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NO. 87

VOL. IV.

LINCOLN, NEB., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1893

Dungan Testifies Before the Committee, and Representative Krick Corroborates his Charges.

WERE \$1,000 APIECE. VOTES

Thurston Wants to Defend Himself. Long Struggle in the House Thurston Won't Have it All His Own Way.

So soon as the legislature rea-sem bled after its week's vacation, the committe on bribery examination began its work. Sergeant-at-arms Dunabused by the republican papers, came before the committee and made a complete statement of what he knew in the case, and he made a clear and convincing statement in spite of McKesson's tiate our vote? efforts to bulldoze him. The substance of his testimony was the same as given last week.

REPRESENTATIVE KRICK.

The bribery investigation was renewed Saturday morning, the testimony taken being as follows: Edward Krick, sworn and testified as

By Mr. Casper: Q. State your name and where you live. Edward Krick: I live near Minden, Kearney county, Nebraska.

Q. What is your relation to the house, Mr. Krick? I am a member of the house.

You may state what you know of this matter in controversy.

A. Of course I have had in my mind and so forth about this bribery matter for many years, and when I came down any conversation, there were no other here I found it was the case. Mr. Dungan and myself talked it over many times, and in conversation he spoke of this, that if they could be caught in a deal of this kind it was Mr. Casper: What do you mean by Mr. Casper: What do you mean by something that ought to be exposed. Then in the evening when this matter happened. which. I believe, was about the 9th, I met Mr. Dungan. (I came from my boarding place and I met Mr. Dungan and Mr. Soderman;) I was going up stairs to a friend's room to take off my overcoat and overshoes, and I met them at the head of the stairs and Mr. Dungan remarked to me that those ducks were here and could be caught, and asked me if I wanted to go will accompany you;" and I walked into the room with Mr. Duncau and Mr. Soderman. Now, Mr. Dungan introduced us to these two gentlemen who were this Mr. Walsh and a man by the name of Roeder. After we had the introduction he offered us then a smoke. and found Mr. Sederman was a man that didnt smoke, and I didn't take to drink, and of course got to talking in regard to this senatorial fight. We were talk ng the matter over and they

says like this: "Gentlemen, we are

men, and you folks may just as well get | want to do this. part of this money as some of the other ones. Now I will tell you what we will be incorporated as mine. If you folks will vote the fourth and fifth ballot we will give you \$1,000 committee took an adjournment to apiece." Now after that was over they Monday. asked us if we knew Mr. Thurston, and I made the remark-I said that I know Mr. Thurston or had met him or something like that, and Mr. Soderman says "I never met the gentlemen," and as soon as he made that remark they said: 'We will get a hack and take you down and get you acquainted with Mr. Thurston and we will fix up the deal with I made the remark to them like "Geutlemen, it is too early in the night." I wish to say the reason I made toat remark was this: I meant these gentlemen should keep on our track and so long as they were on our tracks they would't follow others, and I says to them that we proposed to meet them or in other words we would see them later: that is about the expression, and we left the room and went down into the bar room, and when we got down below, I remarked to Mr. Soderman. Soderman you better get out of this and I will leave for my room," and I went through the hotel below and struck for the door, and as I left the door I walked hastily across the street and when I got across the street, I saw that Walsh was following me out. Now, as Walsh followed me out, he didn't catch which way I went, and he walked up toward the drug store next to the Lindell, which would be west, and he whistled; then he turned around and came to the corner there, and came up to the church that is south from the Lindell, and whistled

Mr. Stevens: You said that you were requested to east the fourth and fifth ballot. Who was that to be cast for? A. For Mr. Thurston.

and I went to my room.

The fourth and fifth ballot was to be cust for Thurston? A. He didn't say which one of the the two. He says, "Gentlemen, if you

will cast the fourth and fifth we will

give you \$1,000 apiece."
Mr. Casper: What did you understand that to be; the fourth and fifth independent ballot?

A. I understand that they said they wanted five votes that night, and that they must have them by 12 o'clock.
Mr. Stevens: You and Mr. Soderman were to make the fourth and fifth men that they were wanting to buy?

A. Yes sir.
Q. Of the five they wanted to buy?
A. Of the five they wanted to buy?
A. Of the five they wanted to buy.
Mr. McKesson: You say you had conversation with Mr. Dungan prior to
this concerning bribery at the capitol
A. Not at the capitol alone, but others
O. Then your conversation was simp.

Q. Then your conversation was simply on bribery in general? A. Yes sir, in legislatures. Q Did you have any conversation

with anybody else concerning bribery here prior to this time?

