## MUST GO IT ALONE.

REPUBLICANS HOLD OFF ON THE SILVER ISSUE.

WILL NOT LEAD IN THE DEBLITE.

Leaders of the Party Declare It Is a ictly Democratic Affair-Mr. Perry Appointed District Attorney for Enness - Senator Voorhees Introduces a Bill to Help Out the Banks.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- Inquiries of the leaders of the Republican side of the house elicit the statement that they expect to take little or no part in the debate now in progress. Said one of them: "The Democrate have underideration of the question and refused to give the Republicans a chance to amend the order regulating the de-bate. We did not believe that free allver or no silver, which are the ealy alternatives possible under the Bland order, were the only two soluions of the situation and would have been glad of an opportunity to have amended the order to secure a vote on a proposition which we believe would go farther than any other to meet and relieve the necessities of the financial situation. But this having been demied us, we do not feel that the Republication of the state of the security of licans have anything to argue, and my belief is that none of the members on this side will take formal part in the

It may be doubted, however, whether this plan of reticence and reserve will be carried out. It is almost a certainty that as the debate progresses a stage will be reached where the opportunity to score a political point will prove irresistable to such aggressive leaders as Reed, Burseywa Cannon Henburn and Handers Cannon, Hepburn and Hender-

There are some of the best speakers in the Democratic ranks still to be heard—Cockran and Fellows of New York, Wilson of West Virginia, Cul-berson of Texas, Bynum of Indiana, Bryan of Nebraska and Hatch of Mis-souri.

There is every indication that an ir-There is every indication that an irregular debate on the silver question will be kept up in the senate without waiting for the Democratic "steering committee" to accomplish its apparently hopeless task of agreeing upon a plan as to how that debate shall be brought about and within what lines it shall be confined. It is easy for anti-gilver men to either the silver or anti-silver men to call up the question. They can move to take up Mr. Stewart's free coinage for Mr. Lodge's resolution to have a vote an the repeal of the purchase law August 23 and so attack the subject from either side. Nothing but the high privileged questions involved in the contested Northwatern senatorhip can shut them off. Mr. Hoar, it is known, expects to make a set speech in favor of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the purchase law either to-morrow or Wednesday.

MR. PERRY NAMED.

Appointed United States District Attorney for Kaneas.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15. - Just as was predicted last week would be done, W. C. Perry of Fort Scott, Kan., who was United States district attorney for Kansas under President Cleveland's former administration, was to-day nominated by the president for a second term in the same position. The other nominations were:

EDWARD C. BUTLER of Massachusetts, to be secretary of the legation to Mexico.
OTTO H. BOYESEN of North Dakota to be United States consul at Gothenbur. Sweden.
BRADLEY B SMALLEY, to be collector of customs for the district of Vermont.
GEORGE W. SKINNER, to be pension agent at Pittsburg. Pa.

TROMAS J. LOWE, to be secretary of Oklahoma.

James C. Caldwell, to be receiver of public moneys at Kingfisher. Ok.

William D. Lindsay, to be register of the land office at Guthrie. Ok.

Edward D. Spillman of West Virginia to be register at Kingfisher, Ok.

Edwin P. Harman, to be register at Den-

ver. Col.

John Bravers, to be register at Little

Rock, Ark District Attorney Perry.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 15, -W. C. Perry, nominated to-day as United States district attorney, was born in England about forty years ago. In his early youth he came to America and finally ettled in Southeastern Kansas, where he was a coal miner for several years. Afterward he was promoted to the position of weighmaster, and during his leisure hours he read law under the direction of General C. W. Blair, who then lived in Fort Scott. Having been admitted to the bar he was taken into partnership by General Blair, and the firm was regarded as the strongest in that part of the state.

