object in instituting the suit was to put a stop to the railroad practice of transferring suits from the state courts.

Mrs. S. Shultz, the widow of the man who was killed by a Missouri Pacific train near Louisville, has commenced suit for \$5,000 against the saloon keeper who sold her husband the liquor.

There was a large attendance at the convention of the Young Men's Christian association in Beatrice last week. A gang of thugs and thieves is evi-

dently working Lincoln. Robberies are of almost daily occurrence. That they are old hands at the business is shown by their boldness and the possession of keys by which they can gain easy admittance to dwelling houses.

A Plattsmouth dispatch says: Another case of accidental shooting occurred here this afternoon about 4 educational system of the church in the o'clock. The victim of the accident was state. The wisdom of having the higher a young man named James Egan, who is well known here. He was handling a thirty-eight calibar Smith and Wesson revolver which had not been in use for some time and while attempting break the breech, it was discharged, the ball entering the palm of his left hand, tearing through two of the principal ar-teries, causing the blood to sport out in a stream. Had not the services of a sur geon been immediately secured Egan would certainly have bled to death.

Chas. J. Ryan, one of Omaha's pioneers, joined the silent majority last

A prominent business man of Omaha named Weimers fell down a stairway last week and broke his neck

There are about 15,000 photographic establishments in this country, employing 40,000 people.

The corner stone of the Lancaster county court house will be laid Novem-

I. L. Bowman, of Fairbury, has been appointed clerk on the new postal route between Omaha and Superior, over the Elkhorn road.

Joseph Young, of Winons county, Iowa, was robbed in Fremont of \$550. The unfortunate man recently sold his farm in Iowa and started with his team to look for a location in Nebraska. He went into town and put up at the Clifton house, a small hotel where several robberies have been committed during the past summer. He had his cash, part of the proceeds of his farm, in the pocket of an inside pair of pants. night his room was entered and his clothing rifled, and when he awoke he found he was short every cent he had.

The Union Pacific has greatly improved its yard facilities and built comnodious stock yards in Bentrice.

Hon. James Ewing, editor of the Wood Biver Gazette, died on the 31st, of a complication of diseases, chief of which was heart trouble. He served Hall county two terms as superintendent of public instruction, and for a time he served as deputy county treasurer He was elected representative two years ago, and was a candidate for re-election this year. His funeral was very largely attended by citizens from all parts of the court the county.

C. M. Williams, of Fremont, was elected a member of the state committee of the Nebraska Young Men's Chris tian association, at its annual meeting

held at Beatrice.
F. F. Rexford, of Cass county, has finished working up his sorghum crop. From eleven and a half acres, he made 1,490 gallons of molasses, which brings at wholesale 45 to 50 cents per gallon. Mr. R. says next year he expects to run two evaporators, grind with a Shipman engine and run night and day.

Dick Bean, late manager of the Ogallala Cattle Co., and his men, says the Ogallala Reflector, have returned from Rose Bud and Pine Ridge Indian cies, where the company has sup-the Indians with beef, the last for this year. The company has issue for this year. The company nas-sold the government over seven million pounds of beef which has nearly all been consumed by the Ogallala and Brule tribes of the Sioux nation.

Moses Sydenham, a well-known Ne braskan, is writing in the Kearney Daily Hub "Reminiscences of Pioneer Life in Nebraska in 1998-7." To old Nebraskans the sketches are interesting.

Cadet Taylor, of the Omaha Repubican, has sued the Herald of that city for \$50,000 damages for defamation of

Three cases of floral bulbs have been ceived from Amsterdam for T. N. Parer, of Omaha. This is the first conaha custom office from a foreign port.

The artesian well at the Nebraska ity packing house is to be sunk 400 feet deeper, making the total depth 1,200 feet when completed. Some months ago a good flow of water was truck at a depth of 800 feet, but owing to the extensive improvements and great enlargement of capacity now going on, the amount of water obtained will not be sufficient.

A dispatch from Stuart says: A fear ful and destructive fire swept over the Elkhorn valley yesterday, five miles southwest of town, destroying in its course at least fifteen hundred tons of hay. The fire originated from a spark from a passing locomotive on the Fre-mont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley rail-road between this station and Newport. The wind was blowing a gale all day. Help went liberally from this place and Help went liberally from this place and Newport or the fire would have done more damage. The timely arrival of this assistance saved several fine farm houses. Several settlers lost their entire hay crop. One lost a stable, a new mower and a new wagon.

