

SENATE POSTPONES MEASURE TO ABOLISH THE DEATH PENALTY

By Vote of Twenty-One to Ten House Bill is Thrown Over by Upper Chamber.

MEMBERS DISCUSS ISSUE Senators Hold that They Must Prevent Lynch Law.

OMAHA DELEGATION LOSES Host of Their Bills Postponed by Standing Committees.

PHONE PHYSICAL CONNECTION Senate Orders Engraged for Third Reading Measure that Compels This Change Without Discussion of Merits.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, April 1.—(Special.)—The Senate this morning killed House bill No. 190, which provides for the abolition of capital punishment. After Hoagland of Lincoln had sent up an amendment that the abolition would not apply to cases where convicted had killed officials or guards at the penitentiary, Placock moved the indefinite postponement of the bill which carried.

The discussion waxed warm at times. Macfarland of Douglas says that no senator could voice the sentiments of his constituency and vote against abolition of the death penalty. This brought Grossman of Douglas to his feet and he demanded to know who made the senator from Douglas the censor over the members of the senate. Placock of Saunders brought out the first applause of the session in the upper body by his address and allusion to the death of a little girl in Grand Island at the hands of an assassin.

Hoagland of Lancaster spoke of his work as an officer of the law for many years. He said that as a general thing the public seemed to be more on the side of the criminal than on the side of the officer who was trying to do his duty, and he said at times he had been badly hurt because he was unable to "take" a man because of the sentiment of the crowd against him and in attempting force the crowd had taken up the cause of the criminal.

Macfarland asked him if he represented his constituents in Lancaster county in taking the stand he did against abolition of capital punishment. Hoagland replied that he believed he represented the better thinking class, but he knew he did not represent those sentimentalists in Lancaster county who believed in showing the murderer with flowers.

Grossman said that he was here representing the homes of Douglas county and the victims of the murderer. "I stand here for the victims who have been lashed by the dagger or the assassin's bullet. I stand here for the poor girls who have been assaulted by the disreputable criminal and I stand here pleading for the homes where the bright flower has been taken by reason of deeds unmentionable," said he.

"If we abolish capital punishment in Nebraska," said Placock of Saunders, "it will bring back to state state-lynch law and disgrace. I would like for any one of you three senators (Dodge, Macfarland and Hoagland) who are standing on this floor pleading for the abolition of capital punishment to stand in the place of the parents of that little girl in Grand Island who was ravished and murdered by a human brute and then stand up here and take the stand you are taking in this matter. Could you

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Money in Treasury is Being Counted

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The money in the treasury is again being counted, but this time with the exception of the cash in the teller's room, it is being counted by bundles.

With the induction into the office of a new treasurer of the United States, the money in the treasury has to be checked up, and the induction of ex-Governor Burke of North Dakota, as treasurer under President Wilson, has proven no exception to the rule.

The work is going forward in the teller's room. With that finished the money in the vaults will be hauled out and counted, but instead of counting it piece by piece, as has been done in former instances, the amount this time will be checked by the package. This course has been taken in order to save time, as it has been only about three months since the money was counted last. Should the piece by piece count be adopted, it is estimated it would take six months to finish the job.

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Unsettled; not much change in temperature.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:	
8 a. m.	66
9 a. m.	66
10 a. m.	67
11 a. m.	68
12 m.	69
1 p. m.	69
2 p. m.	69
3 p. m.	69
4 p. m.	70
5 p. m.	70
6 p. m.	70
7 p. m.	70
8 p. m.	70
9 p. m.	71

Silk Strikers Demand Release of Haywood; Lawyers Get Writ

FATERNON, N. J., April 1.—To the triple demands of the silk mill workers for strike—more money, shorter hours and less labor—there was added today a fourth, the release from jail of W. D. Haywood, the industrial workers of the world leader, sentenced yesterday to serve six months for disorderly conduct.

