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The Alliance-Independent

Advocates

The nationalization of natural monopolies, railroads, telegraphs, &c.; the nationalization of the banking business, through a system of postal savings banks with clearing system; and currency through these issued to the people upon good security without interest charge; also a system of taxation to cut off the growth of land monopoly.

TO NEBRASKA POPULISTS.

County Organization for the Circulation of People's Party Papers and Economic Literature.

Gentlemen:—

Mr. O. Hull, chairman of the County Central Committee of Harlan county, has started in motion a plan of the greatest practical value yet proposed for the building up of our party and the gathering of voters into it. He called a meeting to organize a County Canvassing Committee "for the extension of the circulation of People's Party papers in particular and economic literature in general," which committee is the County Central Committee, one man for each precinct, and a general secretary in addition for this canvassing organization, 17 men in all. Each of the 16 canvassers is to thoroughly canvass his particular precinct and take subscriptions for our papers, The Alliance-Independent, and any other good Populist papers which the people will take and read. Those also who will read but who for any reason may not subscribe, are to be furnished papers by the committee (with a fund they may raise) free of cost. Each canvasser will acquaint himself with the mental needs of voters not with us who may be reading our literature be drawn to us, and report all such unprejudiced men, and all names and addresses of subscribers obtained, to the County Secretary, who will forward such names and addresses to the publishers of the papers called for. Each member of the County Canvassing Committee will be furnished sample copies of the papers the Committee wish circulated.

The plan cannot fail to commend itself to our party in every county. Carried out faithfully it will certainly greatly increase our voting strength in each county; it will organize and make most effective our workers and educational forces, and assure us the election of our state ticket next November. We cannot too strongly emphasize the importance of taking IMMEDIATE steps in each county on the plan inaugurated in Harlan county. Let the County Chairman in each county call his Precinct Committeemen together without delay, and take up this work. If the precincts are not now represented by committeemen, select good men from each to make up the board of canvassers, and at the next county convention they, or others, can be made members of the County Central Committee. The best time to canvass is now, but the work should be thoroughly done, and the canvassing committees SHOULD REMAIN A PERMANENT PART OF OUR PARTY ORGANIZATION, FOR AGGRESSIVE WORK. Let no one, however, slack his private, individual efforts to secure subscribers for our papers. It will hasten results and lessen the work of the county canvassers.

D. CLEM DEEVER, Chairman.

J. A. EDGERTON, Secretary.

[The above circular letter has been lately sent out by our chairman and secretary to the chairman of each county executive committee of the People's party in Nebraska. It is a working, aggressive plan, perfectly adapted to the situation, a plan that provides the forces and machinery for necessary education and for sweeping political success; and with that success comes the enactment of laws which shall shut out and restrain monopoly power. It will not do to depend chiefly or very much on campaign speakers to make votes for us. Their work is put in too late; and at best is entirely inadequate. It is absolutely necessary that we get our papers, our educational literature, into the hands of all the people who will read. How to extend the circulation of our educating, vote-making papers is the question. Good papers make more or less zealous friends in considerable number who can and will devote some time, labor and sacrifice to securing new subscribers and readers for them. But these voluntary workers here and there can not be depended on to cover the field. The business is urgent; the time is short; the work must be thoroughly done. An organized canvass of every county in the state on the plan inaugurated by Mr. Hull (our ex State Alliance Lecturer), to get our principles and ideas before the people, is the pressing need, the first thing to do.

Now, the question is, will the county chairmen who receive the above circular letter do what the state chairman and secretary urge therein? All who are earnest, alert, alive to the situation, or deeply interested in local and state politics will do it, will perfect and set to work a county canvassing committee. But it is to be feared that some will neglect this necessary work unless other workers having local interest and push take hold of the matter.

We therefore call special attention of every publisher of a county Populist paper to this matter, because it is in a double degree to his interest to have such a county canvassing board formed and set to work. Our papers are many of them in need of more money, more subscribers. This canvassing committee will take subscriptions for the local as well as state papers. And they will bring every available dollar to the support of our work. And with this help and our papers in the hands of tens of thousands of new readers we can next November bury both old parties out of sight. We therefore urge every Populist publisher in the state immediately see the chairman of his county committee and stir him up, push the thing, let him have no rest till his county canvassing committee is selected and set to work. Stir up all who are interested in county as well as state politics to support this plan. Make it go. Every thing depends on it.—EDITOR ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT.]

Says It is the Best Paper Printed.

MISSION CREEK, March 2, '94. EDITOR ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT:

Enclosed please find draft for \$4.80, to send your valuable paper to the six names on subscription blank. It is impossible for us to get along without THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT. Please send me a few extra copies of your paper and a few blank orders, and I will canvass Mission Creek township and get all the subscribers I can. I have taken your paper two years and think it is the best paper printed; and I am satisfied no man can read your paper one year without denouncing both old parties and coming out on the side of right and justice.

