

JURY VOTES BECKER GUILTY OF "FRAMING" GAMBLER'S MURDER

Verdict Convicting Ex-Police Lieutenant of Instigating Rosenthal's Killing Returned.

TWELVE OUT OVER FOUR HOURS
Foreman in Tears as They Enter Room with Their Decision.

COLOR FLEES PRISONER'S FACE
Turns Pale as with Hands Grasping Rail He Hears His Doom.

IMMEDIATELY RECOVERS SELF
Officials and Reporters Only Ones on Hand Besides Judge, Defendant and the Lawyers—Wife Not Present.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Charles Becker was today found guilty of instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal. The jury reached a verdict in four hours and four minutes. It asked for no instructions and reached an agreement without leaving the jury room.

When the jury entered the room the foreman, F. Meredith Blagden, was in tears. After Becker had been brought in Clerk Penny requested the jury to arise. When Blagden was asked whether a verdict had been reached, he brushed the tears away with a handkerchief and answered: "We have. We find the defendant guilty as charged."

Becker Pales.
Becker, his hands grasping the rail in front of him, paled as the foreman spoke and awaited for a moment as if about to swoon, but immediately straightened and remained rigid, while each juror verified the verdict.

Court officers and newspaper reporters were the only persons in the room besides the judge, the defendant and the lawyers. Mrs. Becker was not present, news of the verdict was carried to her in the office of the sheriff close to the court room.

Becker was brought from the presence of his wife into the court room to hear the verdict. His counsel asked for and received one moment in which to make motions. Becker was remanded to the Tombs until May 28. He was taken from the court to his cell.

Charge of Court.
The charge of the court was worded with scrupulous care. Time and again Justice Seabury told the grave audience in the jury box, after reviewing contradictory evidence, "You are the duty to decide which you shall believe. If this defendant is innocent it would be terrible to find him guilty, because of any prejudices that might be held against him. But you must not allow your judgment to be influenced by any sympathy."

The jury sat in silence while the usual motions for dismissing the case were made and then filed quietly to their room. Becker went back to his cell in the Tombs and his wife went to luncheon at a nearby restaurant.

The jury made no attempt to begin deliberations at once, in the custody of court officers, the twelve men went to luncheon at an uptown hotel.

Moose is Driven Into Town by Flames

SACILETTE STE MARIE, Mich., May 22.—A heavy smoke which hangs over Lake Superior and St. Mary's river, from forest fires in upper Peninsula. Last night fog added to the difficulties.

An immense moose which was driven from its Canadian home by forest fires was seen early today by watchmen at the St. Mary's river. It started to browse in the government park when newboys gave chase.

The animal was driven into the lock walls and watchmen scattered in all directions. Boys routed the big beast and chased it through the streets. Milk wagons were overturned and several plate glass windows were broken. The moose finally leaped into the river, disappearing on the Canadian shore.

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Unsettled; not much change in temperature.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

| | |
|----------|----|
| 5 a. m. | 55 |
| 6 a. m. | 57 |
| 7 a. m. | 58 |
| 8 a. m. | 59 |
| 9 a. m. | 60 |
| 10 a. m. | 61 |
| 11 a. m. | 62 |
| 12 m. | 63 |
| 1 p. m. | 64 |
| 2 p. m. | 65 |
| 3 p. m. | 66 |
| 4 p. m. | 67 |
| 5 p. m. | 68 |
| 6 p. m. | 69 |
| 7 p. m. | 70 |
| 8 p. m. | 71 |

Comparative Local Record.

| | |
|-------------------------|------|
| 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911. | |
| Highest yesterday | 75 |
| Lowest yesterday | 55 |
| Mean temperature | 65 |
| Precipitation | 0.00 |

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal.

