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The Peroration of History's Unparallelled Effort.

After Fourteen Hours Speaking He Humorously Excuses Himself for What He Has Lacked Time To Say,

## And Ends With Tremendous Force.

Mr. Allen. Mr. President. there are many other interesting features of this question which I have failed to discuss, yet I think a sense of duty to other Senators, who have not yet had an opportunity to speak upon this question, requires that I should give way this morning to Senators who are prepared and who are destrous of being heard. I shall take occasion hereafter, if the opportunity offers itself, to submit some observations upon some important branches of this very important question, which I have not yet discussed

England has no silver mines of any great significance. If she had she would look after her interests. She has immense interests in her gold-producing colonies, her Australian mines alone up to the year 1875 had preduced gold to the enormous amount of \$1,250,000,000. From 1881 to 1888 Australia produced gold to the amount of \$180 000,000. From 1860 to 1888 the United States produced 1,766 tons of gold, worth \$1,190,-200,000. From 1860 to 1888 Australia produced 1,706 tons of gold, worth \$1,-068,200,000. Saying nothing of her large interests in the African gold fields.

Is it any wonder that England wants to strike down silver, one of our greatest interests? Knowing these facts, is it not peculiar that England should recelve any assistance from the United States? If England had owned the silver interests of the United States, silver would not have declined as it has since 1873.

This is a Trojan horse: but underneath and behind the whole scheme I see two monster Shylocks, like Argus, hundred eyed, and, like Briareus, hundred-hand-ed. One of these is England, the other the Shylocks of Wall street and the east, both alike reaching out their long, bony and merciless hands for their pounds of flesh, regardless of the welfare of the laboring classes and producers of this country, regardless of the prosperity of this country, but interested solely and alone in their own selfish aggrandizament

Shall we, the representatives of the people, stand idle and see them crushed beneath the wheels of this modern Juggernaut, or shall we strangle the Laocoon before it strikes our people and our homes? Let these who answer yes go and read the Declaration of Independence and answer to the people. What has been the conduct of England toward this country that it should call for such

# THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT.

mission to the greed and selfishness of PUBLISHERS' COLUMN. INSURANCE DEPARTMENT. BUY YOUR . England. No American will ever forget that

Friends,

long and terrible struggle from Lexington to Yorktown, in which the yeo

ton to Yorktown, is which the yeo-manry, raw recruits, inspired by the love of liberty, often half fed and poorly clad, contended against the trained veterans and hired Hesslans of England. Lexington and Bunker Hill. Trenton, and Concord, Saratoga and Yorktown; SENATOR ALLEN'S OLOSING WORDS. Washington and Greene, Allen and Lee, Sumter and Marion, will never be for gotten while a stone stands in the

temple of American liberty. In 1811, when the charter of the United States Bank expired, the stock of which had been paying an annual dividend of from 8 to 10 per cent, it was discovered that the English had gotten control of nearly all the stock. Since then she has gradually gotten control of our carrying trade, bleeding us of millions of dollars every year.

She has gotten control of large areas of our public lands, of immense tracts of our coal, timber, and mineral lands, which she has bought for a song, and from which she will reap immense profits. She has bought large interests in our most profitable flour mills, our breweries, stockyards, and manufac-tures. She holds our bonds and has made millions speculating in them. She draws annually from the United States over \$100 000 000 in the shape of interest and profits alone. Notwith-standing all these things the agent of the Rothschilds now comes in the year 1893, in the year the Columbian Exposition, and the one hundred and seventeenth year of our Independence, and demaads that our Secretary of the Treasury in the United States of America that he issue \$150,000,009 worth of bonds.

The rule of England is that rule of Tyrants-coercion. This rule of coer-clon was used with iron hand against the colonics until they, with almost superhuman exertions, broke the bonds that made them slaves. In 1812 we again fought against coercion, and now in the year 1893, in this month of October, we find ourselves facing the same question. Horatius Cocles, singlehanded, held at bay the army of Porsena while his companions cut the bridge and saved Rome, and then leaped into the raging Tiber with his armor on. There are, here in the Uaited States Senate, many Horatius Cocles who will battle to the last gasp, like Caesar's tenth legion, in solid columa with shield overlapping shield for the rights of the people who eat their breakfast by the candlelight, and work from sun to sun, who swing the ax and the hoe, the pick and the shovel, the cradie and the hammer, and whose hands bear the marks of honest toil:

and against the Shylocks and bonded when the gallant Montgomery fell in charging the batteries at Quebec, his last word was, "Forward!"

