Everybody Reads
the day's happenings every day. If folks don't read your store news every day, it's your fault.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER.
Cloudy; Warmer

VOL. XLIII—NO. 173. OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 6, 1914—TEN PAGES. On Trains and at Hotel News Stands, 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

TWENTY-TWO MEN SINK WITH VESSEL IN ATLANTIC OCEAN

Tank Steamer Oklahoma Goes Down Off New York, According to Wireless.

EIGHT CREW MEMBERS SAVED

None of Several Ships Standing By Able to Give Assistance.

OFFICERS OF BOAT RESCUED

Reports of the Disaster Are Meager and Conflicting.

CRAFT'S NAME VARIOUSLY TOLD

Liner, Owned by J. M. McGuffey Company, Had Left New York Saturday for Port Arthur, Texas.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—The tank steamer in trouble off Sandy Hook yesterday was the Oklahoma, and twenty-two of its crew perished. Eight were saved. This was the substance of wireless messages received here today.

Although several vessels were standing by the distressed tank liner besides the Hamburg American line freighter Bavaria, bound from Philadelphia to Boston, none of them was able to render assistance. It reported by wireless shortly after o'clock that it had been able to take off Captain Alfred Gunner, Chief Mate Bert Iverson, Second Mate Knute Dahle, Third Mate Carl Eklunde, Operator William Davis, Boatman Christian Rassmussen, Quartermaster Hamilton Powell and Norman Erickson, the ship's carpenter. No mention was made of the remainder of the crew, thirty in number.

The Oklahoma was owned by the J. M. Guffey Petroleum company, was 2,795 tons net and 419 feet long. It left here Saturday for Port Arthur, Tex.

Although the disaster occurred less than 100 miles off Sandy Hook, wireless reports throughout the night were meagre and conflicting. The name of the distressed vessel was variously reported as the Wasca, unheard of in shipping circles; the Pennoil, chartered by the Standard Oil company, and the tank steamer Deleware, The spanish liner Manuel Calvo, the Rayol Mail liner Caribbean and other vessels stood by the distressed craft throughout the night, but were apparently unable to identify it.

The Bavaria will continue on to Boston with the rescued. It is due to arrive there about noon.

Riot Attends Tacoma Smelters' Strike

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 5.—Blood was shed today in the worst fight of the Tacoma smelter strike. Bricks and stones flew, clubs were wielded and a number of men's heads were cracked. Three strikers were arrested.

Fifty armed deputy sheriffs and the town marshal of Ruston were escorting a number of workmen to the plant, which had been closed because of the strike. The strikers, with women and girls, lined the way taunting the men. Soon there was a free-for-all fight which finally was quelled.

There was an exchange of shots last night between strikers barricaded in a house and sharpshooters acting as deputies of the county sheriff.

ACTRESS KILLS HERSELF BECAUSE OF FIANCE'S DEATH

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Lillian Synott, a young actress, who had played in a number of Broadway successes, was found dead in her apartment today with her throat and wrists cut. Friends said she was disponded over the death of her finance, who was buried today. Miss Synott was engaged to Leslie Kenyon, a well-known English actor and member of the Lambs club. He died of apoplexy on Saturday. She was 34 years old, and lived with her invalid mother. She left a note to her mother, begging forgiveness for her act.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair and warmer.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	18
6 a. m.	18
7 a. m.	18
8 a. m.	18
9 a. m.	18
10 a. m.	18
11 a. m.	19
12 m.	20
1 p. m.	22
2 p. m.	23
3 p. m.	24
4 p. m.	24
5 p. m.	24
6 p. m.	25
7 p. m.	25
8 p. m.	26

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Comparative Local Record.

