CIRCULARS.

NAVAJO INDIANS.

THE TRIBE OF THRIFTY RED MEN IN NEW MEXICO.

Their Picturesque Appearance in Their Antumnal Trading Visits to Tuen-Something About Their Past History-The Leason Kit Carson Taught Them.

"The most interesting people that I asw of the many races of the southwest," said the tourist newly returned from a transcontinental trip, "were the Navajo Indiana In New Mexico. Arriving at Albaquerque late at night, I find begun to dress about half past 8 c'clock the next morning, when a trampling of baofs called me to the window, and tooking out the town seemed to be in the hands of Indians. Through the doors of the large stores on the main street Indiana were possing in and out or, grouped upon the platforms, were examining and cheapening goods as carneally as country people might do in a New England village on cattle show day. Hurhow picturesque, even in sordid bargaining, were these dusky children of the plains and mountains!

"Down the center of the wide sandy street a dozen mounted Indians were driving a band of young, unbroken horses, some riding ahead to prevent a stampede in that direction, and the others, in a half circle behind, urging forward the herd. Here were perhaps 50 wild steeds which had never known stable, fodder, bridle or spur, stepping high and prancing, with wild eyes glancing suspiciously about and tossing manes and tails. Every few yards they would all gather together with their heads toward the center, and it was with difficulty that this circle could be broken and the horses urged along. At a square a little way down the avenue the herd was held by its riders, a crowd of people gathered, and trading evidently begun at once at a lively rate.

" 'What does all this crowd of Indians mean?' I asked of the boy from Missouri who brought up my hot water.

"Them's Navajos,' he said. 'The first lot of 'em's just got inter town ter do their fall trading. They've brung blankets and ponies ter awap for silver dollars and store truck.

"After breakfast, when I went out on the street, I was much impressed by the appearance and ways of these aborigines. Both men and women are of good size, with massive figures, open, intelligent faces and impressive dignity of manner. Lighter in tint than many of the Indian tribes, their features display markedly the Tartar characteristics. To me they as strongly suggested a Mongolian as some other Indian peoples do a Semitic derivation.

"They come in from their reservation every autumn in parties varying in num-ber from a single family up to 50 or 60 members and camp just outside the town, sleeping in the open air or sheltered by old army tents and blankets stretched from poles. Every day of my stay they came into the public square or upon the main street to trade. To see these dusky riders sitting in unstudied picturesque attitudes upon their ponies, holding in check a herd of restless horses while waiting for buyers, was a sight that beat pictures. They wore sombreros or old style but costly fur caps bought from the traders, and some of them had Mexican spurs at their heels. Otherwise their costumes were pure Navajo, with buckskin or calico jumpers, buckskin leggings, moccasins and massive silver ornaments in the shape of bracelets, earrings and crescent charms bammered out from Mexican dollars by their native jewelers. Here and there in the chill morning a Navajo would stalk along draped in one of those splendid woolen blankets which they weave themselves of most substantial texture in great variety of barbaric colors and designs. Although their features were in general impassible, there was an intangible air among these Indians of being on plenic, and sometimes at some mishap. such as the struggle of a purchaser with an intractable colt, they would roll in their saddles in uproarious laughter. There were no signs that any of them had in-dulged in firewater, and I think that among Indians in general the Navajos, like the Pueblos, rank pre-eminent in sobriety. They are too good business men to take the chances of loss through drunkenness. The squaws, who rode astride their horses man fashion, were comely, luxuriant and shapely of figure and both modest and independent if sometimes a little flerce of demeanor.

"The Navajo Indians up to a time about 80 years ago were the scourge of all civilized races of New Mexico, the peaceful Pueblo Indians being favorite victims of their depredations. Unlike other Indians. they, owing perhaps to the Tartar origin already hinted at, have always inclined to a pastoral life and to accumulate flocks and herds. The Utes and Apaches, when raiding ranches and villages, would feast inordinately upon the flesh of cattle and sheep, maiming and slaughtering many animals from mere wantonness. They would take back to their rancheries-vil-Inges-with them only horses and mules and asses which could be ridden or driven ahead at a gallop. The Navajos, on the contrary, would drive to their mountain fastnesses all the cattle, sheep and goats they could capture and collect to add to the stock they already had. When the famous frontiersman, Colonel Kit Carson, in 1862, made his historic campaign against the Navajos, he found no way so effective to reduce them to submission as, after wasting their fields and destroying their villages, to kill all their stock.

