BILLS AFFECT CORPORATIONS a fifteen miles an hour in the country

Many Measures 'Introduced with This End in View.

NUMBER OF "BLUE SKY" BILLS

These in General Carry Similar Regulations and Differ Only as to Officer Who Shall Carry

Out the Provisions.

(From a Staff Corespondent.) LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 12.-(Special) Numerous members of the logiciature are here evidently on anti-corporation platforms, for up to date there have been inmoduced seventeen bills affecting railroads and a big batch regulating telephone and another big batch to superse the operation of automobiles. And the blue sky laws and bills providing for workingmen's compensation laws are numerous and similar. Practically all of the blue sky bills are duplicates with just change in the state officer who has to enforce it and look after it.

The railroad bills provide everything from compelling railreads to hang out switch lights at a certain hour of the day to limiting the number of cars that can be hauled as a freight train. This bill. It is said, is due to the fact that Gb certain roads passenger trains are sideracked for freight trains, and in some cases it is necessary to hold a pasenge train a half hour or so to allow a freight train to be divided and pulled into a station in sections. It will be fought in the railroads with double tracks.

Many Phone Bills.

in addition to the compensation, prepared by a commission several individual members have introduced such sures and, of course, each will try to get his bill passed. In telephone mat ters, some of the bills provide for the merger of two systems and others pro hibit mergers. So there will be considerable fighting over these measures.

The bills regulating automobiles may not appeal to the farmers as they use to, inasmuch, as most of the farmers areusing machines to bring their hogs and produce to market and to limit speed



Power of Ready Cash Causes New York Concern to Wire Omaha House For Offer.

250,000 YARDS OF LINENS

One of the foremost jobbing hour in New York has paid Omaha splendid compliment by wiring a cash buying concern in this city for an offer on an immense stock, after a acore of Eastern concerns viere unable to bid because of the stock in question was too large for them to attempt to handle.

This flattering situation grew out of the inability of the insurance companies to settle with the Eastern Manufacturing Co. of New York, on a stock of a quarter of a million yards of water damaged linens. The stock was turned over to 8. Steinfeldt & Co., jobbers, who wited many of the ment prominent cash buying retail concerns, both cast and west, for offers on the entire stock. The eastern were unable to undertake the disposal of a stock so large, but the offer of Brandols Stores, in Omaha, was accepted although the bid was

nd three miles in town may work a ardship. One hill provides for an auemobile license of 35 cents per horse ower per year. So far the measure about which there the most talk is university removal. Many people of Lincoln oppose the re-

tarres. The students are interested in he outcome of the fight and the student paper one day this week contained an editorial in answer to the address of Frof. Walfe, who opposes removal.

haps for a longer period of time, it is

ounteracting the effects of the sordio

and contemporaries, they have his deepest

commiseration. It is true that we must

have meat and raiment, and that the

mental fact that "meat" is not "the

This view of the meeting of life may

possibly force us to give a different an-

swer to the question of what is "practi-

cal" in education. If the final end of

What Students Think. editorial follows

The

Prof. H. K. Wolfe, head professor the department of philosophy. In a r cont public interance, had this to a about student life: "It is better f tendency to undervalue the importance in education of a beautiful environment cont public utterance, had this to say about student life: "It is better for young people seeking development to be scattered throughout a city, partak-ing as far as possible of the life of the people of the city than to be congre-gated into dormitories, large bearding houses and specialized houses called Thomes. School life is not a picnic, not a spree not a hinting trip, not a recre-ation camp. It is a part of real life." Exactly and just that is what a great many of the students do not get. We believe that the greatest function of a college education lise in its effort to to treat as a passing fad the movement to place them in a beautiful environment be not arrested. To one familiar with day to the means of rendering environ ment of our daily life more beautiful, to ing in us. finer tastes and higher e education lies in its effort to a man some conception of his rela-to other people, some idea of ullege tion to tion to other people, some idea character as applied to the devotion self to the interests of others. We not mean by this that the student mu-lose account of practical things, and educated to discount the importance We de educated to discount the importance of a physical existence. The latter is a condition of which we are constantly and oppressively conscious. Most of us are brought up with the idea of earning a living and are made to see that with-out so doing we will be deprived of en-loyment or consfort in living. Hence the out on the other we do not have when we enter college we do not have to be reminded either directly of in-directly that the sordid and evil world directly that the sorth and evil work lies before us. For the four years that are spent here, we can forget this, and in its place spend our time in acquiring that for which we came, and we can do this, we believe, without losing out position as men who are able to stand up against the ravages of business and professional life. people possess is that of business suc-

