

MOSQUITOES ASSAIL ARMY THAT COMES TO ATTACK OMAHA

War in All Its Horror is the Lot of the Camp of the Officers' Corps.

MAJOR HAZEL LEADS ATTACK But Army of Insects Refuses to Be Routed by Swords.

MONSTERS FOLLOW THE SHOWER Drive Officers from Tents Where They Peacefully Sleep.

BIG BATTLE SET FOR SATURDAY Omaha People Are Preparing to Go to Waterloo to See the Mimoso Battle Between the Opposing Forces.

War, red and horrible, wrought awful havoc with the tender epidemics of several high officers of the state militia as they lay sleeping peacefully on the field of Waterloo Tuesday night, waiting for the maneuvering state militia to gather for battle there Saturday.

Taps had sounded and the weary officers had rolled up the flaps of their tents and stretched themselves in thinnest night array for a few hours of slumber. Storm threatened and the air became charged with electricity, the heat seemed to be passing and the officers slept.

Suddenly the storm cleared and the wind died down. It was an ideal moment for the attack to follow. From over the river to the south came the faint hum of wings and then the louder song of the big valley mosquitoes. But the officers did not hear. The army of blood-thirsty insects winged nearer, nearer, until the song of their wings was like a bugle call to battle.

This now is the crucial moment. The sound of wings is killed. A million mosquitoes have taken possession of strategic points. A sleeping soldier sits, his face a vague unrest and burying his face in the blankets snores on.

Attack the Enemy. All at once, with an outburst which would do credit to a gang of Apaches, half a dozen handsome officers rush out of their tents, in unison, their glittering swords and charge the empty air. Major Hazel, pierced in half a hundred tender places, leads.

"Where are they?" he shouts. "The enemy is upon us. I know it." Slap! "Ah, I have it," said the major, and using his bright sword broadside he punishes himself with unabating enthusiasm, the while pretty pink pimples rise upon his snow-white flesh.

Take to the River. "To the river, men! To the river!" Major Hazel cried, and Adjutant General Hall ran him a close second to the clear pool near the campground. As one they splashed into the water, for Hall had taken a longer leap. Captain Jess of the signal corps, Captain Kesterson, Major Walden and other officers who could not be distinguished in the melee brought up the rear and plunged gallantly, albeit a little hastily, into the cool depths of the limpid pool.

Only Major Birken, who for twenty-five years has been with the Nebraska National guard, and in whose company General Hall first enlisted, slept on. Mosquitoes did not attack him. They did not even hover above his couch.

The soldier nymphs from the river stealthily crept back to their tents and folded their forms in staunch ponchos. Then they gathered about Major Birken's tent and for soldiers and scholars they used strong language, which tempered a bit would read as follows:

"We have worked with you and loved you, major, but with the great horn spoon if you will not suffer with us our ways must part."

"Gimme another cup of coffee," said the major, sleepily, and went on with his slumbering.

Major Hazel, who is a warlike spirit and a mighty wrestler and boxer in spite of his soft, white skin, was not safe from the thirty enemy even though swathed in the poncho. He put on his

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GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK IMPEACHED BY LEGISLATURE.



WILLIAM SULZER. Conoway Leedom, Pioneer Editor, Dies Suddenly

HEBRON, Neb., Aug. 13.—(Special Telegram)—Conoway Leedom, owner and editor of the Hebron Register for the last twenty-seven years, dropped dead in his seat at the chautauqua lecture here tonight about 8:45 o'clock. Death was probably due to heart trouble.

But Seven Other Governors Have Faced Impeachment

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—In all the United States only seven other governors other than Sulzer of New York, have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were: Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Missabe Strikers Without Any Jobs

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 13.—Starting today the manager of the Missabe docks will have no use for additional men and of the 400 workers who left their jobs at the instigation of the Industrial Workers of the World. Two hundred and fifty will have to seek employment elsewhere. At the Alouex docks in Superior loadings was going ahead at a full capacity.

