

Omaha Christian Scientists Dedicate House of Worship

Christian Scientists are extending to the public a cordial invitation to attend the dedicatory service of their church to be held today. Three services will be held, one at 11 a. m., one at 2 p. m. and one at 8 o'clock in the evening.

While the church has been in use for over two years, it has not been dedicated, because the founder of Christian Science established the rule that no church should be dedicated, until it was free from debt.

It was not until twenty years after the discovery of Christian Science that it was first brought to the attention of our people in Omaha, and then only in a small way, by one or two who became pupils of Mrs. Eddy, and afterwards formed small societies without any regular organization.

This situation continued for several years, and until 1899 when two independent organizations were in existence. One society met in the Bee building and the other in the Patterson block.

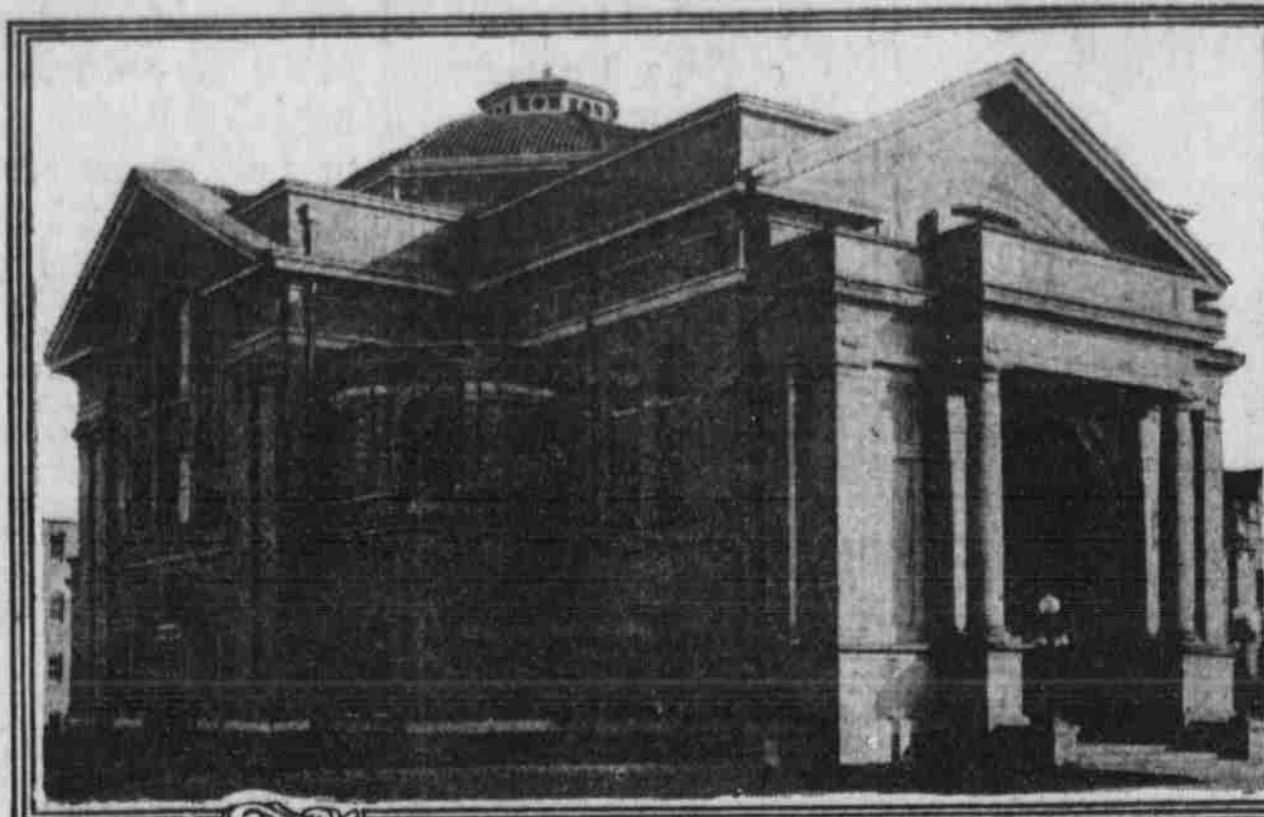
The first Christian Science reading rooms in Omaha were opened to the public in the Bee building in 1900. This reading room has continued in existence ever since with enlarging quarters, and now occupies a suite of rooms at No. 233 Brandeis building.