	1914.	1913.	1912.	1911.
Highest yesterday	26	21	10	44
Lowest yesterday	16	2	15	17
Mean temperature	20	12	2	30
Precipitation	.02	.19	T	T

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	21
Excess for the day	1
Total excess since March 1	938
Normal precipitation	.02 inch
Deficiency for the day	.00 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	23.76 inches
Deficiency since March 1	4.35 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913.	4.11 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912.	13.43 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State of Weather.	Temp. 7 p. m.	Highest.	Rainfall.
Cheyenne, clear	42	44	.00
Davenport, cloudy	24	30	.03
Denver, partly cloudy	44	54	.00
Des Moines, cloudy	26	30	.00
Dodge City, partly cloudy	34	48	.00
North Platte, pt. cloudy	34	38	.00
Omaha, cloudy	25	25	.02
Rapid City, cloudy	42	56	.00
Sheridan, cloudy	38	50	.00
Sioux City, cloudy	26	26	.02
Valentine, partly cloudy	40	46	.00

"T" indicates trace of precipitation.
"—" indicates below zero.
L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

PRESIDENT OF THE MID-WEST IMPLEMENT DEALERS

Ed Lehmkuhl

IMPLEMENT MEN TO CONFER

Get-Together Meeting Arranged for Thursday at the Rome.

LARGE ATTENDANCE EXPECTED

Implement Business for the Year Just Closed Shows a Large Increase for This Part of the Country.

The retail dealers, manufacturers and jobbers in the implement business are to get together in a conference Thursday evening at the Hotel Rome as an important part of the program of the convention of the Midwest Implement Dealers' association, which is to open its four days' session today. The implement dealers feel that many of their problems are mutual and that it is of importance that the retailers, manufacturers and jobbers get together occasionally for a heart to heart talk on some matters pertaining to the handling of the goods. Every dealer, manufacturer, jobber and traveling salesman has been urged to be present at this conference.

A large attendance is expected this year for the implement dealers' convention. All the dealers in what is known as the Omaha territory are eligible to membership. This takes in principally southern South Dakota, western Iowa and Nebraska.

Full of Hope.

The implement dealers are coming with enthusiasm this year, full of hope and prospect, with the greatest year of implement business shoved behind them. As this association represents dealers who do business on material jobbed out of Omaha the retail jobbing business of Omaha for the last year indicates in a general way the prosperity these men have enjoyed the last year. The implement jobbing out of Omaha for the year was $12,350,213, which is far the greatest farm implement jobbing business ever done out of Omaha. This figure, added to $709,000, which represents the gasoline engines jobbed out of Omaha makes a total of $13,059,213 as representing the farm implement business jobbed out of Omaha to the Omaha territory. These figures are surpassed by only two lines of jobbing in Omaha, those of grain and groceries.

The regular session of the first day of the convention does not open until 8 o'clock in the evening. A meeting of officers and committees is to be held this afternoon.

Man Who Jumps Into Well Ties a Rescue Rope Around Neck

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—Jumping into a twenty-five-foot well in the effort to commit suicide, and afterward tying a rope lowered to him by rescuers about his neck in the hope that his life would be strangled out of him by the time the rescuers succeeded in hauling him to the top of the well, was the experience of a Russian named Leo Marek, employed on a farm adjoining that of Lawrence Nelson, a Brule county farmer. Nelson was engaged in making repairs to the well when Marek came to his farm and after a few remarks commenced lowering himself into the well, which had five feet of water in it. Nelson at first believed Marek was joking, but the latter soon disappeared in the well, which is only eighteen inches in diameter. As Marek is six feet in height his head stuck about a foot above the water in the well, and as the eighteen inches of space did not permit him to throw himself sideways into the water, his attempt to end his life by drowning was unsuccessful. Then Nelson and others who had been attracted to the scene lowered a rope to him, and this he fastened about his neck, thinking that this would furnish a means for him to end his life. When nearly to the surface the rescuers discovered where he had the rope fastened and observed that he was gasping for breath, so they dropped him back into the well. After a great deal of parleying with the desperate man they prevailed upon him to fasten the rope around his body under his arms, and in this way he was drawn to the surface of the ground. When rescued he was unconscious.