Griffith of Denver Dying in Minneapolis

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 13.—W. D. Griffith, who registered Monday at a hotel here, giving Denver, Colo., as his address, is hovering between life and death at a hospital. The physicians say he is suffering from a draught of chloroform.

Seven Are Drowned in Superior Bay

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 13.—Seven persons out of a party of twenty, are who started on a pleasure trip on a launch in Superior bay are believed to be drowned.

EXPLODING THE DYNAMITE BRINGS CLOUDS, BUT NO RAIN

POST, Tex., Aug. 13.—Forty-five hundred pounds of dynamite was exploded here late last night in an effort to break the drought. The explosion brought clouds, but there was no rain.

GOVERNOR SULZER RESISTS REMOVAL OFFICE

Impeached by Lower House of the Legislature, Executive Will Carry on Fight.

WILL EXERCISE ALL HIS POWER

Vote in the Assembly Comes After All-Night Session.

LEADERS SPAR FOR TIME

Senate is Given Notice of Action that Has Been Taken.

IMPEACHMENT COURT CALLED

Both Houses Adjourn Until Next Week and the Governor Will Continue to Exercise Usual Functions.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Governor William Sulzer was impeached at 2:15 o'clock this morning by the democratic majority in the assembly of the New York legislature by a vote of 78 to 46, taken after an all night session and after the governor's wife had made an eleventh hour effort to save him at the risk of sacrificing her own reputation.

Articles of impeachment against Governor Sulzer, adopted by the assembly, were presented to the senate late this afternoon and received.

Senator Wagner, president pro tempore of the senate, called a meeting of the court of impeachment for Thursday, September 18, at noon. He also announced that the senate would appoint a day for the trial of Governor Sulzer, in due time.

Both legislative houses adjourned this afternoon until noon Tuesday, August 19.

Will Resist Removal. Governor Sulzer, impeached by the assembly of the New York legislature, will resist removal from office; refuse to recognize Lieutenant Governor Glynn as acting governor and use every weapon in his power to retain office, before, during and after his trial for impeachment, regardless of the verdict.

The governor's plan of resistance to the effort to oust him embraces an appeal to the courts, when such may become necessary, probably through mandamus proceedings. He intends to attempt to exercise all the functions of governor, including the pardon right, if desirable, so long as he remains within the state during the remainder of his term or until ousted by courts.

In short, Governor Sulzer will refuse to recognize the impeachment proceedings and may refuse to appear before the court of impeachment for trial. He bases his program chiefly on the ground that the assembly had no constitutional right to consider impeachment at its extraordinary session.

As a part of his program Governor Sulzer will continue to issue instructions to state troops and the naval militia as commander-in-chief, to the heads of the various state departments under his direction and will attempt to occupy the executive chamber daily.

Result of Roll Call. Organization, who he sparred for time all night in the fear that their program of impeachment would be wrecked by lack of votes, welcomed new comers to the assembly chamber summoned from New York during the early hours and, assured of victory by their presence, started a rapid fire of legislation with the adoption of the impeachment resolution.

Long articles of impeachment, embracing the findings of the Frawley investigating committee in substance, lay ready for presentation in the desk of democratic Leader Levy hours before the organization trusted its impeachment resolution to a roll call. With the adoption of this resolution and the creation of a committee headed by Levy, to prepare the articles, a recess was taken. Levy and his associates went through the formality of retiring, to reappear within an hour, and sent the articles to the speaker's desk with a resolution that they be adopted.

A roll call showed the adoption of the articles by a vote of 79 to 22. A committee was appointed to acquaint the senate with the assembly's findings at the meeting of the senate scheduled for 11 o'clock this morning.

May Cease to Be Governor. It was explained to the assembly by the majority leaders that with the presentation to the senate of articles of impeachment William Sulzer would automatically cease to be governor and Martin H. Glynn, lieutenant governor, would assume his office. Sulzer's lawyers, however, entertained a different view.

After the adoption of the articles of impeachment the assembly quickly adopted a resolution, appointing nine managers to conduct the impeachment proceedings on behalf of the lower house. The managers are under the chairmanship of Assemblyman Levy and include five other New York City democrats.