Omaha and Council Bluffs joined in a

grand celebration of opening of the bridge on the 30th ult.

The commissioners of Dakota county have set aside a new election precinct at

Winnebago agency for the sole use of the Indians on the agency. The members of the Omana tribe who are voters will east their ballots at Pender, as there is bad blood between the two tribes, and it was thought best to keep

murdered, returned to his home in Plattsmouth Thursday night and will again live with his wife, Collins ex-presses sorrow over his temporary de-sertion of his family and gives as the reason for his act that he distinct hiving in Plattsmouth. He has been working in the machine shops at Fort Worth,

Tex.
The Wesleyan university of Lincoln was formally dedicated on the 25th. The exercises took place at the new university. The elegant and spacious chapel was filled to its utmost capacity. Presiding Elder Leighton, of Chilicothe, Mo., read the opening hymn, and Rev. T. B. Lemon, the father of Methodism in Nebraska, pronounced the invocation. It was a humble, fervent offering of thanks to the ruler of beaven and earth. Rev. W. G. Miller presented the address on the part of the trustees and he feelingly remarked as he handed the key to Chancellor Creighton: "The opening of the university is looked upon as the culmination of two years prayerful and earnest work to unify the and more expensive work done in the central university is therefore apparent. May God guide in the direction of the affairs and great work of the institu-

Four citizens of Fiorence took it upon themselves to take up subscriptions for the widow of the man Burke who was found dead last week on the bank of the river. After they had secured quite a roll, a divide was made, and the fund was blown in at the saloons.

The Nebraska & Dakota Bridge Co. filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state last week. The document shows that the corporation propose to build a bridge across the Missouri river at or near Ponca in Dixon county. It proposes to lay railway tracks across for the accommodation of any or all railways willing to pay a sufficient price for the accommodation.

Serious damage was done the high school building in Fremont by mischievons boys getting into the basement and turning the city water into the boiler and forcing it through the steam pipes into the rooms and walls and ceilings.

Quite a ripple of excitement was created here to-day, says an Ogallala dispatch, by the arrest of W. H. Mallone, editor of the Keith County News. The complainant was Henry B. Raynor, republican candidate for representative. The editor of the News had accused Raynor of being a murderer in the columns of his paper, hence his arrest un der that part of the code pertaining to libel. Mr. Mullone was taken before County Judge Wood and bound over. The chief of police of Omaha is in re-

ceipt of a letter from D. W. Marrow, of the bureau of pensions at Washington, D. C., instructing him to look out for and arrest one Charles A. Marshall, who pretends to be an officer of the United tates government, and on the strength of this has been swindling ignorant peo-ple, particularly negross, in various parts of the country. He sometimes represents himself as being of the second auditor's office, and sometimes of the pension bureau, and after making a col-lection guarantees that the person duped will receive notice of their pension being

granted inside of ten days.

At Plattsmouth Sheriff Eikenbary at tached the engine and implements of Mr. Thompson, the contractor doing the grading work on the street sewerage. The attachment was levied at the instance of a Mr. Namara, of Sioux City, for a debt of \$418.

The foundation of the Christian college at Lincoln is nearly completed. The contract for the superstructure will be let some time next winter, in time for early spring work. It has not been fully determined whether an attempt will be made to open school next fall or not, but it has been decided that the building shall be thoroughly ready be

fore an attempt is made to use it.

A Beatrice special says: The marriage of O. J. Collman, of Broken Bow, and Miss Hattie Paddock, of this city, took place at Christ Church Episcopal at noon to-day. The church was tastenoon to-day. The church was tastefully and lavishly decorated. The ceremony was performed by Rt. Rev. Bishop Worthington, of Omaha, assisted by the Rev. Robert Scott, rector of Christ church. Mrs. May Somers Candee, of Alma, presided at the organ, and played Mendelssohn's "Wedding and played the bridal party entered the and played Men March" as the bri as the bridal party entered th church. The church was filled with friends and relatives of the bridal couple, there being many visitors from Omaha and other parts of the state.

Sister Mary Boniface, of the Sisters' convent at Ottumwa, Iowa, arrived in Hastings last week to complete arrange-ments for the preliminary work on the new \$100,000 convent to be located there. The location of the convent has not yet been made public. THANKSGIVING DAY.