There will be no resumption of work, the leaders declare, until Haywood is freed. A second charge against Haywood, that of causing unlawful assemblages, accuses him of a felony, punishable by seven years' imprisonment and fine. This charge probably will be placed before the grand jury within a few days. In the meantime Haywood's attorneys are preparing an application for a writ of habeas corpus, under which, if it is granted, Haywood would be released from jail while the court reviews the evidence which resulted in his conviction of disorderly conduct.

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn and Swaid Koettingen have taken over the leadership of the 15,000 strikers since Haywood's conviction.

Supreme Court Justice Minton granted two writs to Haywood's counsel this afternoon. One, a writ of habeas corpus, called for the production of Haywood before him Saturday morning; the other, a writ of certiorari, is returnable next Tuesday and calls on the city authorities to show why Haywood's conviction should not be set aside.

On the habeas corpus writ Justice Minton fixed Haywood's bail at \$500. A bond of \$500 in addition is demanded in the charge of causing unlawful assemblage. Haywood remained in jail while his lawyers set out to seek a bondsman.

Express Companies Suffer from the Parcel Post Rates

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Express companies of the country have been hit hard by the operation of the new parcel post system, according to statements submitted today to the Interstate Commerce commission by counsel for the companies in their final arguments against the reduction on express rates proposed by the commission. It was declared that the companies have suffered a loss approximately 25 per cent on small packages, a loss of about 5 per cent of the gross revenues of the company.

Walker D. Hines asserted that for the five companies he represented—the Adams, American, United States, Southern and Wells Fargo—application of the proposed rates to present business would reduce revenues about \$25,000,000 a year, or 1.5 cents on every dollar's worth of business done. Such a reduction, he believes, he said, would be absolutely destructive.

He maintained also that the formula-made rates would disturb seriously business conditions in large centers, such as New York and Chicago, by forcing a readjustment of competitive business conditions.

B. F. Fairchild of the New York Chamber of Commerce, for the express companies, attacked Mr. Hines' argument as "purely theoretical and hypothetical" and insisted that the proposed rates would yield an ample revenue to the express companies.

He maintained also that the present allowances made by the express companies to the railroads for transportation service were excessive.

Bryan Abolishes Overtime Work for His Elevator Men

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Elevator operators in the State department no longer will be compelled to remain on duty overtime while the secretary of state is in the building. Secretary Bryan believes that when an elevator conductor has worked eight hours it is about time for him to quit for the day. Incidentally he is of the opinion that walking down a double flight of stairs will work no great hardship on any governmental official.

Recently Mr. Bryan was detained in his office until 4:30 in the evening, two hours after the clock had left the building. When the secretary came out of his office he started for the stairs. But the elevator man who runs the lift nearest Mr. Bryan's office was still on the job.

"What hours do you work?" asked the secretary.

"From 8:45 a. m. until 4:45 p. m.," said the man.

"Well, it's now after 4:30. You ought to have been home long ago."

"But it's against the rule to leave when the secretary is in the building," explained the operator.

"Well, it's not necessary for you to remain while this secretary is detained after hours," said Mr. Bryan, with emphasis. "Besides it won't hurt any government official to walk down two flights of stairs."

Russian Aviator Commits Suicide by Wrecking Car

LONDON, April 1.—Lieutenant Perlekoid of the Russian army committed suicide at Warsaw on Sunday by deliberately shutting off the motor of an aeroplane in which he was flying and dropped from a height of 80 feet to the ground, according to a dispatch today.

The tragedy was believed to have been an accident until today when a letter was written just before the fatal flight was opened.

In it the lieutenant expressed his intention of committing suicide in mid-air and gave as a reason that he had been a victim on many intrigues.

MORGAN'S BODY IS EMBALMED

First Services Probably Will Be Held in Embassy, Says Ambassador.

ARRANGEMENTS NOT COMPLETE Secretary Instructs Rome Representative to Hold Service.

TO BE SHIPPED TO AMERICA Burial Will Be in Mausoleum at Hartford, Conn.