ROCK ISLAND ENGINEER IS GIVEN A PENSION

FAIRBURY, Neb., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—E. W. Mason, one of the oldest Rock Island engineers on the Nebraska division, has been retired by the management of this railroad and pensioned. Mr. Mason has been a locomotive engineer, in both passenger and freight service, on this division with headquarters in Fairbury since 1888. During the last few years and prior to his retirement, he has been runnning local freight runs from Fairbury to Nelson.

BLEACHED FLOUR SUIT PURE FOOD ACT TEST

Nebraska Controversy Coming Up in United States Supreme Court of Vital Import.

MANY INTERESTS ARE AFFECTED

Result Will Involve Grain Growing States Especially.

GOVERNMENT WINS AND LOSES

Final Test to Come Now in Highest Tribunal of Land.

SCOPE OF ACTION IS GENERAL

Government Determined to Ascertain Whether Pure Food Law is Constitutional as It Affects Many Articles.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The supreme court today, after handing down a number of opinions and clearing its decks for more important opinions now due, began consideration of the United States, petitioner, against the Lexington Mill and Elevator company, respondent, commonly known as the "bleached flour case," in which many millers of the country are vitally interested.

In April, 1910, the United States under the food and drugs act of June 30, 1906, filed a libel, subsequently amended, in the district court for the western district of Missouri, seeking the seizure and condemnation of 625 sacks of flour shipped from Lexington, Neb., to Castle, Mo., and there found in original, unbroken packages in possession of the consignee. The flour was seized, the consignee failed to appear, but the Lexington Mill and Elevator company, the manufacturer and vender as claimant appeared and answered.

Government Wins by Jury.

Upon the issues raised by the pleadings there was a trial before a jury and a verdict for the government rendered. On a writ of error the circuit court of appeals for the eighth circuit reversed the action of the court below, whereupon the United States through the attorney general on certiorari brought the case before the supreme court.

The amended libed charged that the flour was both adulterated and misbranded and that as a result of the so-called Alsop process for bleaching the flour, it contained poisonous or deleterious ingredients which might render it injurious to health that it was mixed, colored and stained whereby damage and inferiority were concealed and that it had a substance mixed and packed with it so as to reduce its quality and strength. The answer of the milling company admitted the treatment, denied the adulteration and set up the unconstitutionality of he ac. Before food can be deemed adulterated by the action of poison, within the provisions of the food and drugs act, the court of appeals held that the government must establish its existence in sufficient quanity to render food injurious to health and that it does not suffice merely to show the presence of aded poison of an injurous character.

Final Test of the Law.

The court of appeals also held that the jury should determine whether a substance has been so mixed and packed with the flour as to reduce or injuriously affect its quality and strength within the meaning of the food and drugs act.

Realizing the tremendous importance of the case and its direct bearing upon many articles that are specially prepared for the market, the United States through its legally appointed officers determined to set at rest once for all whether the food and drugs act was constitutional and if constitutional whether flour could be bleached by a patented process and still be held for market purposes.

Ed P. Smith of Omaha is in Washington to represent the Lexington Mill and Elevator company.

James A. Donohoe of O'Neill, a well known attorney of the Third Nebraska district who is on his way to New York on business, was admitted to the supreme court today.

POLICE THINK LOPEZ IS IN SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 5.—The police of this city have been asked to keep an eye out for Ralph Lopez, the bandit who killed six men and disappeared in the depths of the Utah-Apex mine, where a posse is searching for him yet. Lopez is said to have friends here on whom he could rely for an asylum.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 5.—A letter signed "Ralph Lopez" and mailed in St. Louis, was received today by a local newspaper. The writer claimed that he was the bandit wanted at Bingham, Utah, and that he had been here since December 31. The letter, which was written in Spanish, was turned over to the police, who believe it is the work of a practical joker.

