

AUTO KILLS BRECKENRIDGE

Slips Before Wheels and Receives Abdominal Injuries.

WIFE SEATED IN THE CAR

Dead Jurist an Authority on Insurance Law, Widely Traveled and for Thirty Years Prominent in Omaha.

Ralph W. Breckenridge, for nearly thirty years a prominent member of the Omaha bar, a leader in the work of the Methodist church, club man, traveler, author, an insurance lawyer and one of the most widely known of Omaha's citizens, was killed in an automobile accident at Des Moines Friday night in the presence of his wife.

He was run over by his own motor car. Mrs. Breckenridge and Mrs. John W. Towle of 362 Pacific street, Omaha, were in the car when the accident occurred and Mr. Towle was nearly killed. The party had motored from Omaha yesterday and planned to go on to Colfax. They had crossed the main part of Des Moines, but on the east side, Mr. Breckenridge became uncertain as to the proper road to take. Stopping near a drug store, he asked Mr. Towle to indicate the way.

As the machine stood by the curb an interurban car approached and started to turn. Thinking there was not sufficient room between the track and the automobile for the car to make the turn, Mr. Breckenridge climbed out of the car to crank it. He had considerable difficulty in cranking the machine, but finally started the engine. The machine proved to be in gear and started forward. For a second Mr. Breckenridge seemed to stand still, uncertain what to do. Then he began to push as if to stop the automobile, but he slipped and the machine went on, the wheels passing over his abdomen. Des Moines police surgeons said death was due to abdominal injuries.

Wife Stops Engine. The machine moved upon the sidewalk when Mr. Breckenridge, who was in the front seat, reached over and stopped the engine. Mr. Towle was alone in the back seat. The automobile stopped a few feet from the door of a dealer. Mr. Towle ran out of the door and helped carry Mr. Breckenridge inside, but he died without receiving consciousness before a doctor could reach him.

Mrs. Breckenridge is nearly overcome by shock and grief and is being cared for at a Des Moines hotel. The body of Mr. Breckenridge was brought back to Omaha last night.

The party of four left Omaha yesterday morning. They had planned to spend the night and part of today at Colfax, then to go to Waterloo for a day, then to Fort Dodge and back to Omaha.

Native of Ohio. Ralph W. Breckenridge was born at Carlisle, O., on March 14, 1863. He was educated in the common schools of Iowa, to which state his parents had removed after his birth, and later read law in the office of his father, Charles F. Poole Breckenridge, and was admitted to the bar and began his practice at Cresco, Ia., just after he had attained his majority. From there he came to Omaha, and in 1884 became associated with Charles J. Greene, an association that, with one short interval, was continued to his last, the firm being at present Greene, Breckenridge, Bentley & Woodruff. Mr. Breckenridge was president of the Nebraska State Bar association in 1902; he was a prominently active member of the American Bar association, was chairman of its insurance committee at the time the great insurance companies of the country were under inquiry, and was later a member of the executive committee.

Republican in Politics. Mr. Breckenridge was a republican in politics, and while he never sought office, he was active in the councils of the party locally, and took a deep interest in the campaigns always. He was affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal church and was prominently identified with the affairs of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Omaha, where his advice and services were always sought. His social activities may be understood to a degree when it is mentioned that in addition to his professional and religious connections, he was a member of Lovett lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Bellevue chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Mount Calvary commandery, Knights Templar, was a member of the Connecticut Society of Mayflower Descendants, was once president of the Nebraska Society of Sons of the American Revolution and was also a member of the Omaha, Happy Hollow, Field and Vome Lake clubs.

Student of Insurance Law. In his profession Mr. Breckenridge made a specialty of insurance law and had written many articles and delivered many lectures on the subject. Some three years ago he made a tour of the world, and on his return privately published letters he had written to his son, descriptive of his journey, an account that attracted much attention among the friends who were favored with a copy of the work.

Mr. Breckenridge was married to Miss Harriet A. Allen at Burlington, Vt., on September 12, 1888. Mrs. Breckenridge and two children, Myra and Warren, survive him.