ment of the city is not The enviro mential to the completion of a success-il college education. It is a mere inful college

sident. Harvard was performing its mission in education long before Cam-bridge had street cars or cafes. The Uni-versity of Chicago is a great institution in spite of the environment of the windy in spite of the environment of the windy city. Urbana, Columbia, Madison, Stan-ford, Lawrence, Princeton, and many other pinces where colleges are located are essentially college towns built up for are essentially college towns built up for the purpose of supplying the wants of attending students. The fact of the university has inspired

the growth of the town, instead of the the body than raiment," is unintelligible

reverse, as we would be led to believe was The world may have raised monuments the case. The modern university derives to those who in the past have "tied their its strength from the stuff of which it is made. External influence is unimportant save only as it affects the internal life and organization of the school. The function of the university finds expression. we believe, in what it s able to give its students from its own resources and side is not essential, indeed it may be production of these necessities should be faculties. What it receives from the outdetrimental to its interents, if the accept- property cared for, but the great fundaance of the gift is accompanied by a re-

life" and "the raiment' is not "the body" sulting sacrifice from the inside. must never be lost sight of, if existence The important issue in university re-imoval insofar as the students are con-cerned la: Will a greater impetus be given to the growth of a student settle-ment, will student life be made less a bore and more a reality? In other words will the students he physically is not to become a sham and a delusion. bore and more a reality? In other words will the students be physically grouped so as to make them appreciate that they are ascial beings, that they should become acuainted with each other and brought to feel that in each of them, there and brought to feel that in each of them, there lurks some spark of humanity, some degree of character, and some lingering likeness to their fellows. The students need to be brought together, and any arrangement that tends to discourage the satisfaction of that need, should re-ceive the hearty and enthusiastic oppo-sition of the students themselves. At the present time the student body knows no home of its own. The students

are separated from each other by living to be cultured, educated, in the does not velopment of the farm campus had begun be the superior one. in "all parts of the city." They have nothing to tle to save their landlady and few interests they may have in college.



