

THE WEATHER.  
Cloudy; Colder

### AMERICAN IS PUT TO DEATH BY REBELS IN BORDER VILLAGE

Gustav Bauch Executed Wednesday Night, Report Brought by Cattlemen to El Paso.

### ANOTHER U. S. CITIZEN IS SLAIN

Killed at Same Time as Alleged Spy, According to Story.

### ACCOUNT BY SOCORRO STOCKMAN

Comes from El Paso Jail with Tale of Assassination.

### CONSUL HAD BEEN REASSURED

Told Shortly Before News of Murder Brought that Railroad Man Had Been Mercely Transferred.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 21.—Gustav Bauch, an American, was executed at Juarez last Wednesday night at 9:30 o'clock. Another American, said to have come from Eagle Pass, Tex., is reported to have been killed at the same time. This news was brought out of the Juarez jail by J. J. Baca, a cattle raiser of Socorro, N. M., fifteen miles east of here.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 21.—The alleged disappearance of John Lawrence, an engineer, of Yuma, Ariz., and a friend of his by the name of Curtis, in Juarez last Wednesday, or whether they had disappeared at all, constituted a mystery today.

In Juarez officials denied that any such men had been detained. The American consul, Thomas D. Edwards, was officially informed that Gustav Bauch, who was reported to have been a spy in El Paso, had merely been removed from the Laredo street barracks, where he was held incommunicado, to another lockup and the consul was assured that probably he would be released in a day or two.

The accusations against Bauch, so far as could be learned, simmered down during the trial to the charge that he had assisted in repairing locomotives for the federales. Bauch is a railroad mechanic.

### Result of Mass Meeting.

If the statement to Edwards proves true and he is released, American refugees here say it will indicate that the indignation meeting held here last night to protest against the murder of William S. Benton by General Francisco Villa influenced the rebel decision.

The most significant feature of the mass meeting is said to be that it could be held at all with foreigners having interests in Mexico present. For three years they have avoided even the appearance of having an opinion on affairs south of the river, except confidentially among themselves. Last night stating that they realized their new attitude might mean to their interests and possibly to their lives should they attempt to return to Mexico, they showed themselves in the open where Villa's representatives, who were present, could recognize them.

### Denial by Villa's Doctor.

Among the Villistas in the audience was Dr. Lyman Kachbaum, the doctor, who is Villa's personal physician, today issued a signed statement declaring that the statement in the resolutions that Americans have been murdered because of their nationality was untrue.

The resolutions, which condemn the attitude of the Washington government on Mexican affairs and accuse the State department of suppressing vital facts in the interest of a peace policy, were sent to President Wilson by telegram last night. Copies were mailed to the British ambassador and to the senators from Texas and New Mexico.

Although Villa promised Consul Edwards that the grave of Benton would be marked, its location was still unknown to Benton's friends today.

### Bauch Taken to Chihuahua.

Colonel Federico Gonzales Garcia, counselor to the garrison commander at Juarez, Colonel Fidel Avila, told reporters today that Bauch was taken to Chihuahua yesterday on the train which carried General Villa and his staff. Consul Edwards was at the station when his train left and carefully scrutinized the passengers on the platform without seeing an American. He admitted that one might have escaped detection. He said he expected an official report of the Bauch case by night.

Avila vehemently denied that any foreigners are locked up at Juarez at present and he said the Lawrence and Curtis were persons he had never seen or heard of until he read the newspapers. He ordered that a roster of all prisoners be prepared today for his scrutiny and inspection.

