

July Clearance Sale of Separate Skirts Friday

We have just 62 wool skirts left. We put these on sale tomorrow in our genuine July Clearance sale for

\$4.25 and \$6.75 Each

Shepherd's plaids, Roman stripes, Scottish plaids, plain colors in serge and gabardines, all sizes—

50 which sold from \$6.50 to \$10.50, Friday - **\$4.25**
12 which sold from \$9.50 to \$18.50, Friday - **\$6.75**

Our Suits, Dresses and Coats are offered at reduced prices.



July Clearing Sale of Wash Dresses for Street Wear

\$4.39 and \$4.95

New Cloth and dainty Crepes, printed, embroidered and plain: good styles, from our regular stock, all sizes. July Clearing Sale Price, **\$4.39 and \$4.95.**

Crepe Apron Sets, \$1.75

Large printed Crepe Aprons and Caps to match; Empire style, dainty colors and patterns, often referred to as a breakfast set:

\$1.75 per set.

Basement.

July Sale White Goods

Plain White Soiesette.

25c 36-inch White Soiesette, Friday 13c a yard.

25c 30-inch White Waistings, Friday 13c a yard.

25c 28-inch White Dotted Swiss, Friday 13c a yard.

35c 32-inch Silkized Taffeta, Friday 19c a yard.

50c 32-inch Silk Waisting, Friday 29c a yard.

July Sale Bath Mats and Turkish Towels. All 85c Turkish Towels, 59c each. All 75c Turkish Towels, 50c each. All 45c Turkish Towels, 25c each.

Initial Wash Cloths, 5c each. 12 1/2c Initial Wash Cloths, 8 1/2c each.



Special Offering of Fashionable Summer Hair Goods for Friday and Saturday

This Special 2-Day Sale of beautiful summer hair goods surpasses anything ever before offered. There is hardly a shade that cannot be matched up perfectly and every piece is guaranteed to be absolutely sanitary and of choicest quality natural wavy hair.

BEAUTIFUL NATURAL WAVY SWITCHES REDUCED:

- 20-inch All Long Hair.....**90c**
- 24-inch All Long Hair.....**\$1.50**
- 28-inch All Long Hair.....**\$2.80**
- 28-inch Switches, choicest quality natural hair.....**\$5.60**
- Large Single Psyche Puffs, special.....**\$1.00**
- Light-weight Sanitary Hair Rolls.....**40c**

TRANSFORMATIONS FOR SOFT POMPADOUR EFFECTS, REDUCED:

- All-around the head, Special at.....**90c**
 - 3/4-around the head, Special at.....**\$1.40**
 - All-around Transformations of choicest quality natural hair.....**\$4.60**
 - Express-improved Instantaneous Hair color restorer, special.....**\$1.90**
- Hair Goods Parlor—Third Floor.

Thompson Belden & Co.

HOWARD AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

FEEDING WHEAT TO STOCK

Small Grain Worth Less Than Corn in Kansas.

PRICE WILL FALL BUT LITTLE

Demand from Abroad and Relative Short Crop of Corn Expected to Prevent Large Decline in Price.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Despite of a wheat crop estimated this year at 583,000,000 bushels, the largest on record, no hope is held out by the Department of Agriculture for greatly reduced prices. Such a large crop would augur very low prices, according to a statement today, were it not that the world's crop of wheat and competing grains do not promise more than the average of recent years. Besides more than the usual diversion of wheat from its use as food to the use of feed for live stock may be expected because of the present relatively short supply of corn in sections where there is a promise of abundant wheat.

With corn selling in Kansas for about 7 cents more a bushel than wheat it is not surprising, officials say, that much wheat should be consumed as food by animals. Kansas' corn crop last year was only 23,000,000 bushels, compared with the usual production of 120,000,000 bushels. This year's estimate are for a crop of 150,000,000 bushels of wheat.

It is estimated that about 40,000,000 bushels of wheat of last year's crop was consumed as animal feed. Of the average annual production of 686,000,000 bushels of wheat during the last five years, about 581,000,000 bushels were retained in this country and 105,000,000 bushels exported.

Two Hundred Million for Export. If the domestic wheat requirement were reckoned at about \$3 bushels per capita, exclusive of seed, and 75,000,000 to 80,000,000 bushels for seed, and were applied to a population of 38,000,000, officials say it would indicate a normal requirement of 622,700,000 bushels, plus seed requirement of 7,000,000 bushels, or a total of about 600,000,000 bushels.

The statement adds that this would indicate an available export supply from the crop of nearly 200,000,000 bushels, but there must be deducted from this amount the quantity used for live stock feeding, estimated at approximately 75,000,000 bushels, and possibly more. Even this would leave about 125,000,000 bushels for export. "Present indications," says the department, "are that during the coming season the domestic consumption will be unusually large on account of takings for live stock purposes, and that the exportable surplus will find good foreign demand."

