

Words Backed By Deeds  
That's why The Bee has friends  
and enemies, and why it wields an  
influence for public good.

# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
Generally Fair

VOL. XLII—NO. 203.

OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1913.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

## TROOPS REVOLT IN MEXICAN CAPITAL; REYES MURDERED

### Army Takes Possession of National Palace and Principal Buildings.

### MADERO OPPOSES FELIX DIAZ

President Leads Loyal Troops in Part of Fighting.

### DIAZ AND REYES ARE RELEASED

Insurgents Let Two Noted Prisoners Out of Jail.

### MUTINY PARTLY SUPPRESSED

About One Hundred and Fifty Persons Killed During Street Fighting—General Villarraga, Revolutionary, Is Killed.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 9.—The army revolted today. The troops took possession of the national palace and nearly all the principal public buildings. Gustav Madero is a prisoner.

After some street fighting, in which about 150 persons were killed, the government succeeded in regaining partial control. President Madero led the loyal troops for a part of the time. The insurgents released Felix Diaz and Bernardo Reyes. General Villarraga, a loyalist, was killed in one of the conflicts.

Felix Diaz and his followers gained control of the city early in the afternoon. He took possession of the palace and captured the arsenal by assault. Only a few scattered companies of the city garrison maintained an appearance of loyalty to the administration.

General Bernardo Reyes, ex-secretary of war, was shot through the head and killed in front of the national palace. The revolt of the troops took place early in the morning. Disturbances continued at frequent intervals throughout the day.

Madero Wires to El Paso.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 9.—General Reyes was killed and General Villarraga wounded in the attack on the national palace in Mexico City today, according to a telegram received from President Madero by the commander of the federal forces at Juarez tonight. The telegram states that the mutineers were repulsed with heavy loss. Telegrams signed by President Madero giving the federal and official version of the revolt of the army are being received by federal commanders along the northern border of Mexico to night.

President Madero declares the government has the situation well in hand and urges that order be kept at all posts.

All is quiet at Juarez and Chihuahua City.

## Naval Caucus Fails Among Democrats

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—No caucus pledge will bind the house democrats this year when they vote on appropriations for battleship construction.

"An economy caucus," called for last night by members opposed to the authorization of any battleships in the naval appropriation bill at this session, failed to materialize, as a result of the absence of practically all democratic members who favor an increased navy.

Only seventy-three members appeared and as 112 were needed for a quorum, the meeting adjourned after listening to a pension speech by Representative Sherwood of Ohio.

Speaker Clarke and Democratic Leader Underwood were present, although it is an open secret that both opposed the calling of the caucus. Only three members of the naval committee attended.

## York Stores Burn in Early Morning Fire

YORK, Neb., Feb. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—This morning about 4 o'clock fire was discovered in a stor occupied by Charles Shreck with a general stock of electric supplies. This building together with a cigar store and the Singer Sewing Machine company's store was a total loss. Damage was estimated at \$30,000. On the south a two-story brick structure occupied by the Baer Furniture company was almost completely destroyed. Its loss on stock is estimated at \$15,000 and damage to the building \$10,000. The buildings and stocks were only partially insured.

## The Weather

Forecast for Monday:  
For Nebraska and South Dakota—Generally fair.  
For Iowa—Fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	22	
6 a. m.	22	
7 a. m.	23	
8 a. m.	24	
9 a. m.	25	
10 a. m.	25	
11 a. m.	26	
12 m.	27	
1 p. m.	28	
2 p. m.	28	
3 p. m.	28	
4 p. m.	28	
5 p. m.	28	
6 p. m.	28	
7 p. m.	28	

Comparative Local Record.

Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding period of the last three years.

1912	1911	1910		
Highest yesterday	42	18	31	24
Lowest yesterday	22	12	18	14
Mean temperature	32	22	24	25
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the mean:

Normal temperature	21
Excess for the day	11
Total excess since March 1	256
Normal precipitation	.04 inch
Deficiency for the day	.04 inch
Total deficiency since March 1	4.52 inches
Deficiency for year period, 1911-1912	11.77 inches
Deficiency for year period, 1910-1912	13.48 inches

L. A. WELLS, Local Forecaster.

## Nolen Must Come to Omaha to Stand Trial for Deed

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Ernest Nolen, formerly city detective, must be tried at Omaha on charge of having attempted to delude that city United States Commissioner Matthews, as a result of the hearing which has continued since Thursday, ruled yesterday that Nolen must be tried in Nebraska. He fixes Nolen's bond at \$7,000.

