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FAIRBANKS ADVISES THE REPUBLICANS TO FORGIVE AND FORGET

Ex-Vice President Makes Harmony Plea to Three Hundred Party Leaders of State and City. URGES INTERMENT OF HATCHET. Quotes McKinley: "Doesn't Pay to Keep Books in Politics."

FORMER VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES HERE.



CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

Democracy Can Only Be Overthrown by United Effort. AGAINST THE RECALL OF JUDGES. So Far as Tried No Improvement on Present System and Tends to Make Jurists Cowards, Declares Speaker.

Forget and forgive was the keynote of an address delivered last night by former Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks at a banquet tendered him by 300 republican leaders of Nebraska. The gathering was fairly representative of both wings of the party in this state and good fellowship prevailed. Mr. Fairbanks had no decided views to express on current legislation nor on democratic policies, except to touch on the income tax section of the Underwood tariff bill. On this matter he declared himself in favor of an income tax, but thought it should be a representative one. The provision for a minimum of \$4,000 he believed too high, and placed the "burden, if it may be so called," on a too small a number of people.

Against Class Taxation. "As a rule," he said, "everybody should bear his portion of the tax burden of the people. It makes for better citizenship and in the end is but common justice. The distribution should be so equalized that it will not be class taxation." To Nebraska republicans the former vice president recommended a "get-together" policy and that they let bygones be bygones. "No proscription spirit should be kept alive," he declared. "No matter how differently good republicans saw their duty a year ago—that doesn't matter now. The test of republicanism today is one's loyalty to republican principles now."

Mr. Fairbanks prefaced his address with the declaration that when he accepted an invitation to address the annual mission school, now in session in this city, he did not presume he would also be called upon to make a political address.

Event Gratifying. "I had not thought that while on my way to Portland, Ore., to speak at the second world's Christian citizenship conference," he said, "of being invited to enjoy the hospitality of the republicans of Nebraska and of Omaha tonight. This event is as gratifying, however, as it is unexpected."

"For many years I have known something of the splendid quality of Nebraska republicanism. I have known your senators and representatives in Washington, and have met your people in the discussion of campaign issues in various quarters of the state. I have been familiar with your development in agriculture, commerce and the like and I have come to feel pretty much at home here."

Occasion Suggests Politics. "This occasion, for which I profoundly thank you, suggests politics—republican politics," he said. "While that is true I have not come for either a formal or extended address. I cannot refrain, however, from expressing my gratitude to the republican party and my unwavering faith in its soundness and efficiency as an agency of government. Although denied a return to power at the last election, it was never more deserving of the public confidence; its principles were never more essential to our largest natural advance."

Blackmail, Murders and Smuggling Plots Revealed by Letters

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—Blackmail, murders, opium smuggling and smuggling of coolies across the border were revealed in letters and documents taken yesterday upon the arrest of Wong Duking, head of the Bing Kung Tong, according to information given out today by federal immigration officials. Death, say the immigration men, was the penalty paid by all who opposed or attempted to betray the schemes of the highlander organization. The deportation of Wong will be sought at once and other Chinese, powerful in many American cities, will speedily be prosecuted, say government officials. Wong for twenty years has been head of the Bing Kung, the most warlike and powerful of the Chinese secret societies. Widespread levying of blackmail, said to be the principal activity of the Bing Kung, was made effective by a score of gunmen on regular salaries with bonuses for killing "big men." The gunmen also protected gambling dens and owners of Chinese and American slave girls. Many letters bear upon the recent Tung war, which extended the length of the Pacific coast, some of them giving specific instructions for the killing of various men. A great number reveal methods of smuggling. One of the documents found was a catechism for smuggling Chinese, preparing them for questions by immigration inspectors if apprehended.