Mr. Porry has always been a Demo-orat and has taken part in every polit-ical campaign in the state since he ecame a voter. In 1884 he was made hairman of the state central commitchairman of the state central committee, succeeding John Martin, and conducted the campaign of that year with
marked ability. He was also a delegate to the national Democratic convention of that year which nominated
Grover Cleveland for president. In
1885 President Cleveland appointed
him United States district attorney,
and he held the office until President
Harrison appointed J. W. Ady, who
recently resigned
In 1885, Mr. Perry, in obedience to

recently resigned

In 18-4, Mr. Perry, in obedience to President Cloveland's famous order requiring federal officers to keep out of active politics resigned as chairman of the state central committee and was succeeded by Ed Carroll. Mr. Perry opposed fusion with the Populists in 1802 and made a speech in the Democratic state convention against it. He is at present a member of the state central committee and notwithstanding his opposition to fusion he was appointed on the unceutive committee.

Last year he was again a delegate to the national convention.

TO HELP OUT THE BANKS. reased Note Bill Intraduced in

the Seastr-Other Work. Wassington, Aug. 15.—When the Low r

duced a bill authorizing the issue of national bank notes to the full value of bonds deposited. It was accompanied by a letter from Secretary Caritale recommending its passage as a measure of immediate relief and saying it would add \$19,000,000 to the circulation. It was referred to the finance committee.

The senate then passed the house ioint resolution for the payment of

joint resolution for the payment of session employes of both houses.

Numerous bills on silver were introduced and referred, as was also one on the annexation of the Hawaiian islands from the San Francisco chamber of

ommerce.

Mr Hill introduced a resolution that lies on the table declaring it to be the sense of the senate that nothing but financial legislation should be undertaken during the present special session.

Mr. Vest called up the resolution offered by himself last Tuesday, in favor of bimetallism and the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver and addressed the senate on the subject. He likened the Sherman act to a houseless and homeless dog, with to a houseless and homeless dog, with no one to give it a bone and without a kennel to hide its dishonored head; but declared, nevertheless, that he would not vote for its repeal without a guarantee of silver as a money metal.

THE HOUSE RATHER DULL. Little Interest Displayed in the Desuitory Debate on Bilver.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The silver discussion to-day was continued in rather a desultory manner, and the attention accorded to it was listless. After the appointment of the committee on enrolled bills and accounts and mileage, presided over respec-tively by Ruskin and Lynch, Mr. Boatner (Democrat) of Louisians made the initiative speech in favor of free coinage. Mr. Layton (Democrat) of Ohio followed in favor of the repeal of the purchasing clause, reply-ing upon the good judgment of a Democratic congress to pass sub-sequently a law which would bring permanent relief to all classes of the people.

SULLIVAN SHOT AT.

The Ex-Champion Pugilist Forced Run for His Life.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—John L Sullivan, ex-champion pugilist of the world, entered the bar room of the Vanderbilt hotel about 8 o'clock last Friday evening. He had been drinking heavily and was in an ugly mood. Facing the counter he ordered wine for every one in the place. At the alone will produce such wool. The further end of the bar was a man finest breed in this world, unless atnamed McCluskey, with whom Sullivan had had some words three years ago. The latter refused to drink and Sullivan went down the bar to induce the man he believed to be a stranger to take a giass of wine.
When Sullivan got within six feet

of the man he saw who it was and then began a tirade of abuse. He ac-cused McCluskey of having slandered him behind his back.

since their quarrel in Boston.

Sullivan glared at his enemy and bringing his fist down shouted in a roice of anger: "You are a liar, Me-Clusky, and I can prove it. Do hear what I say, you cur? You have been talking about me behind my back and I say you are a liar."

McCluskey was crimson with anger by this time. He brought his tist down in turn and said: "I have told you that I never spoke behind your back, and, when you say I have you lie and you know it."

him down, but did not stun him.

McCluskey reached for his revolver and Sullivan ran for the door, but a shot sped after him before he could reach it. Before a second shot could be fired the pugilists friends rushed in and wrested the weapon from Mc-

The Last of the Wichita Robbers. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 15 .- John W. Kittrell, a young negro who, with the assistance of two white men and the connivance of the express messenger, robbed a wagon of the Pacific express company of \$7,500 in Wichits on this morning by Policemen Sol Davis, S. W. Nichols and Thomas Wilson, who will receive a reward of \$300. The negro took about \$2,500 as his

cent was recovered. Bold Daylight Bank Robbery.

share of the booty, and what he did

not spend he claims was stolen from

in Chicago last week, so that not a

St. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 15. - At noon to-day a bag containing \$5,000 in gold was placed at the window of the receiving teller of the First National bank, having been sent over from the clearing house by the Merchant's National, when an unknown man slipped up, made off with it and es-caped before any pursuit could be organized. There is no trace of the robber.