In planning the larger campus for the respond to the appeal of the beauti(u) rand the first good building had been built, university, an act which will fix its in all #s forms" And yet literature in I went out for the first time to take a almost the only form of art that has re- look at the location. I was so impressed physical environment for a century, perselved serious attention in the schools. with its beauty and with the possibilities imperative that the point of view should Deeper insight into the meaning of life not be narrow and parsimonious. The and inspiration to better Lving may come the value of a beautiful environment is shown by the choice of a spot to build a to erect beautiful university buildings and home; in the effort to render the house, externally and internally, pleasing to the may have most permicious effects, if it eye in form and color; in planting around it trees ad shrubs and flowering plants. the attention given in this country to-This apreciation of a beautiful environment is shown in a larger way in the desire to possess beautiful public buildings give that life a setting capable of awakenand grounds beautiful parks, and even a 'city beautiful." If all of this can te thoughts, of silently but constantly ustified-and who would question it-how such more important that the environthings of life, to one familiar with all nent of the young men and young women this and appreciating its significance and in the university, of those who are to be value, ft is unnecessary to insist upon the the leaders and inspirers of their fellows educational importance of beautiful buildshould have a beautiful one? A man ings and grounds for our new university. might conceivably feel a spiritual uplift But unfortunately there are those who within the four walls of an office in Wall take a somewhat narrow view of life and street, but his senses are stirred by the consequently of education. There are men light of the setting sun, falling through who care nothing for architecture and rose windows, and softly lighting the dim aculpture, for painting, literature and interior, and by the topes of the organ music, who never see the beauties fo a and of chanting voices. More favorable landscape or of a sunset, and who look conditions for the development of the upon all these things as the unnecessary i fine side of the student's personality are frills of life. These things are not "pracfound in the quadrangle and gardens of Oxford, on the campuses of Cornell, or tical." The only philosophy of life these bleage, or Leland Stanford, than in an cess, and whatever does not contribute eight-story office building with an eleator." Education, in the larger sense, directly to it is brushed aside as visionary and worthless. The schools, they believe is not a "get-rich-quick scheme," nor a "short-order lunch counter." It is to the necessity and nossibility of better should teach reading and spelling, writdoubtless important to have the buildings artistic surroundings. Houses and ing ,arithmetic and bookkeeping, for one so located that the students may get grounds, city streets and parks, public must know these things at least in order from one to the other in ten minutes, but to get on at all in life, but if anything that is not the sole, nor the most imbe added to these, in the mind of the portant consideration relating to the or-"practical" man, it should be such subganization of university environment. The jects as enable one to secure a better student must, of course, be brought into by the well-to-do. Attractive dormitories income, to live more luxuriously, and to contact with the teacher, but it may be rise in the social scale. To such a man well to remember while talking of the log the poor student could sit and eat in a the saying ,"Life is more than meat and with Mark Hopkins on one end and the dignified university hall instead of at a student on the other, that the boy does not spend all of his twenty-four hours during four years, sitting on the log with wagons to a star," but the "practical Mark Hopkins. Many students are eduman" is able to appreciate the worth of called more by their environment than by such men only when seen through the their teachers. An ugly, inartistic enperspective of the ages. As neighbors

vironment is a hindrance to the best educational work; is it uositively-not simply negatively-bad. The present location of the university

campus is positively had from the point main building cannot last much longer, transportation. of view of a beautiful environment. It is and all the other buildings on the comclearly destined to be the wholesale bust-

how many blocks may be added to the whole plant on the city campus, excluding the Temple, not paid for by the campus on the east or on the north, the education is to teach man how to "build badness of the location will still remain. state, is not worth over \$500,000, and the has been formed here with James Weich. more stately mansions" for his soul, to No matter how much these few acres most of it must be replaced in the near W. W. Wilson, H. H. Hanke, John H. put a larger spiritual content intoo life. may be beautified, they will always rethe list of "practical" means of education main an oasis in a desert of railroad new plant be built at the state farm? must be extended and reclassified from yards and business blocks. At the farm Eventually, as much money will have to They will raise a fund and erect the point of view of ultimate values. It the situation is quite different and every- be put into buildings down town as at may turn out that some of the most thing indicates that it will always remain the farm, and the land for campus ex-"practical" means for the education of quite different. When, some years ago, tention in the city must be purchased the individual by the creation of an ideal Prof. Beasey proposed the removal of the at a high valuation. An equally good environment have been strangely neg- university to the farm campus, the most group of buildings with an adequate setlected. Fan a man or woman he said of us did not take his suggestions seri- ting will cost more down town than at the to be cultured, educated, in the best and ously, I among the rest. After the de- farm and the farm location will always

es omitted, im- DESERTED CHILDREN FOUND

Supervisor Phillips and the county board

Nebraska City and **Otoe County Notes**

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 18 .- The attention of the district court and a jury has been taken up during a portion of this week in hearing the evidence of the at the mouth of the Buffalo river. case of Speerhasse against Louis Boese, wherein the plaintiff sued for \$10,550 for the loss of an eye, the same having been shot out by the defendant at a dance, at

it possessed of a greater university cam- Avoca, on May 6, 1911, while the two men from an inspired teacher or from a beau. Jus that I came back convinced that were attending a dance. The case was tiful environment. That we appreciate Prof. Bessey was right. I am acquainted bitterly fought and a number of witwith all the campuses of the great unt- nesses called. The jury after being out versities of this country and I believe several hours brought in a verdict of that we have an opportunity to develop \$1,30; for the plaintiff.

