

## "UNFIT FOR WORK"

### The Doctor's Verdict and How Mr. Graham Disregarded It

"The doctor said I was not fit for work and that if I wanted to live I would have to give up business," said F. J. Graham of No. 125 Jefferson st., Peoria, Ill.

"And I was incapacitated," he continued. "It was a kind of incipient paralysis and it is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People that I am now in perfect health again. First I would be hot, then cold and clammy and at times my body felt as if pierced by needles. There were terrible pains all over me and then I would have no feeling at all. A numbness sometimes came over me and I could not move. With it all were agonizing headaches and a pain in the region of my spine. I look back on it now and wonder how I retained my reason through that long and trying ordeal. There were months and months when I got no natural sleep and my nervous system was a wreck from pain and the opiates which I had been obliged to take."

"One day I read the statement of a man who had been cured of a case like mine by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I began taking them. The first box did so well that I continued until six boxes were taken and I was entirely well. I have been in perfect health ever since."

"No other medicine in the world has accomplished so many cures in cases that were apparently hopeless, as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The cure of Mr. Graham is only one instance out of thousands, and the reason this remedy is so wonderful in its efficacy is because, unlike any other medicine, it acts directly on both the blood and the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box, or six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents (they are never sold in bulk or by the hundred) by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y."

#### Ranch Property For Sale or Trade

We have a number of choice cattle ranches in the western part of Nebraska and in Colorado for sale at astonishingly low prices. Also several to trade for good farm land. It will pay prospective buyers to see our list before they close any deal; we can probably save you from \$100 to \$1,000 on any deal you make. Weber & Farris, Lincoln, Neb.

#### Farm Bargains

We have for quick sale at a bargain a 240-acre farm 6 miles south of Lincoln, and another of 160 acres near Bennet. Terms easy. If you want a farm you cannot afford to overlook these opportunities. Write today for particulars. Williams & Bratt, 1105 O st., Lincoln, Neb.

#### Good Harlan County Farm

No. 681. 160 acres 3 miles north and one mile east of Huntley; 60 acres in wheat that goes with the farm; 110 acres in cultivation; 2 acres in alfalfa; plenty of timber for posts and fire wood; good pasture; 4-room house, barn 24x40, with granary and loft; four and a half miles from Ragan, thus giving choice of two trading points. Can give possession this year if taken at once. Price \$4,000. Weber & Farris, Lincoln, Neb.

#### Cash Salary

If you can give your entire time to work in your own county, The Central Nebraska Real Estate Company can give you good employment, on a cash salary. If you mean business, write at once giving reference and salary desired, enclose stamp for reply. Address The Central Nebraska Real Estate Co., Omaha, Neb.

Members of Legislature Will Find

## The Hotel Walton

1216 O STREET.

the best and most convenient low priced house in the city. Rates \$1 per day and up.

#### ASHBY'S ECONOMY

Those who have carefully followed Captain Ashby's "Money and the Taxing Power" have now an opportunity of seeing wherein and how far he differs from the many writers on the subject. He is not in accord with the Marxist school who regard value as intrinsic and the result of human energy expended in overcoming the adverse forces of nature—in other words, that the value of a given commodity is identical with its average cost of reproduction. He is not in accord with the Henry George school who, holding that value causes exchangeability—and not exchangeability causes value—also lean to the intrinsic fallacy. He is not in accord with the mathematical school who hold value to be a numerical relation, nor with those who call it "human estimation."

With Captain Ashby value in the abstract is nothing more than the pull of the force of demand, just as weight in the abstract is nothing more than the pull of the force of gravity. Specifically the value of a particular commodity is an estimation of the quantity, amount or intensity of the force of demand acting upon that commodity at a given time and place, just as the weight of a particular portion of matter is a measured quantity or amount of the force of gravity acting upon that portion of matter at a given time and place. There is a numerical relation, of course, in both cases. There is human estimation in both. But human estimation is not the pull of gravity; neither is a numerical relation that pull.

Alexander Del Mar, in his excellent work, "The Science of Money" (Cambridge Encyclopedia Co., New York,) has this to say:

"In other words, value, though difficult to define, is not immeasurable. In this respect it resembles time, space, gravity, and the other primordial conditions or relations of matter. The human measure each of time, of space, of gravity, is an arbitrary standard, adopted by human law; and so must be the measure of value."

Captain Ashby shows the distinction thus: There must in every case be a device for expressing quantity, and there may or may not be a physical appliance for measuring. In the case of time, the earth itself serves as the appliance; but the word "day" is the device for expressing duration. In the case of extension, a fixed quantity of space is chosen as the unit and a name given it; the yardstick, for example, is one of the appliances. In the case of weight, a fixed quantity of the pull of the force of gravity is chosen as the unit and a name adopted by which to express or utter it; the appliances are the balance and modifications.

But in the case of value, there is no physical appliance; and herein the relation differs from all others. In this country a fixed quantity of the force of demand has been chosen as the unit and given the name dollar. This is the standard of money, just as "pound" is the standard of weight, or "yard" is the standard of length. Congress is empowered to coin money.

A coin, however, is not a physical appliance for measuring the force of demand. It is the only commodity which will legally satisfy a tax levy or judgment of a court. Such is its legal function. In the markets it must exchange as other commodities are exchanged. The quantity of the force of demand acting upon it must be estimated and compared with the quantity acting upon some other commodity. Herein lies the numerical relation and the human estimation. For example, a coin known as a "silver dollar" will exchange for a bushel of wheat. The numerical ratio is 1:1; not one of malleability to one of starch; not one to one in weight or bulk. What then? Simply one to one as to the quantity of the force of demand acting upon each at the given time and place.