The Proclamation Issued by the Pres ident of the United States. Proclamation by the president of the

inited States:

Constant thanksgiving and gratitude are due from the American people to the Almighty God for His goodness and mercy which has followed them since the day he made them a nation and vonchsafed to them a free government With loving kindness He has constantly led us in the way of prosperity and greatness. He has not visited with swift punishment our shortcomings, but with gracious care he has warned us of our dependence upon his forbearance and has taught us that obedience to His holy law is the price of a continuance of His precious gifts. In acknowledge-ment of all that God has done for us as a nation and to the end that on an ap-pointed day the united prayers and praise of a grateful country may reach the Throne of Grace, I, Grover Cleve-land, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed throughout the land. On that day let all our people suspend their ordinary work and occupations, and in their accustomed place of worship, with prayer and songs of praise, rende thanks to God for all His mercies, for the abundant harvests which have rewarded the tail of the husbandman during the them separate election day.

Charles Collins, who mysteriously disappeared in Omaha a number of weeks ago and was supposed to have been thanks for the peace and for the social order and contentment within our bor-ders, and for our advancement in all that adds to a nation's greatness, and, mindful of the afflictive dispensation with which a portion of our land has been visited, let us, while we humble ourselves before the power of God. noknowledge His mercy in setting bounds to the deadly march of the pestilence, and let our hearts be chastened by sympathy with our fellow countrymen who

have suffered and who mourn.

And as we return thanks for all the blessings which we have received from the hands of our heavenly Father, let us not forget that He has enjoined upon us charity, and on this day of thanks-giving let us generously remember the poor and needy, so that our tribute of praise and gratitude may be acceptable

in the sight of the Lord.

Done at the city of Washington on the first day of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, and in the year of the independence of the United States, one hundred and thirteen.

In witness whereof I have hereunto signed my name and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. GEOVER CLEVELAND.

By the President, T. P. Bayann, Secretary of State.

PERSONAL NOTES. William H. Burnhiser, of Harrisburg,

Pa., has lived in bod twenty-nine years, in consequence of a spinal injury. Rev. Mr. Spurgeon is again reported seriously ill. One of his hands and both feet are useless, and he suffers great pain.

Senator Charles B. Farwell has a collection of 10,000 books, and is said to have the finest theological library in the west. Empress Frederick is greatly pleased

with Sir Morell Mackenzie's new book and has written a letter of nearly twenty pages to tell him so.

In that case both would be losers. King Humbert's gift to Emperor Wil-

liam was quite unique, being a series of models of the remains of the men, we men, children and animals in the famous Pompeiian museum. John E. Shawhan, a well-known San

Francisco millionaire in bonauza days, appeared in court last week and made Midavit that he could not pay \$800 back alimony due to his divorced wife. James Densmore, who, as owner of

one-fourth interest in a type-writer patent, now has an income of \$5,000 a month, was in 1860 a newspaper can-vasser in St. Paul on the munificent salary of \$8 per week.

Dr. Mary Walker has applied to Washington ticket agent for a reduced rate, as she says she wants to go home to vote. The agent would gladly give her a pass one way, but wants double price for the return trip.

Col. Will L. Visscher, the poet, lecturer and humorous writer, is now on the editorial staff of the Portland Oregonian, and occasionally amuses him-self by delivering a lecture on the war in conjunction with a banjo artist. Amos Marsh, a colored man in Or-

ange, N. J., drew \$15,000 in a loitery, and his first step was to abandon his old wife and give a white woman \$3,000 to marry him. He said it was no use to have money unless he could get into so

Sir William White, who represents Great Britain at Constantinople, is a man of leonine aspect, tall, stalwart, with a massive forehead, a flowing white beard, and a voice like a roar. His mind is an extraordinary storehouse of well-classed facts, and he is continually adding to its contents. He is quoted as saying that the American system of government will eventually predominate in

Death of an Illinois Judge.

Chicago dispatch: Judge William K. McAllister, of the appellate court, one of the most noted men on the bench of Illinois, died very suddenly at his home in Ravenswood, this morning. His death was sudden and quite unexpected, alwas stated and quite three days. He though he was seventy years of age. He had been troubled for several months with rheumatism, which six or eight weeks ago developed heart trouble, and

THOSE LETTERS.

