

FIFTY YEARS IN THE CHURCH OF ROME.

By REV. CHARLES CHINIQUY.

WE HAVE just succeeded in purchasing from the publishers a limited number of FIFTY YEARS IN THE CHURCH OF ROME at a figure which enables to again offer the book to new subscribers, and old subscribers who pay up all arrearages and a year in advance, together with

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American Publishing Company,
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paper, a command that no Roman Catholic should read the paper, and a direction to all his priests to refuse the sacraments, including absolution, to all readers of that newspaper." (See Montreal Daily Star, Oct. 30, 1894.)

"It was never suggested that the Canada Revue attacked any religious dogmas or doctrine, and the principal reasons assigned by Archbishop Fabre for its suppression were first, that it took notice of certain cases of gross immorality on the part of a certain father confessor, and second that it had announced its intention of publishing a novel which had been condemned by inquisition."

"In 1893, the Canada Revue Publishing Company began an action for damage against Archbishop Fabre, and judgment was finally given on Oct. 29 in favor of the archbishop on every point. The judge held that he had an absolute civil right to forbid Roman Catholics to read the paper, and that the plaintiff could not recover damages unless he could show that the archbishop did not act bona fide, but from malice."

"It was sworn in the Montreal courts that the subscribers to the Canada Revue were warned to withdraw their subscriptions, on pain of having the sacraments refused to them."

The position that a bishop of Rome has a complete civil right to abridge the freedom of the press is monstrous; and the fact that such bishops compel their flocks to vote in support of a political party which renders such decisions is no less monstrous.

Mr. Edward P. Culverwell, of Trinity college, Dublin, commenting on this Montreal case and a similar case which occurred in Ireland recently, says:

"The effect of the decision of the pope on the one hand, and of the civil courts of the Roman Catholic province of Quebec on the other, is to place the liberty of the press, so far as Roman Catholics are concerned, entirely at the mercy of the bishop of the locality where the paper circulates."

"Nor are the claims of the Irish Roman Catholic bishops limited to the suppression of public opinion by newspapers. Only a short time ago Bishop O'Dwyer quoted the following decree of the national synod of Maynooth, so successfully applied at the last general election, where all but nine of the nationalist M. Ps. were nominees of the priests:

"We consider that the good of

religion and the liberty of the church require that when there is a question of selecting members of parliament, from whose action the faith and security of Catholics and the rights and liberty of the church may suffer, the clergy should be careful that such an office be entrusted only to worthy men, who are in no wise hostile to the Catholic religion."

"In Ireland the judiciary power is still free from the control of the Roman hierarchy. The only guarantee for this will be removed if, as in the case of Quebec, the legislative power passes into the hands of the nominees of papal prelates."

In view of all these facts, who will persist in declaring that the issues raised by the American Protective Association are religious issues not effecting our political system? Who will deny that the so-called Roman Catholic church is a political engine inimical to our constitution and dangerous to society?

Is it any wonder that the Revolution was stimulated by anger on account of the Quebec act? Is it any wonder that New Hampshire should propose an amendment to our constitution looking to the preservation of Protestantism? Is it any wonder that the American people on both sides of the Canadian line should now be aroused to the highest pitch on account of the aggressions of Rome? That they begin to see once more that the religion of Rome is only a cloak for the politics of Rome—a transparent subterfuge of the most villainous character? Is it any wonder that this reaction against Romanism has resulted in the organization of political societies for preservation of American institutions? and especially for the preservation of a free church, a free press and a free school system? J. B.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27.

Rome's Red Hand.

The recent escape of two girls from the House of the Good Shepherd, hotly pursued by men and dogs, is another proof of the urgent need that a law should be passed, and that speedily, obliging all such institutions to submit to official inspection. Their tale of abuse, poor food, cruel floggings and imprisonment in cold, damp cells, ought to rouse the people to the necessity of sending to legislatures men who will present such a bill as well as men who will see that it is not smothered by amendments, or otherwise killed, as is generally the way with a measure that most vitally concerns the public interest. Even the Catholic priest that, in company with the Protestant workman who had aided the girls in their escape, applied for

admittance into the institution that they might see for themselves, were refused entrance, and obliged to come away with no further satisfaction than the rigid denial of all the charges alleged against the institution by the sister superior. Does any person with the least claim to ordinary intelligence believe such assertions in the face of their refusal to admit even a priest of their own faith? If the strong arm of the civil law could be invoked to let in the light in these institutions there would be fewer of them.—Woman's Voice.

In Egypt's Land.