The funeral services will be at the home at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon, with interment in Forest Lawn cemetery.

Arrested on Old Murder Charge. "MADAM PLAIN," Aug. 9.—W. T. Blackley is under arrest at Klamath, Fla., charged with the murder of his wife and four other persons in 1904. He was arrested here on a charge of murder in 1904.

Doesn't See "Materiality." "I don't see," broke in Judge Van Fleet, "the materiality of any question of coercion. I don't see that it is material whether the girls were detected or not."

"The jury may see the materiality," offered Devlin.

"I think the jury will not see the materiality of anything," pronounced the court. "That the court instructs them is immaterial."

Mooser Introduces Currency Measure. WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Another currency bill was introduced in the house today by Representative Lindbergh of Minnesota, progressive member of the banking and currency committee. The bill contemplates the use of bank reserves to meet extraordinary demands in times of financial stress and the substitution of emergency currency for the reserves.

OMAHA JURIST WHO WAS KILLED IN MOTOR CAR ACCIDENT.



Ralph W. Breckenridge

WOMEN'S STORY WILL DECIDE

Testimony of Girls Must Make Good Case of Government.

RENO HOTEL CLERK A WITNESS. Swears Diggs and Camilletti, with Female Companions, Registered as Men and Wives Under Assumed Names.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—Straight down the posted path of the order of proof rolled the Diggs trial yesterday, without a halt and without a thrill. Not until court convenes again next Tuesday will come the vivid moments for which crowds of sensation hunters scrambled over each other this morning. In the hope of penetrating to a court room too small to hold them, on that day Marsha Warrington and Lola Norris will tell of their flight from Sacramento to Reno in the early morning of March 19, their three days there in a furnished bungalow, and the arrest that followed, ending in the present prosecution under the Mann act of Maudy Diggs and Drew Camilletti, the two young men whom the government charges transported them there for immoral purposes.

Pivots on Their Testimony. The case pivots on the testimony of the two girls. It is they who must make good the government's statements of its case; who must swear that they were frightened into leaving their homes, against their desires and judgment, by threats of exposure; that marriage was promised them, and that they accepted transportation in that understanding.

The government does not conceal its desire to mass this testimony. "We wish," said counsel, "that Miss Warrington's testimony should be heard in its entirety, both on direct and cross-examination. Our present intention is that she should take the stand Tuesday, and her testimony will be followed by that of Miss Norris."

Recalled Being Tipped. The porter of the car remembered that a party of four occupied the stateroom in question, and he was positive he had been adequately tipped, but could not swear to an identification of either Diggs or Camilletti.

A hotel clerk at Reno was more specific. He swore that he saw both the defendants register under assumed names at his house with two young women as men and wives. G. O. Johnson, a lumberman, had taken a drink with the two girls at Reno—of lemonade. A grocer's delivery man had carried orders to the bungalow, after accepting them from Diggs, and the government has more testimony of the same sort.

But the presence of the four at Reno was established by their arrest. What the government has not yet proved hard and fast is the manner in which they got there and who paid for the tickets, and since the Mann act makes it a felony to transport women from one state to another for immoral purposes, it is precisely this point that must be settled as quickly as possible.

Judge Van Fleet made plain yesterday when he held that the character of the girls was not in issue. Besides the testimony which the government hopes to get on this point from both young women, there are the letters which the government has said it will show Diggs wrote to Marsha Warrington after the return exhorting her to stand firm and confess nothing.

Theodore Kyka, a handwriting expert, testified today that the handwriting of a letter shown him was the same as that of checks and notes previously identified by the vice president of the Sacramento bank, in which Diggs kept his deposits. Although one of these letters was produced in court today, its text did not become known.

Again the court showed its attitude toward the construction of the statute and the issue at bar when it cut short the testimony of Mrs. Kate Moore, a neighbor who had been invited by "Enright" (Diggs) to meet "his wife" and share in an evening of music. The object of the defense, Attorney Devlin explained, in bringing out this testimony and that of A. J. Murgan, the real estate clerk who had rented the bungalow, was to show that there had been no depression involving coercion.

