

Millinery Color Effects

The daring exhibited in fashion's acceptance of color blends for this season is truly reflected in the entire display of unusual creations of artistic millinery. A gorgeous exhibit of wide range.

Imports. Designs ingeniously combining grace and dignity with chic lines in hats find wide popularity in economically priced millinery. Here we show an illimitable assortment in varied shapes and creations priced at \$8.75, \$10, \$12.50.

Service. Our shop's appointees are proficient milliners, with artistic ability, capable of recognizing and suggesting styles appropriate to individual requirements.



Crepe Weaves are the predominating novelty among new wash goods

And as the season advances, crepe will be very popular, for it is truly the ideal wash fabric.

The colors are dainty, but fast in washing, and the soft, clingy cloth hangs in graceful folds, and best of all does not require ironing after washing.

For serviceable dresses, crepes have no equal. Prices 15c, 19c, 25c, 40c a yard.

Wash Goods Section—Basement

Cedar Bags for Storing and Preserving Your Clothes

Articles of your wardrobe are protected when hung in our airtight Wayne Cedared paper bags.

This is not a common tar bag; garments may be taken out and worn immediately, as the bag is odorless. It keeps insects and moths away, and keeps your clothes shapely. All sizes for furs, and different garments, at 40c to \$1.50.

Sold in Basement

WILSON WILL NOT INTERFERE

President Will Take No Action in California Land Lease.

IS AIMED AT ALL ALIENS

Executive Takes Position that the Japanese Can Test Statute in the Supreme Court if It Is Passed.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—President Wilson let it be known today that the federal government would not interfere with private legislation in California by which aliens who have not declared their intention of becoming naturalized as American citizens are prohibited from owning land or property. He communicated this decision informally to Representative Raker.

Though the measure is aimed primarily at the Japanese, the fact that it makes no discrimination of race in its contents, as well as the desire of the president not to interfere with the sovereignty of the state has precluded any action of the federal government at this time.

The president was told by Mr. Raker that the people of California would enact the law through the initiative and referendum if the legislature refused. He declared the sentiment was five to one in favor of the law.

The president's position had been merely that of an inquirer for information following protests by the Japanese government.

Representative Raker had shown the president a telegram from J. B. Sanford, a leader in the senate of California, requesting the federal government should not interfere with local affairs. The president's decision today, Mr. Raker said, would find approval in California.

The president told Mr. Raker the whole question touched the sovereignty of the state and that he left it to California to make such laws as it deemed advisable for itself, with the hope, however, that no law would be passed which was in conflict with any treaty obligation of the federal government.

It is believed that the protest of the Japanese government will be held in the senate until the legislation is actually passed. Then the constitutionality of the measure may be tested in the United States courts by Japanese residents in California.

FORCING MEMBERS TO FAVOR DISTRICT WATER MEASURE

(Continued from Page One.)

ferred to the bill. One of them probably will provide that any corporation like the stock yards shall be exempt from the provision of the bill.

Senate employees have found it very profitable to work for the Omaha Water board, as clerks in the engraving room were paid \$35 to sidetrack several bills and rush the water bill to completion.

Makes It Personal Matter. Lobbyist Howell, it is said, has prepared a list of arguments that he will have some of his men among the members of the house use tomorrow when the water board bill comes up. He has anticipated a number of amendments that may be offered, for in some way usual to him he has secured a list of the same. It is said that he intends to brush aside as unworthy of consideration all of the arguments as to the merits of the bill and base his fight on the theory that opposition is a personal matter with the editor of The Bee and that everything sought for in the way of amendments has been urged by him with some ulterior motive.

An amendment that the board shall be compelled to advertise for bids for any supplies in amount over \$500, it is the Howell plan to declare on a scheme of a newspaper in search of legal notices. As to an amendment for the recall of members of the board, the response will be that it is splitwork on the part of the editor of The Bee to secure the removal of Howell from his present lucrative position.

DEADLOCK OVER REMOVAL

House Will Not Budge Over Proposition for Agreement.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 9.—The standstill house committee on university extension continues to keep up its record of doing nothing. Three times has the joint committee called a meeting and each time the house committee has either failed to come across with any proposition or failed to come across themselves.