Since the lesson of that campaign the Navajos have never been on the warpath, but having renewed their flocks and herds, with some early assistance from the goverment, have gone steadily on increasing in numbers and wealth. They number now nearly 20,000 souls. Unlike most Indian tribes, they are self supporting, requiring no annuities or rations. They own several hundred thousand-some say a million-sheep and many thousand cattle and ponies. Their reservation in northern New Mexico and Arizona contains nearly 6,000 square miles, and they use a wide adjoining region of government land for range."—New York Sun.

A Shakespearean Suggestion.

Did the word "in" have in Shakespeare's time the same meaning which the slang phrase "in it" now has? In "The Merchant of Venice," act 2, scene 2, Launcelot Gobbo says to Old Gobbo, "Fa-ther, in." What this means none of the Shakespearean critics or commentators tells us, and as far as I can find out none of them professes to be able to do so. If, however, "in" be regarded as slang and as equivalent to the modern slang phrase "in it"-and Launcelot Gobbo is of slang all compact—the difficulty of explaining the age vanishes at once, for nothing could better fit the context than to have Launcelot Gobbo, adopting the modern phrase, say to Old Gobbo, "Father, I am 'in it." -Boston Transgript.

THE A. P. A.

Supposed to the a Woman or Quality Was Used Too Years Age.

Who was the benatively sources whom persisted must, with atons and left hand, stands on a pedicatal in an article as studied in Structural Scene work men who were reported the identification. This part of the Schools and the Public Schools. This part of the Schools and the Public Schools. It is an Organization for the Protection of Rig its of Americans it in a tough under the choice. This part of the Schools and the Restriction in the Public Schools. It is a tough under the choice was built in 1004 by the grand holder of the great Emperor Protection. Immigration.

Immigration.

Immigration.

Immigration. This tought had been resting places of their ancestom in repair down to the middle of the seventiestal contains and protective Association and the population. This tought had the workern opposed had been refutil in these venture and was supposed to date from the time. When it was opened, the remains of a westine collin were found, and this wonderful perifaction of band and head, with the features clear cut and unwasted. About the head are two braids of his religious and the perifaction of band and head, with the features clear cut and unwasted. About the head are two braids of his religious plants are, in 1885, declonary in the right arm lies across the birress, and the left hand is perfectly preserved. The clothing is of the Ross quality, a long line chemics, linen underclothing and a woolen gacket, with a coastly mantles, such as woolen gacket, with a coastly mantles, such as woolen gacket, with a coastly mantles, such as well as the population of the population of our public schools and the Population of the Protection and the population of the protection of the protection is repaired to the protection of the protection of

aunt of Barbarossa and daughter of Hildergarde von Schwaben, who built the and to secure a pure ballot, but for the church. Tradition has it that Adelheid died of the plague and was buried at Schlettstadt. This woman undoubtedly died of a contagious disease, and it is to this fact that her preservation is ascribed. When she was buried, mortar of some kind, or some preparation of lime, was poured over her, which, as it hardened, preserved the face and bust. The face is of great beauty, the features clear cut and refined and the expression noble. It might well be the face of a woman who died as Adelheid is said to have died-while nursing the plague stricken peasants of her neighborhood.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The Marquis Paid.

The famous surgeon Velpeau was visited one day at his house during the consultation hour by a marquis renowned for his closeness. Velpeau informed the marquis that an operation was urgent, and that the fee would amount to 4,000 francs. At this the marquis made a wry face and left. A fortnight later Dr. Velpeau, while making his rounds in the Hospital de la Charite, had his attention atttracted by a face that seemed familiar to him. In answer to his inquiry it was stated that the paient was a footman of a nobleman in the Faubourg Saint Germain. The surgeon found that his case resembled in every particular the somewhat unusual one for which the marquis had consulted him a fortnight previously. He refrained, however, from making any comments.

Three weeks after the operation, when the patient was about to be discharged, Velpeau called him aside and exclaimed: "Monsieur, I am extremely flat-tered and pleased to have been able to cure you. There is, however, a small formal-ity with which you will have to comply before I can sign your exent-that is, you will have to sign a check for 1,000 francs in behalf of the public charity bureau of your metropolitan district." The patient's face became livid. "You can do what you like about it," continued the doctor, "but if you refuse all Paris will know tomorrow that the Marquis de D- adopted the disguise of a footman in order to secure free treatment at this hospital and to usurp the place which belongs by right to a pauper." Of course the marquis paid.
—San Francisco Argonaus.