A Day of Prayer Asked For. DENVER. Col., Aug. 15 .- At a union neeting of the pastors of Denver last evening, a memorial was adopted to be sent to President Cleveland asking him to appoint a day of fasting and prayer when the people of the nation can meet together in their houses of worship and petition the Almighty to lighten the burdens that are oppress-ing the people of this land.

" You Don't Have to Swear Off"

The use of tobacco in any form if you use NO-T-BAC, the wonderful, harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure; it costs but a triffe, and the man who wants to quit and can't, will find in NO-TO-BAC a permanent cure Got one of our little books entitled "Don't To-Bacca Soft or amore Vour Life Avenue."

The use of tobacco in any form if you whites of the eggs cooked in this manner will be perfectly coagulated, soft tender and obily assimilated.—

Journal of Agriculture.

There I ha tieflow at hapbacco Spit or smoke Your Life Away," or buy NO-TO-BAC from H. T. Clark Drug company, Lincoln, Neb., our sgent. A copy of the book will be mailed free by addressing "THE STER-LING REMEDY CO.," role manufacturery of NO-TO-BAC, No. 45 Randolph St., Chicago, III. Chicago, Ill.

Use Northwestern line to Chicago Low rates. Fast spaine. Office 1133

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

GOOD WOOL AND HOW IT CAN BE PRODUCED.

Fine Wool is Growing in Demand About Eggs-No Reflow of Sap-Tariff on Animals-Horticultural Hints and Household Helps.

To Make Wool More Profitable. There has been a steadily increasing demand of late years for fine grades of wool, and while foreign growths have had a tendency to compete successfully with our home grown poorer grades of wool, they have practically had no effect upon the sale of the finer grades. it is to this point that farmers should have their attention drawn frequently. for very many who go into the sheep business think that wool is just the same, no matter how grown. They secure good blooded stock, and naturally expect that these high priced animals produce good, salable wool. They are somewhat astonished when they find that after all more depends upon the proper care of the sheep than upon the breed. Poor and com-mon grade wools in this country are not in great demand. They are not profitable to the sheep grower, and it is the class of sheep raisers that grow this wool whom we always hear complaints from.

Fine, home-made woolen clothes are daily growing in popular demand here, says the American Cultivator, and the large mills are absorbing such grades of wool rapidly. People who wear these clothes are willing to pay fair prices for them, and the mills consequently offer a premium for the fine grades of wool. We can depend upon this demand a great deal better than we can on any short-lived fad for an inferior article.

There are a few points about wool that even the old experienced flockmaster, as well as the beginner might think about. The fine grade of wool that takes well to-day is the one that has a good fine staple, but not too silky in fiber. The wool is graded often according to the even development of it.

If developed evenly it will resist tension equally. This wool can be woven freely and easily by the mills, and it makes good cloth that will be equally strong in all parts. No breed tended to properly will not give an evenly developed wool fiber. The strength and development of the planting.
fiber depends upon the uniform good An expe health and vigor of the animals, and if these are checked in any way the fiber will be long and strong in some places and weak and short in others.

This production of inferior wool is him behind his back.

McCluskey quietly denied it and said that he had not even taken the trouble to give Sullivan a thought
since their quarral in Post of the said of the sa so that it cannot pass muster as a fine grade. If treated in this way continually, the patches of poor fiber will increase in number so that the wool will degenerate annually, and finally become so poor that it does not pay to keep the sheep.

Good staple should also be evenly lubricated along in its whole length, and this can only be accomplished by having the animals in perfect health. If growers would stop to think of Sullivan clinched his right hand and how much this neglect injures the shot it forth. It struck McCluskev on the left side of the neck and knocked the markets they would give more how much this neglect injures the the markets they would give more attention to their animais. We must have good stock, but more than that, we must have the time and patience to grow good wool by attending to the sheep.

Something About Eggs.