WAS WORTH MANY MILLIONS Will of Dead King of Wall Street is Understood to Be of Recent Date.

ROME, April 1.—The body of the late J. P. Morgan, after it had been embalmed and dressed, was today enclosed in a walnut coffin lined with white sarcophagus. This was placed in a leaden casket and finally in a third case of heavy walnut with gold and silver fittings.

The United States ambassador has offered to hold a funeral service at the embassy in pursuance of instructions received from Secretary of State Bryan.

No definite arrangements have yet been made for the transportation of the body to America, but it is understood that a cabin has been offered on the Kosuig, leaving Naples April 4.

Interment at Hartford. NEW YORK, April 1.—The last resting place of John Pierpont Morgan, who died in Rome yesterday, probably will be a mausoleum in Cedar Hill cemetery, Hartford, Conn., which he had erected some years ago in memory of his father and mother. When the body of Mr. Morgan reaches here from Rome it is expected the funeral services will be held in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, toward the construction of which Mr. Morgan was a large contributor.

Estimates of Wealth. Estimates of the fortune left by J. Pierpont Morgan, as made in the financial district, range from \$25,000,000 to \$300,000,000, this sum including his art collections. It is understood that the financier's will is of comparatively recent date, but no intimation has been made as to when it would be given to the public. Mr. Morgan's personal counsel declines to discuss the matter.

Those who shared Mr. Morgan's close friendship predict that there will be large charitable and public bequests, although it is conceded that the son, J. P. Morgan, Jr., will doubtless receive the bulk of the fortune.

Mr. Morgan's realty holdings were comparatively small, and by far the greater part of the estate, it is understood, will be found to be made up of ill-fated securities. Judging by his former quiet philanthropy, these would be liquidated today in some secondary market.

That the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Episcopal church and perhaps Yale and Harvard universities would come in for handsome benefactions.

The funeral plans, it was thought, will be announced some time today, either in New York or in Rome.

Prominent Woman Wife of Negro Is a Suicide

ST. LOUIS, April 1.—Mrs. Julia McGarland Gerhart, divorced wife of Charles B. Gerhart, brother of Frank H. Gerhart, progressive candidate for mayor of St. Louis, committed suicide this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Adeline Cox.

Mrs. Cox announced that after her divorce Mrs. Gerhart married a negro. Mrs. Cox said that soon after Mrs. Gerhart came to her boarding house to live, she, Mrs. Cox, began to call on her. Mrs. Cox objected to these visits, but Mrs. Gerhart, answered that the negro was her butler, and came to see her on business.

About a month ago when the negro called at the house Mrs. Cox refused to admit him. Thereupon she showed a marriage certificate, said Mrs. Cox, and said:

"That woman is my wife. I have a right to see her."

Mrs. Cox took the negro to Mrs. Gerhart and asked if she were his wife. Mrs. Gerhart, according to Mrs. Cox, did not answer.

Thereafter Mrs. Cox did not allow the negro in the house.

Mrs. Gerhart was a niece of the late Chief Justice Mac Farlane of the Missouri supreme court.

Now For a Clean-Up Campaign



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

LICENSE ISSUE IN CITIES Wet and Dry Forces Contend in Many Municipalities.

Number of Sharp Contests Are Pelled Off and Results Indicate Sharp Alignment in the Various Places.

GREENWOOD.—The wet won by five plurality. Councilmen elected: C. D. Fulmer, L. H. Gaines and I. C. Lyle. One hundred and one votes were cast. No change from last year.

HARTINGTON.—One ticket in the field. License was not an issue and Hartington will have four saloons as usual during the coming year. At present there are three republicans and two democrats in the council. These city officials were re-elected: Anton Wais, mayor; B. Ready, city clerk; J. D. C. Smith, city engineer; S. H. Morton and J. A. Oben councilmen. A small vote was cast.

WILBER.—Corry, Bohacek and Houser, old members of the town board, were re-elected without any opposition. No issue (Continued on Page Two.)