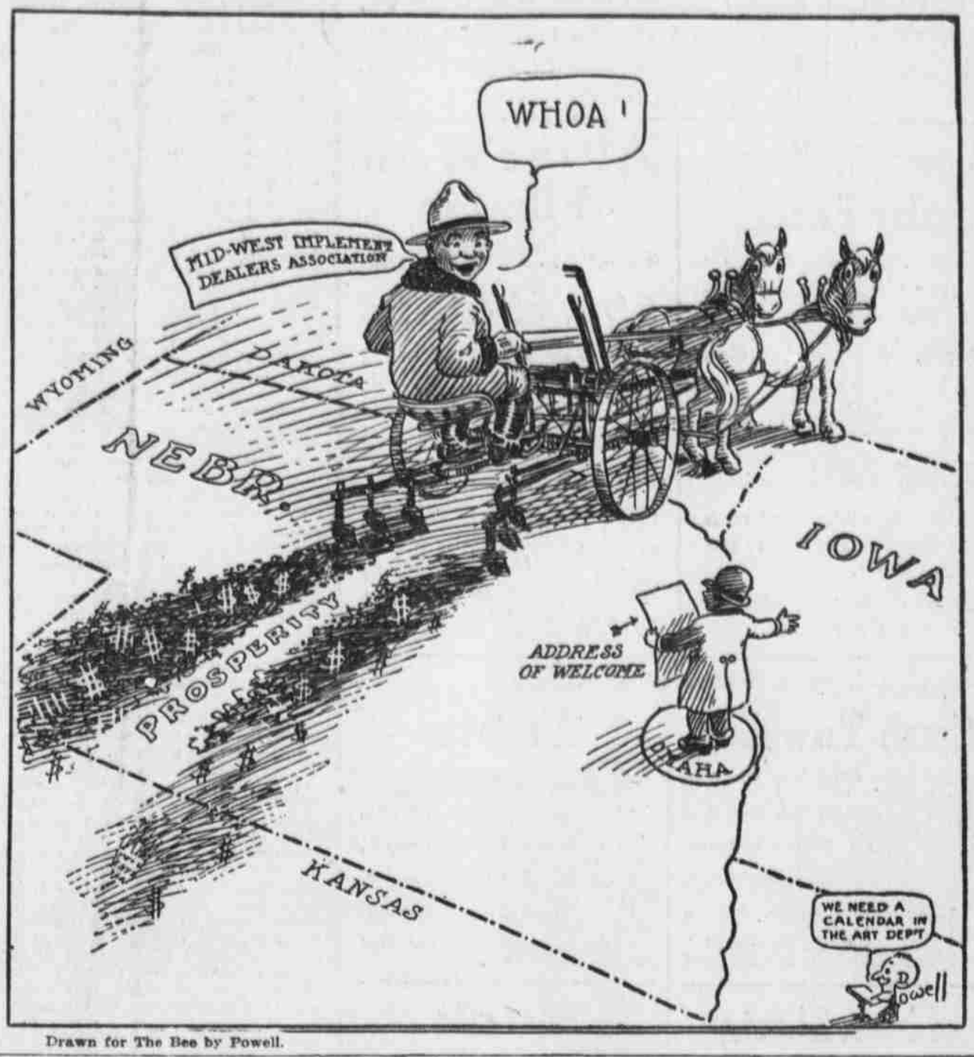
MEMPHIS OFFICIALS TEAR UP RAILROAD TRACK

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 5.—Heading a large force of citizens, Mayor H. Crump and Thomas Dies, commissioner of public utilities, today tore up the railroad tracks at the grade crossing where five persons were killed and several woundd last night when a freight train on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis road and a street car collided. The freight train was operating on a track that city officials had ordered removed several days ago.

MEMBERS OF NON-FEDERATED UNION ARE LOCKED OUT

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 5.—The Hamilton-Brown Shoe company locked out of its factories here today 1,500 former employes who are members of the United Shoe Workers' union. The lockout is a development in the war between the United Shoe Workers' union and the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Only members of the latter union were given employment when the factories opened today.