The One Written by Murchinson and

the Reply of the British Minister. Following is the letter of Murchinson to Lord Sackville West, British minister at Washington, and the latter's reply which has called forth so much criticism from the press and public, both in this country and England. The correspond ence fully explains itself, and at the same time shows how completely the Britisher was entrapped into giving expression to views that he did not expect to be made public:

THE LETTER OF MURCHINSON. Pomona, Cal., Sept. 4, 1888.—To the British Minister, Washington, D. C.— Sir: The gravity of the political situa-tion here and the duties of those voters, who are of English birth, but still con-sider England the motherland, consti-tute the spology I hereby offer for in-truding for confirmation. Mr. Cleve truding for confirmation. land's message to congress on the fisher) question justly excites our alarm and compels us to seek further knowledge before finally casing our votes for him, as we had intended to do. Many Eng-lish citizens have for years refrained from being naturalized, as they thought no good would accrue from the act, but Mr. Cleveland's administration has been of averable and friendly toward England, so kind in not enforcing the retallatory act passed by congress, so sound on the free trade question and so hos tile to the dynamite school of Ireland that by the hundreds—yes by the thousands—they have become nat-uralized for the express purpose of balaing to elect him over again. The helping to elect him over again. one above all of American politicians, they consider their own and their country's best friend. I am among these unfortunates, with a right to vote for president in November. I am unable to understand for whom I shall cast my ballot, when but one month ago I was sure Mr. Cleveland was the man. Could I feel and think he was pursuing a policy toward Canada temporarily for the sake of gaining popularity and continuation of his office four years more, but intends to cease his policy when his reelection is secured in November and again favor England's interest, then I should have no further doubts, but go forward and vote for him. I know of no one better able to direct me, sir, and no one better able to direct me, sir, and I most respectfully ask your advice in the matter. I will further add that the two men, Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Harrison, are very evenly matched, and a few votes may elect either one. Mr. Harrison is a high taviff man, a believer on the American side on all questions and undoubtedly an enemy to British interests generally. This state is expally discontinuous and the sentence of the second of ests generally. This state is equally divided between the two parties, and a mere handful of our naturalized countrymen can turn it either way. When it is remembered that a small state (Col-orado) defeated Mr. Tilden in 1876 and elected Hayes, the republican, the importance of California is at once appar-As you are at the fountain head of knowledge on the question, and know whether Mr. Cleveland's present policy is temporary only, and whether he will, as soon as he secures another term of four years in the presidency, trade, I apply to you privately and con-fidentially for information fidentially for information, which shall in turn be treated as entirely secret. Such information would put me at rest myself, and, if favorable to Mr. Cleveand, enable me, on my own responsi bility, to assure many of our country-men that they could do England a service by voting for Cleveland and agains the republican system of tariff. As 2 before observed, we know not what to Bob Burdette offers to give up writing for the Sunday newspapers if the Baptist brethren will give up reading them. In that case both would be losers.

de, but look for more light on a mysterious subject, which the sconer it comes will better serve true Englishmen in casting their votes. Yours, very respectfully,

LORD SACKVILLE WEST'S REPLY. [Private.] Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 4th inst., and beg to say that I truly appreciate the difficulty in which you find yourself in casting your vote. You find yourself in casting your vote. You are probably aware that any political party which openly favored the mother country at the present moment would lose popularity, and that the party in power is fully aware of this fact. The party, however, is, I believe, still desirous of maintaining friendly relations with Great Britain, and is still as desirous of settling all questions with Canada which have been unfortunately re-opened since the retraction of the treaty by the republican majority in the senate and to the president's message, to which you allude. All allowances, therefore, must be made for the political situation as regards the presidential election thus created. It is, however, impossible to predict the course which President Cleveland may pursue in the matter of retaliation should he be elected; but there is every reason to believe that, while upholding the position he has taken, he will manifest taken, he will manifest a spirit of con-ciliation in dealing with the question involved in his message. I enclose an ar-ticle from the New York Times of Aug.

22, and remain, yours faithfully.
L. L. SACKVILLE-WEST. BEVERLY, Mass., Sept. 13, 1888.

Three Boys Killed.

