

Advertising is but another word for closer cooperation between buyer and seller, for mutual benefit.

THE WEATHER
Rain; Colder

EASTERN RAILROADS ASK PERMISSION TO RAISE THEIR RATES

Proposition for Flat Increase of Five Per Cent in All Freight Charges Proposed.
MORE REVENUE IS NEEDED
Changed Conditions Add Greatly to Operating Expenses.
CONDUCTORS' DEMAND REFUSED
Railway Executives Reply, Saying Wages Are Now Excessive.
PROPOSED SCALE EXTRAVAGANT
It Would Add Seventeen Millions, or Twenty Per Cent, to Pay of Employees—Public Would Have to Pay It.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The railroads of the eastern territory, having discussed the freight rate problem, have decided to ask the Interstate Commerce commission to allow a 5 per cent increase on freight of all characters.
This was made known today in a statement issued by President Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio.

Mr. Willard is the head of a committee of railway presidents representing the principle lines in what is known as the official classification territory, that is, the district lying east of Chicago and north of the Ohio river.

For some time there has been talk of a move looking to increase freight rates, but today's statement is the first coming from the roads. Briefly, the request to the Interstate Commerce commission will be made in the form of an application to reopen the eastern advance rate case, heard and passed upon by the commission in 1910.

Mr. Willard's statement says: "The railway executives feel that the changed conditions which have come about have so narrowed the margin between income and outgo that a 10 per cent increase of all freight tariffs would be justified. They recognize, however, the importance of obtaining the necessary revenue in such a way as to cause the least possible disturbance of commercial conditions and on that account feel that it would be better to ask for an increase of 5 per cent only at this time. Unless the carriers are enabled to increase their revenue in some manner, and the year also proposed seems likely to meet with less approval than any other, their ability already limited to provide such additional equipment and facilities as will be necessary to take care of the growing demands of the country will be very seriously impaired."

Mr. Willard and the president of the New York Central have been appointed to take up the question with the commission.

Managers of Eastern Railroads Declined Today to Grant Higher Wages to Conductors and Trainmen.

In a reply sent to the Order of Railway Conductors and Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen say that the present wages are liberal and in many cases excessive and that the request for an increase is declined "in the interests of owners of railroad securities, in the interests of all railroad employees, in the interests of the public as a whole."
"The wages and working conditions have been requested," says the reply, "would increase the pay of the 100,000 conductors and trainmen of the railroads in the eastern district by approximately \$17,000,000, or 20 per cent per annum. The increase would be equivalent to placing on these properties a lien of \$425,000,000 of 4 per cent securities, which would have preference over first mortgage bonds."
"If the railroads are forced to pay extravagant wages to men in train service the burden must fall on the public. You will readily see, therefore, why, in considering your demands we hold the public interest paramount."
"Already the traffic of a growing country has overtaken the existing facilities, and the heavy burdens incurred through ill-considered legislation, such as extra crew bills—for which the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen is alone responsible—have forced on the railroads, and consequently on the public, needless expenditures of millions of dollars annually. All of these factors are making it impossible for many of the roads to provide those facilities which prudent foresight demands and which the interests of the public require."

Calls Demand Extravagant Wages—Wages Entirely out of Accord with the Railroads' Obligations as a Whole—Employees Apparently act on the Assumption that a Strike would be Permitted by the Public.

"In making demands for extravagant wages—wages entirely out of accord with the railroads' obligations as a whole—railway employees apparently act on the assumption that a strike would be permitted by the public and can never be permitted by the public. They seem to think that if a strike is to be avoided the railroads must give way—that the public will force them to give way, believing that arbitration must take place and that in the end the splitting of differences between what they demand and the wages they receive will result in their favor."
"In other words the employees have everything to gain and nothing to lose."
The submission of the railroads' answer today followed a series of conferences between the railroads and the public.
(Continued on Page Two.)