When brave young Lawrence fell wounded upon the bloody deck of the Chesapeake, he raised himself upon his arm and in feelle breath gave his dying orders to the gallant seamen, Don't give up the ship." Thank God that their spirit still lives

and walks abroad.

When Mardonius, chief of Xerxes's generals, desiring to get control of efforts from us to advance her interests Greece, made seductive offers to the by increasing the value of her gold, of Athenians, the Athenians would not bonds that she holds? What has answer until they sent for the Spartans,

Under this head, short articles of general Under this head, short articles of general interes on the subject of mutual insurance will be published free of charge, and in the name 6 the writer, whose name must'always accompany the letter, and who will alone be responsible for the views expressed. Any communication in the nature of an advertise-ment, or calculated to benefit any particular company will be charged for at our regular rate for reading notices.]

HAIL

We are now receiving responses from our hail assessment. We urge all to be as prompt as possible because every one who had a loss is anxious to get his pay promptly on the first of next month. All notes are payable at the office of the secretary in this city, made so to

avoid collection percentage. Your notes will be sent you by return

CYCLONE.

Our company is making a slow but sure growth. -

FIRE. Lust year 134 companies in Iowa carried over \$109,000 insurance at an aver-

age cost of \$1:83 per \$1,000. At this rate the cost for five years insurance would be \$9.15 per \$1,000, or 85 cents less than one per cont.

it would be well to look again before you allow any oily tongued agent to get you into his company, thereby making a good fee for himself and others. A pondence solicited.

> , J. Y. M. Swidther. Secretary.

#### BOLD BANK ROBBERS.

### They Get Away With Over \$900 After shooting the President.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Nov. 15 -A daring bank robbery and attempt to murder the cashier at Milton, Ore., ten miles south of this city, was made at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. At a time when few persons were seen on the street, three men, well mounted, rode leisurely into town and dismounted at the door of the bank of Milton Two entered the bank, while one stood guard out side. Two pistol shots were soon heard and immediately after the men emerged from the bank, mounted their horses and rode swiftly out of town. They were not disguised, and one was identified.

President II. Hopson, Cashier N. A. Davis and Assistant Cashier William Hopson were in the bank at the time. Cashier N. A. Davis was behind the counter counting out \$770 to give to President Hopson. The first intimation of the robbery he had was when two shots were fired by the robbers before making any verbal demands Both shots took effect in President Hopson, one passing through his left arm and going through his left side, inflicting painful flesh wounds.

The revolver was held so close to the head of Cashier Davis that the concussion knocked him down. The robbers then demanded money from William Hopson, and he handed them a tray of change containing \$994. Taking this they left immediately without an attempt to get the cash in the vault.

## NOVEMBER 16, 1893

# Fall and Winter Goods

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The largest and most complete stock of General Merchandise in the city. Consisting of

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hint to the wise is sufficient. Corres- If you want to buy a good pair of Shoes, a Hat or Cap, a pair of Blankets, Bed Com'ort, a Duck Coat, a pair of Overalls, Jeans, Pants, a Shirt, Gloves or Mittens, Underwear do not fail to give us a call. We have a reputation of keeping First class goods only. Would be pleased to show you through our stock and convince you that you should trade with us.

# Fred Schmidt,

921 O St., Opposite P. O.



BALD KEADS

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh,

brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance?

Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff?

Does your sealp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these

borhood. We shall make a paper you will be proud of and enthusiastic for, and the personal effort which



and justice can make among neighbors and friends advertisingUits worth and work and asking their subscriptions, should be put forth to multiply our influence, to spread the truth to all. We are determined to achieve great results. But your help is necessary. We count upon it-

out the easy details can achieve results grand, glorious and lasting. mail. Nebraska for the People

Fellow-Citizens!

.......................

We have a plan, and with

your help in working

Nebraska's soil and sunshine. Nebraska's rains and dews. Nebraska's steam and lightning Nebraska's wealth and credit, for Nebraska's toiling Sons.

To cut the mighty tentacles of many armed monopoly, to overthrow the law-sup ported tyranny of corporate greed, the People's party must be placed in power. To place it in power, complete and sweeping. this paper, bearing the light of its grand principles, must reach the people.