Thereafter under the head of unfinished business the assembly took up consideration of several bills passed at the present session and voted by the governor. With a roll call that moved swiftly and without hitch, the first of the bills was re-passed over the governor's veto.

Many members had been slumbering in their seats during the tedious hours of the prolonged debate. Others, buoyed no longer by the excitement of the impeachment proceedings, leaned back in their chairs and closed their eyes. By the time the first bill had been passed there were audible sounds of deep and labored breathing in some of the members' chairs.

Asleep in Their Seats. Speaker Smith, leaning forward, swept with his eyes rows of men with their heads on their bosoms and their eyes closed.

"A number of the members, I take it, are asleep in their chairs," he thundered, bringing his gavel down with a resounding thump on his desk. "Members will please answer when their names are called."

More whacks of the gavel on the (Continued on Page Two.)

The Tiger's Paw



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

PICKING PLACE FOR MEET

Los Angeles and New Orleans After Knights Templar Conclave.

CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICES

Drill Contests Begin, with Sixteen Picked Teams Striving to Win High Places and the Honors.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 13.—Interest in the possible choice of senior and junior wardens and the city which will be able to capture the next conclave continues to be topics of the moment among the Knights Templar in thirty-second triennial conclave here today, and shared attention with the competitive drilling of sixteen picked drill teams from the Templars of the United States. Templars, according to gossip today, that Texas should receive an honor at their hands as early as possible, and some go so far as to predict the election of Samuel P. Cochran of Houston to the chief office of junior grand warden, so that the Lone Star state may be in line for the chief office in the power of Templars to bestow.

Cochran, on the other hand, is equally insistent that George W. Vallery, chairman of the 1913 conclave committee, is the man for the office.

W. H. Norris of Manchester, Ia., is also being much talked of as a possible winner in the contest, and the Michigan commanderies are supporting Huston B. Coleman of Kalamazoo, and Maine and New York are talking of Frederick C. Thayer of Lewiston, Me., for the office.

No opposition developed today to the candidacy of Leonidas Newby of Knightstown, Ind., for senior grand warden. Los Angeles is still the most talked of city for the next conclave, it being considered by many of the grand encampments that New York is too large a city for the triennial. New Orleans is receiving consideration also.

While Templars were busy considering the politics of the organization, the conclave visitors waxed enthusiastic over the drilling contests.

Starting Drill Contest. Drilling will not be concluded until tomorrow night, eight teams participating today and eight tomorrow.

When Damascus Commandery No. 42, Detroit, marched out into the spacious parade ground of the conclave stadium, the drill contests of the Knights Templar in thirty second triennial conclave began here this morning before thousands of spectators. The Detroit team opened the contest with a brief exhibition drill.

Barred by common agreement from competition in drilling, the Damascus commandery team did not receive markings. Woodlawn Commandery No. 76, Chicago, opened the formation testing drill, executing movements which brought forth continued applause.

Newton Commandery No. 1, Newton, Kan., presented its drill team and had not done with its showing until afternoon.

In the following order drill teams were to appear during the remainder of the day: Kansas City Commandery No. 1, Kansas City, Mo.; Raper Commandery No. 1, Indianapolis; St. Albans Commandery No. 18, St. Louis; Columbia Commandery No. 63, Chicago; Mount Olive Commandery No. 12, Wichita, Kan.; Ascalon Commandery No. 16, St. Louis; and Detroit Commandery No. 1, Detroit (noncompetitive).

Prince Stanislaus and Bride Sail Away

YANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 13.—Prince Stanislaus Suikowski of Austria and his bride, formerly Miss Marie Louise Freese of Los Angeles, sailed for Japan today on the steamship Empress of Russia. A federal warrant for the prince's arrest, charging violation of the Mann white slave act, is outstanding in California.

The National Capital

Wednesday, August 13, 1913.

The Senate. Resumed consideration of tariff bill, taking up agricultural schedule. Senator Saulsbury introduced bill to increase vice president's salary from \$12,000 to \$20,000.

The House. Not in session; meets Friday. Democrats resumed caucus on currency bill. War department recommended expenditure of \$20,000,000 to complete inland waterway from Boston to Beaufort, N. C.