MASON CITY PASTOR IS CALLED TO WASHINGTON

MASON CITY, Ia., June 23.—(Special.)—Dr. Lucius C. Clark, for the last three years pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of this city, has accepted a unanimous call to become pastor of the Hamline Methodist church, the third largest church of Washington, D. C. All that is needed to complete the transaction is for Bishops Cranston and Bristol to make their report according to the regulations of the church. Dr. Clark is considered one of the best pulpits orators in Methodist Iowa and his host of friends in upper Iowa conference are quite sure that he will some day measure up to the full requirements of a bishop in the church. He was born and reared in Grundy county, graduated from Cornell college, has put on finishing touches in the best schools of this and other countries. He has preached at Omaha, Eldora, Belle Plaine, Iowa City, Mason City and other upper Iowa appointments, and is held in very high esteem.

AGED MAN TRIES TO MURDER WIFE; KILLS SELF

KEARNEY, Neb., June 23.—(Special Telegram.)—After attempting to murder his wife, because she would not tell him where she had put the pie that was left from dinner, Henry Peters, 73 years, took his own life by cutting his throat at his home at Pleasanton. Mrs. Peters, who is 77 years old, was knitting in the dining room with her back to the pantry, when Peters asked her if there was any pie left from dinner to which he received a negative answer, which evidently angered the old man. Grabbing a knife from the pantry he stepped behind his wife and slashed her throat. She ran to a neighbor to summon a doctor, who arrived in time to stop the flow of blood. The town marshal was called and upon entering the house found Peters dead, his throat having been badly lacerated by a dull pocket knife. Mrs. Peters will live.

DEAD AND INJURED MEN FOUND UNDER STOLEN AUTO

QUINCY, Mass., June 23.—Beneath an automobile overturned in a ditch in Braintree, a trolley car conductor early today found the body of Alton Tripp, 31 years old, and lying nearby his companion, Daniel Dowling, in a semi-conscious condition. The automobile was one of two which had been stolen during the night from a Nantasket garage while a fire was in progress. According to Dowling, who is on the dangerous list at the Quincy hospital with a fractured skull, he and Tripp were at a hotel in Nantasket when invited by a stranger to ride in the auto. The driver of the car, the man supposed to have stolen it, is believed to have escaped unharmed.

DEMANDS RECORDS IN COAST SLAVE CASE

Kahn Introduces Resolution Calling on the Attorney General for Other Papers. Also Asked for Documents Already Made Request for a Statement. WANTS REASONS FOR THE DELAY. David Starr Jordan Discusses Matter with Chief Executive. CRITICISES M'NAB'S ASSERTION. Not Well Founded, He Says—McReynolds Later Will Give Out His Side of Affairs, It Is Declared.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Resolutions calling on Attorney General McReynolds for all papers in the postponement of the Diga-Caminetti white slave and the Western Fuel company cases in the federal courts of California, were introduced today by Representative Kahn of California. The resolutions are separate, the first calling for all the papers in the white slave case and the other for the papers in the fuel prosecution. President Wilson already has called on Attorney General McReynolds for a statement of the reasons for the postponement. David Starr Jordan called at the White House and talked with President Wilson about the cases. "I told the president that Mr. McNab's statement was not well founded," said Dr. Jordan when his conference was ended. Representative Kahn declared he intended to press his resolution and in doing so claimed the backing not only of the California delegation, but of republican leaders of the house. He said his resolutions would be called up if the judiciary committee, to which they were referred, should not report them within six days.

Mann Will Lead Fight. Representative Mann, republican leader of the house, in a statement today, declared that President Wilson should immediately appoint a new commissioner general of immigration on the ground that Commissioner Caminetti had used "both his political and official influence to prevent his son from being brought to a speedy trial."

MEXICO CITY, June 23.—The capture of the city of Durango is reported unofficially here. There is no telegraphic communication. The city has been under siege for several weeks. Durango, captured by the rebels today, is the center of a district which has been the scene of the destruction of a great amount of property. Much of the damage in the small towns, ranches and mines has been to American property. The railroad service has been interrupted for some time and the rebels have been gradually approaching the city, which is the capital of the state of the same name. The fate of the garrison is unknown.