Wedding Dresses For Hire.

Brides on the east side like to look well just the same as brides do the world over. But with them money is not to be squandered. So they hire the dress-hire it at the same place where Chimmy hired his dress suit and Mame her costume when she went to the Jolly Seven's masquerade ball as Mary, queen of Scots.

You can find such places in Second street. There are about a dozen wedding dresses in each shop. Sometimes they are used in a stage wedding, but oftener in a real one. The rent runs from \$6 to \$10, according to the magnificence of the gown. They are beautiful creations -at least they seem so to a mere man-and are hand embroidered, with pearl fringes and lots of

They must be looked after and mended every time they come back, just the same as the masquerade costumes. The skirt of a wedding frock and the train stays good quite awhile, but the bodice has to excluded. be changed, not because it is shabby, but because it is out of date.

Costumers expect to make a dress pay for itself in about four usings, but of course they make a poor mouth and say wedding frocks lose money for them .-New York World.

It is not the use of slang which is to be deprecated; it is the abuse of it. The girl who every time she opens her mouth projects from it some such word as "awfully "awfully nice," "awfully horrid," "awfully square," "awfully round," and so on until you wish that she would, at any rate, advance into the alphabet as far as the b's—is not only a slangy person; she is also in all human probability a fool.

The same civil observation applies to the man who has become indissolubly joined to some slangy catch phrase as, for instance, "Don't you know", "He's a nice fellow, don't you know," "It seems to me to be a queer start, don't you know,' "I can't stand clever people, don't you know.

We quite realize the truth of his last statement without his putting himself to the trouble of giving it audible utterance just as clearly as we surmise that it is just possible that clever people can't stand him,-All the Year Around.

The Easy Going Long Islander. Whether it be due to salt or to inborn laziness, the fact cannot be disputed that the native Long Islander is the most somnolent, slow going human being this side of Philadelphia. We suppose that there are hundreds of people between Brooklyn and Montauk Point who have never traveled on a railroad, never seen a glimpse of city life and never wanted to do anything but eat, drink and sleep. For enterprise that is positively clamlike the stretch of territory at the eastern gateway of Brooklyn is easily entitled to the palm .- Brooklyn Engle.

Exactness.

When a church announces "an oyster supper" it is specific and truthful, but when it states that "there will be oysters' and then provides only one bivalve the effect is bad .- Yonkers Statesman.

the preservation of our public schools right of free speech and to maintain N. H. Tunnicliff, attorney. the continued separation of church and

the continued separation of church and state.

An honest election has not been known in this city for years, simply because the loyal tax paying citizen has remained away from the primary elections and allowed the "push" to place whom they desired on the tickets, and have voted for them without question as to their patriotism or qualification. The few who have realized the seriousness of the situation, have found their efforts futile from lack of organization and assistance, and as a result our offices, both elective and appointive, are filled by an undesirable class of citizens, with very few exceptions. About ninety-six per cent. of the offices have been filled by adherents of the have been filled by adherents of the Roman Catholic church who number only about twelve per cent. of the population. The responsibility for this con-

that have been sent abroad by the

fere with our free institutions.

Third.-The A. P. A. is strictly nonpartisan. Party politics are strictly

Fourth.-The A. P. A. Is for one country, one flag, purity of government, free speech, free press and ma-

Are you an American citizen, and will you stand idly by and see your rights trampled on by any class of people who do not believe in the above principles?

We appeal to every true citizen who loves his country, to join in this patriotic movement for better government. We appeal to democrats, republic. B. Andrews. attorney.

No. 176, Omaha, Nebraska, January 25, 1893, We lift AH F. COCHRAN, Special Master Commissioner. licans, populists, prohibitionists and mugwumps, to Protestants, and to un-

and united action. Those who are 1824. and united action. Those who are all you are hereby required to answer said petition on or before said 5th day of March. 1804, or a judgment will be taken against you. alive to the situation, can secure calling or the

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Cheap Rates to California. The Union Pacific is offering greatly reduced round-trip rates to all California points and Portland, Oregon,

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For full particulars inquire of your nearest ticket agen', or address, H. P. DEUEL, 1302 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb., or E. L. Lomax, Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agent, Omaha, Neb.

ants. Omaha, Nebraska, January 5, 1894 B. F. THOMAS,

Legal Notice. To the unknown heirs of W. Amalie Koert-

You are required to answer the said peti-tion on or before the 5th day of March, 1834. Dated at Omaha, Neb., Janoary 23rd, 1834. By B. F. Thomas, her attorney. 1-28-4

Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

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Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

To James O. Slatter and Anna C. Slatter, non-resident defendants.