LIND IS MAKING PROGRESS

Special Ambassador's Visit to Mexico is Bearing Fruit.

NOT MERELY INFORMAL CALL Understood American Government Will Oppose Recognition Until a Constitutional Election Has Been Held.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Despatches today to the State department from John Lind described his visit with Frederico Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign relations.

It was understood on good authority that the conversation extended beyond the mere formalities of a social call. Senator Gamboa and Mr. Lind talked briefly about the situation and Mr. Lind is declared to have set at rest rumors that he was coming to interfere in Mexican politics. The understanding in official circles is that Mr. Lind had intimated that the American government would continue to oppose recognition until a constitutional election was held.

WILSON ATTACKS STATEMENT

At Variance with Traditions of British Foreign Office.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Henry Lane Wilson, the furloughed ambassador to Mexico issued a statement here today, attacking the recent statement accredited to the British foreign office, declaring that Great Britain had recognized the Huerta government as a provisional government only; that its recognition was prompted by a desire to contribute to the restoration of order and also because of Wilson's congratulatory speech on the occasion of the reception of Mexico City diplomatic corps by Huerta.

Mr. Wilson characterized the statement as at variance with the traditions of the British foreign office and with the character it has maintained before the world for two centuries.

TORREON IS UNDER SIEGE

Rebels, Under Carranza, Burn Gomez Palacio, a Suburb.

EL PASO, Aug. 13.—American refugees arriving here today from Torreon declare that when they left there ten days ago the rebels under Carranza had burned Gomez Palacio, a suburb of Torreon, and that Torreon had been under siege two weeks.

Mexico City dispatches report that the federalists drove off the rebels after the Americans left.

GO TO BALTIMORE NEXT YEAR

San Francisco Named as Place for Holding 1915 Meeting.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS HELD

Denounced of New Orleans President, with Matre and Heckenkamp Secretary and Treasurer, Respectively.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 13.—Baltimore was unanimously chosen the meeting place of the next convention of the American Federation of Catholic Societies at the closing session today. Officers were re-elected as follows: President, Charles I. Denchard, New Orleans; secretary, Anthony Matre, St. Louis; treasurer, F. W. Heckenkamp, Quincy, Ill.

San Francisco was selected as the place for the 1915 convention. Rev. Raphael suggested that the convention be called in that California city during the Panama exposition and during the "Catholic week," which is to be observed.

The action of the women delegates in voting not to organize a national Catholic Woman's union is still the chief topic in the lobbies of the convention hall. While a lack of financial support is given as the main reason for the action of the women, it is reported that the main topic of the women at the closed meeting yesterday when the negative vote was taken was Archbishop Measmer's refusal to sanction the women's discussing the suffrage question.

The women's organization was known to have been Archbishop Measmer's pet idea for the last two years and it was known that he firmly opposed women suffrage.

The movement, however, is still a live one and when the federation meets next year it is expected another concerted move will be made to form the league whether suffrage is allowed to be debated or not.

Increase in South Dakota Expenses

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 13.—(Special Telegram)—A statement of warrants issued by the state auditor for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1912, and 1913, is as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1912, 1913. Rows include Gen'l fund, Local and endowment, Permanent school, Interest and income, and Totals.

The items of permanent school and interest and income, while covered by warrants issued through the state auditor's department, have really nothing to do with public expenditures, as they are receipts and disbursements from the state lands for the benefit of the common schools and state institutions. The legislative expenses also add to the 1913 expenditures, such having been between \$80,000 and \$100,000.

Carr Wants to Keep Off the Sidetrack

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Pullman Palace Carr, a sailor on the battleship Arkansas, who desires to get on the main track of civil life through the means of an honorable discharge from the navy, has appealed to Senator Bradley of Kentucky to press his case with Secretary Daniels.

Carr, who applied for his discharge several months ago, evidently fears that he has been sidetracked. The Navy department today advised the Jack Tar with the striking news that his application would be railroaded through as quickly as possible. He was assured that no back system was in operation against him. Carr is a native of Kentucky.