Ojeda in Dire Straits. DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 23.—Reports that General Pedro Ojeda, the federal commander in Sonora, had surrendered after a four days' battle at Ortiz were denied today by the constitutional junta in Douglas. Official messages from Hermosillo said the battle was resumed today. Junta members asserted, however, that Ojeda was surrounded and cut off from his base of supplies.

Wilson Asks for Report. President Wilson said today he would ask Attorney General McReynolds for a report of all the circumstances which led to the postponement of the Diga-Caminetti white slave case in California, because of which the United States Attorney McNab wired his resignation. The president said he had no knowledge of the affair until he read it in the papers, but it appeared to him at first glance that the reason given for the postponement of the case—that the commissioner general of immigration might attend the trial of his son—was a humane one. The president was of the opinion that the delay would not embarrass the case, though he declared that he would look into the matter.

White House officials declared they had received no message from Clayton Herrington, a San Francisco lawyer, who was reported to have telegraphed President Wilson, demanding the attorney general's removal from office. Representative Hinebaugh of Illinois, progressive, also introduced a resolution for an investigation of the case. He wants the judiciary committee to look into it and hold public hearings. Late today Harrington's telegram demanding the removal of Attorney General McReynolds was received at the White House. Secretary Tumulty will lay it before the president.

JAPANESE STATESMAN COMES TO INVESTIGATE

NEW YORK, June 23.—The Japanese consul general welcomed today Kujiro Okazaki, the member of the Japanese Parliament who reached here yesterday to ascertain sentiment in the east and middlewest on the question of land ownership in the United States by his countrymen. While no special program has been arranged, it is understood that Mr. Okazaki will meet tomorrow the representatives of Japanese board of trade and J. Soyeda and T. Kamiya, who are in the United States on a similar errand. Messrs. Soyeda and Kamiya are expected to reach New York tomorrow from Washington. They will visit the president of the New York Chamber of Commerce and discuss with him the situation and it is regarded as likely that Mr. Okazaki will be with them when they go to.

The Second Lesson



REBELS CAPTURE DURANGO

City Surrenders to Insurgents After Long Siege. OJEDA IS IN DIRE STRAITS. Federal Army in Sonora Surrounded by State Troops—Battle Which Began on Thursday Is Still On.

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ACCUSED MAN IS TAKEN TO GLENWOOD FOR TRIAL

Francisco Guidice, accused of murdering Howard Jones, was brought into Council Bluffs yesterday morning from Logan, where he has been held in jail since his arraignment in the district court here last week. In the automobiles were Sheriff Hook of Logan, Sheriff Lindsey and Deputy Sheriff Richardson of Council Bluffs. The party tarried at the county jail in the Bluffs long enough to await the appearance of County Attorney Capell, Assistant County Attorney Ware and Attorney J. J. Hess, who occupied another automobile and followed the prisoner to Glenwood. Neither Guidice nor any of the officers left the automobile from the time they started at Logan yesterday morning until they reached the court house at Glenwood. The Italian appeared to be quite cheerful when the car reached the county jail, but seemed to become apprehensive when the journey was not promptly resumed.

JUDGMENT FOR MILLION IN UTAH MINING SUIT

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, June 23.—A judgment ordering the payment of \$750,000 damages with interest and costs, making a total of over \$1,000,000, by the Silver King Coalition company, by the Silver King Consolidated company was made by the United States district court here today. The judgment followed the refusal of the United States supreme court to review the case. Former Senator Thomas Kearney is principal owner of the defendant company, which operates mining property adjoining that of the plaintiff at Park City, Utah. The litigation arose over the charge that the Silver King Coalition company had defrauded the Silver King Consolidated company, while the two were working under a joint agreement to prevent an apex dispute.