CAIRO, Ill., April 19.—Mr. Editor: We have met the enemy and he is ours—one mayor, one city treasurer, one city clerk, one city attorney and eight aldermen. The papal craft, manned by a foreign crew and commanded by Pope Leo, was sighted at 7 a. m., April 16th, 1895, safely anchored just where the placid waters of the Ohio intermingle with the mighty Mississippi, at the foot of the great state of Illinois. As the good ship, the A. P. A., hove in sight, manned by Americans and commanded by Patriotism, the batteries of the foreign Roman craft were manned to receive the deadly onslaught from the Americans' guns. The first shot carried away the Romans' mainmast, and the battle raged fiercely until high noon, when Rome's guns were silenced and her rudder was gone. At 5 p. m. her decks were strewn with the dead and dying, her rigging was on fire, when a solid shot from the Americans struck her hull amidship; she careened and went to the bottom with all on board, where the little fishes have been waiting for them for these past thirty long years, in order to even things up on this Friday business. Not a soul was left to tell the tale. The enemy's loss: Dead, 806 (all); wounded, none; the entire municipal body, with between five and ten thousand dollars thrown in. Our loss: Dead, none; wounded, none; missing, none; only a few dollars' worth of ammunition, which the enemy kindly paid for more than ten-fold over in election wagers. Not one of our crew received a scratch, and the paint is all on our good ship, the A. P. A. And so goes on the reformation. With Corodan R. Woodward, mayor, for our standard-bearer, our watch-word is, and ever shall be, "Put none but Americans on guard."

A DISPATCH from Springfield, Ill., says: "Mr. Merriam's bill repealing the act of 1845 and the amendatory act of 1861 creating the Catholic bishop of Chicago a corporation sole for the holding of real estate for religious and charitable purposes was ordered reported favorably by the house committee on education. About 200 bills are already ahead of this one on the calendar, and unless it is taken up out of the regular order it is not likely to be reached in the house. Mr. Merriam, however, will endeavor to secure a suspension of the rules for its consideration."

GENERAL GRANT possessed the courage of his convictions. He was a man of uniform consistency, evenness of temper, steadiness of purpose and purity of motive. During the siege of Vicksburg he sent word: "I do not know when I will take this town, but I will stay here till I capture it if it takes me thirty years." The fall of Vicksburg was the greatest military event within the memory of man. Grant loved the common schools. He had an eye single to the greatness and glory of the American commonwealth. He was the uncompromising enemy of ignorance and superstition. At an army reunion at Des Moines, Iowa, in September, 1875, while he was president, he made a speech in which he said: "Let us labor for free schools, free thought and a free press. Let us resolve that not one dollar of the public funds shall ever be appropriated for the support of any sectarian institution whatsoever. Let us maintain schools in which there shall be no sectarian teaching, either atheistic, pagan or superstitious." Grant knew who the enemies of the public schools and the assassins of liberty were.

The Loyal Women's Appeal.

Some two months ago the Loyal Women of American Liberty heard of a young colored girl who had been betrayed by a Catholic priest, and was penniless and friendless. It had been intimated to her that she was in danger of being put into a convent to destroy the evidence, and the girl was frightened, and hid herself. We employed a gentleman to find her, and we now have the child and the mother in our care. The priest has been arrested and held for trial. The whole Catholic church and its money is defending the priest. We have a good cause and need funds to prosecute it. Christian patriots, come to our help, and send contributions at once to our national secretary.

MRS. STELLA ARCHER.

False Economy

Is practiced by people who buy inferior articles of food. The Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is the best infant food. *Infant Food* is the title of a valuable pamphlet for mothers. Sent free by New York Condensed Milk Co., New York.

NEARLY every city in the country of any importance held meetings commemorating the life of General U. S. Grant last Saturday evening. Mrs. Grant and her daughter Nellie—Mrs. Sartoris—were present at the Chicago meeting.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS CUREY,
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of HALL'S CATARRH CURE that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
A. W. GLASSON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
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AGENTS WANTED.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

United States Flag Is Refused.

The Women's Relief Corps, Saginaw, Mich., recently decided to present American flags to all public school rooms in the city, and included the German Lutheran School of the Sacred Heart. Following the presentation it was arranged the school children should take a pledge to the flag, embracing the words, "One country, one language, and one flag." R. H. Richter, the superintendent of the German school, refused to accept the flag, owing to the words "one language."

Delegates to Milwaukee.

The Interior Nebraska and Omaha delegates to the Milwaukee annual meeting of the A. P. A. leave Omaha via the Chicago & Northwestern Railway at 4 o'clock P. M. May 5, arriving at Milwaukee Monday morning, May 6, 10:45 A. M. Both chair car and sleeper accommodations. Purchase your ticket via the Chicago & Northwestern Railway at 1401 Farnam street or Union Pacific Depot, and take a receipt for your fare, which will entitle you to a rate of one-third fare returning.