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### The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday:	
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity	
—Mostly cloudy Sunday; colder.	
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	
Hour.	Temp.
5 a. m.	32
6 a. m.	32
7 a. m.	32
8 a. m.	32
9 a. m.	32
10 a. m.	32
11 a. m.	32
12 m.	32
1 p. m.	32
2 p. m.	32
3 p. m.	32
4 p. m.	32
5 p. m.	32
6 p. m.	32
7 p. m.	32
Comparative Local Record.	
1914 1913 1912 1911.	
Highest yesterday.....	41 29 26 24
Lowest yesterday.....	26 19 21 5
Mean temperature.....	36 24 24 41
Precipitation.....	T 51 T 01
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:	
Normal temperature.....	25
Excess for the day.....	11
Total excess since March 1.....	12.7
Deficiency for day.....	14.07
Total deficiency since March 1.....	24.07
Total rainfall since March 1.....	24.07 inches
Deficiency since March 1.....	4.60 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913, 4.48 inches	
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912, 11.75 inches	
Indicates trace of precipitation.	
L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.	

### EIGHT TREATIES RATIFIED

General Arbitration Pacts Are Approved by the Senate.

### NONE OF THEM AMENDED

All Become Laws in the Form in Which They Were Negotiated by the Department of State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Without any amendment whatever to limit their scope the senate by more than a two-thirds vote today ratified the general arbitration treaties between the United States and Great Britain, Japan, Italy, Spain, Norway, Sweden, Portugal and Switzerland.

Ratification of the conventions clears the diplomatic atmosphere, so to speak, which has been charged and surcharged for months with complexities, relating to the Japanese protest against the California anti-alien land laws and British protests against the tolls exemption at Panama. The phrase "in a state of isolation" was frequently used in describing the situation.

The British treaty had been held up particularly by those who were opposed to submitting the tolls question to The Hague. President Wilson's plan to repeal the exemption, included first the ratification of the British treaty as well as the others, "to first rehabilitate the diplomatic relations of the United States," as some administration supporters have described it.

### Prince William of Wied Accepts the Albanian Throne

NEUWIED, Germany, Feb. 21.—Prince William of Wied entered the ranks of European sovereigns today when he formally accepted the throne of Albania, tendered to him by Essad Pasha, at the head of a deputation of Albanian nobles.

Essad Pasha, who defended Souttari for the Turks against the Montenegrins during the Balkan war, and the other delegates saluted Prince William as "king" and "your majesty," although the European powers had contemplated according him only the title of prince.

A member of the Albanian deputation had brought with him a casket containing sand, earth and water from Albania, which Prince William accepted as a symbol of his new sovereignty.

The chosen monarch of Albania assumed his honors under strictly Prussian conditions. During the ceremony he wore the uniform of a Prussian major and a German military band played.

The Albanian nobles were greatly impressed with their queen, who before her marriage was Princess Sophia of Schoenburg-Waldenburg. She wore royal robes and carried a diadem on her head and stood beside her consort, although this was not consonant with Moslem usage.

### Rail and Wire Lines in Six California Counties Tied Up

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 21.—Three days of unprecedented rainfall brought up six southern California counties to a condition of complete prostration today. There were no street car or railroad lines in service. High winds off the ocean prostrated wires and for hours today Los Angeles and surrounding territory within a radius of 200 miles were without power or telephone and telegraph service.

Five men and women lost their lives in the floods since Wednesday. Storm damage has been done by the great waters, which were the most menacing in the recorded history of the southern end of the state.

### Coroner's Jury Holds Railroad Negligent

TECUMSEH, Neb., Feb. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—At the conclusion of an inquest before Coroner C. R. Snell in Tecumseh today a jury found that the Burlington Railroad company had been negligent in the manner it ran trains through the main streets of that town, in not keeping its grog in repair at the crossing where Manuel Boatman was struck by a train and killed on February 5; that the crossing is dangerous and that the train in question was running at an excessive rate of speed.