A. No. I don't know as I could ans-

wer that in this particular case. Mr. Casper: Is it the general imgan, who had been so ridiculed and pression in your community that legislators are bribed?

A. Not generally so.
Nr. McKesson: You had no specific agreement whatever with Mr. Dungan prior to this night that he might nego-

A. No sir. Q. Or deliver the same?

No sir. B But you fell in with his plan of catching these fellows as he said, immediately upon his announcement to you that there was a chance to do it? A. I so made a statement right in the

fore part of the testimony.
Q. Did you and Mr. Soderman have s conversation concerning bribery in the evening of the 9th at the Lindell hotel prior to the time that Mr. Dungan made this proposition?

A No sir. Q. You were never a party to a conspiracy to fasten guilt upon any parties of the charge of bribery prior to this conversation with Mr. Dungan?

A. No sir. Q. Then so far as you know, or had members of the legislature who would

Mr. Casper: What do you mean by "these men"? Do you mean Messrs. Walsh and Roeder? A. Yes sir.

THURSTON WANTS IN. Mr. Stevens: Mr. Thurston wants to

know if he can make a request of this By general consent the witness was excused and Mr. Thurston admitted.

Mr. Thurston: Gentlemen, In tice that the testimony taken by your committee yesterday indirectly brought my name into connection with the supposed charges in reference to the lat. senat rial contest. in view of which I ask of your committee the right to ap pear and examine any witnesses whose testimony in any manner tends to point toware any charge against me.

Mr. Stevens: I will state that to admit Mr. Thurston before this commita cigar; then the offered us something | tee, one of the ablest lawyers, so recognized in the s's te, in his self-defense, would compel the committee to secure equally as able counsel on the other side to protect the witnesses from the going to have five men by tonight. By experienced ability of the gentl-man, 12 o'clock we have got to have these and as one of the committee I do not and as one of the committee I do not

> Mr. Casper: Your objections may Before this matter was decided the

The question of admitting Thurston to cross examine the witnesses before before the committee came up in the house on Monday evening, and another long parliamentary battle ensued Barry and Rhodes led the fight for the

independents very successfully It ended in a compromise by which Thurston is to be admitted to crossquestion witnesses in his own defense, and the committee has power to employ a lawyer to assist in all the examina ions.

Farm, stock and implements wanted in exchange for house and lot. Address L. A. Peters, 245. So. 11 St.

No Real Sival Yet.

World famous Eli Perkins says: After people have gone over all the routes to California once, they settle down to the U. P. This road will always be the great transcontinental line. | we full-blooded Chickasaw Indians, It has the best track, the best equip- and do not speak a word of English. ment, the best eating houses, and it teaches the traveler more history and geography than any other line. It shows you historic Salt Lake and the Mormons, takes you through the great Laramie plains, the Humboldt Basin and the Grand Canyon, over the very stage route that Horace Greeley and Artemus Ward rode.

twice; however, he lost track of me Once on the Union Pacific it goes everywhere. It runs to Portland and Pueblo, He'ena and the Yo-emite, Tacoma and Seattle, Los Angeles and San Diego, and is the only route to San Francisco. It has no real rivals yet." Send for our California Sights and J. T. MASTIN, C. T. A Scenes. E. B. SLOSSON, G. A. Lincoln, Neb.

1044, O. St.

M'KINLEY'S RUIN

OHIO'S GOVERNOR OVER-WHELMED BY MISFORTUNE.

BASELY BETRAYED BY A FRIEND.

Every Cent of the Property of the Distinguished Republican and His Wife Lost, and Heavy Deb & ctill Left-Will Abandon Politics and Practice Law to Recoup His Lost Fortune.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.-Governor McKinley of Ohio, who has been made a bankrupt by over confidence in the uprightness of an old friend, has asked H. H. Kohlsaat of this city to act as his trustee. The conference which led to Mr. Kohlsaat's selection was held in Cleveland Sunday evening, when it was found that the governor's liabilities were \$95,000, a sum nearly five times as large as he had saved during the 49 years of his life.

Mrs. McKinley has property which she inherited from her father which will probably net \$75,000 if sold under the hammer and she proposes to turn this over to Trustee Kohlsaat. She is an invalid and her friends protest against allowing her means going to cancel the governor's debts, incurred by another man, but she insists.

Thus the noted coup's .ill become penniless. They will loss their Canton home and all their hous ... ld goods, Mrs. McKinley's farms and . "ything else and in poverty they m. . begin life again.