Simple Plan

Is to divide the state. and stir each lover of the people's cause to work well the field around him-his neigh-

she done for us that we should strength- and this their answer was: en the sinews of the harpy hands of this colossal Shylock that has the debtors of the world by the throat?

Let us see what she has done for us. On the 6th of September, 1620, the Pilgrims, driven forth from England by religious presecution, looked from the friendship with Xerxes: so long confiddecks of the Mayflower upon the shores of their native land for the last time. whose shrines and altars he has burnt, For sixty-three days they were buffeted we will struggle against him for re-by the storms of the Atlantic. Then venge. As for you, Spartans, knowing they landed upon a barren and hostile shore in the dead of winter, many of fear our alliance with the barbarian. them weakened by their sufferings and dying from hunger, cold, and exposure; delay. The enemy will be upon us strong men were struck down by fever and consumption until but a handful meet him in Boeotia before he proceeds was left of that brave band to carve the to Attica way of civilization in the Western hemisphere. By their iron energy they slowly prospered, warring with savage tribes and living under the charter (the first seed of the Constitution) which they made for themselves, and in which they covenanted together to live in peace and harmony, with equal rights to all, obedient to just laws made for the common good.

God alone knows the privation and suffering endured by these people and the people of Virginia while planting the first milestones along the highways of this great Western Empire. England did not object to the Puritans leaving their native land, but she did object to their taking money out of the realm. The common dictates of humanity would suggest that a people should have been treated kindly who had established themselves in a foreign land under such adverse circumstances, but as soon as the colomies began to prosper we find ing dispatch was received by the England in 1651, passing the Navigation Navy to-day from Commander Ficking Act requiring the foreign commerce of Virginia to be carried on wholly in England vessels and directed exclu-England vessels and directed exclu-sively to English ports, and a war vel-sol sent over to compel submission. In 1686 the royal governor of New Eng-land visited Hartford, invaded the pro-vincial assemby while in session, seized the book of minutes and wrote "finis" at the bottom of the page. The royal governor of New England demanded the surrender of the charter of Rhode Island, and his degrand not being com Island, and his detrand not being com Treasury Department Appointments. plied with he repaired to Newport, dissolved the government, and broke the seal of the colony.

The English governor exacted immense revenue from the people. The praiser of merchand se at St. Louis; people complained, and the order went J. Edward Kauffmann, collector of forth as follows:

think how to pay them."

The taxes continued to be levied upwith contempt. The people asked that English, surveyor of customs for San they be granted the right of electing a Francisco colonial legislature; the answer was:

"That popular assemblages were sed!tious and dangerous; that they fostered incontent and disturbed the peace of the government.

Early in the eighteenth century, in 1733, England treated the colonies to the importation Act, then to the Write of Assistance, or general search war-rants, then came the Stamp Act and the Boston port bill; and the colonies, usable to stand further tyranny and persecution, shouldered their finitocks and went forth to battle for freedom, drath being preferable to further sub-

"We are not ignorant of the power of the Mede, but for the sake of freedom we will resist the power as we can. Bear back to Mardonius this our answer: So long as yonder sun continues his course, so long do we foreswear all ing in the aid of our gods and heroes, our spirit, you should be ashamed to Send your forces into the field without when he knows our answer. Let us

So far as I am concerned, I ask no favors and wear the collar of no man; and when the Shylocks of England, Wall street, and the east, and their coadjutors, ask that the rights of the people be surrendered, my answer, so far as I am concerned, will be that not one jot or tittle of these rights shall be surrendered while life lasts, if I can prevent it; we will meet them at Boeotia before they porceed to Attica, and we will not permit them to put their shirt of Nessus upon the back of American labor. We bid the Shylocks and money lords, here and hereafter, open and bitter defiance.

## PROTECTION FOR TRADE.

Foreign War Ships at Rio Janeiro Will Guard the Landing of Cargoes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14 .- The followat Rio:

RIO DE JANEIRO, NOV. 13-The manding officers have informed Admiral Melle

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-Among the appointments made by the president to-day were: James McCafferty, apinternal revenue for the Third district "If there is any more murmuring of Texas; Samuel M. McMillen, collecagainst the taxes, make them so heavy tor of internal revenue for the that the people can do nohting but Eleventh district of Ohio; Louis P. Ohlinger, collector of internal revenue for the Eighteenth district of Ohio; on the colonies without authority, and George Tanner, surveyor of customs the protests of the people were treated for Indianapolis; and William D.