When the house selected that committee as a compromise committee and then instructed them not to compromise unless it was all their way they gave them such an understanding of their own importance that it looks as if the university would be crippled for years to come because of the refusal of this committee to agree to any proposition of the senate end of the committee or even put up anything themselves.

The nearest that the joint committee has come to a solution of the matter was the proposition of the senate committee to limit saloons to three blocks of the university. This proposition met the approval of three of the five members of the committee from the house. It also threw an explosion into the camp of the saloon-boarding house-get-the-dinner crowd that they have refused to hold any meeting since when they did get together, refused to make any offer in the way of a compromise or solution of the matter.

Today the house members finally managed to get a meeting, but sat around like a delegation from a dead and dumb institution and would neither give or take. Finally one of them woke up sufficiently to offer a proposition that no saloons should be allowed within five miles of the university. This indicates that while the proposition of the senate end of the committee to make the limit for saloons at three blocks from the university met the approval of a majority of the house end of the committee when made the other day, that they have been talked with and now offer the five-mile proposition as a bluff.

It is not beyond the possibilities that if the five-mile limit proposition should ever be made in good faith that the senate end of the committee may call the bluff, and the result will be that the legislature will see the game that the compromise-anti-compromise house committee is making, with the result that the university will be moved to the state

Advertisement for Julius Orkin, 1510 Douglas Street, The Store for Women. Features 'Attractive Dress Values'.

Advertisement for 'Attractive Dress Values' with prices for new dresses at \$10 and \$6.75.

Advertisement for 'Important Announcement! OUR GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL \$15.00 SUIT SALE'.

Advertisement for 'HOUSE MEASURE KILLED' regarding a bill to force phone stub lines.

Advertisement for 'SENATE REFUSES TO SCALE DOWN BILL FOR GUARD'.

Advertisement for 'FOR ANTI-FEE SPLITTING BILL'.

Advertisement for 'SECOND TRIP TO CAPITOL'.

Advertisement for 'RAP FOR THE WELFARE BILL'.

Advertisement for 'All Brooms Sweep better with the least effort'.

Advertisement for 'THE PURPOSE' by Henry van Dyke.

PONTIFF IS REPORTED BETTER

Physician Says All His Holiness Needs is Rest.

SLEEPS PART OF THE MORNING

When He Awakes He Appears Too Weak to Notice Those Around Him—Slaves Call to See Him.

(Continued from Page One.)

This however did not prevent the patient from getting a fair amount of sleep.

The official statement given out at the Vatican simply says: "The pope is suffering from a relapse of the influenza."

The Observer Romano, the Vatican organ, published the following statement this morning:

"Since last evening the holy father has been indisposed with a relapse of influenza. His condition is causing no anxiety, but he requires much rest."

Pope Denies Newspaper Stories. On Monday the pope, who had resumed his ordinary routine of life, received, among others, Cardinal Katschthaler, archbishop of Salzburg, with whom he joked, remarking that the newspapers had attributed to him all kinds of illnesses and disabilities. He said:

"They have written that my legs are so affected that I cannot walk. Why, look at me." So saying he walked about the room.

They have printed that my throat, bronchial tubes and lungs are so bad that I cannot speak, while now you hear. Besides, my whole trouble could hardly be called illness, as my temperature never rose above 36. The fact is, my real disease is old age."

To this Cardinal Katschthaler replied that he himself was suffering from the same disease in an aggravated form, as he was two years older than the pope.

When they parted the pope again referred to his temperature as not having gone above 99 degrees. Cardinal Katschthaler later called on Monsignor Bressan, private secretary to the pope, and learned that his fever had gone above 100, thus drawing the conclusion that the truth had been concealed from the pope in order not to alarm him.

The pontiff's present illness really dates from early in March, when he suffered from an attack of influenza of the catarrhal type, with bronchial congestion. From this he had practically recovered a week ago and had resumed his audiences.

Great Anxiety Is Felt.

The truth is that the pope's relapse is causing great anxiety because it was not expected, and for the further reason that at his advanced age there is the ever-present danger of his being unable to withstand the drain on his strength.

Today his temperature reached a little over 100 Fahrenheit, which in itself is not at all alarming, but the heart showed weakness and there were evidences of kidney trouble. The condition known as albuminuria, which frequently accompanies influenza, is present, indicating nephritis, or inflammation of the kidney.

