

Julius Orkin
1510 DOUGLAS ST.

THE GREAT FINAL SALE!

THIS particular sale is one that you cannot afford to miss as it is the final clearance of all our Suits, Coats, Dresses and Skirts that have sold for and up to \$25.00—choice Saturday, at . . .

\$5.00

150 Cloth Suits ..
50 Linen Suits ..
75 Cloth Coats ..
250 Wash Dresses ..
300 Cloth Skirts ..

825 garments worth up to \$25.00, your choice Saturday.....

\$8.75 Dresses \$3.98 **Suits and Coats**
Over 200 Summer Dresses and Frocks; scores of styles and all sizes; former prices were \$7.50 to \$8.75; Saturday at—
\$3.98 that have sold at \$39.50, \$45.00 or more; your choice at—
\$10.00 and \$15.00

JULIUS ORKIN---1510 Douglas St.

It takes no Mathematician to figure where the gain comes in while buying suits at HALF price!

Imagine spending HALF for your car fare; HALF for your meals; HALF for your home rental; all this would be startling, and of course impossible, but you HAVE the chance to save HALF on the CLOTHES YOU WEAR, and THAT'S just as important. Don't look back upon Brooks' Half Price Suit Sale and WISH you had bought; wishing doesn't put a snappy new suit upon your back. Better be here Saturday—while suits are offered you—any of 'em—at HALF.

<p>\$10.00 For \$20 Suits</p> <p>\$12.50 For \$25 Suits</p> <p>\$15.00 For \$30 Suits</p>	<p>For \$20 Suits</p> <p>For \$25 Suits</p> <p>For \$25 Suits</p> <p>For \$25 Suits</p> <p>For \$30 Suits</p> <p>For \$30 Suits</p> <p>For \$30 Suits</p>	<p>BROOKS</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">CHOICE AT A PRICE</p> <p>BROOKS</p>	<p>Any \$35 Suit</p> <p>Any \$35 Suit</p> <p>Any \$35 Suit</p> <p>Any \$35 Suit</p> <p>Any \$40 Suit</p> <p>Any \$40 Suit</p> <p>Any \$40 Suit</p> <p>Any \$40 Suit</p> <p>All Suits at</p> <p>All Suits at</p> <p>All Suits at</p> <p>All Suits at</p>	<p>\$17.50</p> <p>\$20.00</p> <p>Half!</p>
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Sparkling Styles.... Stylish Materials....

SEE what George has, anyway—you will not obligate yourself to BUY, if you merely wish to "look" —Brooks wants only to Prove his "HALF" prices.

Brooks

Corner Sixteenth and Harney Streets, City National Bank Building

NO strings tied to any suit—Brooks has nothing packed away—EVERY Suit in his stock goes into the selling—absolutely no garment withheld from you.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Sarcophagus. Lighting Fixtures, Burgess-Granden Co. Have Foot Print It—Now Beacon Press, Fidelity Storage & Van Co.—Doug. 1515.

The Flatiron—Omaha's high grade frame hotel, 15th & St. Mary's, Transient rms. May Sued for Slander—Leona Bostick has brought suit against Frank A. Ray for \$5,000, charging that he has maliciously sought to damage her character by circulating defamatory stories about her. She operates a grocery store at 423 Lake street.

Wants Divorce and Her Son—Cora G. Glasgow has sued for divorce from George Glasgow on the grounds of desertion. They were married in Iowa in 1905. She alleges that he deserted her June 11. She prays custody of her minor child.

Start on New Store—Workmen have begun excavation for the new building to be erected at the southwest corner of Twenty-eighth and Farnam. When completed it will be occupied by Sommer Bros. grocers, now located across the street.

Wagon Sped 5 Years.

Sue for Injured Hand—Mike Tomasz has sued the Cudahy Packing company and Frank Conley jointly for \$5,000, alleging that it was through the negligence of the defendants that his hand was injured and permanently disabled while working in the soap department of the packing plant.

Water Board is Sued—Tony Sesto who was fired by the Water board after he had been employed as a meter fitter and meter reader for a time, has brought his troubles into the district court. He sues the board for the sum of \$46, alleging that is the amount he lost between the time he was discharged and the time he secured another job twenty days later. He alleges he had a verbal contract with the Water board and that they should have kept him.