Cultivating Closer Acquaintance



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

ARREST IN KEARNEY THEFT

Postoffice Clerk Accuses Former Sheriff of Looting Safe.

SAYS HE GAVE HIM THE KEYS

Walter F. Sammons is Locked Up in County Jail as Result of Confession—Seventy-Five Hundred Dollars Taken.

LINCOLN, Jan. 5.—A. W. Lane, deputy federal district attorney, today filed formal complaints against Walter F. Sammons, former sheriff of Buffalo county, and Delbert Smith, postoffice clerk at Kearney, charging them with breaking into the postoffice Christmas eve and stealing registered mail to the amount of $5,000 or more.

Prosecutor Lane left tonight for Grand Island to prosecute the case before a United States commissioner. The accused men were taken to Grand Island this afternoon and turned over to Deputy United States Marshal Logan Sammons, brother of one of the alleged robbers.

Arrests Made Early.

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Walter F. Sammons, ex-sheriff of this county for several terms, and Delbert Smith, clerk in the Kearney postoffice were taken into cutody this morning at 5 o'clock in connection with the robbery of the Kearney postoffice on Christmas night.

Secret Service Agents Brauer, Booker and Riso have been following the case unceasingly and today the arrests were made. Sammons is in jail and Smith is in custody at his home.

A warrant from the federal court at Lincoln will be received this afternoon and a deputy United States marshal will take the men to Grand Island, where they will receive a hearing before the federal court.

Mr. Sammons is a colonel in the Nebraska National guard and claim agent for the Union Pacific railroad, with headquarters at this place. It is the opinion of the detectives that the theft was committed by Sammons with outside help, having first received the key and combination from a clerk.

The hearing will be had immediately. It is stated that Smith made a confession during the night to the inspectors and that a clean breast of the affair was made by him.

Smith and Sammons have been close friends for the last year. After the supposed confession Sammons was placed under arrest at his home. He disclaims any connection with the affair and says the robbery was committed by Smith, and he is trying to blame it on him. The money has not as yet been recovered. Smith says he did not receive any of it, and that the keys were returned early next morning.

Mr. Sammons is one of the most widely known men in Buffalo county and his reputation is good. The registered packages taken from the postoffice safe contained $7,500, consigned to Kearney banks from Omaha banks.

Deputy United States Marshal Logan Sammons, who has been working on the case, is a brother of Walter F. Sammons. The prisoners were turned over to C. F. Hensel, deputy United States marshal, of Lincoln, who took them to Grand Island this afternoon.

BETTER BABIES PRIZE WINNERS TO ATTEND MEET

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 5.—(Special.)—Children who won prizes in the better babies contest at the state fair will be in Lincoln during the week of organized agriculture. The films depicting the scenes at the contest, the awarding of the prizes and other interesting things will be displayed at the Auditorium.

Dr. G. E. Condra will be in charge of the moving pictures. A number of scenes at the fair grounds will be displayed. In addition there will be a number of films illustrating the resources of Nebraska.

Treasurer Burke Accepts Invitation for Omaha Speech

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Ex-Governor John Burke of North Dakota, treasurer of the United States, today accepted the invitation of the president and faculty of Creighton university to be present and speak at the banquet in honor of founders' day, February 21. Some time ago Congressman Lobeck, on behalf of the president of Creighton extended an invitation to the treasurer of the United States to be present on the occasion above mentioned. Governor Burke took the matter up for consideration and after ascertaining that he could make the journey, informed Mr. Lobeck that he would gladly go to Omaha for founders' day.

OMAHA ASKS REGIONAL BANK

Will Send Committee to Meet the Organization Board.

AWAITS WORD FROM M'ADOO

Victor Caldwell Heads Committee—Omaha Bankers, After Several Meetings, Decide to Asks City Be Selected.

As soon as an appointment can be arranged through Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, a committee of six Omaha bankers is to meet the organization board of the new regional banks to ask that Omaha be considered as a favorable place for the location of one of the regional banks. After many meetings of the Omaha Clearing House association on this matter, it was finally decided to send a committee to ask for a regional reserve bank.

