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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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## HUERTA GRANTS NOT RECOGNIZED BY REBEL CHIEF

Sale of Lower California Tract for Half Cent an Acre Will Not Stand.

HALF MILLION DOLLARS PAID

Leading Bankers of the World Notified of Decision of General Carranza.

WORK FOR FEDERAL TROOPS

They Will Be Distributed Over Country Repairing Tracks

THIS WILL KEEP THEM APART

Fascist Orcego Has Abandoned Independent Revolutionary Movement and Will Go to Canada.

TAMPICO, Mex., July 26.—(Via Laredo, Tex., July 27.)—General Carranza today indicated that he will stand by the decree he issued early in the revolution regarding financial transactions made by Huerta. His attention today was called to a report that just before resigning and leaving the country, Huerta received \$500,000 from the Rothschilds, giving in return a grant of a vast area in Lower California at a nominal price of 1 cent an acre. Carranza declared no such grant of public lands would be recognized and recalled that leading bankers of the world had been so notified.

It was reported here today that Sir Christopher Cradock, British admiral, on his visit to Carranza, demanded all concessions made by Huerta to Lord Cowdray and other British citizens, be ratified by constitutionalists, and that Carranza returned a positive refusal.

Foreign consuls paid another visit to Carranza early today, in which a discussion of prospects took place. Carranza told them there should be no apprehension on their part of wholesale reprisals from the constitutionalists on those who aided Huerta.

As fast as the federal soldiers are disarmed, Carranza plans to distribute them throughout the country to repair the railroad tracks. He hopes thus to give employment and also to scatter them so there will be little danger of their mobilization against him, in case of a counter revolution.

**Fighting Near Vera Cruse.**  
VERA CRUZ, July 27.—Reports from various points along the railroad from Vera Cruz to Mexico City indicate that the constitutionalists are not ready to cease fighting. A skirmish occurred at Soledad, where a small federal garrison made a successful resistance.

The federal commander at Orizaba, some distance nearer the capital, refused to grant the demand of a constitutionalist officer that his men be given an hour in which to sack the city in return for placing them under the command of a federal officer. The steamship *Buenos*, with many refugees, returned from Mexico City, called today for Europe by way of New York.

**Orozo Will Go to Canada.**  
MEXICO CITY, July 27.—General Pascual Orozo, Jr., has abandoned his independent revolutionary movement and intends shortly to leave for Canada, according to messages intercepted here. He is said to have notified his wife, who has been in Canada for some time, that he will join her soon.

The government peace delegates received their final instructions today from the acting foreign minister and expect to leave before night for San Luis Potosi.

**Huerta Will Go to Spain.**  
KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 27.—General Huerta, the former Mexican dictator, today decided to await the arrival this week of a large party of refugees from Mexico, in whose company he plans to proceed direct to Spain. He will leave here as soon as he can complete his arrangements.

**Naturalization Papers Bought and Sold in St. Louis**  
ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Investigation into an alleged traffic in naturalization papers was begun here today by the board of election commissioners. The inquiry resulted from the affirmation of one Assyrian that he had purchased the naturalization papers of a fellow countryman who had returned to his native land, and the state party of another that it was common practice to sell the papers to buy or borrow citizenship papers.

The commissioners today estimated that at least 400 Syrians, most of them employed by the city, were registered under naturalization papers not their own. The traffic, it appears, has been carried on for the double purpose of obtaining municipal jobs for the holders of the papers and rendering them eligible to vote.

**MINT WILL TURN JEWELS INTO COIN FOR SUFFS**  
WASHINGTON, July 27.—Arrangements for converting into coin the donation of gold and silver that are being made to help in the "votes for women" campaign have been made with Director Roberts of the mint by the National Woman Suffrage association. It was announced from suffrage headquarters today that the director has promised that when the precious metal is collected he will furnish the melting pot and deliver to a representative of the association value received in gold and silver money fresh from the dies.