Carnegie Shows that Peace Congress Not Afraid of Japanese

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—The fourth American Peace congress began a three days' session this morning, with delegates from all parts of the country. The chief address was delivered by Andrew Carnegie. While Mr. Carnegie was speaking some one in the audience interrupted with: "How about Japan?"
"Well," replied Mr. Carnegie, "Japan has nineteen battleships and we have thirty-three and more coming. The questioner admitted this, but said: 'Right now we are in mortal terror.' Then Mr. Carnegie appealed to the audience.
"Let everyone who is not afraid of Japan stand up," said Mr. Carnegie. Practically the entire audience, which filled the large music hall where the sessions are being held, stood up.
Mr. Carnegie then turned to his questioner, saying: "Nobody is in mortal terror but you."
Benjamin F. Trumbull, secretary of the American Peace society, spoke on "The Present Demands of the Peace Movement."
"We must urge," he said, "that all controversies not susceptible of adjustment by direct negotiations be submitted to the court of arbitration at The Hague or to other tribunals, which it may be found advisable to create. We have heard too much about 'national honor' and 'vital interest' and hair-splitting distinctions between justifiable and non-justifiable disputes. Are we not trying to conceal a hankering after war and pillage every time we use these vague and indefinite terms? There are no un-arbitrated controversies in our day between nations whose independence mutually is recognized."

Employees of Buffalo Department Stores Strike for More Pay

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 1.—Over 2,500 department store employees, involving all such stores here, went on strike today for increased wages and shorter hours. Employees of hardware and five and ten-cent stores also participated.
A minimum wage of \$8 for women clerks and \$7 for men clerks is demanded, with a minimum for boys of \$5 for drivers and chauffeurs of \$18 per week. The employees also demand an eight hour work day, Saturday half holiday at full pay in June, July, August and September, and 5 o'clock closing.
The present average weekly wage for girl clerks is said to be only \$5. The stores were picketed this morning. A strike vote taken last night was practically unanimous and was closely obeyed.

Thief Gets Carcass of Dog Instead Sheep; Guests Disgusted

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 1.—Dressing the carcass of an old dog to resemble mutton was resorted to by a farmer living near Pittsville as a trap to catch thieves who had been visiting his smokehouse and taking meat from time to time.
Following the disappearance of the "prepared mutton" the farmer called at meal time on a suspected neighbor and was urged to join the family at dinner, being offered a repast of "mutton stew."
The visitor declined the invitation and told of the trick which he had played the night before, asking if anyone at the table had an idea as to the guilty party. The eaters appeared uncomfortable and, making various excuses, left the table.

Woman Shoots Son Instead of Father

CHICAGO, May 1.—Clarence Murphy, 21 years old, son of a Gary (Ind.) saloon keeper, was shot and instantly killed early today while in his father's place of business by Mrs. Grace Smith, 35 years old, when he attempted to eject her.
Mrs. Smith fled in an automobile to the home of her sister, Miss Lizzie Colman, in Chicago, where later she was arrested. Arthur Greenson, 27 years old, was with the woman when she was taken into custody. They were taken back to Gary to be held until the inquest has been concluded.
The shooting followed a quarrel between Mrs. Smith and Henry Murphy, proprietor of the saloon, over attention to the saloon keeper is alleged to have paid to an actress.
"I meant to shoot old man Murphy and not his son," Mrs. Smith told the police. "He treated me cruelly and I wanted to get revenge."

Golf Balls Worse Than Highballs

WILMINGTON, Del., May 1.—Rodney Warren, a 12-year-old caddy, who heard players at the Wilmington Country club discussing "highballs" yesterday, gathered the idea that the drink was in some way connected with the golf ball. He cut open one of the balls and found it filled with a liquid which he drank. A stomach pump saved his life. The doctor found the liquid in the ball was highly impregnated with arsenic.