Backwater Floods Basement—Backwater from a sewer in the Woodmen of the World building filled the basement to a depth of nearly a foot and for a time the engineer was in danger of a flood, which would have done incalculable damage. The floor of the cafe in the basement was covered with water, necessitating closing it for the day. Men with pails worked all morning dipping out the water after plumbers had gotten to the sewer and stopped the back flow. The elevator service was unharmed, the engines operating them being next to the roof of the building.

DEMOS IN AIR OVER MONEY

"Insurgents" of Banking Committee Fight Currency Bill.

WRITTEN FOR CREDITOR CLASSES

Henry Makes Bitter Attack on Measure and is Summoned to White House, Where Long Conference is Held.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The administration currency bill became today the center of chaos in the conference of democratic members of the house banking and currency committee. After a stormy session today the conference broke up tonight with an interminable series of opposition and discussion opened up, and the prospects of an agreement on the bill apparently reduced to a vague and shadowy hope.

Even Chairman Glass, champion of the bill on the house side, was about ready to abandon the idea of getting his colleagues together. President Wilson regarded the situation as so serious that he arranged for a conference at the White House tonight with Representative Henry of Texas, chairman of the house rules committee, who has been advising with the insurgent committee. The interview lasted until well into the night.

The conference today was turbulent from the outset.

Discusses Wilson's Attitude.

After reopening the discussion of the fundamental feature of the bill, the government control through the board powers of the proposed federal reserve board, Representative Bulkeley of Ohio held the floor for an hour in a rather free discussion. President Wilson's attitude toward the bill, it became apparent that the proposal to keep this board a strictly government institution, urged by President Wilson as one of the essentials, was a point of wide disagreement.

Then Representative Ragsdale presented a set of amendments practically rewriting the essentials of the bill. These amendments, framed by Representative Henry and Representative Ragsdale, represent the sentiment of the so-called "insurgent" democrats on the currency question and provision for currency issued on warehouse receipts for cotton, corn and wheat. Representatives Henry and Ragsdale announced their intention of fighting for the amendments, not only in the conference of the committee democrats, but in the full committee, the democratic caucus and possibly on the floor of the house.

Glass Up in the Air.

Chairman Glass said tonight that at the close of the day's session he suggested the impossibility of the democrats agreeing and proposed that they take the uncompleted bill to the full committee and try to reach an agreement with the minority members, or that they take it to the democratic caucus.

The majority, however, believed they should make a further attempt to thresh out their differences in conference.

President Wilson's recently published political work, "The New Freedom," furnished the text of Representative Bulkeley's discussion. Mr. Bulkeley quoted from the president's work passages which he said showed that when the book was written President Wilson was opposed to the idea of placing vast governmental responsibilities in the hands of restricted bodies which in any way might be controlled or influenced by financial or industrial interests. On this basis the Ohio representative argued strenuously against the broad powers conferred on the Federal Reserve board by the Glass bill.

Tellies in the Lurch.

In a statement accompanying the amendments Representative Henry wholly in the interests of the creditor classes, the banking fraternity and the financial world, without proper provision for the debtor classes and those who toil and produce and sustain the country.

"If large business and the bankers," said the statement, "are determined to again force the government into a partnership with the banks and we are to disregard the teachings of Jefferson, Jackson, Calhoun, Benton and Bryan, and again institute marriage relations between the government and the banks in order to establish a huge and permanent asset currency plan, then I insist that we amend and round out the Glass-Owen bill so as to permit the farmer and wage earner to come into the scheme on the same terms, at the same cost and upon the identical principles upon which we admit the banker and the commercial."

CHEAP COAL TO WATERWORKS

Minneapolis Plant Now Furnished Fuel for \$2.06 Per Ton.

AFRAID OF THE FINAL ISSUE

Howell and Webster Are at Their Wits' End as to Outcome of Test Case Regarding Million Dollars in Ure's Hands.

After a protracted session with R. Beecher Howell, general manager of the Metropolitan Water district, the representatives of the Donoho-Engler coal firm agreed to a reduction in the contract price of the coal furnished for the Minneapolis water plant and the board of directors of the water district correspondingly reduced the B. T. U. test standard. The price of the coal was reduced from \$2.14 to \$2.06 per ton.

The coal company, it is understood, has been furnishing the water plant coal at an actual loss, because of the rigid enforcement of the B. T. U. test, which has been considerably lower than the figure fixed in the contract. Forty-one cars of coal have been delivered under this contract and following test a settlement price of \$1.82 a ton was reached and the board of directors approved this agreement.