a campus at the farm that will be sur-There were two men injured while passed by few places in the country. If handling and housing ice at this point. we realize what an opportunity we have George Thompson was caught until a and take full advantage of it, we can number of cakes that were on a shute have a campus here as beautiful, perbape and had his leg so badly crushed it may more beautiful, than those of Oxford. have to be amputated and then Charles Chicago or Leland Stanford. And why hould we not have it? If a beautiful Hilton was caught in nearly the same nvironment is a necessary part of the way and so badly crushed about the ulpment of the university, why should breast that it is feared he cannot recover. Henry Olsen of this city is certainly ot the environment of the boys and girls the University of Nebraska be made playing in a streak of hard luck. A year as beautiful as that of any university in ago be was at a fire and acting as a the country? Why should they go east voluntheer fireman. A wrench slipped west to find what they ought to be off of a fire hydrant, struck him in the able to find here? No one will venture to eye and injured it so the same had to suggest that the state cannot afford it, be removed. He suffered several minor It cannot afford not to have it. accidents during the summer. A few

A spacious compus, with buildings of evenings since he went home and slipped one style of architecture and material, on the ice, near his front door, fell and artistically grouped in the midst of broke his arm and severely injured his groves of trees, of shrubs and flowers, back with shaded walks, with statues and The Catholic people of Dunbar and

fountains, would have such an educational value for the state that could hardly be church and will overhaul and refit the overestimated. The boys and girls, from all parts of Nebraska, who had passed four years in suchenvironment, would held last evening E. K. Bradley, John go back to their homes with eves opened buildings, would all, in time, show the influences of the years passed on the beautiful campus at Lincoln. And these benefits would be received not alone would house rich and poor alike, and lunch counter, enjoying a better and less giving this branch two daily passenger

trains. expensive meal together with the companionship of his fellows. No serious obstacle to removal is found in the motley group of buildings-if they are experiencing trouble in getting one-

can be called a group-on the gity campus. half of the cars needed. The freight Many of them should either be aban- trains in and out of this city would be doned at once or must be ahandoned in doubled if cars sufficient were secured the near future. Nebraska Hall was de- to care for the grain that is now ready clared unsafe some years ago; the old for shipment and awalting some mode of

A man giving his name as William located next to the railroad yards of Lincoln and in what is not simply the business section of the city, but what is new engineering and law buildings. He different to be the wholesale business are and law buildings. neas section. It is bad enough now, but worth together about \$200,000-have been before Judge Travis yesterday and it will be worse in the future. No matter outgrown and must be replaced. The pleaded guilty. He was given a one to twoyear sentence.

> A Young Men's Christian association future. Shall it be replaced or shall a Petring, J. C. Thygeson, H. D. Wilson and J. P. Mikkelson as its promoters. suitable building in the spring. New members are being signed every day by the hustling committee. The body of Mrs. Eaton, wife of the

same as a place of worship.

late Judge James W. Eaton, who died at Omaha, was brought to the old family home at Syracuse for interment. A number of persons from this city attended the

coming year and have increased the esti-

There is a force of some thirty-five men

here cutting over the telephone exchange,

which was known as the Nebraska City

by the Lincoln Telephone and Telegraph

company, having succeeded the Bell sys-

tem. They expect to finish the work

mate for bridges and roads \$10,000.

funeral. The deceased was one of the unable to go to work, for the reason pioneer settlers of this county. The county commissioners have made

in about a month.

TROOPS TAKE POSSESSION OF RAILROAD'S PROPERTY

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 19 -- Acting uner orders of the War department. Com nany B of the Twenty-ninth Infantry stationed at Fort Porter, today took pos session of the Lackawanna railroad piel troops camped on the pier.