BRITISH WORKMEN HOSTILE TO PEACE DELEGATION

LONDON, May 1.—An extremely hostile attitude toward the British delegation now on the voyage to the United States to arrange for the Anglo-American peace centenary has been taken up by a section of British workmen. At their head is Ben Tillett, secretary of the Dock Workers' Union. An appeal, sent by cable on their behalf today to Samuel Gompers, is as follows:
"British workers appeal to the American trade unions not to mask the Carnegie peace delegates' mission to America, they hope America will not support the suggestion that it should assist England in making war against Germany."
—BEN TILLETT.

CITY COMMISSION TO TRY TO FORCE DOWN WATER RATES

Governing Body Decides to Make Effort to Give the Public Cheaper Water.
SAY RATES ARE EXORBITANT
Vote Will Be Taken on Subject at Meeting Monday.
ALL FAVOR THE MOVEMENT
Water Board Arraigned in Resolution on First Reading.
SOME ABUSES ARE RECITED
Some in Favor of Having the Resolution Passed at Once—Council Says Rates Raised Instead of Lowered.

Instructions to City Corporation Counsel Ben S. Baker to at once institute legal proceedings to test the power of the Water Board and, if possible, force the board to lower its exorbitant water rates, are contained in a resolution submitted to the city commission by Councilman Thomas McGovern, and which will be discussed and recommended for passage Monday.

Police Commissioner Ryder asked that action on the resolution be deferred until Monday, when he declared, he would vote for it if the legal department were of the opinion that it would not involve the city in a tangle of legal procedure. "Pass it now," said Commissioner C. H. Withnell.
"No use to wait," said Councilman McGovern.
It was agreed, however, to postpone action until Monday, when all commissioners will vote for it, unless they change their minds in the meantime.

To Bring Action.

Judge Baker will bring the action in the district court. The resolution, instructing him to proceed without delay arraigns the Water Board in strong terms. This is the resolution:
Whereas, The city of Omaha, in July, 1912, acquired and took possession of the Omaha Water plant for the purpose of furnishing water to said city at a lower rate than they were being served by the Omaha Water company, and for the benefit generally of the city of Omaha;
Whereas, Since the taking over of the water plant by the city of Omaha there has been no reduction of water rates, but, on the contrary, water consumers, and especially small consumers, are compelled to pay increased rates, in addition to paying an exorbitant price for meters for measuring the water consumed, and suffering other indignities and inconveniences at the hands of the Water board of the city of Omaha; and
Whereas, Ever since the taking over of the water plant by the city of Omaha there have been numerous complaints made to this council regarding the treatment of water consumers by the Water board, besides the daily publication of such complaints in the public press of the city of Omaha; and
Whereas, The Water board refuses to confer with the city council of the city of Omaha, claiming to be paramount and superior to all other boards in the city, and in which it is interested, and the city council is unable to furnish any relief to the water consumers, and suffering other indignities and inconveniences imposed upon them by the Water board; therefore, be it
Resolved, By the city council of the city of Omaha, that the corporation counsel be, and he is hereby, directed to institute proper proceedings in the district court of Douglas county, or other proper tribunal, for the purpose of adjudicating and determining the rights and duties of the Water board under the law creating said board, and especially the right and authority of the city council of Omaha to require water consumers to purchase meters for the purpose of measuring their consumption of water;
To charge any sum for meters installed.
(Continued on Page Two.)

Taxi Driver for Miss Wilson is Fined for Driving Too Fast

NEW YORK, May 1.—William J. Greenwood, a taxicab chauffeur was fined \$5 today for driving Miss Margaret Wilson, the president's daughter, and her escort up Broadway at a speed of twenty-four miles an hour. The policeman who appeared against Greenwood said that when he stopped the taxicab yesterday evening Greenwood told him that his passengers were the president's daughter and Boyd Fisher, manager of the Social Center and that they were hurrying to a hotel to pick up a Princeton professor, who had to catch a train for Princeton. The policeman let the car proceed after summoning the chauffeur to court today. Mr. Fisher was in court today and paid Greenwood's fine.