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Normal temperature | 64 |
| Excess for the day | 1 |
| Total excess since March 1 | 142 |
| Normal precipitation | 13.18 |
| Deficiency for the day | 0.00 |
| Total deficiency since March 1 | 13.18 |

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

| Station and State | Temp. | High. | Rain. |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Cheyanne, cloudy | 59 | 70 | .50 |
| Denver, clear | 62 | 73 | .00 |
| Des Moines, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Laurel, cloudy | 59 | 69 | .00 |
| North Platte, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Omaha, partly cloudy | 61 | 71 | .00 |
| Rapid City, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Salt Lake City, cloudy | 58 | 68 | .00 |
| Santa Fe, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Sheridan, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Sioux City, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Valentine, cloudy | 60 | 70 | .00 |

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

WILL INVITE REBELS AGAIN

Mediators Will Ask Carranza to Send Delegate to Conference.

WILSON DISCUSSES MATTER

Reports to President Show that Negotiations at Niagara Falls Are Proceeding Without Interruption.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In circles close to the Mexican constitutionalists here it was definitely expected today that within twenty-four hours a renewed invitation would be extended to the constitutionalists to be represented at the Niagara Falls mediation conference. Whether General Carranza would accept the invitation was not known, but it was positively asserted that should he do so, it would be without declaring an armistice or agreeing to check his campaign against Huerta forces.

President Wilson discussed with the cabinet today reports received from American Commissioners Lamar and Lehman at the Niagara Falls Mexican mediation conference.

Among subjects of particular interest to cabinet members was the report that the Mexican constitutionalist leaders had decided to send a representative to Niagara Falls.

Further reports of progress of the negotiations at Niagara Falls were received by the president during the night from the American commissioners, but nothing was made public regarding the nature of the dispatches.

Secretary Bryan, before entering the cabinet room, said he had hope that definite word would be received from Vice Consul Silliman before night.

Ames' Peace Orator Will Fight to Get Into Final Contest

AMES, Ia., May 22.—(Special.)—Floyd Wambam, the Ames orator who won the western interstate intercollegiate peace oratorical contest in Des Moines May 1, is prepared to wage war with his peace oration if he has to "fight to get what he terms a square deal at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., where college orators from all over the country will orate May 26 for the National Peace society prize offered by the Misses Seabury of Boston.

Wambam won the western contest in Des Moines with this oration, "Righteousness, then Peace—the Roosevelt Theory." The three judges who gave Wambam first prize, the orators of five other states are backing the Ames orator in his protest against being debarred by the officials governing the Mohonk national contest.

News of the victory in Des Moines and the nature of Wambam's speech reached S. F. Weston of Yellow Springs, O., professor of economics in Antioch college, secretary of the National Peace society, and he proceeded to inform Prof. A. MacGregor, head of the Ames public speaking department, that Wambam cannot compete at Lake Mohonk for the reason that the sisters donating the prize, took the view that his oration sounded of "war" and raised the bar against its author competing for their prize.

Notwithstanding, Wambam will be on hand at Lake Mohonk May 26 to present his case and insist on his right to compete. He will be sent to Lake Mohonk by the Ames forensic interests with evidence and an argument. He got telegrams from Attorney General George Cosson, A. M. Deyer, superintendent of public instruction, and Dwight N. Lewis, assistant state counsel, of Des Moines, the three judges whose decisions gave Wambam the Des Moines contest, stating that in the estimation of the judges in the Des Moines contest Wambam had a valid right to contest for the Mohonk prize. Prof. MacGregor says the Ames judgment was used, if any was used at all, in cutting out Wambam.

Richard Urban is Slain by Mexicans

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Confirmation of the killing by Mexicans of Richard Urban, an American citizen of German birth, was received by the State department today. American Consul Agent Montague, at Cananea, reported that Urban and a companion were attacked without provocation at Pointe mountain, eighteen miles west of Nacomari. A band of Mexicans fired from a house without warning. Urban fell dead, but his companion escaped.