It is understood that Nolen's friends are attempting to make up the bond. Should this be done in the next few days, Nolen will be allowed to go at liberty on the understanding that he appear in Omaha for trial.

J. M. Jones, held as an accessory with Nolen, was released on his own recognizance with the understanding that he report to the United States district attorney at Omaha every week until the trial of the case is taken up there.

Low Ethel Nolen's love for "Diggs" Nolen forced her to attempt to slip away from Omaha jail was told by the attorney of both sides in their arguments. Playing her life in climbing a ladder to slip her part in the proposed jail delivery, it was said, the woman lost her eye, slipped and fell to a deep pit at the rear of the jail.

Her injuries were severe, and according to evidence in the trial, she went to Ernest Nolen's house here in November, where she remained until she went to Omaha.

It is said that Ethel Nolen since has divorced "Diggs" Nolen. Not a witness was put on the stand for Nolen's defense.

## Latin Legations in Flutter Over Order to U. S. Warships

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Movements of United States warships to Central America, which became fully known today, put the Central American legations here in a flutter and sent the Latin-American ministers hurrying to assure Secretary Knox that all was tranquil in their countries.

To all queries the same answer was returned—that the naval movements were merely precautionary and in large part inspired by information of activity of revolutionary juntas in this country. In addition to the four warships either under way or about to be ordered to Central America, the gunboat Tacoma at Boston, was also added to the list and its commander was instructed to hold his ship in readiness to relieve the vessels on the Atlantic coast of Central America.

It was intimated in official quarters that the purpose of the naval movement was to maintain the status quo in Central America until the incoming administration had an opportunity to decide upon its attitude toward the Pan-American republics.

## Nurses Testify in Hyde's Third Trial

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 9.—Attempts by the defense's attorneys to prove inaccurate the memory of the nurse, Mrs. Pearl Keller Roy, state's witness in the third trial of Dr. E. Clark Hyde for the murder of Colonel Thomas H. Swope were made today.

"Why did you destroy all the medicines and records of medicines after Colonel Swope's death?" Attorney Walsh for the defense asked.

"Because they were of no further use. That was the customary procedure," answered the witness.

Mrs. Anna Baumann, who at the time of the first trial of Dr. Hyde was Miss Houlihan, then took the stand. She testified that she went to the Swope household as a nurse December 4, 1909, about two months after the death of Colonel Swope, and found Christian and Margaret Swope and Miss Nora Dixon ill with typhoid.

Over repeated objections by the defense, Mrs. Baumann was allowed to tell her story of the events leading up to and including the death of Christian. It was this testimony in the first trial that the supreme court ruled out in remanding the case for new trial.

Mrs. Baumann testified today that Dr. Hyde instructed the nurses to take sixteen-hour shifts alternately with the patients. By doing this, she said, no one would have complete knowledge of any one case.

## Wilson Not Pleased With Own Address

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 9.—President-elect Wilson today completed the first draft of his inaugural address. He acted as his own stenographer in producing the document. He began sketching it in shorthand on Thursday and resumed the task today, copying the notes himself on a little typewriter in his studio. It is about 2,000 words long he said, but he may add to or abbreviate it.

"I haven't looked up any of the other inaugural addresses," he said. "So I don't know whether this one is longer or shorter."

He indicated he was not satisfied with the address and might change it somewhat before giving it to the newspapers for advance distribution.

## Gibbons Rejoicing at New Divorce Act

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 9.—Cardinal Gibbons today expressed gratification over the passage of an amendment to the Nevada divorce law.

"The legislation which affects Reno is a step in the right direction, but only a step," the cardinal said. "I am a believer in a law making the obtaining of a divorce impossible. Although it is better to have certain limiting statutes in the various states than none at all, the Christian people of the nation should not be satisfied to allow matters to rest where they are now."