The human estimation is similarly not a comparison of unlike qualities of the two objects, an examination with the view of discovering differences, but rather to discover the intensity of the force of demand acting upon each of the two and so compare. There is no physical appliance to assist in this discovery; it must be ascertained by a mental operation purely and simply. One can take a yardstick and by applying it to a bolt of cloth, measure the length of that cloth; he can take balances and a round weight and measure out a pound of sugar. But he cannot take a silver coin, known as a "dollar," and by a physical application of it to a horse, measure the value of that horse. He must estimate or appraise the quantity of the force of demand acting upon the coin as well as the quantity acting upon the horse, and by the use of numbers calculate how

## OUR SPECIAL MARCH COMBINATION

We Pay the Freight.

We will deliver the following \$10.00 combination to any town in the state of Nebraska, freight prepaid by us, any time during the month of March, 1903. Reference: First National Bank or The Independent.

60 lbs Best Granulated Sugar for.....	\$1.00
20 lbs Choice Prunes.....	1.00
25 bars Good Laundry Soap.....	1.00
2 lbs High Grade Japan Tea.....	1.00
10 lbs High Grade Peaberry Coffee.....	2.00
6 lbs Fancy Bright Apricots.....	.75
4 lbs Fancy Muer Peaches.....	.50
4 lbs Fancy 4 Crown Large Raisins.....	.50
6 lbs Fancy Japan Head Rice.....	.50
2 cans 16-oz Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.....	.50
3 pkgs. 10 cent soda.....	.25
3 pkgs 10 cent Corn Starch.....	.25
3 pkgs 10 cent Gloss Starch.....	.25
1 lb Pure Black Pepper.....	.25
1 bottle Lemon Extract.....	.10
1 bottle Vanilla Extract.....	.10
2 doz. clothes Pins.....	.05

All the above for.....\$10.00

Orders for customers outside of the state of Nebraska and on line of railroad entering Lincoln add 75c to pay part of freight.

## Branch & Miller Co.

C. r. 10th and P Sts.

Lincoln, Neb.

What we Advertise we Do.

# A GOOD BUY

# CLOSING WEEK

**Your LAST CHANCE to buy our stocks at 25c Per \$1.00 Share is the week ending APRIL 1st.**

The phenomenal sale of this allotment forces us to close our present offer promptly on that date. After that date there is no argument you can offer that will enable you to secure this valuable stock at the old price.  
**Better be prompt than sorry.**

**REMEMBER the last seven days of March close the Sale at 25 cents.**

On April 1st the price will advance to  
**30 CENTS PER SHARE**

Our 100-ton concentrating mill (soon to be enlarged to 300-ton) is being completed as fast as money and men can do the work.  
This one-hundred-ton mill will earn our Company \$20,000 yearly. Dividends will commence very soon. When they do commence stock will go at once to par and 25 cent stock will have 300 per cent profit and pay an income for life.  
**REMEMBER we have \$200,000.00 worth of ore ready for the mill and two million dollars worth opened up.**  
Write today for prospectus and get the facts about this property that we own.  
MARK R. SHERMAN, President, SAMUEL W. WINN, Sec'y, EDWIN HEARTT, Treas.  
Bank Reference: Western State Bank, Chicago.  
Shares sold on the installment plan if desired; 25% down, 25% thirty days, 50% sixty days. \$25.00 buys 100 shares value \$100.00; \$50.00 buys 200 shares, value \$200; \$100.00 buys 400 shares, value \$400.00; \$200.00 buys 800 shares, value \$800.00, and so on up.  
**Many are having shares reserved while getting money ready. Why not you?**

**National Gold and Silver Mining Co.,  
Suite 126 70 La Salle St., Chicago.**

many times the quantity acting upon the one equals that acting upon the other.  
That this estimate will be affected by knowledge of the supply of each in existence and available for exchange at the time, goes without saying. CHARLES Q. DE FRANCE.

The Missouri legislature has submitted an amendment to the constitution compelling the railroads to furnish free transportation to all state officers and members of the legislature during their terms of office. That is perhaps the easiest way out of this pass business. While the railroads do that now, they will no doubt fight the amendment, for the reason that it will reduce their political power, the passes now being given as favors, puts the recipients under more or less obligation to the roads. The judges of the circuit and supreme courts should have been included in the list.

#### Lincoln Hide Market

The Lincoln Hide & Fur Company, 929 R street, Lincoln, Nebraska, successors to S. J. Dobson & Co., quote the following prices, f. o. b. Lincoln, until further notice: No. 1 green salted hides, per lb., 6½c, No. 2, 5½c; bulls and side branded, 5½c; green hides 1c lb. less than salt cured; horse and mule hides, large, each, \$2.35; small, 75c-\$1.50; green sheep pelts, each 40-75c; dry pelts, 5-8c per lb.; dry flint butchered hides, per lb., 12-13c; dry fallen, weather beaten and murrain hides, per lb., 5-10c. Our classified fur list, together with little booklet telling how to trap, skin, stretch and handle furs and hides to obtain the best results, will be mailed free to all upon request, also write for tags and general information any time.

Do you want to read the best books on political economy? Then write a card to The Independent today.