IN EXTRA SESSION.

HOUSE AND SENATE QUIETLY ORGANIZED.

MR. CRIP RE-ELECTED SPEAKER.

erry Simpson Gets the Seven Populist Fotos-The Senate Adjourns Out of Late Benator Stauford-The President's Mossage Is Delayed Thereby.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8 -The first Democratic congress under a Democratic administration since ante bellum days met in extra session at the national capitol at high noon to-day. The occasion was an impressive one, recalling as it did a political situation that has not existed for over a third of a century. Deep solemnity was added to the scene by appreciation that the problem to be met and solved is a graver one than has agitated the public mind since the political struggle over the slavery question in the afties

Long before the hour of convening mbers began to gather in the hall of the house of representatives, and those who had served in the previous congress took the seats they occupied



SPEAKER CHARLES F. CRISP.

in their former days of service. One of the first to walk down the sisle and take his seat on the Republican side was the dignified Mr. Belden of New fork. He nodded good naturedly to Bailey who entered a moment

Mr. Funston of Kansas, who survived the Populist fury in the last congressional election in Kansas, entered early and grasped the hand of Mr. Livingstone of Georgia as warmly as though no impassable chasm separated him from the free silver agitator of

SIMPSON MINUS THE MUSTACHE. A man who looked like Sol Smith Bussell walked down the Republican aide and jostled another man who looked as Phil Sheridan did before he

began to accumulate avoirdupois. The fermer was Jerry Simpson of Kansas, who had shaved off his moustache and the latter John Dalzell of Pennsyl-vania, who many of his friends think Btates senator from the Keystone state. "Where are the rest of you?" shouted Brosius of Pennsylvania, incose! to Mr. Simpson and the Keystone jocosely to Mr. Simpson, and the Kan-san responded that they would come several hundred strong and control the house of representives two years hence if Republicans and Democrats failed to restore silver as a money

A conspicuous figure on the Demo-A conspicuous figure on the Demo-eratic side was Congressman William M. Springer of Illinois. As he grasped the hand of Bryan of Nebraska he assured the young lieutenant of Chairman Bland of free coinage fame that there was nothing in the rumor that he (Springer) was to lose the chairmanship of the ways and means committee and congratulations fol-

A robust individual with a broad breast and a stentorian voice shouted across the house to O'Neil of Massa-chusetts the inquiry of whether the tariff was still the paramount issue, and bowed profoundly when the Mas-cachusetts man responded that "Truth crushed to earth will rise again." crushed to earth will rise again."
The robust man was Julius Cosar
Burrows of Michigan, who had thrice
rejected speakerships which were proffered to him by Jerry Simpson under
a projected alliance of all the silver
men of the house regardless of party.
Next, from the speaker's lobby and
instantly surrounded by a score of
fallelitating friends, appeared exSpeaker Reed, the "exar" of the Fiftyfirst congress.

ENTHUSIASM FOR BLAND.

There was a slight manifestation of enthusiasm as a man of sturdy stature and some of the features of Ulysses 8. Grant entered from the rear and took his seat on the Democratic side. It way Richard P. Bland, for many years

was Richard P. Bland, for many years chairman of the committee on coinage, destined in any event to be one of the most conspicuous figures in the financial contest that is now opening.

The clerk first read the proclamation of the president of the United States calling congress together in special session and the roll of representatives elect was ordered to be called. When the state of Michigan was reached and the name of George as reached and the name of George Bichardson of the Fifth district had F. Richardson of the Fifth district had been called. Chief Clerk Kerr stated that since the certificate of Mr. Rich-ardson had been received and was duly entered on the roll unother cer-tificate had been received certifying the election of Charles F. Helknap as

to representative.

Three hundred and thirty-six memore responded to roll call and a quoim was declared to be present.

"The clerk is now prepared to retye motions looking to the election
a speaker, as no other business is in
intermedial speaker is elected," said
a clerk.

There was a slight applicate as Mr. Islams of Indiana areas and attes world."

Wanted—To lease an independent paper the honor to place in nomination or election as speaker of the house of

the Fifty-third congress the name of the Hon. Charles F Crisp of the state

of Georgia. [Applause.]

Mr. Henderson of Illinois next claimed recognition "I have the honor," said he, "to place in nomination for the same office the Hon.