On a day yet to be named the metal will be presented by a committee representing the association to the superintendent of the Philadelphia mint, who will determine its actual value for coinage. He will then place that sum to the credit of the association, leaving it to the officers to decide whether they will receive it by check, gold, silver or notes.

The fund realized by this "melting pot" plan is to be used in the suffrage campaign in Montana, Nevada, North and South Dakota, Nebraska, Missouri and Ohio. The women hope to obtain \$50,000 by the plan.

WANTED—Men, young, real, energetic, steady position, representing an old, well established concern.

For further information about this position, see the Want Ad Section of today's Bee.

## CITY OF DUBLIN IN FERMENT

Night of Excitement Follows Fight with Troops.

FOUR KILLED, MANY WOUNDED

Mob Attacked Soldiers Who Were Returning from Attempt to Seize Arms Landed at Howth—Mob Surrounds Barracks.

**BULLETIN.**  
DUBLIN, July 27.—Serious rioting was begun here tonight. The city is in a state of intense excitement. The authorities fear that it will be necessary to call on the military, which will mean much bloodshed.

DUBLIN, Ireland, July 27.—The city of Dublin and greater part of Catholic Ireland was today in a state of the greatest excitement over yesterday's conflict between the regular troops of the British army and the Irish Nationalists which resulted in the killing of four persons and the wounding of many others, forty of whom were in hospitals today in a serious condition.

Day had dawned before the police succeeded in dispersing the crowds marching through the streets singing patriotic songs and looking for soldiers of the second battalion of the king's own Scottish borders on whom to inflict vengeance for the fatal events of yesterday when the borders were ordered out to prevent the landing of arms and ammunition for the Irish Nationalists volunteers.

The crowd, finding that the soldiers had been ordered to remain in barracks, attacked the royal barracks, where the borders are stationed and clamored for the soldiers to come out. Finally the mob kicked down a gate of the barracks and fired a couple of shots, on which bugles were sounded, the police came on the scene and the crowd was dispersed.

The Nationalist leaders take the most serious view of the affair and will demand reparation from the government.

The landing of arms yesterday for the Nationalists was carried out in a more daring manner than similar feats achieved by the Ulster Unionist volunteers as it was effected in daylight. The yacht from which the arms and ammunition were brought ashore already had landed 2,500 rifles and 125,000 rounds of ammunition at isolated points along the coast and these had been successfully distributed by motor cars among the Nationalist volunteers.

At Howth, 2,500 rifles and 100,000 rounds of ammunition were landed under the eyes of the police, the telegraph wires having been cut to prevent communication with Dublin. Automobiles carried off 1,000 of the rifles and the ammunition and a body of Nationalist volunteers then started for Dublin with 1,000 rifles, but no ammunition.

The police sent to intercept the volunteers cheered the gun runners and everything seemed to be going smoothly until the battalion of Scottish borders arrived and demanded that the arms be surrendered.

The Nationalist volunteers refused to give up the rifles and the soldiers with fixed bayonets charged wounding a number of the volunteers. While the leaders of the volunteers and the regimental officers were parleying the rank and file of the volunteers scattered and got away with the rifles.

**Mob Attacks Soldiers.**  
The news quickly reached Dublin and a mob gathered to meet the soldiers on their return. The soldiers were thrown and twenty of the soldiers were ordered to fire. The Nationalist volunteers took no part in the street fighting.

The soldiers fired and used their bayonets freely, inflicting many cuts. Then they had a running fight with the volunteers and the rapidly growing mob through the streets to their barracks.

A number of policemen have been suspended for refusing to try to disperse the volunteers. After the troops had fired into the crowd, the angry populace in a spirit of revenge attacked individual soldiers and beat them brutally. Members of the Scottish borders, who were riding bicycles along the quays, were pulled from their machines and beaten and bicycles were thrown into the river.