## SOLICITORS WANTED BY "DOCTOR" HORNBY

Man Has Good Prop-  
erty for Men Who Are  
Real Hustlers.

### PAYS WELL FOR SERVICES

Twenty-Five Per Cent of Fees in "Good Cases."

### MORE LIGHT ON THE GAME

Personal Interview with the Great Chief Operator.

### HORNBY EXPLAINS HIS WAYS

Any Sort of Growth Is Good Enough  
Cancer to Get a Good  
Fee for Treat-  
ment.

"Easy money" may be "earned" by persons willing to solicit "business" for "Doctor" William Hornby, 59 North Twentieth street, who pretends to cure cancer without surgery or cauterization. So thoroughly profitable is the "doctor's" little game that he is willing to pay good prices to solicitors and divide rich pecuniary rewards that are brought to him by what he describes as his "world-famed remedy."

Recently a young man called upon the "doctor" at his home and office on North Twentieth street. He didn't look a bit sick, but the doctor had no way of knowing that the young man did not have a cancer, wart, wen or other growth concealed somewhere about his person and the "doctor" was affably greeted the "doctor" is a clever operator. It must be admitted, and doubtless could achieve no inconsiderable success if he should devote his talents to some legitimate business, though he might have to perform more actual work than painting suspicious looking growths with mysterious looking black fluid.

What the "Doctor" Does.

The young man explained that he was not at death's door and had not been "given up" by any reputable physicians or surgeons. According to the "doctor's" literature, he had performed many cures "after the patients had been treated unsuccessfully by eminent physicians and have been operated upon by them with the knife, often the second time." The doctor offers no proof of this, but then, people, who have been driven to desperation by disease are not inclined to be insistent for proofs when hope of any kind is held out to them.

At any rate, the visitor did not propose to be added to the list of victims of mythical sufferings which he had before the keen sickle of the grim reaper. He confessed to the "doctor" that he had seen the "doctor's" advertisements in newspapers, and thought that perhaps he and the "doctor" might "do business together" to mutual financial advantage.

Solicitors Are Handy.

He informed the "doctor" that he had been employed as an agent for the exploiters of a fake "cure-all" in the form of an electric vibrator until those fakirs had been exposed by The Omaha Bee and driven out of business in Omaha. He told the "doctor" he knew the vibrator was a fake and lacked all the curative virtues claimed for it.

This seemed to impress the "doctor," who made evident his appreciation of the value of services, such a young man might be able to render him.

"Doctor" Hornby said he never before had employed solicitors regularly to get business for him, but it would be a good scheme. Before the interview was terminated the "doctor" urged the young man to go out and "get business" and handed him several pamphlets to aid him in this noble work as a public benefactor.

Instructions Are Simple.

The "doctor" said in part:

"I charge whatever the patient can pay. You don't have to find out if they have a cancer. I can cure any kind of a growth except a cancer that is too far gone, and then I can't tell whether it is cancer or not. For good cases, say from \$100 up. I will pay you 25 per cent of what I get out of them. That is the kind I am after. I don't care much for the little cases, but when they come to me I take them, and if a man hasn't got anything I cure him for nothing. On the little cases I will give you 10 per cent of what I get."

"I don't see why you couldn't get some business for me. If I may when you find a person that has got something wrong with them, I gave a man \$50 just the other day for getting me a good case. It required no work at all, just a few minutes' talking. There are plenty of people who have cancer or something like it and have plenty of money and are able to pay well. I got \$1,500 for one case not long ago."

Dispute Between "Doctors."

The visitor noted in one of the pamphlets a purported testimonial from Dr. Myrtle A. Wells, physician, surgeon and osteopath. He asked "Doctor" Hornby if it was not unusual for a physician and surgeon to approve of his work, even in the rather "left-handed" style employed by Dr. Wells. He said it was, but he had convinced Dr. Wells of his ability. A patient had tried to employ him and Dr. Wells at the same time and a dispute between the two doctors had arisen.

"Doctor" Hornby said he had insisted that the patient require either him or Dr. Wells to "step out." Dr. Wells was required to withdraw and he effected a cure, he said. Since then "Doctor" Hornby asserted, Dr. Wells has had faith in his marvelous power.

Conference Interrupted.