At a late hour tonight the pope's condition was said to have materially improved, partly owing to the fact that he had remained in bed all day and with the exception of Cardinal Merry De Val, the papal secretary of state, his sisters and a niece, had received no visitors.

Fell in Faint.

At 7 o'clock Monday evening the pope retired to his study. He had complained of feeling over-tired. At just what hour he was overcome by a fainting spell had not been learned, but members of the household rushing to his assistance, realized that his condition was serious and became greatly alarmed, as no physician was present. Father Prandolino, the Italian chemist, was called and administered stimulants which revived the pontiff.

Dr. Andrea Amici was hastily summoned, and was followed by Prof. Marchisava. They found that the pope

had already been put to bed, but was still suffering from a recurrence of faintness. Finding that the action of the heart was weak, they injected straphanthus, which restored him.

All Audiences Suspended.

By order of the physicians all audiences were suspended and the pope remained in bed throughout the day. On his last visit, Dr. Marchisava found conditions satisfactory, although the pontiff was extremely weak.

Cardinal Merry De Val, in reply to a question concerning the exact condition of the pope, said:

"I feel sure that with extreme care, helped by the prayers of the faithful, the holy father will be spared long for the glory of the church."

Prof. Marchisava, in an interview tonight, said that the alarm was not justified. He expressed the hope that the attending physicians would be able to overcome the disease quickly if the pontiff were allowed complete rest.

Long Suffered with Gout.

For years the pope has suffered from gout, with uratic symptoms and fainting spells, the latter gradually increasing in intensity and frequency. It must be remembered, however, that only a few years after his election to the pontificate, Pope Pius XI died in the Pauline chapel while fainting. If the pope succeeds in recovering from the present attack, it is announced, he must definitely abandon all fatiguing ceremonies, even audiences, which, the doctors declare, in his condition would result in grave consequences.

The pope manifested deep grief when informed that he must suspend all audiences, as he was to have received today 1,000 pilgrims.

Frequently he repeated today how sorry he was not to see so many old friends, adding with a melancholy touch, in the Venetian dialect: "I am no more use, either to myself or others."

Prices for Farm Crops Are Lower

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Farmers are getting less for their crops on April 1 last than on that date any time in the last twelve years, as figured out by the bureau of statistics of the Agricultural department. On April 1 of this year prices of staple crops averaged 23.9 per cent lower than on like date of 1912, 2.7 per cent lower than in 1911, 18.1 per cent lower than in 1910 and 11 per cent lower than in 1909. This year the average of prices increased three-tenths of 1 per cent during March against an average increase of 1.1 per cent during March of the last five years.

Corn, on April 1, averaged 53.7 cents a bushel, against 71.1 cents last year, 49.7 cents the year before and 65.5 cents in 1910.

Wheat averaged 79.1 cents, against 92.5, 83.9 cents and 104.5 cents the three preceding years. Oats averaged 45.5 cents, against 51.1, 61.1 and 87 cents; rye, 52.9 cents, against 51.1, 75.4 and 76.6 cents; potatoes averaged 52.2 cents, against 17.1 cents, 55.4 and 67.4 cents; cotton averaged 11.3 cents, against 18.1, 13.9 and 14.1 cents per pound, and butted averaged 27.6 cents, against 25.1, 22.4 and 25.8 cents in the three preceding years.

On hogs, beef, veal, sheep and lambs, prices were better than on April 1 in 1912 and 1911, but in the cases of hogs, sheep and lambs, they were not up to the average for 1910. Hogs on April 1 averaged 11.42 per 100 pounds, beef cattle, 55.8, veal calves, 61.6, sheep, 14.7 and lambs, 25.36 per 100 pounds.

Meetings Prohibited in St. Petersburg

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The prefect declares that this resolution is binding on the whole of the population of the capital. Unless the order is rigidly obeyed, he says, the most stringent measures will be taken. He is determined to suppress any more of the pan-Slavic and anti-Austrian demonstrations of the last few days.

The Novoe Vremya, commenting on the action of the police, says: "After the events of the last few days it would be hopeless to attempt a logical explanation of the prefect's order, which shows a complete absence of sequence and stability in the policy of the government."

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