DEFENSE SEEKS TO BLACKEN CHARACTER OF WARRINGTON GIRL

Draws from Witness Dates and Places of Other Lapses with Man on Trial.

HER STORY STANDS UNCHANGED

No Attempt Made to Shake Narrative on Cross-Examination.

RENO TRIP JUST AN INCIDENT

Asserts it Merely Episode in a Platonic Friendship.

TELLS OF VARIOUS JAUNTS

Testifies She and Defendant and Caminetti and Lola Norris Had Taken Several Similar Journeys.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 13.—Martha Warrington continued to be the chief and almost the only witness heard today in the trial of the government's case against Maury I. Diggs, former state architect of California, charged under the Mann act with having transported her from Sacramento to Reno for immoral purposes.

She picked up the unfinished story of her intimacy with the defendant and carried it through from beginning to end lowering her eyes at times, hanging her head and dropping her voice almost to a whisper, but never faltering in her answers.

Story Remains Unchanged. Indeed, there was no attempt to shake her narrative on cross examination. The defense sought to widen her admissions of immorality and drew from her the dates and places of other lapses with the defendant, but efforts to bring in the names of other men were blocked. When she left the stand, still subject to further examination tomorrow, her story remained unchanged. She said he had induced her to leave home against her wishes and judgment; it was he who had bought her transportation and their trip to Reno had not been merely an episode in a platonic friendship.

During the cross-examination Diggs constantly prompted the questions of his attorneys and steadily kept his eyes upon the girl's veiled face, but she as constantly avoided his gaze. When the essentials of her previous testimony were called into doubt she made her answers a stronger reaffirmation.

Court's Admonitions Startle. The court room was somewhat startled in the afternoon session by the emphatic admonitions of the judge to the jury that the case must not be discussed by the jurors, particularly with any friends of Diggs or Drew Caminetti, co-defendant in another case on a like indictment. They must not even allow the case to be mentioned in their hearing or read about it in the newspapers.

These are usual instructions to jurors, but the emphasis with which they were twice repeated by Judge Van Fleet this afternoon gave rise to inquiries which he would not satisfy. He refused absolutely to discuss his reason and Theodore Roche, who has thus far conducted the government's case, would be no more specific, although he did say that there was reason for the court's order. One juror admitted that he had been in company where the case was discussed, though he did not join in the talk.

Wants Roche on Stand. Just before adjournment Nathan Coglan, for the defense, asked permission to place Roche on the stand. On the return trip from Reno, he said, while all four were under arrest, Marsha Warrington had given to Assistant District Attorney Atkinson of Sacramento a statement of the shipment, which was taken down by an official court reporter, and which was entirely at variance, he was informed, with her testimony in court. The defense wished this statement in evidence.

Judge Van Fleet held that he has no power to compel the prosecution to surrender the statement, but he was willing that it should be introduced by agreement and, if introduced, that it should be made the basis of cross-examination. Roche resisted the motion.

Story Foreshadowed. The story Lola Norris will tell was foreshadowed lightly when Miss Warrington testified that she and Diggs had been companions of Caminetti and Miss Norris on various trips to San Francisco, Stockton and San Jose, where they had registered under false names as married couples.

Two minor witnesses—the managing editor of a Sacramento newspaper and the probation officer of Sacramento county—denied today that there had been any connection with the names of the four on that arrests were impending if they remained in Sacramento. Miss Warrington had testified that Diggs had told her such was the case and this fear had been her prime motive in leaving her home.

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Reverberation! Have you ever started out to do some shopping, and spent about four times as much time as you thought it would take and wound up disgusted, disgruntled and dissatisfied?

Of course you have. We all have done it. In the end we wake up to the fact that we have consumed a lot of time, energy and money to obtain a far from satisfactory result. And all because we were operating without a rudder, so to speak. We were taken where we wanted to go but we were not getting there.

A little careful study of our newspaper advertising would have prepared us if we had taken the course to insure ourselves.

Try it the next time you start out on a shopping expedition. The result will gratify you tremendously.