The body of Porfirio Laurel, an American who was killed some time ago in Mexico, has been recovered and taken to Laredo, where it will be buried tonight, according to State department advisers today. Examination showed that Laurel died from bayonet wounds.

Canal Pilots Will Have Dainty Uniforms

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The daintiest and most aesthetically uniform worn by any mariners will be that which by regulation has been prescribed by Colonel George W. Goethals, governor of the Panama canal zone, for the pilots who will take the shipping through the Panama canal.

The material will be cream-colored palm beach cloth, plain without stripes or figures and the stiff cap patterned after those worn by the petty officers of the United States navy will be of the same color as the uniform, with a gilt wreath for a device containing the word "Pilot."

MRS. FLAVELLE WILL RECOVER FROM WOUNDS

FLORENCE, May 22.—The doctors reported today that Mrs. Mary Flavelle of Chicago, who was attacked and robbed on a train near here yesterday, was much better and they hoped to be able to save her life. Her assailant escaped from the train at Azzero, but the police say that they are on his track. A separate investigation of the affair is being made by Lee J. Kenna, American consul general.

Later in the day it was announced that several arrests had been made and that the police believed the assailant of Mrs. Flavelle was among them.

SILLIMAN IS SAFE IN THE MEXICAN CAPITAL

Vice Consul Re... Arrive in... and to Be... Legation.

OFFICER... CAME FROM SALTILLO

He Will Leave Today for United States by Way of Vera Cruz.

FLEE FROM GUADALAJARA
Constitutionalists Are Closing In on City Rapidly.

FOREIGNERS ON WAY TO COAST
Indications that All Railroads from Place Will Be Closed Within Few Hours—Huerta Warship Blown Up.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Late today the Brazilian minister in Mexico City notified the State department that Vice Consul Silliman had arrived there this morning with the British consul and was taken to the Brazilian legation.

The message added that Silliman would leave tomorrow for the states by way of Vera Cruz.

Arrives in Mexican City.
MEXICO CITY, May 22.—Vice Consul John R. Silliman arrived in the federal capital this morning from Saltillo and was taken to the Brazilian legation.

Flee from Guadalajara.
GUADALAJARA, Mex., May 22.—(Via Wireless.)—With the constitutionalist forces of the division of the southwest closing rapidly on Guadalajara and a flying squadron of cavalry preceding the main body of the army with instructions to destroy rail communication between the point of attack and Manzanillo the final exodus of foreigners from Guadalajara to the Pacific coast has begun.

Most of the Americans had left the interior already, but today all nationalities were in flight to Manzanillo, their object being to take advantage of an opportunity for escape which may end abruptly at any time.

The constitutionalists at Mazatlan, finding little salvage in the wreck of the federal gunboat Morelos, which was abandoned under a raking fire from the enemy after it had been beached, dynamited the bulk today and the late Huerta warship is now only a mass of junk.

The wireless difficulties with which the American fleet here has been confronted will be obviated considerably, it is expected, by the completion today of the installation of a powerful new radio set on the cruiser West Virginia. It is the purpose of Admiral Doyle to maintain daylight wireless communication between the west coast of Mexico and Point Loma, near San Diego, Cal., where there is a high powered radio station.

Eleven Chicago Firemen Injured By Falling Wall

CHICAGO, May 22.—Eleven firemen were trapped late today beneath a falling wall while they were fighting a fire in West Madison street.

"Most of the members of engine company 168 went down," said the fire chief. "I don't know whether they are dead or alive."

Rescuers dragged the injured firemen from beneath the bricks and hurried them to a hospital. None was killed.

"All the boys were more or less seriously hurt," said the fire chief, "but no one was killed."

U. P. Engineer Killed While Crossing Track in His Own Motor Car

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., May 22.—(Special Telegram.)—While John E. McWilliams was driving his automobile across Willow street crossing of the Union Pacific railroad in this city train No. 2 ran into the automobile about 2:30 this afternoon, killing Mr. McWilliams and seriously if not fatally injuring his wife.