Barton Takes Steps to Get More Money for War Jubilee

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Aroused by reports that the appropriation of \$30,000 was too small to take care of veterans at the Gettysburg celebration next week, Representative Barton today took steps to have an adequate appropriation made. At the opening of the house session he asked the speaker if the secretary of war had reported to the house for such an appropriation. He learned that no request had been made. "I shall take this matter up with the secretary of war at once," said Mr. Barton, after the house had adjourned. "If it is true as reported that present funds are insufficient to care for the soldiers at Gettysburg, the War department ought to have asked congress for such an appropriation. If I find that conditions demand it, I shall endeavor to secure an appropriation sufficient to cover any need that may arise."

Pine Forest May Be Added to the Vatican

ROME, June 23.—Owing to the precarious health of the pontiff after his recent illness, it is understood negotiations are now going on between the holy see and Prince Torlonia for the purchase of a pine wood, owned by the prince which lies close to the Vatican gardens. This wood can be reached either by means of an underground passage or an archway and would enable the pope to enjoy a very much larger area for his walks.

DOCTORS' TRUST A GODSEND

So Declares Health Commissioner in "Split Fee" Talk. GREAT BENEFIT FOR THE SICK. Patients Would Then Always Get Expert Service and More Correct Diagnosis Would Be Made. A physicians' trust—a mutual organization or an association of doctors headed by one man and assisted by a salaried corps—would solve the problem of the "split fee" and will be a godsend to the sick, according to Health Commissioner Ralph W. Connell and other physicians who have given the matter thought. "In such an institution the assembled experts would be always at the service of the patients and it would be certain that correct diagnosis would be made," said Dr. Connell. "While the fees would probably not, in the beginning, be greatly decreased, the sick would find it more convenient."

Opinion of Expert

A prominent local bacteriologist, who does not want to be quoted, believes the day of the lone practitioner of medicine is passing, and the time is coming when an association of physicians will treat all human ills. He said: "The practice of medicine is falling into the hands of experts and the expense of a diagnosis and a treatment is gradually increasing because of this division. The day of the doctor of general practice is passing—it must pass—and the time is coming when all medical diagnosis and treatment will be done by associations of physicians. "For my part I do not care whether these associations are mutual or headed by one man who employs the others. And the physicians who are intensely interested in their work ought not to care. It will be for the good of the patients and will help the medical profession. "It has become so that a patient cannot be treated if he has a complicated disease without going broke in the process. He will go first to one physician and then to another to find out what is the matter with him and each time he is examined and sent on for another diagnosis or operation it costs him \$25 or so. "By the time a patient gets around to where he has to have the final treatment or an operation he is usually in straitened circumstances. He ought to be able to go to an institution, pay a flat fee of \$25, be examined and treated without further expense. And he will be able to do this when doctors get together. "This physician recently returned from a study of work in eastern hospitals. Other physicians, returning from a meeting of a medical association in Minneapolis, voiced similar sentiments. One was against such organizations. "May be a good thing," he said, "but everybody would want to be head of it. Physicians could never get together and agree in such an institution. It's a dream. I'm afraid, even though the Mayo brothers have made a success of a scheme something like it."

Text of the Message

"Mr. Speaker, Mr. President, Gentlemen of the Congress: "It is under the compulsion of what seems to me a clear and imperative duty that I have a second time this session sought the privilege of addressing you in person. I know, of course, that the heated season of the year is upon us, that work in these chambers and in the committee rooms is likely to become a

Hot Weather Things for Your Table

Frequently at this time of the year one is in a quandary what to provide for the most important meal of the day. Breakfast and luncheon are problems easily enough solved, but the dinner bill of fare is not so quickly arranged, particularly when there are numerous mouths to feed and the family purse is none too portly. It is astonishing how helpful a paper like THE BEE can often be—particularly the advertising columns. Shrewd readers can find many hints of value in THE BEE's advertising columns; many things that aid in quickly deciding what "to have for dinner."