Bank Reports Show Increase in Loans

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Reports of the condition of national banks in response to the call of the comptroller of the currency on April 4 show a large increase in loans, but large losses in cash and deposits as compared with the previous call of February 4. The loans increased \$3,077,212; the cash decreases \$4,132,485; deposits decreased \$15,545,260, but showed a gain since April 18, 1912, of \$25,735,356.
The total reserve of the banks of April 4 was \$1,435,797,674—\$36,226,386 above the amount required by law.

Eleven Persons Hurt in Head-On Wreck

MIDDLETOWN, O., May 1.—A fireman and a passenger were probably fatally injured and nine other persons more or less seriously hurt when Big Four passenger train No. 25 ran head-on into a freight train a few miles north of this city early today.
The passenger train, southbound, was two hours late. The crew of the freight train claim to have had orders to take a siding a few rods north of here to let the passenger pass. They failed to reach this, however, before the other train bore down upon them. The locomotives telescoped and the tender of the passenger train was pushed through the baggage coach.

Chasing the Yellow Pest



Drawn for The Bee by Powell. Mayor Dahlgren has set apart by proclamation two days to be devoted to exterminating the dandelion.

FIGHT OVER SUGAR STARTS

Metal, Wood and Lumber Schedules Forced Through House.
ORIENTAL LABOR IS INVOLVED
Representative Broussard of Louisiana Joins Republicans in Attempt to Keep Sugar Off the Free List.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—With the legislative machinery running smoothly and rapidly the house today reached the first of the big, rough places in the democratic tariff bill, the sugar schedule.
Representative Underwood at the throat drove the democratic majority steadily ahead, disposing of the last paragraph of the metal schedule and plowing through the lumber and wood schedule without allowing an amendment. A fight to restore to the dutiable list shingles, which the bill placed on the free list, provoked a wealth of oratory, particularly from representatives of north Pacific coast states. They made much of the "oriental labor" troubles on the coast, citing the present anti-Japanese agitation in California.

When the sugar schedule was reached it became apparent that more oratory in large volume was clamoring to be let loose, and Representative Underwood, following his declaration that he intended to put on the screws, secured an agreement to allow two hours' debate on the sugar schedule and all amendments.
Representative Broussard of Louisiana, representing the democrats who oppose the free sugar provision of the bill, joined the republicans in futile battle to alter the committee rates.
Fordney Predicts Disaster.
Mr. Fordney declared that throughout the tariff hearings and even in the special sugar tariff investigation a year ago no person appeared interested in a lower rate on sugar or asked for free sugar, except importers and manufacturers of refined sugar from imported raw sugar.
"If sugar goes on the free list," he said, "the domestic cane industry and the best sugar industry either will be crushed or greatly injured. The public interest is at stake."
(Continued on Page Two.)

Supposed Dead Man Returns to Topeka

TOPEKA, Kan., May 1.—After an absence of more than seven years, during which time the courts declared him legally dead and gave his wife judgment for a \$2000 insurance policy on his life, W. H. Caldwell came to Topeka today to testify for the insurance company in an application for a rehearing of the case. Caldwell had been declared legally dead on the testimony of Jane Caldwell, his wife, who said her husband mysteriously left home and that all efforts to locate him had failed.
In a deposition today Caldwell said he quarreled with his wife before leaving Topeka. He had been in the undertaking business since in Berkeley, Cal., he said.

LOUIS W. MURRAY NAMED FOR COLLECTOR IN IOWA

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Nominations today by President Wilson included: Commissioner of Corporations—Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin. Assistant Comptroller of the Treasury—Walter W. Warwick of Ohio. Collector of Customs for the District of Jacksonville, Fla.—John W. Martin. Surveyor of Customs for the Port of Louisville—Warner K. Kinkaid. Collector of Internal Revenue, Third District of Iowa—Louis W. Murray. United States Marshal, District of New Mexico—Andrew H. Hudspeth. Surveyor-General of Washington—Richard Roediger of Washington. Receiver of Public Moneys at Leadville, Colo.—Mrs. Annie G. Rogers of Colorado.