A letter was at once sent to Secretary McAdoo to ask that he arrange an appointment for the Omaha committee. The organization board is to hold conferences in various parts of the country where bankers and business men of all parts of the nation may meet them and present their claims to consideration as a favorable point for the location of one of the regional banks. Just when and where would be the best time and place for the Omaha committee to meet the board, is what the committee is waiting to hear from McAdoo.

Victor Caldwell is chairman of the local committee that is to present the case of Omaha. W. H. Buchholz is vice chairman. The other members of the committee are Luther Drake, F. H. Davis, H. W. Yates and H. C. Bostwick.

State Normal Board Looking for a Head for Kearney School

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 5.—(Special.)—So far no application for the appointment of president of the Kearney Normal school has been filed with the board from teachers in Nebraska. There have been many applications from outside the state, but there is little indication any of them will be selected if the right sort of a man can be found within the ranks of the teachers of Nebraska.

It is not beyond the possibilities that Deputy State Superintendent Robert I. Elliott may be selected to fill the position.

The normal board will meet January 13 for the purpose of selecting a president and to take up other matters in connection with normal board work.

According to State Superintendent Delzell, President Hayes of the Peru Normal will not lose his head when the board meets, notwithstanding persistent rumors afloat that he would be dethroned.

LYNKA GOES TO MARK HOME

Gypsy Girl Prefers Adopted Parents to Own Grandmother.

GIVES HER CHOICE OF EITHER

Judge Sutton Decides that Youngster's Inclination Should Be Considered Since She Was Sold by Her Parents.

Lynka Thomas, pretty 15-year-old gypsy girl, sold by her relatives in California two years ago to Mitchell Hark and his wife, rulers of the Omaha gypsies, for $1,125, was allowed by District Judge Sutton to choose whom she would live at the close of a habeas corpus hearing yesterday. She said she would rather die than leave her foster parents and fled to her winter home near Florence as soon as she was released.

It is said she is pledged to marry a young gypsy at Florence. She and Mrs. Mark appear to be passionately fond of each other.

Judge Sutton arranged a private interview between the girl and her gypsy grandmother, Mrs. Mary Thomas, who came from Sacramento, Cal., to attempt to recover here. Saying that she could not be comfortable in a chair the aged woman sat on the floor of the judge's private office and pulled Lynka down beside her. Though the grandmother pleaded desperately with the girl and was given every opportunity by Judge Sutton to win her consent to return to California, she failed. Finally Lynka ruthlessly pulled her dress from the old woman's grasp and ran laughing to the other gypsies.

Grandmother Forfeits Right.

Judge Sutton said the grandmother had forfeited her right to Lynka by selling her and offering to settle the habeas corpus case brought by her, for $3,000 more. He said:

"During my ten years' experience on the bench this has been the most remarkable and difficult case I have had. I have no abiding conviction that what I am about to do is right, but can merely do my best.

"This case must be decided on gypsy evidence, which is always unsatisfactory. At first I thought I might solve the case by sending the girl to a county institution, but I think now this would be unfortunate for her. If she were not of gypsy ancestry the case would be different. But the court recognizes that thousands of gypsy ancestors are behind her and that it could no more change her nomadic instincts than alter the course of the stars. All her life she would long for the outdoors and the wilderness and would almost beat out her young life against the bars of civilization. As soon as she became of age she would return to the gypsies.

Exchange of Presents.

"The court is convinced that the girl's relatives who are applying for her custody are gypsies and that Mark and his wife paid $1,125 for her. They say they exchanged presents, but that is only a polite way of describing the sale.

"This sale leaves the grandmther in a position where she cannot ask much of the court. If the girl were returned to her there is no assurance that she would not make another sale just as she has offered to settle this case for $3,000.

"Yet if the girl had wanted to return to her grandmother the court would have allowed her to do so. But she refused, saying that she would rather be buried.