On the following day the young man called upon Dr. Wells for information regarding "Doctor" Hornby. "While he was discussing the cancer 'specialist' with Dr. Wells, 'Doctor' Hornby came in for a talk with the woman physician and surgeon. Dr. Wells had not yet waited for her in her private office while she finished her conversation with the young man. From the private office "Doctor" Hornby stepped into the corridor. The young man, his interview with Dr. Wells concluded, emerged from her office, affected not to observe "Doctor" Hornby, and made hurriedly for the

(Continued on Page Two.)

## "That's What They All Say!"



## JOHN GRASS GETS A CHANCE

Great Sioux Orator to Address New York Audience.

## INDIANS JOIN IN CELEBRATION

Beginning of Construction on Wampanoag Memorial to Be Made Occasion for Notable Gathering of Red Men.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Arrangements have been completed by the Indian bureau for the participation of Indians representing all tribes in the country in the ceremonies incident to the beginning of the construction of a memorial to the American Indian to be placed in New York harbor by John Wampanoag, former postmaster general. The ceremonies are to take place February 22, Washington's birthday, Indians from South Dakota, other northwestern states will form the larger part of the representation from the descendants of the original inhabitants of the North American continent. John Grass, a Sioux from the Standing Rock reservation, will be the orator for the Indians. Hollow Horn Bear, a Rosebud Sioux, whose portrait is printed in one of the bills put out by the Treasury department, will also be a member of the delegation. All the representatives of the red men will be fullbloods.

Represent Different Bands.

The entire Indian delegation will comprise thirty members of different bands and six interpreters will accompany them to translate the speeches. They will be in charge of Major James McLaughlin, the veteran Indian inspector. The Chippewas of Minnesota will be represented by two delegations, one each from White Earth and Leech Lake. There will be eight Sioux from the Standing Rock, Pine Ridge and Rosebud reservations; one or two from Fort Berthold reservation in North Dakota, representing the Mandans, Gros Ventres and Aricaras; one or two from the Blackfeet reservation in Montana and a similar number from the Tongue River and Crow reservations in the western part of the state. There will also be delegations from the tribes in the southwest, including those in Oklahoma and the Apaches from Arizona and New Mexico.

Typical Red Men.

"The delegations will be entirely from among the fullbloods of the various tribes," said Major McLaughlin today. "Care was also exercised in the selection of delegates in order that only those of commanding presence and typical features of the red men of centuries past might be there to represent the North American, to whom the memorial is to be erected."

Following the ceremonies the Indians will be brought to Washington to remain until after the inauguration of President Wilson.

## DAKOTA SENATE KILLS BILL PROHIBITING FALSE ADS

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Both houses in the talking mood yesterday and the grid ground out was small. The senate killed the bill to prohibit false and misleading advertising after it had been amended to exempt real estate men from its provisions, and put over the bill to out out publication of insurance statements after a fight on the part of the friends of the country newspapers.

As lieutenant Governor Abel leaves for the state tomorrow, the members and employes presented him with a gold headed cane and Shriner pin.

The principal senate bill today was for Finney, which provides for a state civil service commission and places state employees generally on a classified list.

The house mixups were on the senate bill to appropriate \$50,000 to send survivors of the battle of Gettysburg to the anniversary celebration next year, which was passed after the fireworks were over, with a like action on the senate bill which increases the scope of the Aberdeen Normal school, putting it in a university class.

## Glover Announces Will Not Withdraw Suit Against Will

LEAD, S. D., Feb. 9.—That he has not will not withdraw his suit to contest the will of his late mother, Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church, was the statement of George W. Glover of this city today.

Glover declared most emphatically that he had never authorized his attorneys to abandon the contest, that he was investigating the report from Boston to that effect and that if true, other steps would be taken at once to press the suit. He maintained he will still get a portion of the estate and says he is prepared to fight harder than ever.

## MINER KILLED IN RIOTING

Militia Ready to Rush to Paint Creek Strike District.

WAR CAMP ON MOUNTAIN SIDE

Six Companies of West Virginia National Guard Waiting Governor's Order to Leave for Mines.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 9.—Six companies of the West Virginia National Guard are being held in their armories tonight ready at a moment's notice to depart to the Paint and Gable Creek districts to take charge of the strike situation. Governor W. E. Glasscock, according to information from persons close to the executive, probably will take action late tonight or early on Sunday.