Extraordinary Demand for Harvest Hands in Kansas

PRATT, Kan., June 23.—Twenty-one automobiles and twelve teams were waiting at the depot for harvest hands last night when a train arrived here. This country needs 200 more harvest hands and but few are coming.

PRESIDENT MAKES PERSONAL PLEA FOR MONEY LEGISLATION

Second Appearance of Chief Executive Before Joint Session of Congress Notable Event. HE URGES PROMPT ACTION. Banking Reform Needed to Supplement New Tariff Law. DOES NOT ENDORSE GLASS BILL. Says, However, that It Was Prepared with His Approval. ALL GALLERIES ARE CROWDED. Admission is by Card and Only One is Issued to Each Senator and Representative—Text of the Message.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Bearing a personal plea for immediate action by congress to revise the banking and currency laws, that business may be aided in meeting tariff revision, President Wilson for the second time went to the house of representatives today and personally read his address on the subject to both houses of congress assembled in joint session.

Although shorn of some of the novelty that attended his first appearance, when he upset presidential traditions of more than a century, today's visit of the president to congress took on a deeper significance. On his first visit he delivered a message, long anticipated, urging the carrying out of the party's pledges for immediate revision of the tariff. The address today was an appeal to every member of the house and senate to lay aside personal considerations and sacrifice comfort and even health, if necessary, to secure at once a revision and reform of the nation's banking system. Only in that way, he declared, could the country secure the benefits of the tariff revision soon to be completed. "It is perfectly clear that it is our duty to supply the new banking and currency system the country needs and that it will immediately need it more than ever," said President Wilson. "I shall hasten to change our tariff laws and then to laggard about making it possible and easy for the country to take advantage of the change? There can be only one answer to that question. We must act now, at whatever sacrifice to ourselves."

Galleries Are Crowded

The vigor and strength of his short message held rapt attention of his large audience throughout its delivery. As on his first appearance before congress, the chamber was filled with senators and representatives, galleries were crowded with men and women from the official set, and corridors about the gallery doors were jammed with those unable to gain entrance. The president gave no direct endorsement to the Glass currency bill, which is to form the basis for the democratic revision of the banking laws, but in indirect language made it known that it had been prepared with his counsel and approval.

"The committees of congress to which legislation of this character is referred have devoted careful and dispassionate study to the means of accomplishing those objects," he said in conclusion. "They have honored me by consulting me. They are ready to suggest action." Long before the capitol doors were opened today hundreds of people lined up in a steady train in the hope of getting in to hear President Wilson deliver his address. Although the attendance had been rigidly limited to one card of admission for each member of either house and provision for the president's family and the cabinet circle, hundreds clamored for admission. Railings were erected near the entrance doors, guards placed in charge of the entrances and a "ticket chopper's" box installed, into which the tickets were thrown as fortunate applicants appeared.

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The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair; warmer. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday. Hour. Deg. 7 A. M. 64 8 A. M. 64 9 A. M. 64 10 A. M. 64 11 A. M. 64 12 M. 64 1 P. M. 64 2 P. M. 64 3 P. M. 64 4 P. M. 64 5 P. M. 64 6 P. M. 64 7 P. M. 64 8 P. M. 64 9 P. M. 64 10 P. M. 64 11 P. M. 64 12 M. 64 Comparative Local Records. 1913. 1912. 1911. 1910. Highest yesterday 87 81 81 80 Lowest yesterday 54 58 52 52 Mean temperature 76 70 82 81 Precipitation 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal. Normal temperature 74 Excess for the day 2 Total excess since March 1 106 Normal precipitation 47.1 inch Deficiency for the day 17.1 inch Total rainfall since March 1 13.66 inches Deficiency since March 1 33.44 inches Deficiency for cor. period, 1912 4.60 inches Deficiency for cor. period, 1911 5.75 inches L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.