A friend of mine, a straight Republican, from Luverne, Minn., while here at my place, after reading THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT gave me 80 cents and told me to have the paper sent to him. So you see all we have to do is to get the people to read the paper. I don't think they will stay with the old party long. Very Respectfully, T. J. CAMPBELL.

L. H. P. Douglas of Mission, Nebraska, wishes his paper in future sent to Car-

lisle, Ark., and says: "Will say that I think a great deal of your paper, and of the cause it champions. Don't suppose I will find many Populists South, but I propose to make a few with the help of THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT."

F. E. Bush of Gordon, Neb., wants his paper stopped, because we "ignore the plank that should come foremost in their [our] platform, viz., prohibition." He sympathizes deeply with the People's party, but alleges that nine-tenths of the suffering is caused by wasting money on strong drink. He says, "If you will show me an abled bodied man who is not lazy whose family is suffering for the necessities of life, I will show you a man who frequents the saloon." We sympathize deeply with any man who can believe what our friend Bush believes. But he will of course continue to believe it if he drops or discounts us and reads the prohibition papers only.

He secured in Half a Day Five New Subs. and Five Renewals.

HARTMAN, Neb., March 2, '94. Editor ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT:— Enclosed please find eight dollars to pay for ten subscriptions to your no-

ble and fearless paper in the cause and interest of the masses of the people. Money being dear and many bushels of grain required at present to get the good honest dollar, farmers club together to save 20 cents to assist in getting necessities for the body; but dear as money is they need the valuable mental food that is in your paper. We are all farmers and earn our bread by the sweat of our brows. You will observe there are five new subscriptions and five renewals. This is our first attempt to get up a club, and have been but half a day at this. Seeing the value of your paper, thought it our duty to go to work. Have been an independent seven years. Never expect to be anything else. Yours for justice, J. F. MADDOCK

G. S. Ableman of Fairbury, Nebraska, sends in the money for a club of six yearly subscribers, and says: "We think THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT an excellent paper. It is good enough for us. It is an eye-opener, and that is what we need so much in our country. Will try to get more subscribers. But dollars are so dear. It takes so much to buy one. Send another subscription blank."

J. H. Davis of Gresham, Neb., sends in a club of five yearly subs. and says: "Would have been glad to send in more but money is hard to get. I wish all voters would read your paper one year. I think times would then be better. It would cause them to think for themselves."

Wm. Steele of Hampton, Neb., says: "Enclose find four dollars for which send your excellent paper to the following addresses. Will make an honest effort to secure a few more subscribers. But on account of hard times it is hard to do. Yours for right and victory."

T. G. Harris of Ft. Robinson, Dawes county writes: "I take your paper, and wish it was in the hands of more to read for it is a convincing paper, calculated to educate the people in the way of doing something for themselves."

P. B. Saunders of Alvo writes to the editor: "May God bless you in your effort to enlighten the peoples as to what true religion is. We cannot have pure politics without pure religion."

H. H. Klone of York, Neb., an old subscriber writes, "Enclosed find one dollar for your valuable paper another year," and wishes us and the cause success.

D. Langton of Exeter, Neb., writes: "Don't cease to send me your paper, as I don't wish to miss any number. I want to send in a club of five, and will soon."

John T. Doak of Republican City, writes: "Accept this club of five (three new subscribers). Times are very hard, but will get as many new names as I can."

Charles Patch of Wilsonville, Neb., writes that he is going to raise a club at the next meeting of the lodge. Hope this will stir others to do likewise.

J. D. Woods of Hay Springs, sends us in a club of five, and says, "I would like to do more for the cause, but money is scarce."

Thomas A. Donahue, secretary of the Buffalo County Alliance writes: "I take your valuable paper. Your leaders are just grand, the best I ever read."

G. O. L. Stains, writing from Morrill, Kansas, to have the address of his paper changed signs himself, "A faithful reader of your valuable paper."

That Fine Horse.

The cut on our third page represents the great prize-winning young Saire stallion Nobby Safeguard 3835 (11899), bred by William Bretton, Elston, Preston, Lancashire, England, and imported by the Leeds Importing Co., and will be among the offerings at their great closing out sale March 25th and 26th. Remember the date and write them for catalogue.

GRANK AT THE WHITE HOUSE

A BALTIMORE LUNATIC DEMANDED POSSESSION.

QUIETLY ARRESTED AND LOCKED UP.