The government claims the railroad oc cupled fifteen feet frontage on government land and the railroad has refused to vncate.



BIG SURPRISE TO

MANY IN OMAHA

Local people are surprised at the QUICK results received from simple buckhorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-1-ka, the German appendicitis ren.edy. The Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., 16th and Dodge and the Owl Drug Co., 16th and Harney, state that this simple remedy antisepticizes the digestive system and draws off the impur ties so thoroughly that A SINGLE DOSE relieves sour stomach, gas on the stomach and constipation INSTANTLY .--- Ad-

Harmless Remedy Beautifies and Darkens Hair What a pity it is to see so many people with thin, wispy hair, faded or streaked with gray, and realize that most of these people might have soft, glossy, abundant hair of beautiful color and lustre if they could but use the proper Telephone company, which was absorbed treatment. There is no necessity for gray hair under sixty-five years of age. and there is no excuse for anyone, young or old, having thin, straggling hair, either full of dandruff or heavy and rank smell ing with excessive oil. You can bring back the natural color of your hair in a few days and forever rid yourself of any dandruff and loose hairs, and make your hair grow strong and beautiful by using Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy. For generations common garden Sage has been used for restoring and preserving the color of the hair; and Sulphur is recognized by Scalp Specialists as being excellent for treatment of hair and scalp troubles. If you are troubled with dandruff or itching scalp, or if your hair is losing its color or coming out, get a fifty cent. bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur from your druggist, and notice the improvement in the appearance of your hair after a few days' treatment.

vantiy lower than the actual value of the merchandlag.

Four weeks ago, a small fire broke out in an upper floor of a building on lower Broadway, adjacent to the Eastern Manufacturing Co., Important of fine linens. To cope with the fire. in line of hose was run through the musin stock room of the Eastern Manufacturing Co. Just as the water was turned on, the hose burst and a gigazztic spray reached every corner of the stock room. Ir a few minutes the water had been turned off, but in those few minutes the damage had been clone.

In this flooded store room were linora of the most desirable character. imported expressly from the Old World by this relowned house. A quarter of a million yards of linens that were perfection in quality, pattern and design, were stored there, and not a yard could have been bought for a cent less than the market price. In this stock were 7,300 bed spreads of the better grade, 40,000 yards of nercerized damask, 36,000 yards of Turkey Red damask, 21,000 yards of toweling, 1,200 linen and mercerized table cloths and thousands of dozens of napkins and towels. These water solled linens were forwarded to Omaha just as they stood in the store room. Many were left in their original cartons, just as they came from the New York Customs House.

Arrangements have been made to place these linens on Special Sale Monday. Some show signs of contact with water-others are spotless and perfect in every particular. The prices at which these linens are being marked are so low as to be almost unbelieveable. Monday thousands

of Omaha women will be selecting from vast piles of fine linens, dampened by water, and paying just about one-half the regular price on these fabrics. The loss his already been accepted in New York. The gain is all to be reaped in Omaha.

In the case of these "damaged linens," it should be remembered that the water stain on linen causes a decrease in price, but not a decrease in value to the women who buys it. The housekeeper expects to have her linen laundered before she uses it, so that a slight water stain does not even occasion inconvenience to the woman who owns the fabric. In other words the woman buys a "damaged" linen that is not damaged in the least, so far as she is concerned. Every trace of the "damage" vanishes when the inen comes from the laundry. It is this fact, so well understood by every woman, that makes this reduced price opportunity so interesting to people ii Omaha.

The woman who loves to replenish Gis anowy stocks in her linen closet will have an opportunity at Brandeia Stores Monday that should make her the envy of her has fortunate aisters in every corner of the United States.



