THE ALLIANCE-INDEPENDENT.

MAY 18, 1893

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SIOUX CITY SHELDON DES MONIES MARSH'LT'WN



TTENTION POPULISTS

The Chairman and Secretary of The National Committee Issue an Address.

THE INDUSTRIAL LEGION

Recommended as The Best Means of Advancing The People's Movement.

An Earnest Appeal.

To the Executive Committees of the People's Party in the several States. GENTLEMEN:

Time sufficient has elapsed for the dust and din of the great political battle of 1892 to pass over and for us to study our successes and failures. Our succosses have been many and far reaching and our failures few and insignificant. when we take into consideration the when we take into consideration the means at the disposal of those, both state and national, who were trusted all be proud. Very respectfully, Most of the state committees deserve J. H. TURNER, Secretary. the everlasting gratitude of every reformer in the land, far the noble and self-sacrificing work performed. The results are wonderful, when we consider the fact that many of our state committees had scarcely means enough at their command to defray postage bills. Very few of our men had any experience in running political camnegligence, caused by lack of means etc., can and should be forgiven; but it has been found in some cases that our people, through the influence of candidates for office. perhaps, have been too eager for success. They have been tempted to trade with the enemy and barter principle for success (or rather office.) Your national committee is on record as having opposed every form of Fusion with either of the old partles that has ever been presented. It has not changed its mind, but is more firmly of the opinion than ever, that we should spurn every offer of Fusion, make our tions, Fusion success has proven of far greater damage to our party at large, than defeat would have in a straight college for high-class Japanese wocontest.

We hope that all our workers have been greatly benefited by the experiences through which we have passed. and feel confident that our forces all over the country are much better prepared for effective work than they have ever been in the past.

Several states will hold elections this

are cared for and provided with good WOMEN'S CONGRESS. With no money upon which to rely, our national committee after a thorough study of the situation, has come to the cooclusion that an organi-THEY OPEN THE SERIES OF

zation to perform the work is an absolute necessity. With this idea in view the national committee evolved the Industrial Legion as the best plaz to accomplish this work and now we appeal to the State Committees, and urge them to take steps at once to thoroughly organize our forces in each state into the Industrial Legion. Enough states have already moved in this matter to insure the success of the organization. 300 recruiting officers have been commissioned and at work in nearly every State in the Union. We have organized Legions in twenty-one states, and will soon be able to organize several state Legions. Mrs. Anna L. Diggs. the National Secretary of the National Citizens' Industrial Alliance has joined us in a request to each of the Local Assemblies of that organization to ex-change their charters for the Industrial Legion Charters. The officers of the Legion have agreed to make said ex-

A co-operative pull all along the line will in a few months, give us the most formidable political organization in the pared." change of charters free of cost. country.

Let every one take hold and help and

with the management of the campaign. H. E. TAUBENECK, Chr. Natl. Com.

A JAP LADY LAWYER.

The Flowery Isles Keep Up With Civilization.

Who will now say that Japan is not fully abreast of these times?

Madame Tel Sono, of that country, dieted by her father on poetry and moral religion, married at 19 to an officer of the mikado treasury, and paigns, and all mistakes and seeming not entirely satisfied with her experience, has become a practicing lawyer. She is the first and the last of ladies in the land of the Rising Sun. for the new constitution has now debarred women from entering the legal profession. Mme. Tel Sono's debut was celebrated by a popular poet.

For twelve years she has pleaded in the courts, and her name is well known throughout the mikado's dominions.

In her legal capacity she came to fully appreciate the position of Japanese women, and determined to study the woman question in a land where the sexes stood on an equality, she came to America in 1886. She spent fight upon principle and in the middle some time in various missionary colof the road. With but very few excep- leges here, learning English and teaching her own language. On her return she determined to found a training men

> She is a practical philanthropist, is small of stature and ha winning manners.

She speaks English well. She has discarded the native dress and wears the black satin of Western civilization. She is now in London, but will return to Japan shortly.