Reserve Purchasing Power.

The board of directors reserves power to purchase coal elsewhere without invalidating the contract with the Donoho-Engler company, although General Manager Howell states that the supply will still be secured from the same company.

At the meeting yesterday afternoon Attorney John L. Webster failed to advise the board as to what action it should take to compel the treasurer, W. G. Ure, to turn over \$1,000,000 in water district of Omaha funds to the new Metropolitan Water district, created by the law lobbied through the legislature by Howell.

"I'm not worrying about this," said Webster, referring to Ure's decision to hold on to the funds, on advice of attorneys and his bondsmen, until the courts order him to turn it over. "We had a conference this morning and I listened to opinions and gave my own."

Ure, his attorney, E. H. Baird, Howell and Webster were in secret session from 9:30 o'clock in the morning until nearly noon, but nothing came of the conference.

Ure is, in reality, seeking to test the constitutionality of the Metropolitan Water district law, insofar as it concerns the handling of the water funds. First, he desires to know if he is legally bound to transfer the \$1,000,000 now held to the account of a corporation separate and distinct from the corporate city of Omaha; and, second, if the law means this, whether or not it is constitutional.

There is a well-defined rumor around Water board headquarters to the effect that Howell and Webster are loath to bring the matter to a head, fearing the case may go against them, and knowing that if it does the Water board will be facing the greatest crisis in its history. It is believed the board may select to work under the new law for six months or so without testing the constitutionality of the law and then bring the case to trial, hoping to secure lenient, or at least less, literal construction of it on the ground that they had been operating under it without interference. With the profits being piled up, it would be possible to run the plant without using the \$1,000,000 Ure holds.

However, if this course is pursued the water consumers will suffer most and improvements would, of necessity, be favorably open. For several months the board has been refusing repeatedly and steadfastly to create new water districts and extend its services on the ground that it would soon be operating under a new law which gives it greater power. Since one excuse is as good as another it is now believed the board will excuse itself from extending mains for the reason that the funds are tied up and money to pay the small part cost of extending mains is not available.

Attorney Webster believes the board of directors of the Metropolitan Water district are now vested with power to equalize assessments for water main extensions, a power formerly held by the city council of Omaha. Whether the board will be arbitrary in the matter the attorney does not know.

This question came up when George & Co., for the "steenth time, asked Howell and his board to pay them for water mains they have laid in Dundee at their own expense. Howell asked that the matter be referred to a committee for

Willing to Compete With Lawyers on Gas, Is the Mayor

Mayor James C. Dahman got his Irish up a little last night at the meeting of the Creighton Improvement club in the discussion of the proposed gas franchise ordinance, when D. C. Patterson, following the mayor's speech, stated that the mayor was not much of a business man.

"As to my not being a business man," said the mayor, "I believe the people have looked upon me as something of a business man when they elected me several times as chief executive. I'm not a lawyer, but I'm willing to go up against any of these lawyers on this proposition and tell them the facts as I see them."

"If the present contract is better," said the mayor, "than the one we have proposed, then God help the people of Omaha."

Patterson charged that the proposed ordinance was a corporation measure gotten through by corporation influences.

The mayor declared he was fighting for the interests of the people and had been doing so ever since he was in public life.

F. W. Fitch, president of the Federated Improvement clubs, spoke at considerable length in favor of the proposed ordinance, saying the Creighton Improvement club was the only one of the improvement clubs that had gone on record against the proposed gas franchise. He hoped they would reconsider their action.

Both Fitch and the mayor argued that it would be within the power of the council to reduce the price of gas after five years, and that if the gas company claimed the rate they fixed to be confiscatory, they could go into the courts for relief.

The Persistent and Judicious Use of Newspaper Advertising is the Road to Business Success.

WESTERN PART OF STATE IS VISITED BY GOOD RAINS

Reports to the railroads indicate scattered, but fairly heavy showers scattered over central and western Nebraska Thursday night. Out in the McCook and North Platte sections of the state, there were a number of points where the precipitation was from one-fourth to one-half inch.

Up in the sand hills in the vicinity of Erickson and west, there was a light, drizzling rain all night. Reports say that up in that part of the state temperatures were down in the 40s.

There were fairly heavy rains along the lines of the Northwestern and Burlington in eastern Wyoming.