When down town drop in at John Rudd's and leave your watch, if it is out of repair, to be fixed. 317 north 16 St.

Notice for Publication.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have formed a corporation under the statutes of the state of Nebraska; that the name of said corporation is "The Admore Company." The principal place of business is the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska. The general nature of the business to be transacted is the buying and selling and trading in Fuel, Lumber, Grain, Live Stock, Provisions, Produce, Flour, Feed, General Merchandise and real estate. To collect rents or money on own account or for others. To manufacture any merchantable article, either for self, on commission or royalty. To borrow or loan money, either on own account or commission. To build houses or improve lots or lands for sale or trade, or to hold permanently for income investments. To mortgage real estate when necessary as well as personal property, and to make such investments as will assure profits to said corporation. The amount of capital stock shall be one hundred thousand dollars, and must be fully paid up at beginning of business, and to have power to increase capital stock at any time to two hundred thousand dollars, which must also be fully paid when capital is increased. The time of the commencement of the business of said corporation shall be on May 1st, 1895, and shall continue for fifty-five years thereafter. The highest amount of indebtedness to which said corporation may at any time subject itself shall not exceed sixty per cent. of the amount of the paid-up capital stock. The affairs of said corporation shall be conducted by the President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, and Board of Directors, who may appoint a General Manager and such agents or helpers as the business may require. Omaha, Nebraska, May 4, 1895.

A. WILLISIE,
E. A. HAMMOND,
Incorporators.

Notice to Non-Resident Defendant.

In the district court, in and for Douglas county, Nebraska.
UNION TRUST COMPANY, vs. ELIZABETH F. MCCARTNEY, ET AL.
Elizabeth F. McCartney, one of the defendants in the above entitled cause of action, will take notice that on the 5th day of May, 1895, the above named plaintiff filed its petition in the district court of Douglas county, Nebraska, against the said defendant, and others, the object and prayer of which was to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the said defendant to the plaintiff, upon lot twenty-two (22) in block eleven (11), Orchard Hill, in addition to the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, dated September 9th, 1890, for the sum of twelve hundred dollars (\$1200.00), due and payable on the 1st day of September, 1894, with interest at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum from the date thereof.

That there is now due upon said note and mortgage the sum of twelve hundred dollars (\$1200.00), with interest thereon at seven (7) per cent. per annum from March 1st, 1890, for which sum, with interest and taxes upon said property paid by plaintiff, plaintiff prays for a decree, and that the defendants be required to pay the same, or that the premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due, together with interest and costs.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 30th day of May, 1895.
Dated at Omaha, Nebraska, April 28th, 1895.
UNION TRUST COMPANY.
By Jas. W. Carr, its attorney. 4-12-4

Notice to Non-Resident Defendant.

In the district court, in and for Douglas county, Nebraska.
UNION TRUST COMPANY, vs. RACHAEL RILEY, ET AL.
Stacy Riley, Mrs. Anna Moore, Jas. E. Riley, Chas. E. Riley, and John B. Riley, defendants in the above entitled cause of action, will take notice that on the 5th day of May, 1895, the above named plaintiff filed its petition in the district court of Douglas county, Nebraska, against the said defendants, and others, the object and prayer of which was to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendant, Jas. E. Riley, and Rachael Riley, his wife, to the plaintiff, upon lot eighteen (18) in Nelson's addition to the city of Omaha, in Douglas county, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, dated April 17th, 1890, for the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars (\$650.00), due and payable on the 1st day of April, 1891, with interest at the rate of ten (10) per cent. per annum from the date thereof.

That there is now due upon said note and mortgage the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars (\$650.00), with interest thereon at the rate of ten (10) per cent. per annum from the 1st day of April, 1891, and the further sum of one hundred and sixty-three and 32-100 dollars (\$163.32), taxes paid by plaintiff with interest from the 31st day of December, 1892, at the rate of ten (10) per cent. per annum, for which sum plaintiff prays for a decree, and that the defendants be required to pay the same, or that the premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due, together with interest and costs.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 30th day of May, 1895.
Dated at Omaha, Nebraska, April 28th, 1895.
UNION TRUST COMPANY.
By Jas. W. Carr, its attorney. 4-12-4

Friends Going to Milwaukee.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railway have made a special rate for delegates and others who wish to attend the coming session of the supreme council of the A. P. A. in Milwaukee, in May. For tickets and all information call on Geo. F. West, city ticket agent, 1401 Farnam street, Omaha. The Northwestern will treat you right, and you can be assured of a pleasant trip.