Several Hundred Have Narrow Escape from Suffocation

CHICAGO, May 1.—Several hundred workmen narrowly escaped death by suffocation today when fire broke out in an eight story building at 120 South Clinton street, occupied by several manufacturing concerns. When the employees attempted to leave they found the stairway filled with smoke. There were many thrilling escapes. Fifty men were carried down ladders by firemen and others fled down fire escapes.

AUSTRIA IS ASKED TO WAIT

Powers Suggest that Joint Force Occupy Ports of Montenegro.
KING NICHOLAS SENDS ANSWER
Reply to Request to Evacuate Scutari is Noncommittal and Opens Door for Further Negotiation.
BULLETIN.
LONDON, May 1.—The powers will not take steps to coerce Montenegro for the present. The ambassadors at their meeting this afternoon came to the conclusion that, in view of the conciliatory attitude shown by Montenegro, it was unnecessary to proceed with measures of coercion.

War College Staff Starts on Long Ride

FREDERICKSBURG, May 1.—Four hundred and sixty-five miles will be covered in the twenty-day horseback ride of the war college staff brigade which rode from here today on a journey over the devastated battlefields of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania. Thirty-six officers, including two surgeons and the war college instructors and student officers, galloped away over the quiet Virginia roads. The riders will reach Gettysburg on May 17.

President Wilson Off for New Jersey

WASHINGTON, May 1.—President Wilson left here at 3 o'clock today over the Pennsylvania railroad for Newark, N. J., where he is due to arrive at 7:30 p. m. for the first speech of a two-day tour. He was accompanied by Secretary Tamm, Major Rhodes and Dr. Cary Grayson.

Senate Confirms Neill's Nomination

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The senate late today confirmed the nominations of Charles P. Neill as commissioner of labor statistics; J. P. A. Strong of Juneau as governor of Alaska and H. M. Smith as commissioner of fisheries.

FEARS LYNCHING IF TAKEN SOUTH ASKS HABEAS CORPUS

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Fearing that he will be lynched if returned to the south, the Rev. Joseph F. Lang, a negro minister of Marianna, Fla., had a writ of habeas corpus issued today against Chief of Police Copeland of this city to prevent the latter from turning him over to Florida officials.

CALIFORNIANS NOT EXCITED

Wattles Does Not Think General Public Excited Over Land Bill.
ALL SHOULD SHARE DISASTER
Financier Believes that Burden of Such a Calamity as That of Easter Sunday Should Be Borne by Community.

"No, the general public in California is not much excited about the proposed anti-alien land owning bill in the California legislature," said G. W. Wattles, returning from his several months' stay at his winter home at Hollywood, Cal. "There is really nothing so very objectionable in the legislation, as there are Nebraska, but everyone happens to know that this particular bill now is aimed at the Japanese."
"There is a peculiar legislature in California this winter, anyway. It is largely a legislature of the progressive party, and they are enacting all kinds of freak legislation. The Los Angeles Times has called upon the legislators to disperse and go home, using Cromwell's famous invective to the Long Parliament in asking the legislature to 'dissolve.'"

Views Tornado District.
Mr. Wattles returned from California Wednesday. He was in California when the tornado swept over Omaha, and naturally was much interested in the loss when he reached home. He made a drive over the devastated strip immediately to view the wreckage. "I see that wonders have been done in the way of rebuilding and repairing, but I can still see that the destruction was something awful."
(Continued on Page Two.)