### CREIGHTON MAN SECOND IN ORATORICAL CONTEST

UNIVERSITY PLACE, Neb., Feb. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—The annual contest of the Nebraska Collegiate Oratorical association was held this evening in Nebraska Wesleyan auditorium. First place was awarded to Earl A. Everett of Grand Island college, his subject being "The Lawyer, a Forerunner." William J. Flaherty of Creighton university took second place, speaking on the subject, "Peace and Progress." Everett J. Mitchell of Wesleyan was third with an oration on "The Dynamic Power of Civilization." Other schools represented were Cotner, Bellevue, Doane, Hastings and York. The winner was especially strong in delivery while Creighton's representative excelled in thought.

### COMMITTEE FINDS A PRISONER TOO MANY

Strike Probing Body Orders Four Witnesses Locked Up and Fifth is Discovered.

### THREE FROM FOUR LEAVES TWO

Attorney for company Accounts for Presence of Extra Man.

### THINKS HE WOULD BE VALUABLE

Roar from Counsel for Miners Follows Announcement.

### INVESTIGATORS ARE PUZZLED

Persons in Question Wanted to Give Evidence as to Alleged Peonage in Delagua Colony.

TRINIDAD, Colo., Feb. 21.—Three from four leave two. This was the mathematical proposition that threw the congressional investigation of the Colorado coal strike into confusion late today. For the subcommittee, having ordered Sergeant-at-arms Martin Jakle to intern four witnesses and hold them incommunicado under the pains and penalties thereto provided, and after seeking the bulky form of Mr. Jakle leisurely planted before the door of the witness room for several hours, suddenly discovered that it had locked up—and fed—and extra man.

Mr. Representative Evans of Montana who first made the discovery. He bethought himself of interviewing the captain of the guards, Jakle. "How are the prisoners, Jake," he insisted.

"All right," replied the upholder of the dignity of the congress of the United States in the Colorado coal fields.

"The two who have already testified are locked in another room, one on the witness stand now, and the other two are here."

### The Other What.

"The other what," almost shouted the congressman.

"The other two, course," replied Jakle. Mr. Evans descended upon the hearing like a coyote on a goat.

"I want the sergeant-at-arms to explain how many witnesses were given into his custody," he announced, interrupted the peaceful session.

The sergeant was produced. He explained there were five when he got them and that none of them had got away—not on the honor of a former Illinois sheriff.

"But there were only four when we ordered them into custody," said Evans. "They were the four Italians from Delagua, whom we had sent for to testify on the charges of peonage."

"This other fellow, and where did he come from?"

### Five Lined Up.

The five witnesses were then lined up for the inspection of Giovanni Minnotti, whose story on the stand yesterday caused the order for the four men's removal. He pointed out the four men whom he had told the commission were held in the Delagua mine against their wishes. "I not know dat feller," he added, pointing to the fifth.

Frank E. Gove, attorney for the Victor-American Fuel company, then stepped into the breach. "I assume responsibility for the presence of this man," he declared.

"He is the one who signed contracts for the Italian workmen who could not write. We thought he would be a valuable witness."

"I have the fullest confidence in the integrity of Mr. Gove," interposed E. P. Costigan of counsel for the miners. "But I submit that it is an astounding situation when the commission's own witness ordered held incommunicado is locked up in the same room with a witness for the strikers."

The committee was puzzled. Finally Chairman Foster ordered Anof Yamicic, the mysterious fifth man, placed on the stand for immediate interrogation.

### Zion City Tobacco Ordinance Void

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 21.—John Alexander Dowie's dictum against tobacco, which has been the law of the faithful in Zion City, Ill., court today. The city ordinance of Zion City, forbidding the use of tobacco in any form within the city limits, was declared unconstitutional.

Attempts to enforce the ordinance have kept Zion City in the throes of intermittent rioting for several years. Since the electrical apparatus factory, one of the Zionist enterprises, was taken over by an outside concern and numerous other non-Zionists moved in, the faithful have been outraged daily by the spectacle of men smoking tobacco.

Under the direction of Wilbur Glenn Voliva, successor to Dowie, the Zionists were not slow to retaliate by building a cement chapel next to the electrical factory and preaching and singing energetic denunciations of all who defile the air with tobacco smoke. The result was war.