To James O. Slatter and Anna C. Slatter, non-resident defendants.

To James O. Slatter and Anna C. Slatter, non-resident defendants.

You are hereby notified that on the fith day of December, 1833. Fanny Bryant Godwin as plaintiff, filed her petition in the district court of Douglas country. Nebraska, against year as defendants, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose a mortgage executed on the 26th day of June, 1883, by Michael Dennelly to Eugene C. Bates and by him assigned to Fanny Bryant Godwin, plaintiff herein, upon the property described as follows: The west one-half (W. 5) of lot eight is in block eleven (I) in Reed's First addition to the city of Omaha, in the county of Douglas and state of Nebraska, to secure the payment of a note for the sum of \$3.2500 are and payable to the plaintiff the sum of \$3.2500 with interest thereon at the rate of seven (I) per cent per annum from the 26th day of December, 1833, for which sum, with interest, plaintiff prays for a decree that the defendants pay the same, and that in default of such payment said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due, and that all of said defendants may be forever barred of their interest, plaintiff prays for a decree that the defendants pay the same, and that in default of such payment said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due, and that all of said defendants may be forever barred of their interest in said real estate.

You are required to such payment said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due, and that all of said defendants may be forever barred of their interest in said real estate.

You are required to answer the said petition on or before the 5th day of March, 184, bated at Omaha, Neb., January 23, 184.

By B. F. Thomas, her attorney.

Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that by reason of default in the conditions of a chattel mortgage dated October 3, 186, executed by W. H. Bradrick and C. H. Bradrick to W. H. Kreider, and assigned to J. M. Rinewalt by the said W. H. Kreider, and assigned to J. M. Rinewalt by the said W. H. Kreider, and assigned to J. M. Rinewalt by the said W. H. Kreider, and assigned to J. M. Rinewalt by the said W. H. Kreider, and country Clerk for Douglas country. Nebraska, on which mortgage the sum of one hundred fifty dollars \$150.00, with interest dereon at ten 100 per cent per annum from device a manual country. The per conducting their church affairs, it has nothing to do.

Second.—The A. P. A. would be anti-Methodist or antagonize any other church or denomination, with just as much vigor, if they attempted to interfere with our free institutions.

Notice is hereby given, that by reason of default in the conditions of a chattel mortgage dated October 3, 186, executed by W. H. Bradrick and C. H. Bradrick to W. H. Kreider, and assigned to J. M. Rinewalt by the said W. H. Kreider, and necorded in the office, and assigned to J. M. Rinewalt by the said W. H. Kreider, and country Nebraska, on which mortgage the sum of one hundred fifty dollars \$150.00, with interest dereon at ten 100 per cent per annum from device a m. at 1126 South Thirty sixth St. Omaha, Nebraska, sell at public auction the following property enumerated in said mortgage, to-wit: One bay gelding, about six years old, weight about 350 pounds, named Billy: one end spring phaeton, made by Milbura & Stodard—being a doctor's style of carriage. Said sale is made to satisfy the said J. M. Rinewalt in said amount with interest thereon as above stated.

Omaha, Nebraska, January 19, 1893.

J. M. Rinewalt in said amount with interest thereon as above stated.

Omaha, Nebraska, January 19, 1893.

J. M. Rinewalt in said amount with interest thereon as above stated. Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Special Master Commissioner's Sale. Special Master Commissioner's Sale. Inder and by virtue of an order of sale on decree of foreclosure of mortgage issued out of the district court of Douglas county, Nebruska, and directed to me. I will on the 26th day of February, 1894, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the porth front door of the county court house, in the city of Oranha, county, of Douglas and state of Nebruska, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the property described in said order of sale as follows, to-wit?

Lot eight (6) in block three (3) in Briggs'

Lot eight (8) in block three (3) in Briggs' Place addition to the city of Omaha, in the state of Nebruska.

Baid sale is to satisfy the judgment of said court rendered at its February term. 1853 in a certain action in which the Belkinsp Savings Hank of Lacoula, New Hampshire, is plaintiff, and Wm. H. Hayden and others were detendants. Appearance docket 35, No. 170.