He Had a Revelation From God and Had Been Directed to Take Charge of the President's Office and Turn It Over to the Jews—The Democrats and Republicans Had to Go, Except the People's Party.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—At 9 o'clock this morning, an hour before the White house is opened to the public, a wild-eyed, bearded, commonly dressed man about 50 years of age, appeared at the entrance and told the watchman that he had a revelation from God and had been directed to come here, take charge of the White house and turn it over to the Jews. The Democrats had to go out and the Republicans could not get in, but the third party, to which he belonged, would predominate. The man was not violent, but he was positive. While he was talking a telephone call brought the police patrol wagon to the door and the man was arrested and locked up in the Third precinct station. He gave the name of Abraham Julius Kisler and said he had come from Baltimore.

FIAT MONEY AD LIBITUM.

Congressman Davis Proposes to Have \$100,000,000 Issued Yearly.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The regard of Congressman Davis of Kansas for the credit and good faith of the republic is of such a character that he has introduced a bill prohibiting the issue of bonds hereafter without special authorization. He does not, however, propose to leave the treasury empty so long as there are steam printing presses to make money. He primarily wishes congress to direct Mr. Carlisle to issue \$50,000,000 of legal tenders "of the usual high style of art" to replace the estimated destruction and waste of United States notes since 1878, which estimate is as generous as any Populist could ask for. Then Mr. Carlisle is to be further directed to issue \$150,000,000 of other legal tenders to replace retired national bank currency; and as fast as such national bank currency is retired Mr. Carlisle is to make it good in such fashion. Furthermore, so that everybody may have plenty of money, the secretary is directed to issue annually \$100,000,000 of legal tenders "in order to create and preserve an increasing and equitable volume of currency in accordance with the needs of the increasing population and volume of business of this country."

PRAYER BY MOODY.

The Famous Evangelist Delivers the Prayer in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Dwight L. Moody, the evangelist, who is conducting a series of revivals here, delivered the prayer in the house this morning.

Mr. Breckinridge of Kentucky reported the urgent deficiency bill with senate amendments. The latter were non-concurred in, and the bill was sent to conference.

After some minor business had been disposed of Mr. Hopkins of Illinois tried to secure unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill to reclassify the railway mail service so as to increase the number of classes from five to seven and fixing the maximum salary to be paid in each instance, but Mr. Bynum of Indiana, demanded the regular order, and Mr. Richardson of Tennessee, called up the privileged resolution for printing the eulogies on the late Representative Lilly of Pennsylvania. It was agreed to.

Delegate Joseph introduced a bill for the admission of New Mexico, but Mr. Cannon of Illinois raised a point of no quorum and the bill was withdrawn.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the pension bill.

Popular Vote for Senatorial Choice.

CHICAGO, March 6.—The Democratic state central committee met in this city today and decided to hold the state convention at Springfield June 27. The committee also decided to refer the matter of a United States senatorial nomination to the county conventions, being the same action as taken by the committee in 1892 and which resulted in the election of Senator Palmer.

TAKE THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT

FRAUDS IN ALABAMA.

The Federal Government Robbed of Large Sums by Dishonest Officials.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 6.—Last fall the federal grand jury indicted United States Commissioners W. H. Hunter, H. A. Wilson and Robert Charlson and De Hutty, Marshals J. A. Osborn, W. C. Reid and V. H. Nuckles on the charge of obtaining more money from the government than they had earned.

Special Examiners Chalmer and Cowart were sent to make a full investigation and have been at work ever since. In their report which has just been made, they charge that certain commissioners and deputy marshals have systematically swindled the government out of fees by the use of fraudulent witnesses and the forging of names of bogus witnesses. The professional witnesses, it is said, were accustomed to bring charges by the wholesale, and, as the result, got fees for themselves and officials illegally.

The examiners found that it cost the government \$75,000 to conduct the North Alabama court in 1891, \$150,000 in 1892 and \$250,000 in 1893. This increase, they say, gives evidence of the extent of the fraud practiced. The spring term of the federal court, which met to-day, will consider the cases of the indicted officials.

Mr. Allen Wants no "Pigeonholing."

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The morning hour of the senate was taken up with routine business of local interest. The Bland silver seigniorage bill was received and referred to the committee on finance. Mr. Allen of Nebraska presented an amendment to the rules providing that it should be the duty of the committee to which a bill, resolution or other measure has been referred to report it back within thirty days, the senator presenting it to have the right in case of failure to call for a report under certain restrictions.

Great Meeting at Budapest.

BUDAPEST, March 6.—This city was the scene yesterday of an immense gathering of people from all parts of the country to take part in a great mass meeting, the object of which was to declare in support of the government's measure providing for civil marriage, religious liberty and recognition of the Jewish faith. It is estimated at least 130,000 persons took part in the demonstration.

The French Ambassador to Wed.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—The engagement is announced of Miss Eleanor Louise Elverson of this city, to M. Jules Patenotre, French ambassador to the United States. Miss Elverson is the only daughter of James Elverson, publisher of the Philadelphia Enquirer, Golden Days and Saturday Night.