Thomas R. Reed, representative elect from the state of Maine. [Applause

on the Republican side.]
Mr. Kem of Nebraska, a People's party man, next arose. "I have the honor," said he, "to place in nomina-tion for the same position, the name of the honorable Jeremiah Simpson of

Kansas. [Laughter on Democratic and Republican sides.]
Mesars. Caruth of Kentucky, O'Neil of Massachusetts, Bingham of Pennsylvania and Hopkins of Illinois were appointed tellers.

appointed tellers.

The roll call was a very perfunctory affair, but the occupants of the gallery took as lively an interest in it as though the result were enshrouded in clouds of doubt. Nearly forty minutes was consumed in this formal roll call, with the result as follows: Charles F. Crisp, 214 votes; Thomas B. Reed, 122 votes, and Jeremiah Simpone 7 votes. son, 7 votes.

"Charles F. Crisp, a representative from the state of Georgia," said the clerk, "has received a majority of all the votes given and he is duly elected speaker of the house of repre-sentatives of the Fifty-third congress. [Great applause.] The clerk appoints Mr. Holman of Indiana, Mr. Reed of Maine and Mr. Simpson of Kausas to escort the speaker-elect to the chair."

There was a burst of applause as Speaker-elect Crisp appeared a few minutes later under the escort of the committee. As he took the chair, he said: "Representatives: Profoundly grateful for this mark of your configrateful for this mark of your confidence, I shall strive to prove in every way worthy of it by an honest discharge of the duties of the office upon which I am about to enter, with fidelity, with courtesy and the strictest impartiality. [Applause] I am now ready to take the oath of office."

Representative O'Neill of Pennsylvania, the "father of the house," administered the oath of office in lowest impressive tones.

impressive tones.
Before administering the oath of office to the members, prayer was offered by the blind chaplain of the last house, the Rev. Mr. Milburn, now chaplain of the senate.

HOUSE ORGANIZATION COMPLETED. At the conclusion of the prayer the oath of office was administered by the speaker to the members, the roll of states being called for this purpose. When the state of Michigan was reached Mr. Burrows of the Republican side arose and objected to the oath being administered to Mr. Rich-ardson, whose name appears. The member named was ordered to stand

After the administration of the oath to the members had been com-pleted, Mr. O'Ferrall of Virginia offered a resolution that George F. Richardson be sworn in and Mr. Burrows of Michigan offered a substitute declaring that Charles E. Belinap was entitled to be sworn in on his prima facia case. After some wrangling the two resolutions were postponed until

to-morrow.

Mr. Holman presented a resolution providing for the election of officers of the house nominated by the Demoeratic cancus Saturday. A subsubstituting the Republican caucus nominees was rejected and the Democratic resolution adopted. The oath of office was then administered by the speaker to the fallowing: Clerk, James Kerr of Pennsylvania; sergeant-at-arms, Herman Snow of Illinois; doorkeeper, A. B. Hurt of Tennessee; postmaster, Ly-curgus Dalton of Indiana; chaplain, S. W. Hudaway of Maryland.

On resolutions offered by Messrs. McMillin and Outhwaite, the clerk was ordered to inform the president and senate that Mr. Crisp had been elected speaker and James Kerr clerk, and on motion of Mr. Springer, a committee was appointed to wait upon the presi-dent and inform him that the house was organized and ready to receive any communication which he might see fit to transmit.

Then the house proceeded to the drawing for seats, and when this was over adjourned till to-morrow.

THE SENATE.

After Organization It Adjourned Out of Respect to Ex-Senator Stanford.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8 .- The senate was called to order at noon. After the president's proclamation convening congress in extra session was read, the oath of office was administrated to Messrs. Quay of Pennsylvania and Pasco of Florida, and a communication was read from Mr. Beckwith of Wyoming announcing that owing to a combination of circumstances he had placed his resignation as senator in the hands of the

governor. The communication was placed on file. The usual resolution to notify the house and the president were adopted and then the death of the late Senator Stanford of California was announced by Mr. White of that state and as a mark of respect the senate adjourned

until to-morrow.

This prevented the reception of the president's message to-day.

PEOPLE OF THE PERIOD.

Lasker, the great chess player, is but 25 years of age.

The dean of Westminster has consented that a medallion of Jenny Lind shall be placed in the abbey near Handel's monument.

Mrs. Frothingham Do you know, I think the Rev. Mr. Smallpay delivered rather a striking sermon this morning. Frothingham-Yes, it seemed to me that he hinted several times in it if he wasn't given a bigger salary he'd quit.