Bankers from West. In addition to Omaha and South Omaha representatives of the clearing house, there were present from the section covered by The Bee, S. K. Warrick, president of the First National bank of St. Paul, Neb.; John McHugh, president of the First National bank of Sioux Falls, S. D.; O'Connell of Fort Dodge; J. A. Reynolds, president of the Des Moines National bank; and Homer Miller, president of the Iowa National bank of Des Moines.

READJUSTMENT SALE SPECIALS

Orkin Brothers Store Closes Daily at 5 P. M. Store Closes Saturdays at 6 P. M.

Monday Specials. No Mail or Phone Orders Accepted. Quantities Limited. 8 for 25c Soap, regular price 5c; Monday, 8 for 25c. 7c Toilet Water, 54c. 54c Toilet Water, regular 75c bottle; Monday 54c. Men's Talcum, 9c. 9c Men's Talcum Powder, regular 25c box. 10c Laces at 8c. Cotton laces, in edges, insertions and bands; 2 1/2 to 4 inches wide; 10c value, yard. 35c Laces, 12 yards, 15c. 12 yds. 15c Val lace, edgings and insertions, French and German makes; values to 35c, 12 yards. 75c Embroideries at 39c. Embroidered Flouncings, 40 to 45 inches wide; also 27-inch flouncings in cambric and Swiss; values to 75c, yard. 39c.

Choice From Our Entire Stock of DRESSES, SUITS AND COATS. Formerly Priced at \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00 and even \$45.00, Monday for \$7.95. NOT a single garment excepted, and no matter what the former price may have been or how desirable the dress, suit or coat may be you are offered unrestricted choice of the entire assortment of summer ready to wear for \$7.95.

The New Fall Suits Are Here Let Us Show Them to You EVERY day new fall suit creations make their appearance in our show rooms. Style supremacy is again this season as in the past, synonymous with the name Orkin. We invite you to come and see them. No trouble to show you. They are moderately priced too.

Sale of ENAMELWARE. A VERY important sale for Monday of enamelware, three-coated, blue and white. No phone orders. Here's an idea: Dish Pans and Water Pails, worth \$1.25, sale price 49c. Double Bolders, worth \$1.00, sale price 39c. Water Pitchers, worth \$1.25, sale price 59c. Tea Kettles, worth \$1.75, sale price 79c. Fruit Jar Fundamentals, 5c value, 2c. Clothes Pins, Hardwood, 75 for 5c. Hammocks Greatly Reduced. Every Hammock in the house included in 2 lots: Hammocks worth to \$1.25 49c. Hammocks worth to \$2.75 75c.

Orkin Bros.—Your Home Store. We Heartily Recommend Dainty MELOROSE BEAUTY CREAM. FACE POWDER AND ROUGE. These preparations have stood the test of time and are recommended by most leading actresses and women of note than any other toilet article in the world. This perfect cleanser and massage cream has no equal; excellent for complexion, freckles, tan, wrinkles, pimples, blackheads, chapped hands or face, etc., does not grow dull or turn rancid, and has a very dainty odor; suggestive of fresh flowers; defies sun, wind and dust; the regular 50c size at 45c. FREE! A copy of the catchy MELOROSE WALTZ free to every patron who asks for it—Melorose Booth Mon.

OMAHA BANKERS AT CAPITAL

Take Part in Conference with Secretary of Treasury McAdoo. MILLION TO THE GATE CITY. Financiers of West Regard Move with Favor and Give Opinion on Currency Bill—Davis Talks of Conference.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—P. J. Davis, vice president of the First National bank of Omaha; J. De Forest Richards, cashier of the Omaha National bank; and J. C. French, cashier of the Stock Yards National bank of South Omaha, a committee appointed by the Clearing House association of Omaha, arrived in Washington yesterday morning in response to a request of Secretary McAdoo to confer with other bankers of the west on the advisability of the government loaning certain banks in the west, northwest and south \$20,000,000 for the purpose of moving the crops. Nearly forty bankers were present this morning at the Treasury department when John Skelton Williams, assistant secretary of the treasury, presented the case of the government to the assembly and asked for their unreserved opinions as to the desirability and the feasibility of the scheme.