Both sides appealed to the state courts. The Zionists asserted that the Zion City government, which until recently was in the hands of an independent faction, did not give them protection against the smokers.

### Boys Kill Turk Who Cursed the Cross

WATERTOWN, Mass., Feb. 21.—In defense of the cross, Nathan Aprahamian, aged 16, and Manooz Garabedian, aged 17, Armenians, killed Sunlu-Xada, a Turk on Tuesday, according to a confession given out by the police today. The body of Sunlu-Xada was found in a field.

### Show It to George



### HAWKEYE MOOSERS PROGRESS BACKWARD

Numerous Conferences Fail to Make Slate for the State Offices.

### ORDERS COME FROM THE EAST

Several Attempts Made to Select Candidate to Run Against Senator Cummins Result in Failure.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—In no state of the union has there been better opportunity than in Iowa for early disclosure of the inherent weakness of the bull moose movement in politics; and the opportunity has been improved for very satisfactory demonstration of the trend in politics.

Responsible heads of the bull moose or progressive party movement called a statewide conference for early in the year which was advertised to be the starting point of a last campaign. It was announced that a full state ticket was to be got into the field at once and the matter would be decided at this conference.

Not all other "state committees" attended and not over 30 per cent of the counties were represented. Money was pledged, but not much cash taken in. It was announced that a "state organizer" from Colorado, former resident of Iowa, but who had never done anything in state politics, had been working two months without a cent of salary and paying his own expenses. Money was needed to keep him in the field. Since then he has apparently disappeared.

No state ticket made out for the promised state ticket at the January meeting and in February another meeting was held. At the first one two or three managers of the movement from outside the state did most of the talking. At the last one three or four others appeared and by reason of their talkativeness they got into the papers with much display and boastfulness.

### Second District Placed.

Almost immediately, however, came the bye-election in the Second Iowa congressional district to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Pepper, democrat. At the election a year and a half ago the republicans were so badly discouraged they did not even have a candidate in the district. And the democrats elected every member of the legislature from the district. But this time, with a ten-day campaign only, they put up such a fight that, as compared with the vote for presidential electors, the republicans gained 25 per cent in their vote and the bull moosers lost about 90 per cent of theirs. The democrats won in a strong democratic district, but by a much smaller plurality than usual. The bull moose party, however, was the fact that the bull moose party all but disappeared. And they had done most of the shouting before the election day.

The practical demonstration of the trend of the times in Iowa politics seemed to be closely related to the evidence.

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### JUDGE GUNNARSON A CITIZEN

Father's Naturalization Papers Are Found in Musty Archives.

### CLEAR UP A MOOTED CASE

Citizen of Aurora Whose Right Was Questioned Has Difficultly Untroubled After Three Years.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Yellow with age and covered with dust after reposing for more than a quarter of a century in the archives of the general land office of the Interior department, the original naturalization papers of the father of Oscar Gunnarson of Aurora, Neb., came to light today to establish finally the right to American citizenship of Mr. Gunnarson, a matter that has been in legal dispute for the last three years.

During that time, Judge Gunnarson has been waging an uphill fight to prove his rights to citizenship, he having been brought here from Sweden by his parents when but 6 years old. In all these years, and after holding important office his status as a citizen had never been questioned until an immigration inspector at St. Louis three years ago demanded that he qualify as an American citizen before he could be admitted to the country.

Although he knew his father had taken out naturalization papers, the most diligent search among family effects failed to locate them and consequently his testimony in that and other cases was thrown out of court.

Some time ago Judge Gunnarson sent Senator Hitchcock \$100 to cover the land office fee for furnishing a copy of the patent to the land granted his father as a homestead. This money will be returned to Judge Gunnarson, for, to the surprise of the officials of the department, the original naturalization papers of his father were found snugly nestling in the time-worn department files with the homestead grant, and the aged, but precious, document entitling him to full American citizenship was sent the Aurora man today.