Mr. Kohlsaat in an interview said that as the transactions between Mr. McKinley and himself had been made public he would tell the story of the calamity. He considered it one of the most unfortunate things that had happened within his memory. He said:
"Mr. McKinley is the victim of the The action was taken when the conmost aggravated treachery. He never knew to what extent he was becoming involved, because he

trusted implicitly in the judgment of his friend. The exposure of his falsity completely unnerved the governor, and while political reverses were accepted as a part of a political life, he is almost unable to endure the present crash. But, honest man that he always has been, he sadly told me that he would begin again, and no man should lose a cent who lent him money by reason of his name."

"It is probable" Mr. Kohlsaat continued, "Myron T. Merrick, treasurer of the Society of Savings of Cleveland, will act with me as trustee. At present it is not possible to say how the financial end of the calamity will be settled. The governor will turn over every penny he has, but this will only be a drop compared with the aggregate liabilities. He sa d his wife was thoroughly decided to help him out with her own means. The governor will retire from politics, since he can not hold office and again get up financially. He said he would begin his law practice again and make it his object in life to pay all that he had been dragged into owing. His affairs are a complete wreck, the failure taking the modest home and its contents. The friends of Mrs. McKinley declare that she must not put her fortune at the mercy of creditors. Just what will be done by her is not yet decided. She is positive one way; her friends are equally decided the other. A dispatch received last evening says Mrs. McKinley is with her husband in Cleveland, and the parties were in a conference as to final action. He once had a good practice, and his brilliant reputation will add to it. He talked of resigning his position as governor so as to enter actively into the practice of the law, but he will probably not do so. He will, however, not seek a re-election, but at the close of his term will retire from politics and engage in his profession so as to pay his creditors and restore his fortune."

Married Full-Blooded Chickasaws.

DENISON, Texas, Feb. 22.-Sam Cal houn and Miss Mattie Weeks and Joe Underwood and Mrs. Unnie Ashley were married yesterday on Red River, northwest of the city. The grooms The brides are white girls of Texas birth.

Mrs. Lease Will Have a Crowd.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-The Bi-metallic league, the Reform press association and the Industrial Legion will meet to-morrow in this city and Mrs. Lease, who is extravagantly billed to speak as "the Kansas cyclone," is assured a large audience at the remunerative twenty-five cents per head tariff which she has established.

Crosed the Saloon.

GRANT, NEB., Feb. 21.-[Special.]-J. C. Cattern's saloon at this place was closed today by the Citizens' Exchange

SHERMAN'S BOND SCHEME A Lively Fight to Be Made on the Meas

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22. - From present appearances there will be a very warm contest in the house over the bond scheme tacked on to an appropriation bill in the senate last Saturday. It is no secret here that Mr. Carlisle has urged the passage of this bond bill and pleaded earnestly with all his friends in the senate to support it. The house, however, will not be likely to take kind's to any scheme for the issuing of bonds, believing that it is to a great extent a device of the national banks in order to get more bonds in circulation for the perpetuation of their own existence. The bond bill being put on as an amendment to an appropriation bill will be reported to the house as a part of that bill, and then the fight will commence. The opponents of the issuing of bonds will insist that the bond scheme, being new legislation, will have to be discussed in committee of the whole instead of being sent to the committee of conference or ap-

proved outright. This will be the plan of attack. Mr. Bland and other opponents of any new issue of bonds declare that they defeat the appropriation bill to which it is tacked on if necessary, rather than permit the bond act to become a law. The chances are, however, that the advocates of the new issue of bonds will not go to that extreme and that the sent to will retreat from its amendment and allow the appropriation bill to pass without the rider, but from present appearances there will be a fight over it and it will require all the energy and skill of Mr. Bland and his friends to prevent the act from passing.

RAILROAD VALUES TOO LOW.

The Missouri Commissioners Censure and Ordered to Raise the Figures. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 22.-The

house this morning scored the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners and by a vote of 79 to 22 adopted reso-

current resolution to tax railroad franchises was called up. A substitute for the resolution was offered and adopted, calling upon the commission ers to increase the railroad valuation.

In the argument it was brought out that the railroad valuations at present are at least ten per cent below those of other property, thereby allowing several millions of dollars to escape taxation altogether. The bill to increase the state revenue

from dram shops from fifty dollars to \$100 per year was reported favorably with amendments providing for an excise commission in St. Louis and Kansas City. In the senate the bill to prohibit

material men from filing liens on houses for material furnished was defeated. The bill declaring all warehouses of 50,000 bushels capacity or more public and placing them under control of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners was passed. It applies particularly to Kansas City and clears up the inspection muddle at that place.