The project has been received with great favor, and the school for higher

GATHERING. MAGNIFICENT President Bonney Delivers the Opening Address Before an Assemblage of Notables From all Parts of the

WORLD'S CONCRESSES.

Earth -Inaugurated Beneath the Colors of Many Nations of the World.

CHICAGO, May 16 .- "The Sovereign Providence of God has made us participants in the important and far reaching work that will be known in the history of mankind as 'The World's Congresses of 1893,' and we have as-sembled to begin the actual execution

It was with these words that President Charles C. Bonney to-day in the new permanent memorial art palace on the lake front, opened the series of gatherings that will continue until the world's fair is at an end. Then he continued: "The day of realization has come. An impossible dream has become a present reality. We enter this day on the actual enjoyment of the pleasures and the benefits it promised.

A rapid sketch was then given by President Bonney of the development of the world's congress scheme, pausing a moment for a tribute to the memory of advisory members who had been called to the mightier congress of the illustrious dead-James G. Blaine, Cardinal Manning, Tennyson, Whittier, Professor Emile de Laveleye of Belgium, George William Curtis and Bishop Phillips Brooks. In conclu-sion he said that henceforth the decisbattles of the world would ive fought on moral fields, and on intellectual heights. The artillery of argument would take the place of the shot and shell hurled by the mighty guns of modern war. But a few years stood between the present and the twentieth century. If the causes now in operation should go unchecked the world would witness in these seven years the crowning glories of more than seven centuries of human progress. With this single hope he proclaimed the formal opening of the world's congress of 1893.

The congresses were inugurated beneath the colors of many nations in one of the large auditoriums. Long before the hour set the halls and corridors of the spacious Art building were thronged. In the center of the stage was a huge deep ebony chair, a relic of Spanish-American civilization, carved in the Gothic style. Professor Swing, who offered the invoca-tion, occupied this, and near him was Mrs. Charles Henrotin, who spoke first for the women.

MANY NOTABLE PERSONS PRESENT. Among those on the platform were the commissioner general of Russia, Carlos R. Gallardo, president of the Argentine commission Dr. Theodoroff,



nd we desire the each of these be helped by the states that have no election, to the end that our success in those states may inspire hope and courage in our people and prepare them for a determined fight in the congressional election in 1894.

The democratic party is now reveling in its ill-gotten gain. The fight over the spoils is terrific and extremely humilisting to every lover of our republican government. The republican party is routed, demoralized and threatened with absolute dissolution.

The democratic party finds itself in an swful dilemma. It has promised every thing and is every day demonstrating the fact that it is totally incapable of giving anything. It is being buildozed by the jew bankers of Wall street into a single gold standard policy, when it promised the people in its platform that silver should no longer be outlawed. During the campaign it was loudly proclaimed from every democratic stump in the country that the tariff was rob-bery pure and simple, yet they have gone right along fighting over the spoils for months without even attempting to stay the hands of this fearful robbery.

Recent decisions of the Federal Courts prove clearly that ours is a government pass?" as now administered) of the corporations, by the corporations, and for the corporations.

When we contemplate the present situation, review the absolute stupidity of the powers that be and the universal discontent of the great common people, is it not an auspicious time? Is it not enough to convince the most skeptical that the time for a new political alignment is at hand, and inspire everyone with hope for the future? No time should be lost. Plans for the

work should be laid out, and the work begun at once.

The experience of your national committee, (and we dare say it is the experience of every State Committee) tesches us that we cannot look to the moneyed men or corporations for aid in during the reign of Louis Philippe. In this contest for human rights. Where then shall we look for ald? The only source left is determined, systematic of false sets made to fit their place. organization, and there we must go or be helplessly crushed. In a political contest we can no longer afford to lead untrained raw recruits against the regulators of the two old parties.