Fluctuate by States. Details of the acreage in corn (in thousands of acres omitted) and of the condition on July 1, with the ten-year comparison and the forecast of the yield and total production (latter in thousands), as interpreted from condition reports, by states, for the principal crops follow:

CORN.	Con. 10-Yr.		Produce.
	1914.	Ave. Yield.	
Iowa	2,909	82	84,100
So. Dakota	2,485	87	29,100
Nebraska	2,475	75	17,200
Oklahoma	4,275	75	17,200

WINTER WHEAT.	Con. 10-Yr.		Produce.
	1914.	Ave. Yield.	
Iowa	36	21.8	68,200
Nebraska	80	13.2	14,300
Montana	32	21.8	12,200
Washington	55	27.2	32,600
California	45	19.5	15,200

SPRING WHEAT.	Con. 10-Yr.		Produce.
	1914.	Ave. Yield.	
South Dakota	52	18.5	48,200
Nebraska	52	20.2	21,800

OATS.	Con. 10-Yr.		Produce.
	1914.	Ave. Yield.	
Iowa	42	36.0	172,900
South Dakota	42	31.0	62,100
Nebraska	53	30.2	67,300

BARLEY.	Con. 10-Yr.		Produce.
	1914.	Ave. Yield.	
Iowa	38	27.9	10,700
South Dakota	31	24.4	22,100
Nebraska	31	29.5	7,200
Oregon	22	23.0	4,200
California	39	32.7	45,800

JORDAN HEADS EDUCATORS

(Continued from Page One.) Women delegates were elated at the adoption of the report and declared they had won a notable victory.

Want Higher Salaries. Another report stated that the salaries of teachers should be "increased and adjusted to the standards of living required by the American teacher," was adopted.

Physical inspection of school children was approved by the committee, which recommended also dental inspection. The report was adopted.

Regarding sex hygiene, the committee directed attention to the "grave dangers, and the serious and arising out of a sex consciousness, stimulated by undue emphasis on sex problems and relations," and urged parental care and instruction on the subject. If taken up in schools the subject should be handled delicately and by persons qualified by scientific training and teaching experience in order to assure a safe moral point of view, the resolution said. It was adopted.

Another resolution adopted said: "The association commends the moral self-restraint on the part of the president of the United States in dealing with the Mexican situation and endorses heartily his policy that the United States does not aim at territorial aggrandizement."

While the business meeting was in session, various problems pertaining to the welfare of the nation's children were being discussed by delegates in different departments and plans outlined for the solution of questions vital to the educational world.

Hygiene is Economic Necessity. Speaking before the department of child hygiene, Dr. Louis W. Raper of the New York Training School for Teachers, advocated education as a means of eliminating the disease.

"The average working man's family has an economic loss of between 5 and 10 per cent of the annual income due to ill health," Dr. Raper said.

"The principal method of eliminating this waste is through education. As a preparation for industrial efficiency no phase of general or direct vocational training ranks higher in importance than health education."

Country Environments Better. City boys with useless experience become convicts, while country boys, educated in a natural environment by family responsibility become doctors, lawyers, merchants and teachers, according to Rufus Stanley, Elmira, N. Y., who spoke before the state and national club leaders.

Timorous mothers who are afraid to allow their children out of their sight and are continually suggesting things to frighten them into obeying are responsible for the great number of adult neurotics in this country. Dr. T. A. Williams of Washington, D. C., told a meeting of the department of special education.

P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, speaking before the department of music, said that if he were to make up a curriculum for a public school he "would put in a little physical culture, a little reading and writing, a little arithmetic and a big dab of music."

Hitchcock Follows Wilson's Statement With Committee Plea. WASHINGTON, July 9.—President Wilson continued strongly hopeful tonight that Paul M. Warburg, the New York banker, would reconsider his request that his nomination as a member of the federal reserve board be withdrawn. No reply had been received from Mr. Warburg to the president's inquiry on the subject, but a definite turn in the situation is expected before the meeting of the senate banking and currency committee tomorrow.

During the day Mr. Wilson gave out a statement strongly defending Mr. Warburg and Thomas D. Jones of Chicago against attacks on them, and saying that men should not be regarded with suspicion merely because they had been connected with big business. This statement, friends of the president said, was intended to serve the double purpose of letting the senate know he would stand by his nominations and of informing Mr. Warburg to stay in the race.

Soon after the president's statement circulated in the senate a statement was given out by Senator Hitchcock, acting chairman of the banking and currency committee, defending the action of the committee in inviting Mr. Warburg to appear before the committee.

Bryan Would Slip Costa Rica Millions. WASHINGTON, July 9.—Opposition by Costa Rica to the proposed Nicaraguan treaty, it became known tonight, had been met by Secretary Bryan with an offer to pay the former country a fair sum for any rights it may have in an inter-oceanic canal route by way of Lake Nicaragua.