In May, 1903, a union of the different societies took place and a corporation was formed under the laws of the state governing religious organizations. The first board of directors under its corporate existence consisted of M. A. Free, Mrs. Jennie B. Fenn, Mrs. Harriet Fonda, Mrs. M. A. Lathrop, Mrs. Emma Hatch, Mrs. Clara N. McMillan and Mrs. M. O. Plick. Mrs. Arthur C. Wakeley was the first clerk of the church.

The first regular meeting place was in the old Congregational church on St. Mary's avenue west of the present site. Meetings were held here for a number of years, and until increased attendance demanded larger quarters. Chambers Auditorium at Twenty-fifth and Farnam streets was rented. This has a seating capacity of about 600.

In 1905 the ground at the northeast corner of Twenty-fourth and St. Mary's avenue was purchased as the site for the church home to be erected, and on October 4, 1907, the cornerstone for the new edifice was laid. Services were held in the new building for the first time September 2, 1911.

The church building, including grounds, cost approximately \$105,000. Upon the completion of the church a debt remained of \$30,000, which was taken care of by a bond issue subscribed entirely by members of the congregation. These bonds were made payable May 1, 1914, with an option for preparation, and, as the building fund has advanced such proportions as to make it possible to pay off the



FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST-SCIENTIST

bonds in their entirety, the same was done in order to permit dedication. With the seating capacity of the church taxed at the Sunday morning and the Wednesday evening services, plans are already being freely discussed for the organization of a second church, which will no doubt be located in the north part of the city.

Simplicity marks every form of public service and worship in Christian Science churches. The cornerstone was laid at an early morning hour, attended only by a few of the officers of the church. The dedicatory services do not vary from the regular services, except that an extra service is held in the afternoon and a dedicatory or historical address is given.

On the present occasion the dedicatory address will be delivered by Mrs. A. F. Fiedler De Long, a practitioner, who has been intimately associated with the church from its early organization.

The Sunday service proper consists of alternate readings from the Bible and Science in Health with Key to the Scriptures by Mary Baker Eddy. The Wednesday evening meetings, in addition to the readings, devote one-half of the hour to listening to testimonials from those who have been healed in Christian Science.

A first and second reader are elected from the body of the church by the members for a term of three years, and they are not eligible for re-election. The Sunday school admits only pupils up to the age of 20 years. At present owing to the crowded conditions, two sessions of the Sunday school are held. One at 9:45 a. m. and the other one at 11 o'clock in the morning.

The Mother church in Boston maintains a board of lecturers whose duty it is to respond to calls for lectures from any part of the globe. Omaha has furnished three members of this present board of lecturership. Blenlock Young, a former resident of Omaha, and teacher of voice culture, Virgil Strickler, a former well known attorney of Omaha, and a recent appointee, Clarence W. Chadwick, a Christian Science teacher and practitioner, who for over twenty years has been intimately associated with the work and growth of Christian Science in this community.

The church edifice is one of the most imposing in the city. The design is a free Renaissance with special regard to utility. The exterior is cruciform in shape and is of gray pressed brick with gray stone trimmings, with a dome and red tile roof. The style of architecture design, windows, art glass, pilasters, columns, and interior, are all along modern lines and such as have been generally adopted in Christian Science churches throughout the world.