Mr. McWilliams has been a Union Pacific engineer and prominent, respected citizen of this city many years. He lived just one block from the place of the accident.

Superior Goes Wet By Eight Majority

SUPERIOR, Neb., May 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Superior under a special election by the referendum went wet by eight votes today, after one of the warmest elections held for some time. It will take at least thirty days before saloons can be opened under ordinance by the special election.

In April the town went dry by one vote at the regular city election.

Ak-Sar-Ben Opens June 1

Every man loyal to Omaha should join.

The National Capital

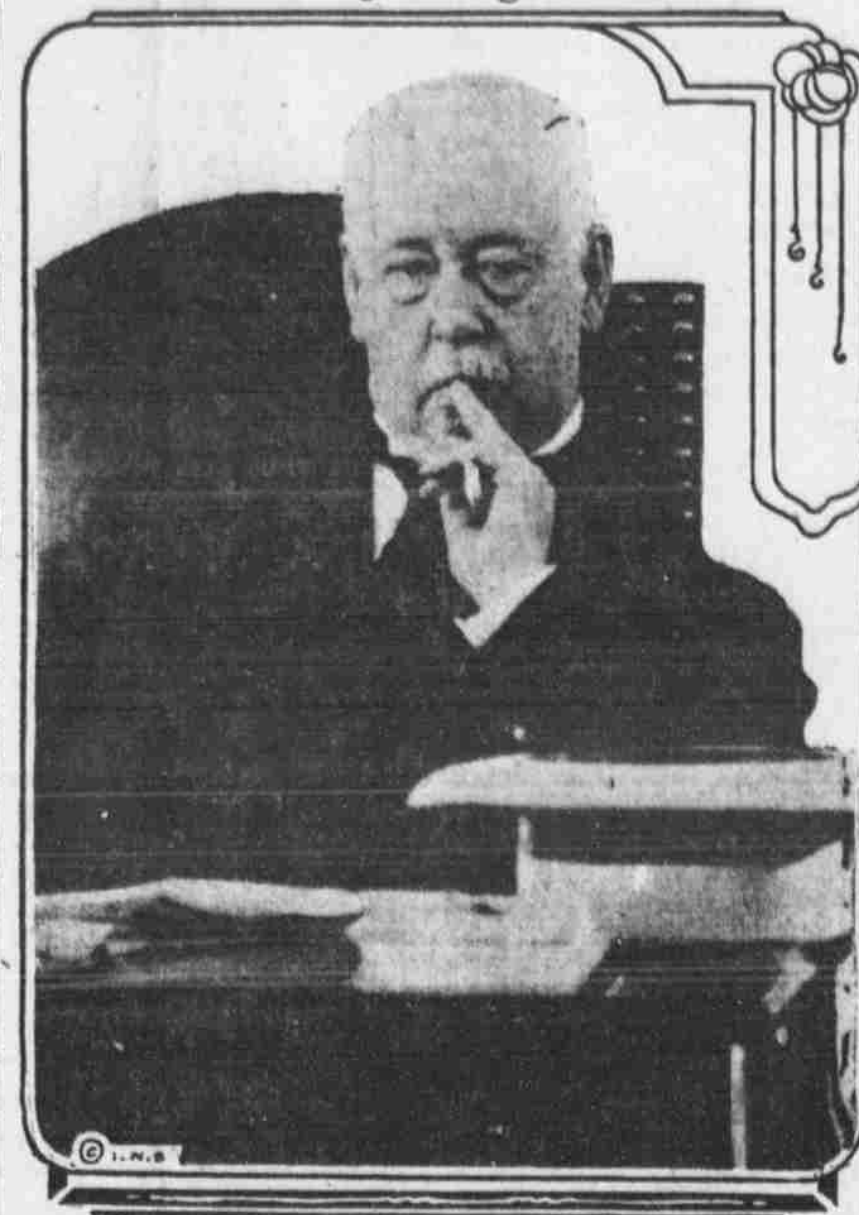
Friday, May 22, 1914.