### The President in Finst Health.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 -President Cleveland is enjoying good health notwithstanding anmorous reports to the Early in the eighteenth century, in contrary. He drove in from Woodley

rates. Fast trains. Office 11 7



25,000 new subscribers can easily be placed on our books in the next three months. Many hands make light work. Assuming that we have three earnest zealous friends in each of the 1.640 precincts of the state, who will send us five new names each. we shall have nearly that number raised. There is not a Populist who can afford to be without the

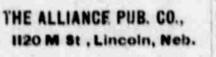
# Facts and Arguments

with which this paper will equip him. There is not an open minded democrator republican in Nebraska who should be allowed to remain unacquainted with it. For this work of introducing and spreading the light. the paper, among the people of each locality,

# Call for Volunteers.

One, two, three, four, a dozen, the more the merrier, shou'd take hold in each precinct. Each one who reads this is called to this needful work of truthspreading, called by far-seeing self-interest. called by suffering humanity, called of God and conscience driven. Now, then, all together to the work. And remember, "There is no discharge in this war."

Single yearly subscriptions for THE ALLIANCE INDEPENDENT, One Dollar. jubs of five sent in at one time Four Dollars. Short term rate to sew, trial subscribers, Fifteen Cents till January, 1st, 1894. Address orders to



### BIG FIRE AT MEMPHIS.

Several Persons Jump From a Third Story Window Severely Injured.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 15.-What promised to be one of the most destructive fires of late years was checked last night by the fire department after a heroic fight with the following losses: Schmalzried Stove company. building and stock, total loss, \$70,000 insured for \$50,000; Lemmon & Gale, wholesale dry goods, stock, \$180,000, building, \$35,090, loss on building by fire, \$7,000, loss on stock by water. \$108,000, insured for \$160,000.

The Young Men's Christian association had rooms in the Schmalzried building and several members found themselves bemmed in by the fire. Several jumped from the third story and were seriously and perhaps fatally injured, though no deaths have yet been reported.

Bold Bandirs.

EL RENO, O. T., Nov. 15 -Four bandits walked into the store of William Hightower, at Arapahoe, O. T., and presenting revolvers at the heads of the proprietor and cierks demanded that they open the safe and give up the money it contained The persumsion of the six shoote s was too much for the people and the safe was opened and the robbers made off with the booty. The amount secured waabout \$1,000.

**Bundreds** Perisle to the Orienti SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15 - Advices from Yokohama state that a severe storm swept over the southern para of Japan October 18, lasting several days. In Okayama 141 persuas ace known to have perished and 100 more are missing, while 1,346 houses were washed away. From other points 445 persons are reported killed, besides 475 ships and boats were wrecked and great damage done to farming lands.

A Fortune for Saving a Life.

MEXICO, MO., Nov. 15-Van Roberts, a hotel keeper at flush Hill, Ma., has just received intelligence that he has fallen heir to \$600,000, left him by John Rennett, who has just died at Las Vegns, N. M. Roberts saved Bennett from drowning in the Sangamon river, near Decatur, 111, twenty years ago, and \$600,000 is his reward.

### A Bullet P-netrated Her Blass.

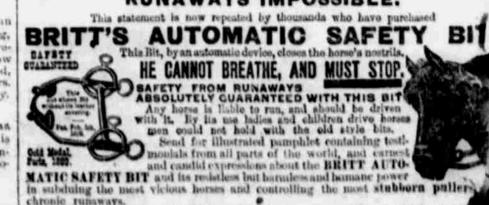
GUTUME, Ok., Nav. 15 --- While John Askins and wife, living near Cushing, were preparing to go to bed a res volver, which was under the pillow fell to the floor and was discharged, the built passing through Mrs. Askin's head and killing her instantly,

Columbian tenards for linuluras. Curexao, Nov. 15 .- The Columbias guards of the world's fair will, it is said, to the number of 159, go to Honduras for service there, first as exposition guards and later as soldiers.

### Broke the Lown.

MISSILEBORIZER, Ky., Nov. 15 The Coal and from bank closed this morning, breaking this town. It was started by English apcontators.





 The only bit in the world that is endorsed, advocated, used and sold by the for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, The Highest Authority. DR. L. P. BRITT, 37 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YO