Entrance is effected from three sides. The main entrances from St. Mary's avenue opens through a vestibule into a spacious foyer, which contains two handsome mantels of Napoleon marble. From the foyer rises the main stairway which opens into the center of the auditorium. Four other stairways also give abundant access and egress to the auditorium. Back of the foyer is the Sunday and class rooms and toilet rooms. The latter in marble with all modern accessories. The floors are laid in ceramic tile with pattern borders and the woodwork is finished with waxed finish. Back of the pulpit platform in the auditorium is an ornamental partition carrying an open grille behind which is an upper organ loft. Connected with the platform and at either side are the readers' rooms furnished, one in oak, and the other in mahogany. Back of the pulpit and separated by a partition, is the directors' room furnished in oak. The lighting effect is made brilliant with over 500 incandescent lights distributed over the great arches, columns and pilasters.

Four thousand complimentary tickets were issued for the first night of the Cement show, and before the doors of the Auditorium closed at midnight, it was estimated that most of them had been used. Also the paid admissions were heavy and a constant stream of spectators was kept flowing in and out of the Auditorium practically from 8 o'clock until near midnight.

President Peter Palmer said, it was far the greatest first night crowd that had ever attended the Midwest Cement show in Omaha. The George Green band furnished music throughout the evening. The San Francisco lecturers delivered several illustrated lectures to large audiences on the great rostrum of the Auditorium. As the audience departed, another entered the room to hear the lecture and see the pictures. Pictures of the Panama canal are shown and pictures of the San Francisco exposition grounds as well.

No less than seventy-five exhibitors have booths this year in the big show. Dozens of noisy machines roared and thundered throughout the evening as they mixed concrete and pounded out cement blocks. Peter Palmer, president of the Nebraska Cement Users' association, has an excellent exhibit himself. He represents a model farm yard in cement. He has a house, barn, and lawn mowers, all built of an artistic stone he manufactures. It is a product of his own creation, being a mixture of cement, white Platte river sand, and black gravel. This gives the effect of a rich gray granite.

Cement fence posts are also on exhibit. Cement flower pots of artistic design stand in stately array before the eyes of the spectators. All in all, there is a greater variety at the show this year than ever before. The illustrated lecture on the San Francisco exposition and on the Panama canal will be given daily. The lecture on the Panama canal will be given every day at 2 o'clock. The lecture on "Travel Routes to the Exposition" will be given at 3:30 and the lecture on "San Francisco and the 1915 Exposition" at 5:15 p. m. Moving pictures and colored slides will be used.

PICKS TWO TO BOSS ROADS

President Will Name Hill and Daniels to Interstate Body.

LATTER NEW JERSEY PRODUCT

Other Man to Be Appointed from Colorado Springs and Former Member of Bar Association of that City.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Winthrop Moore Daniels of Princeton, N. J., chairman of the New Jersey public utility commission, and Henry Clay Hall of Colorado Springs, former president of the Colorado Bar association, probably will be named as members of the Interstate Commerce commission tomorrow, by President Wilson. The senators from New Jersey and Colorado were consulted about their appointments late today.

News of the selection of the two Interstate Commerce commissioners to fill the vacancies, caused by the death of John D. Markle and the resignation of Charles A. Prouty, spread rapidly through the capitol, where congressmen for weeks had been urging no less than fifty different candidates.

Mr. Hall was recommended by practically the entire Colorado congressional delegation, who urged that their state was entitled to representation on the commission. Mr. Daniels practically is a personal choice by the president, because he is an intimate friend and long-time associate in college work.

Mr. Daniels was graduated from Princeton university in 1888 and went back there four years later as an instructor, finally becoming professor of economics and public finance, on which subjects he wrote text books in use in many colleges. Varying the summer months he was engaged in writing financial editorials for the New York Evening Post. In 1911, when Mr. Wilson became governor of New Jersey, he appointed Prof. Daniels to the Public Utilities commission of New Jersey, of which he was later made chairman. He has always been a democrat and is 46 years of age.