The Senate.

The House.

Continued from page 1.

Tells Story of High Finance



Former President Mellen on the witness stand at Washington.

Advises Colorado Miners to Become Citizens of the U. S.

TRINIDAD, Colo., May 22.—Colonel James Lockett, in command of the federal military force in Colorado, today began the distribution to the aliens in the southern coal fields of a pamphlet urging them to become naturalized citizens of the United States.

The booklet, published by the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, was furnished to the military authorities in eight languages. Colonel Lockett sent packages of the pamphlets through the district, with instructions to get them into the hands of the aliens, whether strikers or mine employees.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Hope that a solution of the Colorado strike situation might be found as a result of the work being done by two men sent to the scene by Secretary of Labor Wilson, was expressed by the secretary at the cabinet meeting today.

The two men, one representing coal miners and the other representing operators, made a number of reports to Secretary Wilson. He said these reports show nothing definite at yet, but the efforts to bring about arbitration will be continued and the prospects looked good.

The suggestion made before the president yesterday by Judge Ben Lindsey of Denver to have the federal government take complete control of the situation was discussed by the cabinet. It was said that Judge Lindsey's plan for closing down the mines until the operators agreed to submit to arbitration was not favored by the cabinet.

Seven Army Officers and Eight Lipton Men Plead Guilty

LONDON, May 22.—Pleas of guilty were handed down today by seven of the nine British army officers and all the eight lipton men charged in January last with graft in connection with contracts for supplying army canteens. All the officers except Lieutenant Colonel Whitaker were connected with the quartermaster's department of the army and had risen from the ranks. The civilians named were employees of Lipton's limited. Sentence was deferred until May 25.

Sickles' Estate Goes to Grandchildren

NEW YORK, May 22.—The will of the late Major General Daniel E. Sickles, which was read yesterday, named as his heirs three of his grandchildren, Daniel E. Sickles, 12 year old son of Stanton Sickles, Christopher Crackenthorpe, 11 years old, and Ida Blanch Crackenthorpe, 11 children of Mrs. Ida Sickles Crackenthorpe, whose husband is connected with the British consular service.

A legacy of \$5,000 was left to General Horatio King, and smaller legacies to servants.

The value of the estate, according to the attorney, will be small. The only property owned by the general at the time of his death was his home in lower Fifth avenue and against this were two mortgages. General Sickles inherited most of the large fortune left by his father, who at one time owned practically all of New Rochelle, N. Y. It was estimated at about \$5,000,000 but dwindled to nothing in unfortunate speculations.

The National Capital

Friday, May 22, 1914.

The Senate.

The House.

Continued from page 1.

The Senate.

The House.

Gambler Killed and Bandit Wounded in Holdup of Road House

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—The sheriff of San Mateo county with a posse and police detectives from this city are beating the bush on the hills south of San Francisco today in search for James Baily, one of two bandits who entered a roadhouse on the outskirts of the city late last night, killed a gambler and wounded another patron of the place.

The authorities got Baily's description from men who were in the place at the time of the holdup and his name from a hospital with bullet wounds in his neck and chest.

Davis Williams, who was dealing a game, was shot by one of the highwaymen when he related their attack on "Con" Regan, owner of the place. Eugene Galatoire, a bystander, was wounded in the neck when William Markt, manager of the house, drew the bandit's fire by shooting at them from behind the bar.

Regan was not hurt, although one of the bandits cried, "We want you," as they rushed in, their faces masked and their pistols pointed at Regan.

Donovan and Baily fled when they had emptied their weapons. Donovan was captured in a street car. He told the police Baily had been shot. This, in the excitement of the moment, was taken to mean that his comrade was killed. At the hospital, however, Donovan explained that he had meant merely that Baily was wounded.