The Costa Rican opposition is based upon a claim to jurisdiction over a small portion of the proposed route, and as the treaty provides for an allowance of \$2,000,000 to Nicaragua, the state department, without according full recognition of any claim, has decided that Costa Rica should be placed on the same basis as Nicaragua.

Bride of Three Weeks Declared Insane



MRS. HELEN MORTON BAYLY.

CHICAGO, July 9.—After less than a month of married life, Roger Bayly has asked that his wife, Mrs. Helen Morton Bayly, a niece of the late Paul Morton, be adjudged insane by the county of

depression of education, speaking before the department of music, said that if he were to make up a curriculum for a public school he "would put in a little physical culture, a little reading and writing, a little arithmetic and a big dab of music."

With her brother, James Snyder, to kill Orwig to get \$250 life insurance made in her favor. Snyder is under arrest and detectives claim he also has confessed. Investigation is also being made of the sudden death several years ago of Mrs. Daugherty's husband, from whom she inherited considerable wealth.

THE HALF YEAR.

During the first six months of 1913 the total income of THE MIDWEST LIFE was \$20,312, and the total disbursements were \$22,577. During the same months in 1914 the income was \$17,500, and the disbursements and matured liabilities were \$23,245. It will be observed that there was a very healthy increase in the income of the company and a very material decrease in the disbursements. The saving in disbursements was in death claims as this item, including total and permanent disability benefits, amounted to only \$4,758 in the first half of 1914 as against \$14,000 in the first half of 1913.

With the big wheat crop now being harvested in Nebraska and the splendid prospects for a bumper corn crop, there will be several millions of life insurance bought by Nebraskans in the next six months. In placing your insurance remember

WOMAN'S HEALTH

and spirits depend upon her digestion and circulation. Sallow skin, pimples, facial blemishes and depression disappear after the system has been cleansed and the blood purified by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directives of Special Value to Women with Excessive Menstruation. Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Hot weather sense

Eat cooling foods in clean sanitary places.

Welch's

The Pure Food Sign. Quickserv Cafeteria. Basement City Nat'l Bank Bldg., Or Boston Lunches, 219 South 16th St., 1408 Douglas St., 1408 Farnam St.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

DUBUQUE COLLEGE

(Formerly St. Joseph's College) Boarding School for Boys 12 to 16 years. High School and College Courses leading to Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Letters and Bachelor of Science degrees. Illustrated Prospectus and Catalogue Sent on request.

SHE PUTS STRYCHNINE IN WHISKY UNCLE DRINKS

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 9.—Mrs. Emma Daugherty, under arrest for suspicion in connection with the death of Frank Datto July 4 and the serious poisoning of Samuel Orwig, her uncle, confessed to detectives this afternoon that she put strychnine in whiskey, which the two victims drank. She said she plotted

The very first principle of honest business methods is to mark everthing in plain figures. We were the first undertakers to do this in Omaha. Our thoughtful and helpful service will relieve you of all details that might prove burdensome.

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EXPERT EMBALMERS & FUNERAL DIRECTORS

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Don't itch! use Resinol

Just put on a little of that soothing, antiseptic Resinol Ointment and the itching and burning stop at once. Soon all trace of eczema, prickly heat, poison-ivy, poison-oak, or other tormenting skin trouble is gone.

Every druggist sells Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. Prescribed by doctors for 15 years. For free trial of each, write to Dept. 16-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Bradbury, Dentist
1006 Farnam. Phone D. 1756
21 Years Same Office.

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Money-Back Guarantee if we cannot please you.

A Crown or Bridge Tooth \$2.50 Up
Best Work Warranted 10 Years.
Send for Illustrated Booklet Free.

INGRAV

That Require Careful Attention

The printer cannot produce good printing by using cuts which are made in a "devil may care" manner. Neither can a newspaper show good illustrations unless the cuts for this purpose are made right.

We know the requirements of newspapers when it comes to making cuts and will give you the benefit of our long experience. We employ in our engraving, art and photo department, the best workmen that can be found for the class of work required.

Zinc Etchings, 10 sq. in. or less, 60c.
Newstones, 60 or 85 screen, 10 sq. in. or less, 80c.
Copper Half-tones, 10 sq. in. or less, \$1.50.

The Bee Engraving Dept.
120 Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

7% ON YOUR MONEY
(GUARANTEED)
PLUS % OF SURPLUS

HOME BUILDERS - OMAHA

AMUSEMENTS.

Hold Your Picnic at LAKE MANAWA

Dancing, Boating and Other Attractions.
Free Moving Pictures Every Evening.
Free Band Concerts Every Sunday.