Pittsburgh dispatch: While testing s rope fire escape at the Monongahela house this afternoon, the rope broke and three boys, James McClure, aged 14 years; John Duddy, aged 15 years, and Daniel Nagle, aged 15 years, were precipitated from the fifth story to the pavement, a distance of ninety feet. McClure and Duddy fell head-foremost and were killed instantly. Nagle had both arms and his legs broken, and will probably die. The agent of the freescape, H. C. Wilson, of Zanesville, O., who hired the boys to come down the escape, paying them 5 cents each, has been arrested, pending a coroner's investigation. He is almost crazy over the unfortunate affair, and is being watched closely, as it is feared he will attempt suicide.

Still Looking For Murchison.

A special from Pomona, Cal., says: Chairman Brice, of the democratic national committee, has telegraphed the weeks ago developed heart trouble, and the immediate cause of death was heart failure. Judge McAllister came to Illinois many years ago from Salem, Washington county, N. Y., where he was born. He was elected to the supreme bench of the state in 1870 and held that position five years, when he resigned to accept save that the committee new has good the state in 1870 and held that position five years, when he resigned to accept the election to the circuit bench of Cook county.

Murchison about September 20. Brice says that the committee now has good reason to believe that Stephen B. Elkins was the author of the Murchison letter, which he sent to David, his cousin, to mail. David has been out of town for two and resumed charge of the great weeks and his whereabouts are not now the country. WEST NOT WANTED.

His Services No Longer Acceptable to the United States.

By direction of the president, the ecretary of state on the 30th informed Lord Sackville that for causes heretofore made known to her majesty's government his continuance in his present official position in the United States is no longer acceptable to this government, and would consequently be detrimental to the relations between the countries.

The grounds for this action on the part of the United States are stated in the report of the secretary of state to the president, dated the 29th inst., which is as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE-To the Presi dent: The undersigned has the pleasure to submit for your consideration the following statement, with a view to receive your direction thereon. On the 4th of September last a letter, perporting to be written by one Charles F. Murchison, dated at Pomona, Cal., was sent from that place to the British minister at the capital, in which the writer solicited an expression of his views in regard to certain unsettled diplomatic questions between Great Britain and the United States, stating at the same time that such expression was sought by him for the purpose of determining hi one for the purpose of determining his vote at the approaching presidential election. He stated that he was a naturalized citizen of the United States, of English birth, but that he still considered England the British minister, in mother country, and this fact led him to rassing state of also seek advice from the British representa-tive in this country. He further stated that the information he sought was not for himself alone, but to enable him to give certain assurances to many other persons in the same situation as himself for the purpose of influencing and de termining their political action as citizens of the United States of English birth, but who still regarded their original obligations of allegiance as paramount. The letter also contained gross reflections upon the conduct of this gov ernment in respect to questions now in controversy and unsettled between the United States and Great Britain, and both directly and indirectly imputed in-sincerity in such conduct. To this letsincerity in such conduct. ter the British minister at once replied from Beverly, Mass., under date of September 13, last. In his reply he stated that "any political party which openly favors the mother country at the present moment would lose popularity, and that the party in power is fully aware of this fact; and that in respect to the questions with Can-ada which have been unfortunately reopened since the rejection of the fisheries treaty by the republican majority in the senate and by the presi-dent's message, to which you allude, allowances must be made for the political situation as regards the providential Hector badly election." The minister thus gove his ins had he for election." The minister this gave his assent and sanction to the aspersions and imputations above referred to, and thus, under his correspondent's assurance of secrecy, in which the minister concurred by marking his answer "private," he undertook to alvise a citizen of the United States how to exercise the featibles of suffered in the election franchise of suffrage in the election close at hand for the presidency and vice presidency of the United States, and through him, as the latter suggested, to influence the votes of many others. Upon this correspondence being made public the minister received representatives of the public press, and in frequent interviews with him, intended for publication, added to the impugnments which he had already made of the good faith of this government in its public action and international dealings.

attnough ampie time and opportunity has been offered him for a disavowal, modification or correction of the statements, to some of which his attention was called by the undersigned, yet no such disavowal or modification has been made by him through the channels in which his statements first found publicity. The question is thus presented whether it is compatible with the dignity, security and independent sove-reignty of the United States to permit a representative of a foreign government in this country not only to receive and answer without disapproval and confirm by his repetition aspersions upon its by his repetition aspersions upon its political action, but also to interfere in its domestic affairs by advising persons formerly his countrymen as to their political course as citizens of the United States. As between this country and Great Britain there can be no controversy, as there is a complete severance of the ties of original allegiance by naturalization. Disputes on this point were finally put at rest by the treaty of naturalization concluded by the two naturalization and May 13, 1887. Therefore, it will not be contended, nor was such contention ever admitted by us, that the citizens of the United States, of British origin, are subject to any claim of the country of their original allegiance.