Missionary Who Was Killed by Lion Was Foot Ball Star

AMES, Ia., May 22.—(Special.)—Ralph Tidrick, who was mauled to death by a lion near his mission post near Khortoum, Egypt, today was an Ames football star. He played at tackle on the Ames eleven of the fall of 1904. That fall he was elected to captain the team the next year, but instead of returning to Ames he went back to Tarkio college, where he took his degree.

Tidrick began his college career at Tarkio. While at Tarkio he became a volunteer for missionary service, and, realizing his need of some practical work in agriculture before going into the foreign mission field, he came to Ames in the fall of 1904 to take such work as he thought would be most helpful in his work. During his year's work in Ames, Tidrick proved his ability, not only in scholarship but as a football player.

Three Boys Near Ord Killed by Lightning

ORD, Neb., May 22.—News reached here this evening of the killing last night by lightning of three brothers named Crobb, aged 17, 15 and 11, living on a farm near Ord. The boys were standing in the doorway of the barn, which was struck by lightning and the three were instantly killed. The barn was burned with several heads of horses.

MURDERS FOUR WOMEN AND COMMITS SUICIDE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, Minn., May 22.—Four persons are dead and another is expected to die as the result of a murder and suicide at the farm of O. K. Olson, thirty miles north of here yesterday. Louisa Gilsoul appeared at the Olson home and after shooting four women, later committed suicide while being pursued by a posse. The dead:

MRS. LUDWIG LARSON.
MRS. LOUIS GILSOUL.
MISS LINGA OLSON.
LOUIS GILSOUL.

Mrs. Olson, at whose home the tragedy occurred, probably was fatally wounded. Gilsoul's wife was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Olson, from whom he had separated.

Jealousy is said to have caused the trouble.

WILD WOMEN MAR PICTURES

Historic Works of Art in London Galleries Mutilated.

RIOUS SCENES IN COURT

Women Arrested During Attack on Palace Throw Missiles at Judge and Force Adjournment by Screaming and Howling.

LONDON, May 22.—The "wild women" of the Women's Social and Political union, the militant suffragette organization, today continued their terrorist tactics by making two separate attacks on the national art treasures.

The turmoil of the battle in the vicinity of Buckingham palace, where a column of determined women yesterday attempted to reach the king with a petition, had barely subsided, when early this morning a woman armed with a loaded cane ruined five masterpieces in the National gallery.

Almost simultaneously another woman wrecked a picture hanging in the Royal Academy of Art. Both women were arrested.

Friday if students' day at the National gallery and the rooms were filled with young artists engaged in copying masterpieces. Suddenly in the Venetian room a middle-aged woman in a loaded stick from beneath her cloak and made several vicious slashes at all the pictures within reach. Among them were four valuable old paintings by Giovanni Bellini. Had it not been for the numerous easels standing about the room the damage inflicted would have been much more serious. Students and attendants overpowered the woman.

Paintings Are Valuable.
The pictures damaged at the National gallery were a "Mandana and Child with Infant Saint," a "Portrait of Girolamo Malatini," "Saints John and Christopher and the Dove," a "Landscape with the Death of Saint Peter" and "Christ's Agony in the Garden."

The painting gashed at the Royal academy was "Primavera," by George Clausen. The academy was filled with a fashionable throng, when a woman drew a butcher's cleaver and dashed at the picture. Attendees at once seized her and only the presence of the police prevented her from being roughly handled by the spectators.

Both women refused to give their names. The National gallery vandal left a trail of blood behind her from cuts from broken glass. The national gallery was immediately closed and all the students turned out.

The scenes at Bow street police court when the women arrested during yesterday's battle were arraigned today, surpassed in wildness all previous efforts of the militant party. A male affragist, who somehow had found a perch among the rafters, blew ear-piercing variations of the "Marseillaise" on a cornet and then sounded the "charge." This was a signal for volleys of bags of flour and other missiles to be thrown at the magistrate, Sir John Dickinson.