**Lord Mayor Protests.**  
The lord mayor has issued a strong letter of protest, declaring the troops were ordered out without permission being asked of the lord mayor, and he demands that the responsibility shall be fixed for the calling out of the soldiers and for supplying them with ball cartridges.

**Government at Fault.**  
LONDON, July 27.—The Daily News calls the affair at Dublin a massacre and demands a rigid investigation of the conduct of the soldiers. It lays the responsibility upon the weakness of the government, which allowed the organization of the Ulster volunteers and could not prohibit the nationalists from doing the same.

## ONE DEATH AND ONE ILLNESS FROM HEAT

Boarding House Roomer Succumbs and Bank Clerk Goes to Hospital for Treatment.

THIRD HOTTEST OF THE SEASON

Monday a Scorching Day with Temperature Ninety-Nine.

NO RELIEF IN SIGHT

Forecasters Wish Predicts Fair Weather, with No Changes.

HOT IN OTHER PARTS OF STATE

Temperature at Hartington Reaches Hundred and Five Degrees, While Fairbury is Second in List.

One death and one illness is the casualty record of the heat wave of Sunday and Monday.

Ben Helmsray, 1030 Douglas street, who was stricken with heat prostration Sunday afternoon, died Monday afternoon. He was attended by police surgeons, but his heart weakened and he steadily grew worse till the end. Nothing is known of his relatives. He made his home in lodging houses.

Andrew Nesbit, clerk at the Omaha National bank, was overcome by heat and taken to a local hospital for treatment. The attending physicians do not consider his case serious. Nesbit lives at 212 South Twenty-fifth street.

At 2 yesterday afternoon the official thermometer on the top of the federal building registered 97 degrees, the third highest mark the mercury has reached this year. On two other occasions only did Omaha register in higher temperatures this year. On July 11 the thermometer reached 96 degrees and on July 12 it reached 100 degrees.

Forecasters L. A. Welsh predicts that the weather will remain fair with no important change in temperature. He promises no relief from the heat wave despite the fact that there were several showers throughout the state Sunday and Sunday night.

Omaha was far from the hottest point in the state Sunday. In fact it was relatively cool. While the heat and humidity was depressing the maximum temperature was but 96 degrees, while the maximum average from seventeen government stations out in the state was two degrees higher.

Hartington was the hot point in the state with high temperature of 106. Fairbury, record holder for high temperatures, was second with 101.

## Arguments in the Caillaux Murder Case Start Tuesday

PARIS, July 27.—Testimony in the trial of Mme. Henriette Caillaux for the murder of Gaston Calmette, editor of the *Figaro*, was completed today. Counsel for the prosecution and defense will sum up tomorrow.

While Henri Bernstein, the playwright, was giving his deposition today, the applause and hooting caused such an uproar that Judge Alhonet had the court cleared and suspended the sittings. The playwright abandoned all semblance of courtesy, addressing the former premier and husband of the prisoner as "Caillaux," without any prefix.

"We have just witnessed the French treasury committing a felony by appropriating a will and turning it over to Caillaux," he said. "Then we have seen ministers of state come here and declare in order to cover up their former colleague that diplomatic documents accepted with thanks by the president of the republic are forgeries. Either President Poincaré is feeble-minded or his ministers have lied."

**Threaten Prohibition.**  
Bull moosers are threatening to embrace national prohibition as a party plank, while that hobby of the beerless leader of some of the democrats seems to have no following among the latter, since "Wilyum Jennings" moved his grape juice celerette from Lincoln to Washington.

Equal suffrage is expected to bob up as the various party platforms are constructed for several prominent suffragists have donned their war paint and made plans to plead for recognition in the party declaration. It is thought that they will devote their attention chiefly to the republicans, who as the probable winners at the fall election would be the ones whom the women ballot seekers would prefer to have carry their standard.

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## STATE CONVENTIONS TODAY

Republicans and Progressives at Lincoln, and Demos at Columbus.