Ingersoll rays: "All the courts and legislators in the world cannot prevent nen from organizing or stricing if they want to. Too large masses of men are affected to be dealt with legally. The more these people are oppressed the closer they will organize, in spite of all the decisions of all the curts in the

G. DUN'S REVIEW.

A MARKED SENSE OF RELIEF IN MONEY MATTERS.

THE SITUATION LOCKS BRIGHTER.

The Demoralization in Speculative Markets Has Been Followed by a More -Healthy Tone-Closing of Many Shops and Works - The Week's Failures - Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.-R. G. Dun & o.'s weekly review of trade says: "Demoralization in speculative markets has been followed by a more healthy tone. In money markets there has come a singular sense of relief, notwithstanding an actual increase in present em-barrassments, almost amounting to paralysis of exchange between the chief commercial cities, and of many industrial works, because even twenty-six per cent premium for currency fails to secure what is needed for payfails to secure what is needed for payment of wages. Hopes are nevertheless fixed on the ships bringing over \$11,000,000 gold across the sea and on the extra session of congress which will begin on Monday.

"Several of the largest and boldest operators at Chicago have been crushed under pork barrels, but the instant increase of foreign purchases convinces the markets that the disaster has been certain measure of

ter has brought a certain measure of

"Stocks at the lowest point this week averaged little more than \$41 per share, but it is yet a long way down to the prices of 1877, averaging at the lowest \$23 per share, and the contrast between the conditions and the earnings of railroads now and then is greater than the difference in prices.

greater than the difference in prices.

"Closing of shops and works for lack of orders is the overshadowing fact. Sales of wool are not a third of last year's, and since the new clip the decrease has been 449,797,240 pounds, or about forty-six per cent. Prices are weak and yet so low that a decline seems unlikely. The failures of the week numbered 436 against 160 last year."

New York, Aug. 7.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the bank clearings of the week ending August 4, 1893, with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week of 1892:

Cities	Clearings	Inc	Dec
Kansas City	8 4,584,182		48.5
Omaha	4.230,584	*****	24.0
Denver	1,174,550	Person.	76.4
St Joseph	1,270,407		31.7
Lincoln	416,756		8.9
Topeka	3 6,850	*****	3.0
Wichita	339,618	beres	38.0

BLAND WILL LEAD.

The Missouri Silver Champion Ready For the Fray.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- As soon after congress meets as it becomes practicable Mr. Bland, the leader of the silver forces in the house, will introduce a bill embodying the views of the silver men. It will provide for the repeal of the Sherman purchasing act and substitute therefor the free coinage of silver at the present ratio

of sixteen to one.
"That," said Mr. Bland, "will be
the ground upon which we will make
the fight, although there has been no definite plan agreed upon.'

He recognized that men could hon-estly differ as to the ratio, but that was a matter that should be settled in the party itself. Upon the use of both gold and silver as money at a parity, the Democratic party could not differ. If a compromise measure increasing the ratio was reached, he said, he saw no reason why the present dollar should not be kept in circulation as it was now. He proposed, however, with all his power to resist any increase in the ratio.

The champion of silver declared that there would be a bitter fight against any attempt to change the rules so that a cloture provision might be incorporated.

FATAL PRIZE FIGHT.

"The Sailor Kid" Dies From the Effects of a Pugillatic Encounter.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 7 .- "The Sailor Kid," whose correct name is differently given as Bobby Taylor and Lon Turner, who fought a draw last night in a pugilistic encounter at the Ramblers' club room, River Front park,

died this afternoon.

By orders of District Attorney Steele warrants were promptly sworn out for all those concerned in the mill.

County Officers Indicted.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 7.—As a result of an investigation into the recent lynching, indictments were returned by the grand jury yesterday as follows; Sheriff A. J. McLendon, failure to do Sheriff A. J. McLendon, failure to do his duty in allowing a prisoner to be lynebed; Deputy Sheriff J. A. Perkins and Police Captain George T. O'Haver, failure and refusal to do their duty; Police Captain Pat Hackett, failure to do his duty; Sailer Bob Harold, failure to do his duty.

Condition of Missouri Banks.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The comptroller of the currency has received the completed statement of the condition of the banks of Missouri, including the cities of Kansas City. St. Louis and St. Joseph at the close of business on the 12th of July. It shows total assets of \$14.657,000; individual deposits, \$7,206,354; average reserve held, 25.28 per cent.