Three policemen were required to prevent one of the prisoners from throwing herself over the rail of the enclosure. Another woman removed her shoe and hurled it at the head of the magistrate, who caught it deftly in his extended hand.

When Sir John Dickinson suspended the hearing and ordered the court cleared, there was a free fight.

Subsequently the women were again brought in. Most of them were bound over to keep their peace for six months but they unanimously refused to find sureties.

Theophile O. Grandpre, of Chicago, who was knocked unconscious by a mounted policeman's horse during the suffragette raid on Buckingham palace, told the police today that he was robbed of \$50 by two men who came to his assistance.

How Started in Theater.

King George and Queen Mary were compelled to listen to the harangue of a militant suffragette today, while they were attending a matinee at His Majesty's theater. A woman rose in the stalls and began to address the king.

"You Russian usurper," she shrieked. The attendants quickly rushed in and tried to get her out, but found she was chained to the seat. They had to file through a link before she could be removed.

While this was in progress, half a dozen women in different parts of the theater started shouting at his majesty. One of them jumped on the stage and commenced a speech. When she had been thrown out, others began.

Eventually all the disturbers were ejected. The police had a hard struggle to save them from rough handling by the crowd.

Attempt to Burn Mansion.

LEICESTER, England, May 22.—An attempt early today by militant suffragettes to burn Stoughton hall, a picturesque mansion here, was frustrated by a game keeper.

The Manufacturer Can Present His Product in the Home Circle

If a manufacturer could take his product directly into the homes and there personally describe its merit, he could sell many goods. Such a course is impossible, but the manufacturer is learning that the home newspaper offers a direct route from seller to buyer. A large proportion of the goods bought are decided upon by reason of the customer's confidence in the salesman. The advertiser in the home newspaper gets the benefit of the confidence which that newspaper has established in his home circle. His product is introduced into that home by an old confidential friend.

Would you like to know more about it while you are working on your plan? Drop a postal of inquiry to the Bureau of Advertising, American Newspaper Publishers Association, World Building, New York.

Booklet on request.

MELLEN TELLS HOW HE SHIELDED MORGAN FROM INDICTMENT

Nearly Killed Everybody About Office to Keep Magnate's Name Out of Correspondence.

WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER IS ILL

Oil King's Brother Probably Will Not Be Able to Testify.

DISLIKES POLITICAL BOSSES

Former Head of New Haven Says They Are Always on Hand.

HE CONCLUDES HIS TESTIMONY

Purchase of Torrington Railroad and Waterbury Gas Company Are Gone Into—Held Up by Company in New York.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Charles K. Mellen, former president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, concluded his testimony before the Interstate Commerce commission at 12:40 o'clock today, after four days and a half of interrogation concerning the New Haven's financial affairs.

In the last five minutes of his testimony Mr. Mellen was led to discuss his negotiations with the Grand Trunk railway as a result of which he was indicted by a federal grand jury for alleged conspiracy.

"Did Mr. Morgan have anything to do with Grand Trunk negotiations for this exchange?" asked Mr. Folk.

"He took a very active part. I did not know Mr. Morgan knew anything about the matter until he came to my office while Mr. Smithers and Mr. Chamberlain were there. He told them what they could do to bring about peace between the New Haven and Grand Trunk interests."

"He left the office and I told Smithers and Chamberlain that I felt the worst punishment they could get would be to extend the Grand Trunk into New England. I then told them that if they thought the amount of business justified we could discuss the matter of reaching an agreement regarding the exchange of business along the Connecticut river. I was asked to put my views in writing, and within a week after the federal grand jury began proceedings against me."

"What about the letter you wrote to the district attorney at New York?" asked Mr. Folk.

"I wrote that letter to shield Mr. Morgan. It was gone