### Indians Turned Down.

Henry Hollow Horn Bear and the others of the Indian delegation from the Rosebud, B. D., reservation were informed today by the commissioner of Indian affairs that the department was unable to offer encouragement in the matter of increased salaries for Indian police, and also that the request to establish an Indian court has been referred to the superintendent of the reservation for a report.

They were further informed that taxation on real estate and personal property held in trust by the United States is not subject to state taxation, but that land patents, fees and personal property acquired by the Indians are subject to such taxation.

George Kiewit, an Omaha contractor, is in the city on his way to New York. The nephew of Representative Kinkaid, "Jack" Kinkaid, who is well known in O'Neill, is visiting the congressman, having arrived from Los Angeles, Cal., where he has just graduated from high school.

### BOY IS SUFFOCATED ON TOP OF SHOP BOILER

HURON, S. D., Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Funeral services for the late Clarence Quise, aged 25, who was found dead on top of one of the boilers at the Chicago & Northwestern shops here, were held here today and burial made here. The young man's death was caused by suffocation, it being very hot on top of the boiler, although it is bricked over, the coroner's jury finding that he climbed to the top himself and evidently lay down to sleep, the heat proving too much for him. He was employed by the company at the Chicago & Northwestern shops here, where he had been working for some time. It is supposed he got up there during the night, his body, partially cooked, being found there at an early hour in the morning.

### NINTH ANNUAL MOTOR SHOW OPEN MONDAY

Doors of Auditorium to Admit Visitors to Exhibition in the Afternoon.

### OPEN REMAINDER OF WEEK

Fine Display of Motor Cars for Public Inspection Every Afternoon and Evening for Entire Week.

All day Saturday the Auditorium was a veritable bee hive, with men running hither and thither in an apparently irresponsible and inconsistent manner, but in reality with every move figured out many days ahead. Every automobile man in the city had forsaken his sacred precincts of business and had hied himself to his exhibiting space at the Auditorium to personally superintend the arrangement of displays preparatory to the opening of the ninth annual Automobile show Monday afternoon.

Early Saturday morning a flock of automobile men swarmed up to the big building and like magic that huge structure, barren as a barn because of the uncertain condition of the exploding opera left it in, began to take on a prosperous air and by afternoon it could almost be called cozy. The exquisite decorations designed by Decorator Collins were thrown up and the spaces were partitioned off in the most attractive manner possible.

### To Open Monday Afternoon.

It is absolutely certain that the show will throw open its doors Monday afternoon at that matter what else happens. Powell is also preparing to handle the biggest opening night crowd of his career Monday evening. Powell has been working hard and the opening night should be a good night as it will be the first chance to see everything and everything is going to be on hand the opening night this year, although at some former times that was not the case.

The show will be open every afternoon and evening next week, opening Monday afternoon and closing Saturday night. The biggest night of the show will be Thursday night. That will be society night and the dinner on that night will be some class, according to Boss Powell. What Powell has in his sleeve is not known, but it is one sure bet that it will be well worth while. Musical night will

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### Too Many Male Seals, Says Expert Clark

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—An echo of the old fur seal investigation was heard in congress today when the house committee on expenditures in the Department of Commerce examined George Archibald Clark of Leland Stanford university, who was a member of the fur seal commission of 1896-7 and a special agent in 1900.

The committee wanted to ascertain if the law had been violated in 1909 when the sealers were alleged to have swept the hauling grounds of all seals coming up from the sea at the Pribiloff islands in Bering sea.

Mr. Clark explained reports he had made to the Department of Commerce and submitted to the committee two unpublished reports of his dealing with conditions in the fur seal islands in 1912 and 1913. In these reports he said the male seals had increased rapidly since pelagic sealing was abolished and a closed season for land sealing established. He argued that this increase would be very detrimental to the seal herd in fifty years because the great number of males would kill many of the female seals and trample many of the young seals to death.