According to information received here today, Robert Estep, a miner, was killed last night during the rioting at Mucklow. There was considerable shooting this afternoon at Holly Grove. It is said that men employed in the mines were fired upon and made attempts to drive strikers away from that locality.

The military authorities here believe the strikers are gathering at some point on Paint creek for a night attack. The miners occupy strong positions on the mountain sides and are said to be guarding all approaches to the camps.

## Attorney General Agrees to Plan to Dissolve Merger

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Attorney General Wickham announced tonight that he had reached an agreement with the representatives of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads for the dissolution of the Harriman merger as decreed by the supreme court.

The Union Pacific agrees to sell its 1,205,509 shares of Southern Pacific stock to its own stockholders and those of the southern Pacific in what the government regards as a safe proportion. The Union Pacific will acquire the Central Pacific from the Southern Pacific, giving it an extension from Ogden to the Pacific coast.

PRINCIPAL IN NOTED CASE ONCE NEBRASKA RESIDENT

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Feb. 9.—(Special.)—A. R. Cruzen, who with two other men, paid a fine of \$500 each at Boise, Idaho, in connection with contempt proceedings for publication in the Boise Capital-News of criticism by Colonel Roosevelt of rulings of the court in not allowing the progressive electors to head the ballot in Idaho, was formerly a Nebraska man and resided at Curtis. He was several years ago a candidate for the republican nomination for secretary of state and it is said was responsible for breaking the deadlock in the Nebraska legislature which resulted in the selection of Senators Millard and Deltrick.

## POISON CHARGE IS MADE

Woman Formerly of Trenton, Neb., Arrested in Pueblo.

HUSBAND DIES IN FOWLER

Circumstances Decidedly Suspicious and Authorities Take Up Case When Woman Leaves Under Assumed Name.

LA JUNTA, Colo., Feb. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Frank E. Caldwell and Mrs. Eva Blanchard were arrested at Pueblo today on the charge of poisoning Clyde Blanchard, husband of the woman, December 1, 1912.

They were taken to Fowler, Colo., to be arraigned, after which they will be brought to the county jail here. The pair were living in Pueblo under the name of Mr. and Mrs. Robins of Denver.

Blanchard died the evening of December 1, 1912. When Dr. G. E. Vandenschwerz Fowler was called in at 10 o'clock that day Blanchard was unconscious. Mrs. Blanchard explained that her husband had been unable to sleep the night before and had taken morphine. In the morning she had called Caldwell, but the three failed to arouse Blanchard. The body was taken to McCook, Neb., for burial. Jesse Blanchard, a brother of the dead man, the widow, and Caldwell accompanied the body.

After the funeral, Mrs. Blanchard and Caldwell returned to Fowler and lived with Mrs. Blanchard's mother. A family row caused Caldwell and Mrs. Blanchard to move to Pueblo.

Blanchard lived in Fowler about three years before his death. He moved there from Trenton, Neb. His wife's maiden name was Eva Thompson. Caldwell was a ball player on the Fowler club and resided there with the Blanchards. He went there last summer. Blanchard was 32 years old and his wife 28.

## Police Graft Inquiry Given New Impetus

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—The most drastic investigation of police graft that has been attempted since Police Lieutenant Charles Becker's hired gunman shot Hermann Rosenthal to death last July is said today to be under way as a result of the story told to the senate committee yesterday by James Purcell, who ran games of chance in many houses under police protection for nearly seventeen years, according to his testimony.

Purcell's story will be investigated in all its ramifications. It was declared at police headquarters today, on behalf of Commissioner Waldo, who had before him the four precinct captains still members of the force who were accused by Purcell. Each of the four denied in sworn statements the truth of Purcell's charges. One of the quartet is Patrick J. Cray, brother-in-law of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall.

Purcell did not tell his whole story on the stand yesterday. It was learned from the district attorney's office. The remainder of it will be reserved for the extraordinary grand jury, which will resume its work Monday.