One says, are we not already organized? There are the Knights of Labor, the Farmers' Alliance, the Grange, the F. M. B. A. the A. P. A. of I and others of like character. Yes, we know we have these organizations and each one has its duties to perform in this great

work We have naught to bring against either of them, for the good they have already dene will live to bless humanity for-

But there must be an organization to But there must be an organization to perform a specific work that neither of these organizations can perform. We cannot call upon either of these organi-nations to contribute ir any way to the ruleing of funds, to carry on the work of the people's party, because they are composed of men of all partices Neither can we call upon them to arrange pic-nice, political discussions, etc. We can not ask then to see that our speakers

education of woman in Japan promises to be a success.

A HUSTLING TOWN.

It Has a Population of One and no Provision for Visitors.

An Eastern man who had been mak ing a trip through the West got off the train at a quiet country station called Hustler., He found it to con st of a station house and two cabins, and one of the cabins was tenantless.

"Is this the town of Hustler?" asked of the station master.

"Yes, sir." "Is this all of the town?"

"It is."

"Why, I read that it was a growing place.

"It has grown one house this year. "I was told that it had great prospects?"

"Lots of chances here, sir."

"But there is no town here-literally nothing to speak of?"

"They all have to begin, you know." "Can I get anything to eat here?"

"No. sir." "What time does the next train

"Seven hours to wait."

"Will you tell me who named this town?"

"Yes, sir. It was the man who moved out of that cabin."

"What induced him to call it Hustler?"

"Because he knew that every one would hustle to get out of it. Sit down on the platform and make yourself at home while you have to wait."

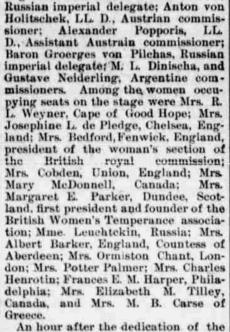
A Mouth to Suit All Characters.

A dramatic artist named Lemahon, better known under the assumed appellative of Paul Bonjour, had great success as a singer of comic songs One of the sets gave him the physiognomy of an ass; another made him look like a monkey; when wearing a third he resembled a goat, etc. He used to give a song on the pork-butchers, with tooth that gave him the exact appearance of a pig. Many old Parisians remember this original performer and the means he adopted to amuse them.

Tourists Trips.

Round trips to to une Pacific Coast. Short trips to the Mountain Resorts of Colorado.

The Great Salt Lake.



An hour after the dedication of the congresses as a whole, the women's congress, the initial meeting of the great series of world's fair gatherings, assembled in the Hall of Washington, another part of the Art palace, and an address of welcome was delivered by Mrs. Palmer, president of the woman's branch of the world's congress. Then came the introduction of foreign rep-resentatives and responses on behalf of their respective countries.

In the afternoon there was a public reception, to which all those attending the congress were invited. The president and vice president of the woman's branch of the world's congress auxiliary, with the committee of arrangements of the world's congress auxiliary, received in the offices of the woman's branch the foreign representatives forming part of the reception committee. At the same time in the eight conference halls the conference committees received in the hall representing the subject in which each is most interested.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

In the Illinois building there is a relief map showing every hill and valley in the whole state.

Missouri has sent to the Mines and Mining building 6,000 pounds of lead ore, all in one piece. Missouri's mar-bles show twenty different varieties, besides onyx and building stone.

Michigan displays the models of two copper mines, one being the example sent to the Centennial and the other being intended to show the improvements which have since been intro duced

In the Minos and Mining building Chanda shows a block of nickel weight ing 4,500 pounds, worth \$2,500; a block of mica ten inches thick, weighing 1, 100 pounds and specimens of sine, copper, lead, iron and a little gold and allwor.

The cold storage house, an adjunct of Machinery hall, is 203 feet long, 130 feet wide and five stories high. In it is preserved the food used in the res-taurants in the grounds. The upper floor is a great shating rink and the is perfect could be ice will be kept in perfect condition Low rates. Fust trains. Office 1133 all summer long.

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