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DEMOCRATS GIVEN MORE TIME TO READ ANTI-ALIEN BILL

Minority Members of California Senate Succeed in Delaying Vote Until This Morning.
TELEGRAM FROM PRESIDENT
Attention Called to Wording of the Proposed Bill.
BRYAN SEES JAPANESE FARMS
Secretary Makes Automobile Trip Through Oriental Colony.
TAKES AN OPTIMISTIC VIEW
He Wires President Wilson that Satisfactory Solution of Problem Will Be Found—Starts East Tonight.

SACRAMENTO, May 1.—When the Webb draft of the anti-alien land bill was reached on file in the senate shortly before noon, Senator Curtin introduced a resolution proposing that the legislature defer to the wishes of President Wilson, as expressed by Secretary of State Bryan. The resolution set forth the facts regarding the visit of Mr. Bryan to California and his conferences with the legislators, and promised that the alien land bill would not be passed this session. However, it urged President Wilson to endeavor to secure such treaty agreement as would reach the desired end.

At the earnest plea of the democrats for more time in which to study the Webb draft of the anti-alien land bill, the majority leaders in the senate agreed to a postponement of further consideration of the measure until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.
The agreement was made with the understanding on all sides that the bill should come to a final vote tomorrow and that no motion to reconsider shall be made on behalf of either side after the last roll call.

During the argument of a motion by Senator Curtin to postpone, nearly every member of the democratic minority on the floor declared he had not read the bill thoroughly, if at all.
On this representation Senator Thompson, majority leader, said there was no desire on the part of the proponents of the bill to embarrass any one and unanimous approval was given to Senator Curtin's motion.

Another Protest from Wilson.
The following telegram from President Wilson was received heretoday by Governor Johnson:
I take the liberty of calling your attention to the Webb bill, which would involve an appeal to the courts on question of treaty rights and bring on what might be long and delicate litigation.
Governor Johnson immediately replied: "I thank you very much for your suggestion. The fault may be due to the fact that the bill has not been prepared affirmatively upon the face of our bill the existing treaty. I have referred the matter at once to our attorney general and I would be extremely grateful for any suggestions that would avoid the objection you mention."

Governor Johnson transmitted the correspondence to Senator Thompson, one of the authors of the original bill, with this comment:
"In consultation with Attorney General Webb we are unable to see how any language can be employed which might not be ultimately subject to the same objection that is suggested in the president's telegram. The attorney general in the bill prepared has endeavored affirmatively to preserve all treaty rights, and any bill that might be passed upon the subject of alien land ownership, of course, would, from our standpoint, endeavor to the most emphatic fashion to protect our national good faith in the matter of treaties that have heretofore been executed and none of us would impair no matter what might be the legal question involved—the obligations of any treaty that may have been heretofore made. This being our desire, it seems to me that any bill that might be passed upon the subject of alien land ownership will not be equally open to the objection suggested. In order that the widest publicity may be given to this matter,
(Continued on Page Two.)

Good Advertising Is Like Good Seed Sown in Fertile Ground.

The farmer, the semi-professional agriculturist, and the amateur gardener plant their seeds in the Springtime, seeing to it previously that the soil is suitable.
In due time the crops are raised, harvested and housed, to the profit of all concerned.
Consider advertising along similar lines, for it is seed—the seed of business when planted in good mediums like THE BEE, where it thrives finely, producing excellent harvests of customers.

But as the farmer, the semi-professional agriculturist and the amateur gardener are careful to buy good seed, so must the merchant see to it that his advertising is good.
He must plant the seed of advertising as intelligently as the tiller of the soil plants their seeds; in other words, he must know his business.

The advertising acreage of this land of ours is one of the most productive in the world if properly cultivated.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Rain; colder.
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	54
6 a. m.	54
7 a. m.	54
8 a. m.	55
9 a. m.	55
10 a. m.	55
11 a. m.	55
12 m.	55
1 p. m.	55
2 p. m.	55
3 p. m.	55
4 p. m.	55
5 p. m.	55
6 p. m.	55