They certainly have little in common with each other for the simple reason that they do not live together and can not get acquainted. Prof. Wolfe thinks that such a condition is desirable. We think it is deporable, and if university removal is going to relieve it. we are strong for it. If by getting away from the charms of the city, we can get together in the country, let's go back to the simple life. and enjoy our own company instead of being forced upon a lot of good people whose only real interest in is is measured by our income.

DEMOCRATS FIND SELVES EMBROILED

(Continued rrom Page One.)

speaker is going right along appointing important committees just as though the committee on committees were a joke. selected for appearance under the limelight only. And of the five or six committees the speaker has named, the records show that only two of the minority members have been recognized at all, Hardin and Gustafson.

It is beginning to look as though this great reform Bryan-work-in-the-open house majority is going to be just like every other democratic house Nebraska the Balkan plenipotentiaries decided that charge of the children and accompanied has ever had.

WHEELER FAVORS CODIFICATION

Lincoln Compiler of Laws Says State Should Take Action. (From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 19.-(Special.)-H. H. Wheeler of Lincoln, who for years has issued the compiled statutes, is very much in favor of the legislature adopting the revision of the code as prepared

following statement advocating favorable action by the legislature. There is a difference between a staute and a compliation of statutes, which it is well to bear in mind, al though the word "statutes" in common parlance has the two meanings. There is a necessity for an authentic compliation. Therefore, the work of the commission should be adopted. If it is not adopted, there will be none, unless sume private individual publishes one, which is unlikely as there is no pecun-intry profit in u. profit in it.

author of one of the two recent

chees.)
The author of one of the two retents of the other is an expected on the issue of the other is and deficiencies in the commissioners indexed by law at less two months is a record for the other is the activate one may be dangerous; the work should have been undertakes interactive one may be dangerous; the work whould have been undertakes is that or sound them of a work whould have been undertakes in the commissioners of the other is the activation in sight. Whatever, is that or nothing.
The one respect it will be work and deficienties of form in the events whould have been indertakes in the counting of the other work and all defects of form in the events whould have been undertakes in the two returns of the work and all defects of form in the events whould have been undertakes in the count whatever is a least two months is a resolution against the activity of the other work and all defects of form in the events whould have been undertakes in the count whatever is a least of the other work and all defects of form in the restrict the monther is not referred to the count work and the area unconstitutional by restrict of the work and the area the activation of similar were interested to the university alumni road is the area unconstitutional by restrict of the work and the monther is not referred to the opposition.

tive titles, repealing challes officed, and ex-plied repeals—the source of as much ex-pensive litigation as any other. All this will be oured by the adoption of the work, although it may diminish many a lawyer's income. If it did nothing else, it would save to the people litigant many times its cost. Let it be adopted—the

times its cost. I quicker the better. TURKISH FLEET DEFEATED Dependent Children at Lincoln, there Ohm, who had left the city.

(Continued rrom Page One.)

empire and make representations to the Balkan states with a view to peace. departure and death of their mother. Turkey sincerely desires to find a common ground of understanding and even About six weeks ago the attention of will consent to fresh sacrifices."

was called to the condition of Mrs. Fighting to Be Resumed. LONDON, Jan. 19.-Turkey's decision, Hewitt, the mother of the children. The woman was in an advanced stage of tuas indicated by dispatches from Con-IN FIGHT FOR JOBS stantinople tonight, refusing to cade mission for her to a hospital at Grand Adrianople and the Aegean islands, it is mission for her to a hospital at Grand

believed here, will lead to the resumption Island, where she died one week later. A few days after this, the father of the of hostilities within a week. The Balkan allies after considering the children departed, ostennibly for Grand situation among themselves earlier in the Island and has not been heard of since. day, had already decided to wait until In the meantime the boy and girl have been living as best they could with the the middle of next week for the answer of the Porte to the joint note of the two men. Neighbors finally discovered powers, and if then the reply was not the condition of affairs and notified the received or was unsatisfactory to ad- sheriff, who departed on Thursday for dress a communication to the Turkish the scene and brought the children to

delegation in the form of an ultimatum, Broken Bow before County Judge Holallowing Turkey forty-eight or seventycomb. By chance Miss Eva Caton of two hours for a final decision. the Board of Control happened to be Should Turkey at that time be unable in the city at the time and after the or unwilling to come to the allies' terms, judge had passed upon the case, took a rupture of the peace conference was them to Lincoln, where they will be

nevitable. Sofia, Belgrade and Cettinio given proper treatment. The brother and would denounce the armistice and four sister, although in a pitiable state, are days later the war would be resumed. HOTEL CLERK IN PAWNEE