Graduate of Amherst. Mr. Hall is a graduate of Amherst college in the class of 1881, is a native of New York and is 54 years of age. He was counsel to the then American legation at Paris from 1888 to 1892, but removed to Colorado Springs, Colo., on account of his health. He was general counsel of the Colorado Springs, Arkansas, Louisiana & Gulf Railway company and many corporations. He was a lecturer on law for a good many years and in 1908 was director of the Colorado Springs on the democratic ticket. He was president of the Colorado Bar association from 1911 to 1912.

Quit Meat if Your Back Hurts, Flush Your Kidneys with Salts

Meat forms uric acid, which clogs kidneys, irritates bladder or causes Rheumatism.

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and lazy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels, removing all the body's urinous waste, also you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells, your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is

cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water solids and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine, so it is no longer irritative, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent little-water drink.—Advertisement.

Special NU-CUT-GLASS sale

This week we put on sale a large shipment of Nu-Cut Glassware—a wonderful imitation of genuine cut glass. This assortment contains many different items and will be sold for prices as below. Sale starts Monday A. M.

- 10c 8-inch Spoon Tray...10c
- 5-inch Berry Bowl...10c
- 5½-inch Nappy...10c
- 6½-inch Nappy...10c
- Square Bon-Bon Dish...10c
- 8-inch Pickle Dish...10c
- 5-inch Handled Dish...10c
- 4½-in. Dish on Stand...10c
- Flower Vases...10c
- 49c 10-inch Cake Plate...49c
- 6½-inch Deep Bowl...49c
- Oval Fruit Dish...49c
- 8-inch Vase...49c
- 8-inch Berry Dish...49c
- 11-inch Celery Dish...49c
- 8-inch Salad Dish...49c
- 8-inch Nappy...49c
- 7-inch Square Nappy...49c
- 59c 11-in. Ice Cream Tray...59c
- 8½-inch Deep Bowl...59c
- 10-inch Vase...59c
- 2-Handled Compote...59c
- 7½-inch Bowls...59c
- 9-inch Nappy...59c
- 9-inch Salad Dish...59c
- 10-inch Berry Dish...59c
- 6½-in. Bowl with foot...59c

NO DELIVERIES DURING THIS SALE.

MILTON ROGERS & SONS CO. 1515 HARNEY

WONDERS IN CEMENT SHOWN

Show at Auditorium Reveals Adaptability of Material.

CROWDS APPRECIATE DISPLAY

Lectures and Pictures Reveal What May Be Accomplished by Use of Latest Methods in Construction.

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Julia Flake Taken to Training School; Outbreak is Feared

GENEVA, Ill., Jan. 31.—Fearing an outbreak of the inmates of the State Training School for Girls here because of the arrival of Julia Flake, the girl who it is alleged plotted with her young father-in-law to kill her mother, Superintendent Carrie S. O'Connor today appealed to the State Board of Administration.

Mrs. O'Connor asserted the purpose of the Geneva school is not to care for girls accused of crime to which Julia Flake is said to have confessed and believes her presence will have a demoralizing effect upon the others. Julia Flake arrived at Geneva today. She is registered under an assumed name. It is isolated in a hospital and none of the other inmates know of her identity.

GALESBURG, Ill., Jan. 31.—Julia Flake, the 15-year-old author of the "Come Over and Kill Mamma" letters, who with Robert Higgins is jointly charged with the murder of her mother, was ordered to the Geneva, Ill., girls' school by the Mercer county juvenile court today. Julia will be cared for there until the grand jury calls her at the April term of court.

Pastor Accused of Misuse of the Mails

WINNER, S. D., Jan. 31.—Rev. Lyugo J. Kelly, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church here, was arrested today by United States Marshal McQueen on the charge of sending obscene literature through the mails to Omaha parties. One specific charge is contained in a letter to a young woman at Council Bluffs. Fifteen or sixteen other letters are in the possession of the marshal.

Rev. Mr. Kelly had his hearing before United States Commissioner Ziebach and was bound over in the sum of \$1,000 to await action by the United States district court at Deadwood. If bail is not secured by tomorrow he will be taken to Deadwood. Rev. Mr. Kelly is a native of London, England, but came here three months ago from Omaha to take the pastorate of the Methodist Episcopal church, left vacant by the resignation of Rev. Mr. Crowder.