"The court thinks the best thing is to let the little maid have her wish and if she changes her mind, means will be found to send her back to her relatives.

Railroad Employe Burned.

BEATRICE, Neb., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—John Peterson, who has charge of a turntable for the Burlington at Wymore, was seriously if not fatally burned last evening, in the railroad yards by the explosion of a small gasoline stove, which he attempted to light.

GOVERNOR FERRIS MAKING EFFORT TO END COPPER STRIKE

Michigan Executive Visits the Disturbed District and Offers His Services as Mediator.

ALL FURNISHING INFORMATION

No Indication that Operators Will Yield Anything.

MORE MINERS ARE AT WORK

Managers Say Union Men Are Giving Up Cards and Returning.

MOYER HINTS GENERAL STRIKE

Leaders of American Federation of Labor Say that They Have Heard Nothing of Nation-Wide Suspension of Work.

CALUMET, Mich., Jan. 5.—Facing another investigation of the strike situation, this time at the hands of the governor of the state, company managers and Western Federation of Miners leaders today prepared to open up every avenue of information which the state executive may desire to explore. At the same time both sides to the controversy were dubious as to the ability of Governor Ferris and State Labor Commissioner Cunningham to find any lasting solution of the trouble.

The most general opinion was that signs of further activity in federal circles, especially in regard to the deportation of Charles H. Moyer, president of the Federation, were responsible for the governor's determination to visit the district. It was pointed out that the governor spurned every invitation to come here when the strike started last July and had manifested little intention since of projecting his personality into the situation. Some union sources, in fact, said the time in which he could have accomplished anything toward settling the strike had passed long ago.

At least one phase of the controversy remains for the state executive to work on. John B. Densmore of the federal Department of Labor failed to end the strike after he had first learned how far the union would go and then had tried to persuade the companies to meet it. So far as could be learned the employers have never been asked officially to give their "last word," and the governor may find some unsuspected field for effort in that quarter.

Those who advanced this theory, however, were willing to concede in the next breath that there was little likelihood of the employers receding from their stand that only men who would renounce all affiliation with the union would be received as workmen.

A continuance of this policy would constitute a stone wall so far as union sentiment is concerned.

More Miners at Work.

Additional workmen were reported as having enlisted with the companies this morning. One coach load of nonunion men reached the Quincy mine from Chicago, and the management of that mine announced that almost as many more of their former men had turned in their union cards and had gone back to work. Several mines said they had received visits from volunteer workmen who had come to the copper country of their own volition. The possibility that these individuals might be union agents made the managers hesitate in hiring them.

The case of union printers employed on Tyomih, the Finnish socialist paper whose editors and other employes were named in warrants recently issued, has been taken up by the local typographical organization. The tyepsetters were charged with conspiracy to publish statement inciting to riot, as were the editors, reporters and business managers of the paper. It was said that the international union would be asked to call the attention of Washington authorities to these cases.

Still another side of the strike that is being inquired into is the charge that the foreign miners brought in, ignorant of the strike, have been forced to remain at work. It was learned today that the consul general of Austria-Hungary had delegated an attorney of Ironwood to look into the reports.

Moyer Talks of Nation-Wide Strike.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—A meeting of the executive committee of the American

(Continued on Page Two.)

Children Know
A Thing or Two

The younger generation is coming on. Children don't miss much these days. They know what they want and they intend to have it if possible.

Along the lines of their interests they keep up with the times even more than their elders do in some cases.

If you want to make your children happy, keep up-to-date by reading the advertisements, in The Bee, and learn all the latest ideas in children's clothing, sports, amusements, etc.

It does not cost any more to get the things that will please your children than it does to buy the things that "nobody else has."

Children are imitative. They want to have and do the same things as their friends.

The merchants who advertise in The Bee know all the latest of the children's demands and are prepared to supply them.

Pay attention to what they tell you through their advertisements and have smiles in your house instead of tears.