CITY HELD UP BY TWO MEN from the father since he left, it is gen-

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Jan. 19 .- (Spe ial.)-About 1 o'clock this morning, two strangers walked into the office of the by a code commission. He gave out the Exchange hotel and arousing the night

clerk, R. R. Albright, asked for a room. As they went to pay for it, one of the men drew a gun and covered the clerk. The athletic entertainment given by the They then proceeded to rob the cash till the opera house here last night was a of about \$40. The only other occupant success in every way. The proceeds will Markle, who was sleeping in a chair in gation to the state meeting at North the lobby, and who was not awakened Platte, January 2J to 34.

The work is onerous and the sale limited, unless the state subsidiaces of protects the infant industry, so to speak, even in its old age, as it has done up to the present time, which it should not do. (See decision in best sugar bounty and released the clerk, who had been tied to the radiator, from his uncomfort-able position. Both burgiars were young men, not over 40, and no trace of them of Alliance as his appointment will

has as yet been found. Two holdups in

that their tool chests had been robbed IN HOVEL NEAR MILBURN during the night. A few hours after- their annual estimate of expenses for the

ward the tools were found at O. P. Mon-BROKEN BOW, Neb., Jan. 18 - (Speroe's second-hand store, he having cial.)-With the sending of George and bought them early in the day from Fred Pearl Hewitt, ages 7 and 12 years, re- Ohm for \$10. The chief of police was spectively, to the Board of Control for notified at once and search made for

name to light a story of destitution and 1 The Persistent and Judicious Use of neglect that has soldom been equaled in

the county. The children were taken from Newspaper Advertising is the Road to a hovel near Milburn, where they had Business Success.

been living along with two men since the

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine" That is Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO OURE A GOLD

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

SUMMER LANDIN WINTER TIME . LOW ROUND TRIP FARES WASHINGTON IN BOTH DIRECTIONS, OR ONE WAY IA WASHINGTON RETURNING VICE VERSA. VERY LIBERAL STOPOVERS RETURN LINETS ON TICKETS TO FLORIDA POINTS JUNE 1, 1913 TO CUBA SIX(6) MONTHS. No. 6 "NEW YORK LIMITED" LEAVES CHICAGO 5.45 P.M. alld train, slastrically socilgand, eccepted in appaintment adars construction, with amoptionally good dining are as as through the Alleghenry Mauntains in deplight. Other induction trains in any Chingson 8.15 s.m., 11.00 s.m. and 9.30 p.m. Houtars consult nearest Tisket Agent or address EDWARD EMERY, T. P. A., OMANA, HED. BALTIMORE & OHIO FISTULA-Pay When CURED All Rectal Diseases cured without a surgical operation. No Chloroform, Ether or other gen-eral aneasthetic used. CURE GUARANTEED

DR. E. R. TARRY, 240 Boo Building, Omaha, Nobraska

Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., 160 So. 16th, 324 So. 16th, 307 N. 16th, 24th and Farnam Sts.-Advertisement.



AND BOX BUTTE COUNTY ALLIANCE, Neb., Jan. 18-(Special.)-Alliance Volunteer Fire department in

children.

go toward paying the expenses of a dele-Friends of Judge W. S. Ridgell were

extremely bright, particularly the 12-

year-old girl, who is well matured for

her age. As nothing has been heard

erally conceded that he has deserted his

NEWS NOTES OF ALLIANCE

resultate him moving to Lincoln.