HAVE NO POLITICAL POWER

Miss Dunlap So Refers to Present Women Before Suffragists.

GET BALLOT FIRST OF ALL

Speaker Urges Fair Sex to Get Their Fingers in the Governmental Game Before They Can Be Recognized.

"There isn't any particular reason why public officials should do anything for women," said Miss Flora Dunlap of Des Moines, speaking before the Omaha city central committee of woman suffrage societies at the city hall yesterday on the reasons women should get the ballot. "Women cannot now do anything of a political nature in return for consideration from public officials, so why should these politicians do anything for us?"

"Get the ballot first, and then you can get what you want in the way of legislation." About 2,750 names out of the 5,000 required from Douglas county have already been secured on the petitions being circulated to secure the submission of a woman suffrage constitutional amendment at the general election in November, according to reports made at yesterday's meeting.

Reports on the progress made were given by a number of the women, including Mrs. Z. T. Lindsay, who acted as chairman in the absence of Mrs. W. T. Sunderland, Mrs. F. D. Weed, Mrs. W. D. Harford, Mrs. H. A. Waggoner, and others. Some had already filed five to ten petitions with twenty names each. Plans were formulated to carry the campaign into church circles, using the moral arguments for woman suffrage in so doing. It was decided to set Lincoln's birthday, February 12, as the final date of the campaign to secure petition signers, and to hold a big celebration on that day, if the necessary signatures are obtained.

Three men attended the meeting: H. L. Mead, 75 years old and a veteran of the civil war, explained that he would do all he could to help. He lives at 201 California street. Another man named Bailey, who lives in Bemis park, asked for petitions to circulate, and the third man, "Teddy" Morrow, told the women that the socialists favored equal suffrage.

Mrs. Leonard Everett, president of the newly organized equal suffrage society of Council Bluffs, spoke briefly.

TALBOT TALKS TO WOODMEN

Head Consul Explains and Defends His Official Course.

RATES TO NEXT HEAD CAMP

Why Injunction Appeals Have Not Been Dismissed Explained and Criticisms of Opponents Carefully Answered.

For two hours Friday Head Consul A. R. Talbot of the Modern Woodmen of America talked to an assemblage of Omaha and Council Bluffs members of the organization, defending his official action as head of the organization, answering criticism and explaining policies. It was an open meeting of Beach camp, No. 164, and Nelson C. Pratt was chairman and introduced Mr. Talbot.

Mr. Talbot did not make a speech; only once or twice did he talk take to the semblance of oratory. He spoke simply and earnestly, vigorously defending himself, and carefully explaining his actions and the course he has pursued as head of the great fraternal organization. When he declared himself a candidate for re-election, and said he is the only candidate in sight, he drew a burst of applause.

Has Not Betrayed Trust. "I was charged the other night in this hall," he said in opening his remarks, "with having betrayed the organization. I have never betrayed it nor the trust placed upon me by its members, despite the assertions of that able jester. All

Muddy Skin—Blotches and Pimples

Are More Quickly Removed and Pure, Colored Skin Restored by the Use of Sturtevant's Calcium Wafer Than by Any Other Method.

There is no common sense in pimples, liver spots, blotches, etc., marring your beauty and if you will read the text of this announcement you will see exactly why this is so. When you apply you fill the entire blood with all manner of waste matter. If decay and fermentation of a harmful kind arise, then this poisonous matter is taken into the blood and must be thrown off.

Sturtevant's Calcium Wafer, Everybody Now Speaks of My Complexion. It has the ability to cleanse very quickly; but if it is filled with such matter as it cannot handle then it overflows and leaves debris and refuse of all kinds along its course.