### OFFICIAL VERSION OF BENTON'S DEATH IS AT WASHINGTON

Government Formed that British Ranchman Threatened Life of Villa.

### WAS TRIED BY COURT-MARTIAL

Agent Says He Was Executed According to Rules of War.

### WAITING FURTHER INQUIRY

Consul Edwards Ordered to Demand Protection for Bauch.

### BENTON MURDERED LIKE A DOG

Telegram from R. N. Dudley of El Paso, Which Says There is No Evidence Benton Was Aggressor, Read in Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—White House officials stated today that official reports from General Villa and his friends declared William S. Benton, the British ranchman, was executed because he entered the camp of Villa armed and had threatened the life of the constitutionalist commander.

In view of this latest report there was a disposition at the White House to await a full investigation of the facts before expressing any opinion. It was also stated that Great Britain was holding in abeyance any representations pending the completion of a report on the affair by the American government.

Late official dispatches to the State department containing Villa's version of the affair, were brought to the White House, but a complete account of the killing, as given by Benton to Consul Edwards, is on its way by mail.

Official dispatches from American consular representatives say further that Villa claims Benton came to him armed and that during the course of a long argument and quarrel, Benton raised a gun to shoot, but was disarmed, and a trial by a military court followed. The official dispatches from American consular representatives say further that Villa claims Benton came to him armed and that during the course of a long argument and quarrel, Benton raised a gun to shoot, but was disarmed, and a trial by a military court followed.

### Rebel Agent's Version.

Roberto V. Pasquera, constitutionalist agent here, made public the following telegram from constitutionalist headquarters at Juarez: "Benton entered Villa's apartment very unexpectedly, demanding protection for his interests and bitterly insulting Villa and the constitutionalist army. General Villa told him that he considered him an enemy to the constitutionalist cause and that in order that he might not continue to work against it, he, Villa, was going to pay him the value of his (Benton's) property in the state of Chihuahua. "Benton became very exasperated at this and drew his revolver, intending to kill the general, but the latter immediately knocked him down, disarming him and sent him to jail. Benton was afterward tried by a special military tribunal, sentenced to death and duly executed, in accordance with the laws and usages of war."

Announcement that Benton met death in Juarez after a court-martial ordered by Villa was made today by Secretary Bryan, who said he had no further details. His resignation came in a dispatch from Consul Edwards at Juarez, who said he had read the court-martial proceedings, which were forwarded by mail to Washington.

### Demand Protection for Ranch.

Secretary Bryan communicated to Consul Edwards the latest message from Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, and instructed Consul Edwards to demand adequate protection and a hearing for Gustav Bauch, an American citizen, whose safety in Juarez grave apprehension has been felt. Friends of Bauch in El Paso have telegraphed to Representative Smith of Texas that he had been shot as a spy. No report had been received at the State department today on the reported disappearance of two other Englishmen, Lawrence and Curtis, who were said to have gone to Juarez in search for Benton.

### Murdered Like a Dog.

A telegram from R. N. Dudley of El Paso, Tex., to Senator Fall, declaring

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### \$50,000,000 a Year Saved

A leading New York City newspaper that has been waging a courageous and effective fight for pure food and a lowering of the cost of living has just announced that it has discovered a method of preserving eggs for several months. It is a simple, inexpensive thing, which is calculated to save \$50,000,000 annually that is now lost through eggs rotting before they can be sold.

This is a tremendous economy even for a rich nation like ours.

But did it ever occur to you that enterprising manufacturers, retailers, and other advertisers in The Bee are constantly offering opportunities for economy which amount to many times \$50,000,000—that is, if every one would take advantage of the opportunities offered? There is a continuous opportunity to economize in money, time and energy by knowing how, when and where to buy. If you are not already one of those who are making themselves efficient, begin now and give a proper attention to the interesting and instructive advertising appearing daily in The Bee.