BASE BALL
Omaha vs. Denver
ROBERT PARK
July 9, 10, 11, 12.
Friday, July 10, Ladies' Day
Games Called at 3 p. m.

IOWA MOOSE PARTY IS DRY

Progressive Convention Votes in Favor of Prohibition.

WOULD AMEND CONSTITUTIONS

Action Taken After Fight Rages for Hours in Resolutions Committee and on Floor.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 9.—The progressive party in Iowa is dry. After a fight, which raged for hours in the resolutions committee and later in the convention proper, the delegates went on record by a vote of 288 to 283 in favor of the following plank:

"We believe that the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor for a beverage is a social and economic evil, both state and national. Therefore, believing in the rights of the people, we favor the submission of an amendment to both our state and national constitutions prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

The resolution embodying the plank was presented by T. A. Kingland of Lake Mills and Frank M. Beatty of Sigourney as the minority report of the resolutions committee after they had been defeated in the committee meeting proper. Nine members of the resolutions committee had agreed to support a plank which eradicated taking any stand on the liquor problem except one favoring submission to the people of the question.

The test came between the non-omniscient plank and the dry plank almost immediately after the resolution had been read to the convention. Before the merits of either could be debated, a motion was made to table the dry resolution. It lost by twenty votes. The previous question was moved and the dry plank went into the platform.

Other resolutions taking an advanced stand on political and business questions were adopted by the convention.

No Iowa Bonds Outstanding.

The officials of the National City bank of New York were informed yesterday by the state treasurer that there are no bonds of the state of Iowa outstanding and have not been for more than twenty years. The bank had an inquiry from a foreign correspondent regarding some \$500 bonds of the state of Iowa issued in January, 1909, bearing 10 per cent interest. The state issued no such bonds at that time, but had called in all 10 per cent bonds long prior to that date and issued none afterward. Besides all the bonds of the state were canceled. The floating debt of the state, which at one time reached nearly \$1,000,000, was never put into bonds. The state treasurer is mystified as to what the inquiry from New York may mean.

Had Egg Law Not Well Enforced.

Commissioner Barney of the state food and dairy department expects to present

STAND PAT ON LABOR CLAUSE

Efforts in Senate to Change or Eliminate It Beaten.

BODY IN FAVOR OF EXEMPTION

Republicans Voting to Sustain Provision Are Brady, Clapp, Cummins, Jones, Norris and Kenyon.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—All efforts in the senate today to alter or eliminate the labor exemption clause of the sundry civil bill section providing funds for the enforcement of the anti-trust law were voted down. Two roll calls put the senate on record in favor of the exemption clause which caused the veto of the last sundry civil bill by President Taft and which President Wilson in a memorandum made when he signed the same measure, characterized as "unjustifiable in character and principle."

The clause provides that no part of the fund shall be spent in the prosecution "of any organization or individual for entering into any combination or agreement having in view the increasing of wages, shortening of hours or bettering the conditions of labor or for any act done in furtherance thereof, not in itself unlawful." Co-operative farmers' organizations are also exempted.

Senator Sterling of South Dakota proposed to strike out the exemption, characterizing it as "class legislation." Senator Hughes of New Jersey defended the provisions, declaring that the anti-trust laws were directed against great trusts and industrial combinations and that the fund in question should not be diverted to the prosecution of labor organizations.

The Sterling amendment was laid on the table by a vote of 41 to 27, only one democrat, Senator Pomeroy, voting for it. Republicans who voted to sustain the exemption were:

Senators Brady, Clapp, Cummins, Jones, Kenyon and Norris. Senator Poindexter also voted for the exemption.

An amendment by Senator Sutherland of Utah, to insert in the provisions the words "by lawful means" was voted down 33 to 22.

Later the bill itself, carrying \$111,000,000 was passed without further serious opposition.

SEEK TO SETTLE STRIKE; MEN ASK FOR CONFERENCE

PITTSBURGH, July 9.—Leaders of the Westinghouse strikers will make another attempt to settle the strike through conferences with the heads of the industries. Failing to get into communication with the company heads personally, the leaders tonight sent special delivery letters to them seeking another conference.

Manslaughter with a Motor Car

Much interest is taken by state authorities in a situation which has developed at Carroll, where a driver of an automobile has been held to the grand jury to answer to an accusation of manslaughter because of killing a passenger, Elias H. Crow and Charles Finley were riding in an automobile. Crow ran the automobile into a farm wagon and in the smash-up Finley was killed. A justice of the peace placed Crow under bonds to answer to an accusation of manslaughter on the theory that his reckless driving caused the death of Finley.

Mule Saloon Closed.

For the first time in the history of city a mule saloon was today closed by the police department for failure to pay license and the license was declared forfeited. This was the bar in the Elkhart hotel. So far as known no such action was ever before taken. The owner had given a check which was not honored.