## Girl Worth \$25 to White Slave Gang

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—The existence of a white slave gang that sells girls for \$25 or \$30 each to owners or keepers of resorts in Chicago was described to Judge Mand, in federal court today, by assistant United States District Attorney Walker, who moved for heavy sentences for Frank Pigo, a wine merchant, and Joseph Bobbillo of Paterson, N. J., convicted of forcing a young woman to enter a resort in Paterson. Sentences were deferred pending decision on motions for a new trial.

According to federal counsel, money order receipts are in the government's possession showing that white slaves here have received \$12,000 for girls sent to Chicago.

## IMPORTANT WORK IN LEGISLATURE STAYS BURIED IN TRIFLES

Public Servants Among Lawmakers Beginning to Speculate on What Will Be Done.

TEN MILLIONS ASKED IN BILLS

Many Demands for Appropriations Will Get Short Notice.

NUMEROUS CLAIMS ARE DOOMED

Several Lawyers Among Those Who Will Be Disappointed.

LACK OF LEADER IS APPARENT

Governor Morehead Continues to Turn Democrats Into Soreheads as More of Faithful Fail to Get Jobs.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 9.—(Special.)—With twenty-three days of the session gone and more than 1,200 bills to consider and a half dozen "important" investigations yet to be made and appropriation bills to be introduced, and with the green grass about a month away, speculation is rife as to what the legislature will really do. In so far as the house is concerned it will not require very much time to discuss bills which are really important laws materially, but the unimportant measures will require more time than the house will be able to discover this. At least that is the way things are going.

The house is dallying along with things and such a matter as changing the taxing system of the state creates no more interest than the appearance on the floor of a lobbyist. One member who really has the welfare of the state at heart and who, if laws are to be changed would really like to see them changed to suit present conditions and in line with what the people want, is getting anxious over the situation. He did not want his name used and one can readily understand why—it would simply be committing suicide for his bills. He said: "I really believe the house is not giving enough consideration to important measures. And the members are devoting entirely too much time to trivial matters. I am fearful that little for the good of the state will be accomplished."

Ten Millions Demanded.

There is now pending in the house and before the finance committee set to come before the house, bills appropriating for the neighborhood of \$10,000,000. Of course this sum will not be appropriated by the legislature and the indications are practically all for a great majority of the special bills for money will be defeated. This will include of course the \$10,000 asked by some persons in Dodge county with which to buy the Fremont Normal school for the state. The excuse for the proposed purchase is that this private school has to compete with the state school, competition starting after it had been established. The state having purchased the Wayne school adherents of the bill insist it should also buy the Fremont school.

T. P. Kennard is making his hardest fight for \$10,000 alleged to be due him for commission in collecting from the government money due the state. This claim has been up before and it was killed the last time in 1908. Mr. Kennard has published a circular which he sent to all the members setting out his side of the question. In his circular he says this will be his last fight. It has a formidable array of talent helping him.

The Panama exposition to be held in San Francisco is anxious for Nebraska to have an exhibit there and its friends here are asking for an appropriation of \$150,000. Representative of the exposition who have been here insist they will receive favorable action at the hands of the legislature, but members so far are not expressing themselves—probably a majority of them do not know the bill has been introduced. Several of the state institutions desire more land and have asked for large appropriations to buy it. Then there is the usual request for the levy for the state university, and the normal schools want to get their money the same way hereafter.

Claims to Be Thrown Out.

The claims committee will throw out a bunch of claims. The indications now are that John O. Yeiser will not get a look for his \$2,600 asked for services as a member of the state pardon board, and neither will Jefferson and Burbank get anything from the state for looking after the interests of the members of the Douglas delegation against whom contests were filed. Chairman Fries of this committee believes it is not up to the state to pay these bills. This committee will try to finish up its work Tuesday night. The big salary and general appropriation bills probably will be introduced by Wednesday.

A lot of sentiment exists against the primary system of nominating candidates, but no one introduced a bill to repeal the law, though one was introduced to permit a nonpartisan primary, that is, to permit a republican to vote for democratic candidates or the reverse at the primary. This bill is in line with the primary bill passed some years ago by a democratic legislature and against which all the

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**Winners in The Bee Eye Drawing Contest will be announced Tuesday Evening**