The undersigned also has the honor to call attention to this provision of section 5335 of the revised statutes of the United States: Who, without authority or permission of this government, "commences or carries on any verbal or written correspondence or intercourse with or officer thereof," either with intent to influence the action of such government or its agents or with intent to defeat the measures of the government to defeat the total the measures of the government to defeat the total the measures of the government to defeat the total the tot any foreign government, or any agent measures of the government of the United States. Penalties are made equally applicable to every citizen of the United States, not duly authorized, who "counsels, advises, or assists in any such correspondence with similar unlawful intent." The undersigned respectfully advises that the attention of spectfully advises that the attention of the attorney general of the United States be directed to these enactments. in order that an investigation may be made with a view to ascertain whether they have not been violated in the present case by the correspondence with the British minister. By your direc-tion the attention of the British govern-ment has, in a spirit of comity, been called to the conduct of its minister, as above described, but without result. It therefore becomes necessary for this govern-ment to consider, when, as guardian of its own self respect and of the integrity of its institutions, it will permit further intercourse to be held through the present British minister at this capital is to be observed that precedents are not wanting as to the question under consideration. It is a settled rule, es-sential to the maintenance of interna-tional intercourse, that a diplomatic representative must be persona grata to the government to which he is accredited. If, by his conduct, he renders himself persons non-grata an announcement of the fact may be made to his government. In the present case all the requirements Hoos-Good to chester

of comity have been her majesty's govern pression of this ra-thereto. Espen facts have been de

The Ice Book Washington diago tary Thompson to be telegram from Sach Senator Hearst and him of the perion crews of about a to posed to have ben Herald island in the

A revenue steamer is their assistance. In their assistance in meaning five hundreds and they are in me stand the rigors of it.

Acting Secretary the white house tenth the matter before it president sent for mony, acting secretary. mony, acting sense instructed him to the for the relief of the dore Harmony said to communicate viz ery, commanding steamer Thetis, and which he in San Francisco, m arrival there with the

Will Not Depar Washington dies urally much spend probable course at British minister, in the move most agree be immediate de top, but a centiem said this afternoon Lord Sackville was leave here. He wa

but a friend of mis him last night, has template an imm think it improbab will leave here belo

feet silence is main of the president's w Sackville's position will depend chiefy and the disposit towards this govern government determine he will receive an an rank to the one h might be prometed.
This would be rece rebuke the action

Port Jervis (N. 1 west-bound freight into the rear of m Otisville this more Mailen was into ins had his foot Fireman Cross backy, Before insansible from from the first

Fellow Feve Washington dis partment has been United States count that in view of the reason eases of yellow form the of that country be gown words "epidemic rebills of health issued

Surgeon Gans eral Martion, at la tion of the body Sunday last and its case of yellow feet.

A Famine Washington disp the postmaster at Kansas, in a letter portment states the of the crops the are suffering Three fourths "will starve q The people of the no aid has tow county are living others on breaks

> THE MAR OMA

WHEAT-No. 2. Conn-No. 2 mixed. OATH-No. 2. BARLEY-Burren-Creamery Burren-Choice con -Fresh.

bread and water.

CHICKENS—per doz. LEMONS—Choice per ORANGES-Per box-ONIONS-Per bu..... POTATOES-New..... TOMATORS, per bu-WOOL-Fine, per b-

NEW WHEAT-No. 2 red WHEAT-Ungraded rel-CORS-No. 2

OATS-Mixed western LARD ...

WHEAT-Per bushel Cons-Per bushel. PORK.

Hogs-Packing &still CATTLE-Western Rus SHEEP-Natives

WHEAT-No. 2 red cash Conn-Per husbal.... Oars-Per husbal.... Hogs-Mixed packlet-ATTLE-Feeders .-KASSIS

Wanar-Per hand Conx—Per bushed

OATS—Per bushed

CAULE—Native signs