Authorities on scientific cooking tell us many things that are well worth remembering. A writer in Food tells us something about eggs. Eggs should never be cooked before they are twenty-four hours old, and they are much better if kept fortyeight hours or until their whites are the night of July 29, was caught here set. The white in a freshly laid egg cannot be beaten stiff until it has laid on ice for some time. The old way of testing eggs-that of putting them in water-is one of the best If they are fresh enough for cooking they will sink. On the contrary, if the eggs rise to the surface air enough has penetrated the shell to make the egg unfit for use. although its yolk may look perfect and no odor can be detected. Decomposition begins when the contents of the shell are exposed to the external air. and the fact of the egg floating in water is proof positive that it has been lightened by air. The digestibility of the hard-boiled egg is a favorite theme. Eggs should never be actually boiled, as the extremely high temperature of the water hardens and toughens the whites at once, rendering them indigestible. If they are submerged in water just below the boiling point and kept at that temperature for one half hour they will be almost as digestible as raw oggs.

A good rule to cook eggs for invalids is to pour boiling water in a tin pail having a tight cover; put the eggs in the pall carefully, cover it tightly and let it standientirely away from the fire for five minutes. The

Mr. Charles R. Barnes, professor of botany a the university of Wisconsin, an address to the state stasta, is an address to gives the letest scoopted conclusion of science: "Mefore passing from this topic of the imovement of water which suppiles evaporation, I must allude to every common and widespread idea -at least I judge it to be widespread, because it is so frequently pro-

pounded by my students—that the sap goes down in winter and up in spring." Just where the sap is supposed to go in winter is not exactly clear, since, if the roots are absorbing water in the fall when the evaporation is diminished, they are likely to have quite as much water as they can hold already. The conception, apparently, is that all of the water lodged in the trunk and spreading branches goes down into the roots. It needs, however, only the most casual examination of trees in winter to discover that at this time they are almost saturated with water. The twigs of the hickory tree, for example, will be frozen on a cold day

in winter so that they are brittle almost as glass, and one can snap off a twig half an inch in diameter as though it were an icicle. The same twig, when not frozen, on a mild day will be so tough that there will be no possibility of breaking it.

"Again, if one cuts off a branch from a tree in winter and brings it into a warm room, he will quickly discover that water is oozing from the cut end, showing the the twigs are almost saturated w. it. As a matter of fact, the water in trees increases from midsumm or early fall to the beginning of ...wth in early spring. There is thus no necessity for any "going up" of the sap in spring until the leaves are expanded and the water with which the tree is already saturated begins to be evaporated from the foliage."—Florida Despatch.

Decrease in Bumble Bees.

There are, at least in the older sections of the country, not nearly so many bumble bees as there were soon after its settlement. We grow as much clover as ever, but it is cut earlier, and the men and boys engaged in having have more time to fight bumble bees than they did when all grass was cut with the scythe. There are not so many good places for the female bumble bees to lay their eggs in spring as there used to be. The soil is firmer from longer cultivation, and there are fewer rotten stumps. In our boyhood, pretty much all the fun we found in haying and harvesting time was in fighting bumble bees whose nests were in danger whenever we cut near where they were .-American Cultivator.

Horticultural Hints.

Rubbish around trees harbors mice. Plums naturally grow in clumps, and the seed will therefore bear thick

An experienced gardner says that tile drainage must precede the manure for successin gardening or fruit growing.

Some one has said that when the farm breaks out into smiles of fruits and flowers it becomes the most charming spot on earth.

It is not worth while to have an orchard unless it is given proper care. The orchard cannot prune itself or defend itself against insects.

The director of the Oklahoma experiment station recommends as a remedy for various squash bugs, spraying the vines with soap suds in which is enough Paris green to give a decided tinge of color.

It pays to sort fruits before offering for sale. Frequently the secondclass by being uniform, will bring as much or more than the mixed lot, while the first-class will bring much better prices than when mixed with inferior fruit.

An orchardist says that he plants his vegetables in the young orchard so that one cultivation will do for both. He says his rows of trees are thirty-three feet apart which admits seven rows of strawberries, nine rows of corn, or eleven rows of potatoes.