16. Louis thos Factory Shale trawn. Sr. Louis, Mo., Aug. 7 .- The Hamil-Twentieth and Locust streets sus-pended operations yesterday morning temporarily owing to the depression of business, throwing 500 men and boys and 600 women and girls out of employment. on Brown shoe factory, located at

FOR OCEAN TRAVEL

What Kind and How Many Dresses Are

Needed for a Trip to Europa. We have received a letter from "Country Girl," says the Philadel-phia Times, asking what to wear on a steamer in going across the ocean, and also to give any other details that may be of service to her. To begin with she should have at

least two traveling dresses—one somewhat heavier than the other. One of these she will wear on going on board the steamer, and after the first meal it is advisable to hang up that one and don another. which she will only wear during the actual voyage, as clothing becomes very wrinkled and unpleasantly suggestive of tar, which effectively spoils it for wear on land.

As a trip on the water, even in summer, is generally cool, an ulster is an actual necessity, and in such a wrap as this it will not matter if her gown underneath it is not quite as modish as the one which she will wear when going off the steamer.

Besides these dresses, which per-tain more especially to the voyage, she should have a pretty silk to wear at dinners, in hotels in England and on the continent, and several simple costumes to alternate with those which she wears for travel and shopping, as one gets very dusty and feels the need of such a change.

Two hats will be sufficient. On the steamer she wears a yachting cap and veil. There is no place where good shoes are appreciated more than on shipboard, for with the rolling of the vessel, the climbing in and out of steamer chairs and the sundry diversions that are so different from those on land, the feet become very much en evidence and pretty shoes and stockings should be worn if possible.

A steamer wrapper is generally included in a voyager's outfit, and a rug and chair fitted with cushions are comforts that cannot be dispensed with. The plainer the gown and wrap to be worn on deck the better, as a trim and neat little figure is far more attractive than one with countless ribbons flying to the breeze and ruffles and trimmings that catch on every projecting hook.

Making Scissors.

Though no complexities are involved in the making of scissors, yet the process is very interesting. They are forged from good bar steel heated to redness, each blade being cut off with sufficient metal to form the shank, or that destined to become the cutting part and bow, or that which later on is fashioned into the holding portion. For the bow a small hole is punched, and this is afterward expanded to the proper size by hammering it on a conical anvil. after which both shank and bow are filed into a more perfect shape and the hole bored in the middle for the rivet. The blades are next ground and the handles filed smooth and burnished with oil and fitted together and tested as to their easy working. They are not finished, however. They have to undergo hardening and tempering, and be again adjusted, after which they are finally put together again and polished for the third time. In comparing the edges of knives and scissors it will be noticed, of course, that the latter are not in any way so sharply ground as the former, and in cutting seissors crush and bruise more than knives.

A Berkshire Christening.

The late Dean Burgeon, when a curate in Berkshire, writes James Payn in the Independent, was requested by a village couple to christen their boy Venus, or as they called it. Vanus. "Are you aware," he said, "that you are asking something ridiculous as well as exceedingly wicked? Do you suppose I am going to give a Christian child-a male child-the name of an infamous and abandoned woman?" "Please, sir," said the newly made father, "we wanted him to be called after his grandfather." "And do you mean to say that his grandfather was named Venus?"
"Yes, sir, there he is sir." A poor old man, looking exceedingly unlike Venus, hobbled out of the crowd. "Do you dare say that you were christened Venus?" exclaimed the irate clergyman. "Well, no, sir, I was christened Sylvanus, but they always calls me Vanus."

A Difference of Opinion.

The nice young man who had applied to the city editor for a place on the reportorial staff was more or less independent, because his folks had

"I don't have to work, don't you know," he said rather patronizingly to the city editor. The city editor looked him over

carelessly. "You bet your life you will, if you expect to keep your job on this paper." he said sharply, and gave

the youth an assignment that was kept on hand for the purpose. Hirthplace of Mt. Patrick.

The most recent investigators hold that St. Patrick was born in Scotland at what is now Kilpatrick, in Kirkondbrightshire. The story of his capture by pirates goes better with the history of Western Scotland in the sixth century than with that of Boulogns, in France, at the same

A Chinese Passport.