Three More Bodies Found at Columbus

COLUMBUS, O., April 1.—With the recovery of three more bodies from wreckage in the west side of this city the toll of the flood disaster on that side stood at seventy. The number of missing remains large and three flood victims have died within the last twenty-four hours as a direct result of the ordeal through which they passed before being rescued.

Hundreds of men were at work today attempting to recover bodies that are supposed to be buried under the huge hills of wreckage in the vicinity of Greenlawn cemetery. Martial law has been withdrawn from a considerable part of the flood-swept area and means of communication with that section became nearer normal today than at any time since the great rush of water from the Detroit and Ontonagon rivers overwhelmed it.

Constructive relief work in Ohio will be the object toward which the efforts of relief organizations will now be bent. Governor Cox announced today. A definite plan will be formulated tomorrow when the state relief commission will confer with Governor Cox, Miss Isabel Boardman, national secretary of the Red Cross, and Ernest P. Bicknell, national director of the Red Cross.

The members of the commission have been summoned to be in Columbus tomorrow at 10 o'clock. They are John H. Patterson of Dayton, E. O. Richardson of Toledo, George W. Latier and Colonel James Kilbourne of Columbus, Jacob Schmiddelp of Cincinnati and Homer H. Johnson of Cleveland. Colonel M. W. Wilson of the Ohio National guard is treasurer of the fund.

Secretary Bryan Is Awaiting Report on Case of Miss Emerson

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Secretary Bryan is waiting for an official report from the embassy in London on the case of Miss Zelle Emerson, the American suffragist jailed on a charge of window smashing and now on a "hunger strike," before taking any action on the appeal to the State department to demand her release.

LONDON, April 1.—Following a suggestion made by Baron Horst of San Francisco and a number of American English suffragists are collecting various instruments used in the forcible feeding of women prisoners. These include saws and plyers used to force the jaws apart, feeding tubes and other utensils.

The collection has been lent by doctors friendly to the suffragists. It will be exhibited in American cities and will afterward be offered as a gift to the Smithsonian Institute.

A true bill against Mrs. Emeline Fankhurst was returned today by the grand jury at Le Old Bailey sessions in the charge of incitement to commit damage. Mrs. Fankhurst was arrested on February 24 in connection with the destruction of the country residence of Chancellor Lloyd-George. She stated at a public meeting that she had conspired with and incited her followers to commit the outrage. The offense is punishable with penal servitude for a maximum term of fourteen years.

Montana and North Dakota Railroads Tied Up by Floods

BISMARCK, N. D., April 1.—Great damage is being done by floods along the Cannon Ball river in southwestern North Dakota. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway bridges at Regent and New England have been washed away and dynamite is being used to break up the ice in the hope that it will not dam the water there. Trains of the Milwaukee's coast line are being detained over the Northern Pacific's tracks via Bismarck. Telephone and telegraph wires are down and communication is practically cut off.

BILLINGS, Mont., April 1.—A freight train of fifty cars, it is reported, was wrecked today by a washout on the Milwaukee road between Lombard and Judith Gap. Four Burlington trains are still tied up here as a result of the high water and ice from the Little Big horn river washing out 2,000 feet of track in the Crow agency.

The trains from the west have been detained over the Great Northern from Helena to Jamestown and from the east over the Milwaukee to Judith Gap, thence over the Great Northern.

Joliet Fears Break in Drainage Canal

JOLIET, Ill., April 1.—Fearing that the sanitary canal walls may break and silt Joliet from the map a committee of ten was appointed by the city council to go to Springfield today for aid. The canal, level two miles from this city is forty feet above the city streets and twenty feet above surrounding territory. If the embankment breaks water could reach the third floor of the court house.

ORDER GIVEN TO CUT OHIO RIVER LEVEL AT SHAWNEE TOWN

This Step is Taken to Protect Life and Property in Southern Illinois.

CAIRO IS DANGER POINT Situation is Most Desperate in History of District.

WATER RISES FOOT A DAY Now Near Top of Stone Wall Protecting the City.