Oroska, Nalacaka, Laurence 2019

PROBRER E. E. LINTON | Docket S. No. 382.

JACOB LUTZ.

believers; to native and foreign born of all nationalities; to white and black, to rich and poor, to assist in throwing off the yoke of slavery that is being fastened about your neck.

Our watchword is popular education up to a true knowledge of the danger that is already here. Our war cry is "turn the Romanists out." Our battle axe is the ballot, and our battle field is at the polls.

Those who think there is no urgency for immediate action have but to look about them and see the work that is to be done, and the necessity for prompt and united action. Those who are allow to the attention of the street of Neural States. You are hereby required to answer and the county in the county court of Douglas county. Nebraska. In the county court of Douglas county. Nebraska. Saling and the county court of Douglas county. Nebraska against said defendant, and the county index is said defendant, and the county in the county court of Douglas county. Nebraska. Saling is the county of Douglas county. Nebraska. Saling the county of the defendant, and the county in the county court of Douglas county. Nebraska.

Lint to Roberts N. O. 262.

In the county court of Douglas county, state of Nebraska:

Lacob Lutz. defendant, will take notice that on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1921.

Phoebe R. E. L. Linton, plaint if herein, filed her petition in the county judge issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$1000 in said action pending it said court wherein Phoebe R. E. E. Linton, plaint if herein, filed her petition in the county judge issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$1000 in said action pending it said court wherein Phoebe R. E. E. Linton, plaint if herein, filed her petition in the county judge issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$1000 in said action pending it said court wherein Phoebe R. E. E. Linton, plaint if herein, filed her petition in the county judge issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$1000 in said action pending it said court wherein Phoebe R. E. E. Linton, plaint if herein, filed her pet

Omaha, Neb., January 22, 1894. PHOEBE R. E. E. LINTON. By John T. Cathers, her attorney. 1-25-4

NOTICE.

Otto Nobling will take notice that on the 15th day of December, 1823, George S. Smith, a justice of the pence in the city of Omaha. Bouglas county. Nebraska, issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$3.15 and interest from 19th day of February, 1820, due on your promissory note, in an action pending before him, wherein James M. Rigour is plaintiff and Otto Nobling defendant; that certain moneys in the hands of Jacob B. Emminger has been garnished under said order of attachment.

Said action was continued for trial to February 19th, 1894, at 1 o'clock p. m., before said justice of the peace.

Omaha. Nebraska, January 19th, 1894.

Omaha, Nebraska, January 10th, 1894. JAMES M. RIGOUR.

By D. VAN ETTEN, His Attorney.

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ENVELOPES.

Cheap Rate, Quick Trip. The travel from the north and north-

west territory, tapped by THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE, has demanded service of this character, and beginning October 5th, tourist cars will leave Minneapolis every Thursday morning and join the regular tourist train out of Chicago every Thursday afternoon at Columbus Junction, Ia., at 11 p. m. Central Iowa and the great west slope district of that state, demands and will receive a similar service, and beginning October 10th, a Phillips-Rock Isl Excursion Car will leave Albert every Tuesday morning, and via Liv more, Ft. Dodge and Angus, will arr at Des Moines that evening, Wednesday a. m. go west on the Five," via Omaha, Lincoln and Be ville, at which point it will join regular Tuesday train from Chicago Full particulars as to cheap r tickets for this trip, and also as to of berth in the tourist car cheerfu given on application to any Great R Island Route Ticket Agent, or agen coupon stations of connecting lines. JNO. SEBASTIAN, G. P. A

TO CALIFORNIA

Via Denver and Salt Lake City. Patrons of the Great Central Ro Weekly Excursions to California the Union Pacific can have their tick read via Denver and Salt Lake (without additional expense. Send folder giving details and advanta offered. F. E. SHEARER, Mgr., 191 So. Clark S

E. L. LOMAX, G. P. & T. Agt., Omaha, Neb.

Hot Springs, Ark., Without Chan On and after January 20th, the M souri Pacific Railway will run a throu sleeping car from Omaha to Springs, Arkansas without chan via Kansas City, Ft. Smith and Li-Rock, leaving Omaha daily at 10 p. For further information, rates, e call at depot, Fifteenth and Webs city ticket office, N. E. cor. Thirtee

and Farnam. J. O. PHILLIPPI,

A. G. P. and F. A. 1-26-4 Thos. F. Godfrey, G. T. A

A Good Thing to Remember

Is that the Burlington Route ha greater mileage in Nebruska than other railroad and that, nine cases of ten, it's the line to take for le

Lincoln, York, Grand Island, Beat-rice, Hastings, Kearney, Seward, Ne-braska City, Red Cloud, Holdrege and Wymore are a few of the places that are easily and comfortably reached from Omaha via the Burlington Route. City Ticket Office, 1324 Farnam St.