In China a traveler wishing for a In Ching a traveler wishing for a passport is compelled to have the paim of hir hand brushed over with the oil point; he then precess his band on thin damp paper, which retains an impression of the lines. This is used to prevent transference of the passport, as the lines of no two hands are acids.



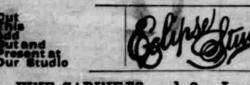
Organ Fully Warranted for Five Years!

Price, \$49.75.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

Agents Wanted for the Kimball Pianos and Organs A. MOSPE, Jr., Omaha, Neb.

\$2.49-SPECIAL OFFER!--\$2.49



TWO FINE CABINETS and One Large CRAYON PORTRAIT For \$2.49---Finest Finish

\$2.49 1216 O St. Lincoln, Neb. \$2.49

FARM LANDS FOR SALE IN NEBRASKA

We have land for sale in Adams, Butler, Chase, Custer, Dundy, Frontier, Furnas, Greely, Gosper, Garfield, Hitchcock, Harlan, Hall, Hayes, Kearney, Loup, Lancaster, Perkins, Sherman, Valley and Webster counties in Nebraska. These lands belong to us, and we will sell them from

\$4.50 Per Acre AND ON EASY TERMS.

Call and see us or write us for list naming the county or counties you wish

C. C. BURR & SON, Room 11, Burr Block, LINCOLN. NEB.

J. W. CASTOR, Pres. J. P. ROUSE, Vice-Pres

E. E. MOTT, STATE AGENT. A. GREENAMYRE, Trees

THE FARMERS MUTUAL INSURANCE CO

INSURES ONLY FARM PROPERTY

ARMERS, we invite your attention to the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Nebraska, If you are in want of Insurance you can noafford to insure in any other company, and if you do not want insurance now, write and get a copy of our By-laws and Constitution and learn what we are doing anyway,

Remember we are for Farmers only.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, Room 407 Brace Building.

LINCOLN, NEB.

JOHN B. WRIGHT, Pres. T. E. SANDERS, V. Pres. J. H. M'CLAY, Cashier THE-----

Columbia National Bank

· · · OF LINCOLN, NEBRASKA. · · · CAPITAL \$250,000.00.

For Barns, Bridges, Roofs, Fences, Etc. 85 PER CENT. IRON. Adopted by Union Pacific Railroad as their Standard freight car paint. Best Paint in the world. Protects iron from rust, wood from decay. Sold ready for the brush in five gallon cans at 60 cents per gallon. In barrels 50 cents per gallon. Manufactured by National Oil Paint CO., Omaha, Neb.

PILES, FISTULA.

City, Mo., without knife, ligature or caustics—no money to be paid until patient is cured. We also make a speciality of Diseases of Women and Diseases of the Skin. Beware of all doctors who want any part of their fee in advance, even a nete. In the end you will find them expensive luxuries. Send for circular giving names of hundreds who have been cured by us, and how to avoid sharpers and quacks. Office, No. 100 West Ninth Street. Rooms 31-32-33 Bunker B'idg

When in Doubt

"Try The Burlington."

General Passenger Agent,



A. C. ZIEMER, City Passenger Agent,

HOT SPRINGS, SOUTH DAKOTA. The invalid's Mecca-The Tourist's

Every individual afflicted with rhoumatism, kidney affection, nervousness, dyspepsia, debility from any cause,

Delight

dyspepsia, debility from any cause, would do well to visit Hot Springs, and with strong assurance of cures or great relief being offected.

There too, and in other portions of the Black Hills, will be found unusual delight for the sightseer, student and artist.

The Eikhern Railway, "North-Western Line" is now running a through sleeper daily to Hot Springs. I low round trip rates given. Cail or write for full information.

A. S. Fielding, City Ticket Agent, 1133 O street, Lincoln, Neb. W. M. Shipman, Gen'l Agent.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

The other day, is speaking of the improved facilities for luxurious travel in

proved facilities for luxurious travel in this country says:

"We are abandoning the old system of lighting the care with herosene imps, and more than half the coaches have already been equipped with the most improved and the safest system of lighting known in this country or Europe. With the new Pintsch imps there can be no possibility of danger from explosion or otherwise, as the apparatus is all out side and under the car, and in the event of mishap, the fixtures become detached and the gas escapes into the air."

The brilliant Pintsch light, the fixest car illuminant in existence, now in use on the Union Pacific System fulfills all the requisite conditions so happily noted by Mr. Depew.