McClellan Gotham's Acting Mayor.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Colonel George B. McClellan, president of the board of aldermen, took charge of the office of mayor to-day and will act in that capacity until the return of Mayor Gilroy from California, where he has gone on a pleasure trip.

WIDESPREAD RAIN STORM.

The Entire Northwest Visited by a Fierce Downpour—Floods Expected.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 6.—The worst rain and thunder storm ever known at this season of the year swept over the entire Northwest Saturday night and yesterday, extending from the western boundary of North Dakota to Eastern Wisconsin and from Manitoba to Southern Nebraska. The logging season was brought to an abrupt termination. All streams, most of which are ice bound, are out of their banks and disastrous floods are feared everywhere.

RICH HILL, Mo., March 6.—A heavy wind and rain storm accompanied by hail visited this section last night and did considerable damage. The fronts of several store buildings were blown in and outhouses and barns overturned. The hail in many places broke window glass. Considerable damage is reported south of this city by the wind.

FREDONIA, Kan., March 6.—A heavy rain storm, accompanied by high wind from the south, passed over this section last night. The depot at Cortello, eighteen miles southwest, was demolished.

The Salt Trust Raises Prices.

SAGINAW, Mich., March 6.—The Michigan salt trust company has declared an advance of ten cents a barrel, to take effect at once. Owing to sharp competition from manufacturers outside the trust the salt fell to thirty cents a barrel—a ruinous price—and many big blocks were compelled to close down. Now the salt stock has been gradually diminishing, leaving the market practically empty.

TAKE THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT

ROSEBERY AT THE HEIM.

ENGLAND'S NEW PREMIER ARRANCING HIS CABINET.

LORD KIMBERLY FOREIGN MINISTER.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt Will Be the Government Leader in the House of Commons—Labouchere and a Few Radicals Still Hostile to the Grand Old Man's Successor—Comment.

LONDON, March 6.—Lord Rosebery has formally taken up the reins of office which the venerable William Ewart Gladstone, chief of British statesmen, laid down Saturday forever, and is now engaged in reorganizing the Liberal cabinet and formulating the policy to be followed by his party under his leadership. In order that he may have ample leisure to do so the queen to-day prorogued parliament until after Easter.

The earl of Kimberly, at present secretary of state for India and lord president of the council, will become secretary of state for foreign affairs in succession to Lord Rosebery and Sir William Vernon Harcourt, who has consented to retain his place as chancellor of the exchequer, has assumed the liberal leadership of the house of commons.

The queen's speech proroguing parliament, which was the last official document prepared by Mr. Gladstone, was purely formal, only fifteen lines in length, and began: "Upon this occasion, when your labors have been unprecedented in amount and duration, I regret that your release from them will be little more than nominal." The queen then thanked the commons for the supplies granted and concluded with the remark that she anticipated lasting advantages from the laws enacted.

When Sir William Vernon Harcourt assumed the Liberal leadership of the house of commons to-day he was greeted with enthusiastic cheers from the Liberal benches.

When the speaker, the Rt. Hon. Arthur Wellesley Peel and the members of the house of commons were summoned to the house of lords in order to hear the queen's speech Mr. Henry Labouchere and a few Radicals remained behind. Later the queen's speech was also read in the house of commons and that body adjourned.

The Pall Mall Gazette, William Waldorf Astor's paper, in an article summing up the services of Mr. Gladstone, alludes to him as a political realist, who clung tenaciously to form, caring nothing for the substance. He was a pedantic stickler for precedent and was lamentably deficient in initiative power. Though regarded as a leader, he was really driven, in succession by Sir Robert Peel, John Bright and John Morley.

NOT YET A JUSTICE.

Mr. White of Louisiana Will Remain a Senator for a Time.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The room of the supreme court was crowded beyond its capacity at noon to-day with people who expected to witness the installation of a new justice. Within the railing sat several senatorial colleagues of Mr. White, who had not learned of his decision to remain in the senate for a time. Most of the spectators beyond the railing were ladies. There was much disappointment manifested when the justices filed into court, but seven in number, Senator White failing to appear and Justice Jackson, who is now in Florida for his health, being absent.

Choctaw Nation's Rights Questioned.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Whether the Interior department shall approve a bill recently passed by the general council of the Choctaw nation authorizing the Choctaw Railway company to construct and operate a railroad through the lands of the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations will soon be decided by Acting Secretary Sims. Commissioner of Indian Affairs Browning recently made a report recommending that the department withhold its approval, on the ground that the nation had no right to pass the bill or the department to approve it without the authority of congress.

Destructive Flames in Deadwood.

DEADWOOD, S. D., March 6.—Fire broke out here this morning at 5 o'clock in Fashold's saloon and destroyed all that part of the city lying between the center of Main street and Chinatown. There was no wind blowing at the time or the whole city would have been destroyed. The loss at rough estimates will reach over \$150,000.