Wanted.

Man wanted to consign goods to dealers. Must be sober. Pay, \$40 the 3.55 pm | first month, and expenses. Wages raised with increase of business. To get a reply, enclose stamp. Postals not noticed. Address, H. E. Hubbell, 700 Broadway, Hannibal, Mo.

High Five or Euchre Parties should send at once to JOHN SEBASTIAN

G. T. A., C. R. I. & P. R. R., Chicago. TEN CENTS, in stamps, per pack for the slickest cards you ever shuffled. For \$1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs.

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it one year free.
JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A.

If you are going to travel in any direction, call at Grand Junction Ticket Office, Ninth, Main and Delaware Sts. and get their rates. The agent, Mr. A. Hilton, or any of his assistants will be glad to furnish you with re-liable information, and sell you tickets over the best possible route over the best possible route



FOR INDIAN TERRITORY, THE CHEROKEE STRIP. OKLAHOMA, FT. SMITH, LITTLE ROCK and HOT SPRINGS, ARK. Ticket Office. N. E. Corner 13th and Farnam Sta.

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RAILWAY TIME CARD

Language D. A. M. D.	CANDE VOICE
Depot 10th and Mason Sta.	Arrive
4.50 pm; Denver Limited daily	
10.15 am Deadwood Express 10.15 am Denver Express 8.15 am Lincoln Ex. (except Sun)	4.10 pr 4.10 pr 9.35 ar 11.25 ar
8.15 am Lincoin Ex. (except Sun)	11.25 m
6.50 pm Lincoln Local (ex. Sun)	6.50 pr
Leaves C., B. & Q. Omaha Depot 10th and Mason Sts.	Arriv
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Leaves UNION PACIFIC.	Arrive
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2.15 pm Limited, daily	7.00 pt
6.30 pm Denver Fast Mail	4,20 pt
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4.05 pm Chicago Limited, daily	12,35 pr 9,30 az
6.45 am Missouri Valley Local, daily	9.50 pt
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Omaha Depot 15th and Webster Sta.	Omah
1.15 pm 8. C. Express (except Sec.)	9.05 pt 12.40 pt
8.50 am Sloux City Accommodation 1.15 pm S. C. Express (except Sun) 5.45 pm St. Paul Express 5.10 pm Oakland Local (except Sun)	12.40 pr 9.35 at
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8.50 am Deadwood Express 8.50 am (Ex. Sat) Wyo. Ex. (Ex. Mon) 5.30 pm Fremont Ex. (Except Sun.) 5.45 pm St. Paul Express	9.35 At
soumm: Lincoln Ex. (ex. Sunday)	10.20 84
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EAST.	
10.30 am Atlantic Express, daily	0.00 pr
4.00 pm Vestibule Limited, daily	2.00 pt
12.19 nm ex. Mon O. & T. Ex. ex. Sun	5 55 p.
10:30 am Atlantic Express, daily 4:00 pm Vestibule Limited, daily 7:10 pm Night Express, daily 12:10 am ex. Mon O. & T. Ex. 6x. Sun 9:35 am Lincoln & Co. Bluffs	3.40 0.1
Via U. P. Transfer. 6.00 am ex. Suni O. & T. Ex. (ex. Mon 2.05 pp. Chleago and Denver. 445 am Co. Biuffs and Lincoln. 8.05 am Lincoln Express	10.75
2.05 on Chicago and Denver	13.10 M
3.45 am Co. Bluffs and Lincoln	9.35 84
9.65 and Linguish Expressed	4.55 D



MISSOURI PACIFIC. Depot 10th and Mason Sts.

St. Louis Ex. daily. St. Louis Ex. daily. Nebraska Local

(Via U. P. Transfer)

Omaha

Arrivos

Omaha

6.09 am 4.35 pm 8.45 am

Arrives

DENVER