BULL MOOSER THREATENING

May Embrace National Prohibition in Platform—Equal Suffrage Is Expected to Hop Up in Various Camps

Conventions of the republican, democratic and progressive parties meet today, the first and latter at Lincoln, and the demos at Columbus. Several hundred Omahans will attend the three gatherings as delegates or visitors.

A number went yesterday in autos, or left by train early in the day to be present at preliminary meetings. The main groups of those who will attend the three conventions will go on trains this morning.

Advance reports from Columbus seem to indicate that the early democrats there are all carrying shovels to use in burying their time-worn war hatchets, and that the only difficulty so far lies in the disagreement as to just how said hatchets are to be replaced with olive branches.

Every delegate offers a guaranteed recipe for the much-needed harmony, and insists that every other delegate's recipe won't work, so prospects are good for a hot disagreement over how to get what they all know they lack. They have a caucus scheduled for this morning, when they will try to clear up the difficulties.

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## Villa Will Move His Army Toward Capital

EL PASO, July 27.—Indications today were that Villa was preparing to move his entire army toward Mexico City, leaving only local garrisons in the territory he dominates. It previously had been understood that the northern constitutionalist leader would participate in the mobilization above the national capital with only 5,000 men.

Reports received at Chihuahua City where Villa is quartered said the eastern and western divisions were mobilizing large numbers of men to the south. There was said to account for Villa's delay in moving south, and the extensive recruiting of men throughout his division. General Angeles, deposed by General Carranza as his war secretary, but now serving with Villa as chief of artillery, was expected here today. His presence on the border was unexplained.

Colonel Santos Coy, Villa's chief of staff, and other officers who have been sojourning on this side of the line received instructions to hasten to Chihuahua. It was predicted that a general movement would begin by the middle of the present week.

## MRS. TRIXIE GOETTLER FILES DIVORCE SUIT

CHICAGO, July 27.—Suit for divorce was filed today by Mrs. Trixie Goettler, known on the stage as Trixie Friganza, against Charles A. Goettler, charging cruelty and nonsupport. She alleges that he refused to work and she has been compelled to work every day for her own support and to contribute toward his. She asserts she has been forced to pay large sums of money in settlement of debts contracted by him.

## REPUBLICAN SENATORS WILL CAUCUS TUESDAY

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## Those Dogs Loose Again



## The National Capital

Monday, July 27, 1914.

**The Senate.**  
Met at 10 a. m. Debate resumed on trust bills. President Harrison of the Southern railway testified before the committee investigating charges of discrimination in southern coal rates.

**The House.**  
Met at noon. Debate resumed on the general dam bill regarding water power development in navigable streams.

## AUSTRIA CHARGES RAD FAITH

Note Says Serbia's Reply is Filled with Spirit of Dishonesty.

CONTAINS MANY RESERVATIONS

Offer to Submit Dispute to Arbitration Held to Show that Serbia Knows Answer is Not Satisfactory.

VIENNA, Austria, July 27.—A communication issued by the Austro-Hungarian foreign office today sets forth the Austro-Hungarian view of the Serbian reply to Austria's note demanding the cessation of the Pan-Serbian agitation and the punishment of those concerned in the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his consort. The communication also gives the reasons for Austria's dissatisfaction with Serbia's reply. It follows:

"The object of the Serbian note is to create the false impression that the Serbian government is prepared in great measure to comply with our demands. As a matter of fact, however, Serbia's note is filled with the spirit of dishonesty, which clearly lets it be seen that the Serbian government is not seriously determined to put an end to the culpable tolerance it hitherto has extended to intrigues against the Austro-Hungarian monarchy.

**Concessions Are Slight.**  
"The Serbian note contains such far-reaching reservations and limitations, not only in investigations to detect accomplices in the conspiracy on Serbian territory has been rejected while our request that measures be taken against that section of the Serbian press hostile to Austria-Hungary has been declined and our wish that the Serbian government take the necessary measures to prevent the dissolved Austro-Serbian associations continuing their activity under another name and under another form has not even been considered.