At a meeting in New York a horticulturist said he had always made a sheep pasture of his orchard, and that they were the best insecticides he ever tried. He advised keeping 100 sheep on every ten acres of orchard. Give them plenty of linseed meal and bran which will make them ravenous for apples.

· Household Helps.

Thinnest and clearest of "clear soups" are now very much in order. A new name at the clubs for Welsh rabbit, or rarebit, is "Cardiff hare." Lettuce as a cure for insomnia is more and more favored by the doctors.

Those who eat inordinately of radishes soon take a gloomy view of

The introduction of grated pineapple into cake is voted a great suc-Modern codfish balls leave that

particular kind of fish to the imagin-To be "intensely fashionable" eat

our strawberries with a fork-never with a knife. No city baker can make cake to compare with the "gentlewoman

housekeeper." The number of courageous people who eat oysters out of season is said by dealers to be increasing every

year. Scotch toast is the best dish ever invented for the pleasant and satisfactory utilization of "old, stale

Flatirons should be kept as far removed from the steam of cooking as possible, as this is what causes them to rust. Tile that can be purchased for a few pennies each are at once neat and convenient to place between the

kitchen table and hot cooking ves-A towel rack made with several arms fastened to a half-circular center, which in turn fastens to the well. is a convenient place for drying dish Nerve Blood Builder Tonic or. WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO., Schenectady, N.Y.

SOLICITORS. SUES & CO., Boo Bidg

and Brockville, Ont.

S. W. Cor. 7th & Main Stn., E. C., Mo. Telescraphy. Espilish. Positions revered a R. E. PARE. Collaborus and San speciment. THE KIRKWOOD



Mentioning this paper. KIRKWOOD WIND ENGINE CO., Arkansas City, Kansas.



Sold direct to school officers. Circulars free. Address, Adjustable School Seat Manf'g Co., MARGELLUS, MICH.

LAUNDRYING SHIRTS MADE EASY. With Orewiler's Spring and
Ratchet Bosom Board. A
shirt front is stretched by
springs as tight as a drum
head and as straight as a
ribbon. While you are ironing the springs are pulling.
No wrinkles nor crooked
places possible. Full instructions for starching,
polishing, etc., with each
express on receipt of price,

board. Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.00. Agents wanted. E. OREWILER, Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

The Paragon Incubator

Is positively the most practicable and reliable incubator now before the people of the West. "Patronize Home Industry" and get the best. We dare come before the people at the great Nebraska State Fair this year. We hatched 92 chicks from 121 fertile eggs, after moving the cggs and machine several miles when they were within two days of hatching. There being no premium offered at the fair we were granted the Hightst award of honor by the board of examiners. Send for circulars and price list of the incubator, which hatched the chicks at the state Fair. Address

O. C. COLLIER, Box 435, Fairbury, Neb.

MONEY MONOPOLY

(1st Edition of 5,000 all sold.) NEW EDITION-ENLARGED.

190 Pages Heavy Paper, Now Ready. Price, paper 25e; cloth \$1.00. Address THE ALLIANCE PUB. Co., Lincoln. Neb

"Money Monopoly, by R. R. Baker, is pro-nounced by representative leaders in the reform cause to be the most comprehensive work ever published on the money question. Every asser-tion backed up by undeniable proofs. Truly the Gatling gun of wage-slavery against plutocratic oppression." Iowa Tribune, Gen. Wesver's pa-

**CHEAP FARM LANDS** 

100,000 Acres Just Put Upon the Market! SOLD ON

Small Cash Payments 5 to 20 Years Time. INO TRADING.

For map of Nebraska and further particulars, call on or address,

STAPLETON LAND COMPANY, 444 BEE BUILDING, OMAHA, NEB. ST. JOSEPH BUGGY CO.

St. Joseph Buggy Co. Carriages and Buggies at lowest prices. Catalogue. and price list free. 6th and Messanie Sts. St. Joe. Mo.