The Babonic Plague

destroys fewer lives than stomach, liver and kidney diseases, for which Electric Bitters is the guaranteed remedy. For sale by Beston Drug Co.—Advertisement.

DETECTIVES BUSY UNRAVELING COMPLICATED WHITE SLAVE CASE.

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SPEEDER MUST ANSWER CHARGE

Frank Paspiel Identified by Motorcycle Policeman Drummond as Man Who Gave False Name and Failed to Appear.

Detectives of South Omaha are at work unraveling what they believe is a complicated white slave tangle. They are looking for certain men and girls whom they think have been mainly responsible for the delinquency of 17-year-old Marie Murphy, who ten days ago was turned out central sewer lines.

Marie Murphy was a resident of Bellevue. She became acquainted with some strange men there, who brought her to South Omaha and gave her a home in a house of questionable reputation above a saloon in the downtown district, near Q street.

Information as to her condition and environment reached Henry Murphy, city attorney. He instigated an investigation which resulted in his turning the Murphy girl into the hands of the police. The Murphy girl has given the police information regarding the work of certain men, who were responsible for her condition, together with the names of girls about her own age who have met with similar experiences. Detective Sheahan is following some of these clues and it is probable that within a short time some arrests will be made.

Frank Paspiel was arrested yesterday afternoon by Motorcycle Officer Drummond, charged with automobile speeding. Paspiel was stopped by Drummond a short time ago and given notice to appear in police court to answer a similar charge. He gave the officer a flimsy name and failed to show up for trial. Drummond found him yesterday and he will have to square himself before the judge.

Captain Zaloudek is determined to gather into the coils of the police all peddlers in South Omaha selling without

OMAHA GAS COMPANY

NO. 12

"In Black and White."

In 1893 the city attempted to fix the price of gas for 25 future years "in black and white," by inserting a sliding scale of rates, based upon the annual sales of gas.

This sliding scale began at \$1.60 per thousand feet when annual gas sales were 200,000,000 cubic feet, or less, and ended with a rate of \$1.25 when the annual sales exceeded 600,000,000 cubic feet.

Within three years from the time this franchise became effective the Omaha Gas Company REDUCED ITS RATES TO LESS THAN THE FRANCHISE RATES.

Since 1896 gas rates have always been LOWER than the company was authorized to charge. The rate has been \$1.15 since 1906. The franchise said \$1.25.

The franchise of 1893 represented an expression of distrust of elected representatives of the people and of service corporations. It was intended to be a straitjacket upon both for a period of 25 years. It attempted to fix things "in black and white."

Neither the city's representatives nor the gas company knew at that time whether \$1.25 would be a losing price or a high price for gas in 1913. They didn't know whether Omaha would be a city of 50,000 or 200,000.

IF THE GAS COMPANY HAD CHARGED THE FULL RATES AUTHORIZED, THE FRANCHISE OF 1893 WOULD HAVE BEEN A BAD BARGAIN FOR THE PEOPLE, BECAUSE IT ATTEMPTED TO READ THE FUTURE.

The gas company, however, REDUCED RATES from time to time as rapidly as the circumstances affecting the industry made possible.

The compromise franchise to be voted upon August 19th DOES NOT ASSUME THE GIFT OF PROPHECY. It does expressly FORBID GAS

OMAHA GAS COMPANY

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APPAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

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licenses. A Zeman, arrested yesterday afternoon, was one of the first victims of the captain's determination. He will appear in police court this morning. All huckster wagons found by the police without tags or licenses will be taken to the station and the drivers locked up.

To Dedicate Pipe Organ.

Dedication and consecration services will be held Sunday morning at First Presbyterian church on the occasion of the installation of the new pipe organ. The new instrument cost \$3,000 and is said to be one of the finest in the city. The services at the church will begin at 11 o'clock and the following program will be carried out:

Message of greeting from the Ladies' Aid society, by Mrs. R. L. Wheeler.

Presentation of organ to the session by W. B. Chyrek, president of the board of trustees.

Response from the session of the church, by Pastor Rolling Elder J. A. Bradley.

Reading 100th Psalm by session.

Prayer of consecration and dedication by pastor, R. L. Wheeler, D. D.

Musical on new organ and by singing choir.

Reception of members and baptism of children; songs by Mrs. Jean Boyd Richmond.

The organist, J. W. Laupman, will have charge of the music.