BIG FOUR LEVEL ABANDONED This District Was Devastated Last Year and Many Houses Have Since Remained Uninhabited.

CAIRO, Ill., April 1.—The levee has been ordered out at Shawneetown to save life and property.

CINCINNATI, O., April 1.—The Ohio river here rose two-tenths of a foot during the night and early today the stage was 93 feet. Weather Forecaster Deveraux said he expected the river to rise another tenth after which it probably would recede. The fall he said would be slow at first because of the large amount of water above. Upriver points report the river above stationary or falling slowly.

All Records Broken at Cairo. CAIRO, Ill., April 1.—Flood conditions today along the Ohio river levee appeared incredible to the oldest citizens. They have battled with flood waters for years, but the present situation they assert looks the most desperate. The water is rising at the rate of about one foot a day and now stands two feet and eight inches from the top of the concrete wall built at the levee.

While this situation is not encouraging the reports to the weather bureau here of up-river and tributary conditions were enough to cause alarm. It is generally believed that the big stage will not be reached today and probably not before Wednesday night or Thursday.

Women and children are leaving on every train. The weather continued beautiful today, a condition counted on as a blessing by the hundreds working to save the town.

The water rose in places to a depth of six inches and threatened to spread over the railroad tracks on the levee.

At a meeting between officials of Alexander county, the city of Cairo and Colonel Daniel J. Moriarty of the Seventh regiment, Illinois National Guard, it was agreed to place the entire situation in charge of Colonel Moriarty and all negroes and others who refuse to work will be arrested.

Big Four Levee Abandoned. While the Big Four levee was still holding intact this afternoon the water had climbed up over the railroad tracks, and it was believed it was only a question of a few hours until it would flood this section. The gauge was 63.4.

The executive committee at Cairo considers further preventive measures at the Big Four well near useless and have abandoned that district to its fate. It was well wrecked last year so far as dwellings were concerned and dozens of those since have remained uninhabited.

Several big commercial houses will unquestionably suffer great losses. The Greenfield levee on the Missouri side, a small affair, was reported here to have gone out. The Cairo situation will not be relieved in any way by this break.

The levee in front of Reelfoot lake slough below Hickman, Ky., is being reinforced with rock. It was flooded last year and the levee is reported now to be weakening. A break there it is said, would mean the flooding of about fourteen counties. It would give great impetus to the already swift current of the Ohio river and probably would mean great destruction along the lower Mississippi levees.

Work Continues All Night. Water seeped through under the concrete wall, and stood in the main street of Cairo today, but the levee has shown

Mr. Frost Protests Against Methods of Prosecution

CHICAGO, April 1.—Protest against the government's method of prosecuting him was made today by Albert C. Frost, who with four others is on trial before Federal Judge Landis charged with defrauding the government out of valuable Alaska coal lands.

Special Assistant Attorney General B. D. Townsend was pursuing a line of questions relative to letters which had been brought into court yesterday.

"Were you, Mr. Frost, or were you not willing that these new letters should have been brought in?" asked Attorney Townsend.

"Frankly, I was not willing," answered the witness. "There is nothing in them that I wanted to conceal, but I don't think the government is going about this case fairly. It has gone through my correspondence of upward of 100,000 letters. Here and there they have chosen one whose meaning is more or less ambiguous. If any letters were brought into the case the whole 100,000 ought to have been."

All the letters brought up for consideration and cross-examination of the witness today were those which Mr. Frost under orders from Judge Landis brought into court from his office yesterday. The government attempted to impress upon the jury that O. G. Labaree, one of the promoters of the Alaskan Central railroad, had played fair with Mr. Frost.

Is your want ad attending to the matter for you?

While you're busy about your affairs—those affairs which you can't leave to others—do you have a want ad attending to your most urgent want ad task?

For, if there's something which a want ad can do for you, there's no need to wait—the want ad SHOULD BE AT WORK NOW!

The Bee will take your wants over the phone. Call

Tyler 1000

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