The unknown heirs of L. F. Wyman defendants, will take notice that on the lith, day of July 180 L. C. Stockton the plaintiff herein filed his petition in the District Court of Lancaster county Nebraska against said defendants the object and prayer of which is the eancellation and satisfying the records of a certain mortgage hearing date Nov. 18th, 1876 and filed of record on Dec. 17, 1815, given by one James Theodere to L. F. Wyman on lot 9 block 185 in city of Lincoin located on west on half of the south-west fourth sec. 25 township 10 range 6 east. You are required to answer naid petition on or before the ind, day of September 1880 or said petition will be taken as true and the prayer therein granted.

1. U STOCKTON.

Hy his Attorney, W. C. Frampton.

Haif Rate Summer Excursions to the Black Hills,

July 15 to August 15 the B. & M. will sell round trip tickets to Hot Springs and Deadwood, S. D. at one fare, good returning for 30 days.

This allords an excellent opportunity

of making a chean and enjoyable trip to these cool resorts and should be taken advantage of by everyone contempating a summer trip. Pickets and full information at depot or city office, corner O and Tenth streets.

A. C. ZIEMER, G. P. and T. A.

St. Louis. . Cincinnati.



STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.

RIPANS TABULES are the best Medi-ine knewn for Indigestion, Billeumers, leadache, Constipution, Byspepsia, Chronic Aver Trombics, Bizziness, Bad Complexion, Systemery, Offensive Breath, and all dis-riers of the Stomach, Liver and Rowels. THE RIPANS CHEMICAL CO.

EAGLE BRAND THE BEST

10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Is unequaled for House, Barn, Factory or Out-Buildings and costs half the price of shingles, tin or iron. It is ready for use, and easily applied by anyone Send stamp for samples, and state size of roof. EXCRISION PAINT & ROUPING CO. 155 Duane st., New York, N. Y.

\$15,000 will buy patents on a perfect combined planter and Cultervator. Can be manufactured at half the price of similar ones and weighs less. Also patents on Stirrup, Lantern and Foot Warmer. For terms and T. F. BAIRD, Gasburg, Brunswick Co., Va.

PATRONIZE

- FROM-

The Oaly Line Under One Management

Lincoln to Points Below. FREMONT OMAHA HASTINGS OAKES ABBRDBEN SHELDON
DES MONIES
MARSH'LIWM
BOONE
CLINTON
MILWAUREE
OSKOSH
EAU CLAIRE
MADISON MITCHELL LINCOLN

DULUTH MINNE'P'LS OWATO'NA WINONA NORTHWESTERN ST. PAUL CHICAGO ARSHALL BL'KHILLS PRESPORE

AROTTE WYOMING ELGIN Past Trains to Chicago and St. Paul. CLOSE CONNECTIONS FOR ALL POINTS. BEST EQUIPMENTS --- LOWEST RATES

W. M. SHIPMAN, Gen'l. Agt. Office 1133 O St -- Depot Cor. S and 8th 8t, LINCOLN. NEB.



12th and Farnam Sts.



## Chicago, Rock island & Pacific Rvs

The Direct Route to and from CHICAGO, ROCE IBLAND, DAVENPORT, DES MOINES, COUNCIL RLUFFS, OMAHA, LINCOLN, WATERTOWN, SIOUX PALLS, MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, ST. JOSRPH, ATCHISON, LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS CITY, TOPEKA, DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGE, and FUEBLO. Free Reclining Chair Care to and from CHICAGO, CALDWELL, HUTCHINSON at DODGE CITY, and Palace Sleeping Care between CHICAGO, WICHITA and HUTCHINSON.

SOLID VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAIL

of Through Coaches, Blespers, Free Reciting Ch. Care and Dining Care daily between CHICAGO, D. MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS, 60MAHA and LH COLN, and between CHICAGO and DENVE COLORADO SPRINGS and FUEBLO vis R. Jesse & Kansas City and Topeks. Excusions daily, we Choice of Houses to and from Salt Lake, Portland, L. Angeles and San Francisco. The Direct Line to zerous Pike's I'van, Mantico, Garden of the Gods, it sanitariums, and Scenic Grandsure of Colorado.

Via The Albert Lea Route. JOHN BEBASTIAN

WEBER GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINE Fully Guarant A buy starts it, require

Gen'l Thi. & Pass. Agla