Character of Plan. "The committee to each clearing house where depository banks are located is to have the right to approve the bonds and commercial paper with the concurrence of the assistant treasurer wherever subtreasuries are located and where there is no subtreasury, the secretary of the treasury is to designate some reputable business man to represent the department. "These deposits," continued Mr. Davis, "are to be available to the bank in a short time and are to be repaid in installments as follows: "Fifteen per cent by December 15, 20 per cent by January 15, 2014; 30 per cent by February 15 and 35 per cent by March 15. "The southern bankers in their conference with Secretary McAdoo yesterday stated that they could return the deposits at shorter intervals than named above while the western bankers in their session today asked that the time limit be extended for one to two months in view of the changed conditions in the movement of crops to market. "Mr. Davis said the meeting today developed a very general popularity of the movement and it was the general expression that the administration had taken a very long step forward, one which the country, he believed, would enthusiastically approve. Mr. Davis was of the opinion that the proposition made was on a fair and liberal basis and would be received throughout the country with favor. "Following the morning session of the western bankers, Secretary McAdoo, acting as a chaperon, presented the delegation of leading money kings of the west to President Wilson, who felicitously welcomed them to Washington. "The president asked for their cooperation in behalf of the good of the country and said the administration stood ready to aid business wherever possible. "At the afternoon session Senator Owen of Oklahoma, chairman of the banking and currency committee of the senate, addressed the bankers, outlining the cardinal features of the Glass-Owen currency bill and inviting suggestions. "Mr. Davis was one of the principal speakers on the bill, insisting, as did others from his section, that there should be a reduction in the required percentage of deposits in federal banks, and suggested that if this were done it would tend very materially to the strengthening of the bill in the estimation of the bankers and business men of the west. "After a very general and very frank discussion of the proposed currency bill, it was the consensus of opinion that if the bill would reduce the required deposits to 3 per cent and would reduce the amount of cash to be held to 5 per cent of total deposits, it would be better to pass the bill at once rather than let it go over to the regular session of congress. "Of course the management of the proposed federal banks will come up for discussion later on when the bill gets into the house and will be subject for further conference. "In view of the number of depository banks in Omaha, the Gate City will be entitled to receive a little more than \$100,000 to help move the bumper crop of Nebraska. "Mr. Davis and Mr. French will return to Omaha tomorrow, Mr. Richards planning to spend a few days at Atlantic City before returning west. "Sylvia Pankhurst Wants to Lead Next Sunday's Women Riot. LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Sunday afternoon suffragette riot has become as much of a feature in London life as the mounting of guards at St. James palace and other set events. Sylvia Pankhurst, the militant suffragette, promises to lead next Sunday's riot. The battle cry will be "On to Downing street!" where the residence of Premier Asquith is situated. The free speech defense committee invited Miss Pankhurst to address a meeting in Trafalgar square Sunday afternoon, but imposed the condition that she should not ask her hearers to go to Downing street. Miss Pankhurst declined this invitation tonight and issued a notice to the "lovers of freedom," in which she says: "I believe it is an argument of sticks and stones from the east end—a general popular revolt—that will win the fight for women as it did for men in the past. Therefore, when the free speech people have done their talking I shall be in the square to go with you to Downing street. "Yours in freedom's cause, (Signed) "SYLVIA PANKHURST."

DOUBLE-BARRELED LOBBY PROBE RESUMED MONDAY. WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The two lobby investigations under way in congress after a series of short sessions this week will be resumed Monday with the prospect of some further important testimony bearing on legislative activities by the National Association of Manufacturers and allied organizations. When the senate committee ceased work today, James A. Emery, counsel for the association, was still on the stand. Key to the Situation—Bee Advertising.