**Answer Is Unsatisfactory.**  
"Since the claims in the Austro-Hungarian note of July 23, regard being had to the attitude hitherto adopted by Serbia, represent the minimum of what is necessary for the establishment of permanent peace with the southeastern monarchy, the Serbian answer must be regarded as unsatisfactory.

"That the Serbian government itself is conscious that its note is not acceptable to us is proven by the circumstance that it proposes at the end of the note to submit the dispute to arbitration—an investigation which is thrown into its proper light by the fact that three hours before handing in the note, a few minutes before the expiration of the time limit, the mobilization of the Serbian army took place."

It was pointed out here today that Austria-Hungary being a signatory to the second Hague convention, would be obliged formally to declare war, but as Serbia did not sign that convention such a declaration might, perhaps, be regarded as unnecessary in this instance.

**Serbia Yields Nearly Everything.**  
LONDON, July 27.—It was reported today that Sir Edward Grey, British foreign secretary, had made successful representations to Germany, Italy and France for a conference between the representatives of those countries in England on the Austro-Serbian situation with a view to co-operate in mediation. The mere fact that hostilities between Austria-Hungary and Serbia had not begun gave Europe in general the hope today that war might be averted. There (Continued on Page Two.)

## ALL HINGES ON HITCHCOCK

Democrats at Columbus Are Atinge Over the Prospects.

ENDORSEMENT MAY MAKE MIX

Wording of Resolutions Must Not Be Half-Hearted as to Prater for the Administration.

COLUMBUS, Neb., July 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Delegates are rapidly gathering from all parts of the state for the democratic state convention to be held here tomorrow. It is conceded that W. H. Thompson of Grand Island is to be re-elected chairman of the state committee. Most of the counties have instructed their delegations for him.

C. W. Bryan, brother of the Commoner in the city early and established headquarters at the Evans, Tom, Allen, brother-in-law of W. J. Bryan, is to be here before morning. Allen and Charles W. Bryan will guard the interests of the anti-Hitchcock wing of the convention if one should develop of any proportions.

Although harmony is the talk of all the various delegations that have already arrived, it is conceded by all that there is a possibility for a fight on the endorsement of Senator Hitchcock in his career as United States senator. Several Hitchcock resolutions are already drawn up and being carried around in the pockets of his admirers.

At the same time, C. W. Bryan and his friends are determined that if such a resolution comes up and is not worded to suit them, it is to be fought. This is the one point, leaders of the party say, upon which a right could be precipitated.

**Convention All Atinge.**  
This is the thing that will precipitate the fight. There is plenty of anti-Hitchcock sentiment to be found. Everywhere in the lobbies of the hotel is whispered the question as to whether his attitude towards the democratic administration policies should be endorsed. Perhaps a majority of the delegates feel that for the sake of party harmony it should be.

Others, however, feel that an endorsement of Hitchcock's record would be almost equivalent to an endorsement of his attitude in the administration, since his principal activities in the senate in the last two years have been along the line of opposition to everything big that the administration has tried to put across.

**Corey Chairman.**  
M. L. Corey of Clay Center is to be temporary chairman of the convention. If he is allowed to choose the resolutions committee, according to ordinary parliamentary usages, it will be a straight fight possibility that a fight will be made on the floor along the line of an effort to take the appointment of the committee out of the hands of the temporary chairman and make it the business of the convention at large.

This is contrary to ordinary usage, but it is a possibility, and not outside the power of this convention. However, if Corey is allowed to choose the committee, John C. Wright of Lincoln is slated for chairman and the majority of the delegation will be for Hitchcock. There is a possibility then that the Bryan element will bring a fight upon the floor in an effort to defeat a Hitchcock endorsement.

Bert Sprague and E. C. Kemble are the two candidates for the position as secretary of the state committee. Sprague is a Hitchcock man and Kemble a Bryan man.