The skin of the face is so tender that the impurities in the blood break easily through. The pores of the skin under the influence of poisonous refuse matter become unable to do their work. Then it is that the blood is constantly throwing waste matter into them, filling them up until they appear like little hills of discolored impurities.

Sturtevant's Calcium Wafer are composed of powerful blood-cleansing ingredients. One of these Calcium Sulphide—is the strongest blood purifier known. They go into your blood just like the nutrition from your food. They follow every vein in the body. They open the pores. They help the blood. They kill the elements that cause skin disorders and better than all else, they do their work speedily, gently and yet forcibly and well.

Sturtevant's Calcium Wafer are pleasant to take and you may obtain a box anywhere from any druggist. Price, 50 cents.

Nebraska Will Lead Kansas in Alfalfa

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—According to reports received by the State Board of Agriculture, Nebraska probably will lead Kansas next year on alfalfa. The acreage will show a distinct increase during the coming season, while there are reports that the Kansas farmers are barely holding their own on alfalfa acreage owing to the drought of last season.

In 1913 Kansas had an alfalfa acreage of 1,084,393. Nebraska had 970,885 acres. These states occupy first and second places, respectively, on alfalfa acreage in the United States. In the alfalfa yield last year Nebraska exceeded in production every state in the union, Kansas scoring second place. According to the Coburn report Kansas raised tame hay to the value of \$18,351,793 and under this head is classified alfalfa, timothy, clover, blue grass, orchard grass and all tame grasses raised in Kansas.

In Nebraska the 1913 crop was valued at \$13,326,481, excluding the timothy, clover and other items. With these included Nebraska produced practically 100 per cent more alfalfa than Kansas, for at least \$2,000,000 from that state must be credited to tame grasses other than alfalfa. The figures there would be as follows:

State	Acreage	Value
Kansas	1,084,393	\$18,351,793
Nebraska	970,885	\$23,326,481

Includes values of all tame grasses.

WILSON WANTS TRUST LAWS BEFORE ADJOURNMENT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—That President Wilson is insistent upon enactment of anti-trust legislation before an adjournment, even to give members an early start in the congressional campaign, was made clear to congress today by administration leaders.

Majority Leader Underwood of the house told his colleagues that the president desired the trust bills passed by all means and that this had led to a general taking of stock pending legislation with a view to curtailing the legislative program as much as possible. The democratic leaders are setting the limit for the session at June 1.

Diggs Charged with Offense Against Girl

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—A warrant charging an offense against a young girl was issued for Maury I. Diggs, former state architect, whose recent trial and conviction here under the Mann act caused nation-wide comment because of his political complications.

Mrs. Elizabeth Peering, a doctor's wife, swore to the complaint, alleging an offense against her daughter, Ida Peering, 17 years old. New Year's eve is the time named, and warrants also were sworn to against John Gilligan and John Doe Fisher in connection with the same affair. "Fisher" is said to be an alias.

Diggs' case under the Mann act is now on appeal.

Persistent Advertising is the Road to Big Returns.

Pay--When You Can

is the new slogan of Dr. McCarthy, Omaha's widely known ear and eye specialist. He has served Omaha and Nebraska people for the past fifteen years and is acknowledged master of his profession.

Here Is an Opportunity

for those who have not the ready cash but have eye and ear trouble. Dr. McCarthy will examine and correct all defects of the eye and ear and allow you to pay him when you can.

Don't Neglect the Children

Right now is the proper time to have their eyes and ears examined. In 95 per cent of backward children it is due wholly to eye defects.

Consultation Free of Charge

Are you growing hard of hearing? Have you head noises? If so, see Dr. McCarthy. It costs you nothing to learn whether he can benefit you or not.

Dr. James T. McCarthy

Suite 1101 W. O. W. Bldg., Omaha, Neb. The man who has straightened more crossed eyes with his special ground glasses than any other specialist in the west.

Deafness

Two Clean Papers FOR THE HOME The Youth's Companion AND The Evening Bee INCLUDING SUNDAY Both for 55c a Month Payable Monthly at THE BEE OFFICE