The first fight in the convention will probably be in the election of the secretary, as this will be in the nature of a test of strength of the Hitchcock element and the Bryan element.

Governor Murchard arrived late this evening and began shaking hands. Ted and Lee Metcalfe are on the ground making acquaintances, shaking hands and boosting for the candidacy of their father, Richard Lee Metcalfe, for governor.

**Accept Proposal.**  
LONDON, July 27.—The governments of France and Italy have accepted the proposal of Sir Edwin Grey, the British foreign secretary, that a conference be called with the object of finding a solution of the Austro-Serbian situation.

**Hopes to Peace.**  
Germany is said to have agreed to the principle of the British foreign secretary's proposal of a conference between the ambassadors in London of the leading powers. Attention was turned in the chancelleries of Europe to the attitude of Emperor William after his conference with his advisers on his return to Germany and also to the activities of Russia. Preparations were continued by all the powers to deal with eventualities.

**Better Feeling in Russia.**  
ST. PETERSBURG, July 27.—In spite of the general unfavorable symptoms in the situation between Austria-Hungary and Serbia and of the feeling produced by the arrest in Hungary of General Radomir Putnik, chief of the Serbian general staff, a better feeling was noticeable here today as the result of yesterday's diplomatic conservatives.

It is understood that the long interview between Sergius Sazonoff, the Russian foreign minister, and the Austrian ambassador (Continued on Page Two.)

## COSSACKS FIRE VOLLEY ACROSS GERMAN BORDER

Shooting Done on Ground Attempt Made to Cross Line at Wrong Place.

KAISER'S OFFICERS TARGETS

Governments of France and Italy Accept England's Proposal for Mediation.

DELAY IN ACTION SUGGESTED

Austria, Serbia and Russia Asked to Suspend Their Warlike Operations.

EUROPEAN BOURSES EXCITED

Stock Markets Are Panicky, but Declines Less Than Saturday.

WAR PREPARATIONS CONTINUE

Serbia Takes Position that Improvement in Situation is Due to the Firm Attitude Displayed by Russia.

**EYDTKHUNEN, Germany, July 27.**—Shots were fired this morning by a Cossack patrol across the German frontier on the alleged ground that an attempt was being made to cross the border at a wrong place. Germans say that the group fired on by the Russians were army officers. Much feeling has been caused by the incident.

**Communications Proposal.**  
BERLIN, July 27.—Sir Edward Goschen, British ambassador at Berlin, called at the foreign office today and communicated Great Britain's proposals for mediation.

Germany, it is understood, expressed an unwillingness to offer any suggestions to Austria to abandon or alter its policy toward Serbia.

The hope was expressed that Serbia would be brought to see the advisability of complying with the Austrian demands. At the same time the hope also was expressed at the German foreign office that Austria in this case would pass over the failure of Serbia to make a satisfactory answer last Saturday.

**Leaves Vienna.**  
VIENNA, July 27.—M. Jovanovitch, Serbian minister to Austria-Hungary, left for Belgrade today.

**Washington, July 27.**—Dispatches from the American embassies at Berlin and St. Petersburg tonight said prospects for peace in Europe were brighter than at any time since the rupture of diplomatic relations between Austria and Serbia.

Developments late today in the German and Russian capitals, the dispatches announced, were decidedly favorable to an adjustment of the differences without hostilities. No details were given.

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## Saving Friction

Any means of saving friction makes for energy and power. National manufacturers are turning more and more towards newspaper advertising because it eliminates waste motion in distribution. They find the newspaper not only reaches the consumer but it directly influences the local dealer. The retailer knows when he sees an advertisement in his home paper that there will be inquiries at his store. He acts accordingly and all friction is eliminated from the process of distribution. Manufacturers interested in knowing the most efficient way to use newspapers are invited to address the Bureau of Advertising American Newspaper Publishers Association, World Building, New York.