BROKE THE GAME LAW. President Harrison Kills Game Season in Maryland.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22. - President Benjamin Harrison broke the game laws of the state of Maryland last week. He shot a rabbit. What is worse, had his a'm been good he would have shot two rabbits. To the killing of thirteen ducks Thursday is attributed another embarrassing position in which the president now finds himself, as he is subject to \$100 fine. Though he is said to be something of a sportsman, he is not altogether familiar with the game laws of the state.

"Do you know," asked somebody afterward, addressing the president, that you have broken the laws of Maryland?" "How so?" inquired Mr. Harrison. "By shooting a rabbit. We are only allowed to kill them over here from November 1 to December You don't tell me?" said the president. "That's bad-very bad." At noon the party partook of a splen-did lunch. The president left Bengie Point, Md., the same evening for Washington. He said that, while the shooting had not been what it might have been, he had greatly enjoyed his stay in Maryland.

Logan Carlisle for Chief Clerk.

Washington, Feb. 22.-Logan Carlisle, son of the senator, will be chief clerk of the treasury department after March 4. While occupying the position of chief clerk, he will act as his father's right hand man in deciding upon appointments to be made, leaving the secretary free to give his thoughts to the financial policy of the department. He is 36 years of age.

An Example for Missourt and Kansas. WASHINGTON, Feb. 22. - West Virginia it to place a marble statue of the late Senator Kenna in Statuary hall at the and the Farmers' and Merchants' banks. any of her sons, nor has Kansas. capitol. Missouri has not so honored livery.

PASSED AWAY AT NEW OR-LEANS LAST NIGHT.

A BRIEF SKETCH OF HIS CAREER.

Passing Away of One of the Very Few Remaining Great Confederate Generals_He It Was Who Started the War of the Rebellion in 1861 by Firing on Fort Sumter-A West Point Graduate.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 22. - General P. G. T. Beauregard died last night of heart failure.

Pierre Gustave Toutant Beauregard was born in New Orleans in 1818. He graduated from West Point in 1838, and was assigned to the corps of engineers. He served in the Mexican war and was twice wounded and twice brevetted. He was promoted to a captaincy in 1853, and was for five days (January 23-28, 1861), superintendent of the United States military academy at West Point. resigned February 20, 1:61, joined the Confederate army, and began the civil war by the bombardment of Fort Sumter, April 12, 1861. He was in actual command of the Southern troops at Bull Run, July 21, 1861, in which the Federals experienced a defeat. For this service he was made a full general, the highest grade. From the summer of 1863 until the spring of 1864 he defended Charleston when besieged by General Gilmore. At the close of the war he was second in command in the army of Joseph F. Johnston, in North Carolina. Since the termination of the war, he has resided in Louisiana. He became president of New Orleans, Jackson and Mississippi river railroad, and for a number of years was manager of the Louisiana state lettery.

VERY MUCH DISCOURAGED. Friends of the Strip Bill Downcast Be case the Speaker Broke His Promise.

manager of the Louisiana state lot

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-The friends of the Cherokee Strip bill are greatly enraged over their luck in the house. They met with utter defeat in two attempts to get the bill before the house. Speaker Crisp, according to Chairman Peel, promised to recognize the chairman of the committee on Indian affairs immediatel; after the omnibus claims bill is disposed of, and at that moment . I arose for recognition, and, much .. his surprise, Herbert was recognized and the navy bill was taken

On making inquiry the speaker stated that he had decided to make a change, and in the matter his word was law. He then promised to recognize Peel as soon as the committee on agriculture was passed. This was some comfort, as it was reasonably sure that that committee would be reached and its business disposed of in time to give the strip bill the time necessary. On this promise the friends of the bill rested their case feeling reasonably certain they were safe and the bill would be sent to the committee on conference before the house adjourned. While everything was going along

smoothly and nothing annoying was expected, Kilgore put in an appearance and commenced to filibuster on Hatch's bill from the committee on agriculture. He took up his old stand and consumed over an hour at this foolishness before he was defeated, and business proceeded. This prevented reaching the Cherokee strip bill. So it will be seen that Kilgore and the rules of the present house and the speaker of the house have operated fearfully against the opening of the Cherokee strip.

INAUGURATION CARRIAGES Mr. Cleveland Will Ride With Mr. Har

rison-The Return Equipage. WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-Charles Bau-

mant, chairman of the committee on carriages for the inauguration procession, this morning received an autograph letter from Mr. Cleveland, in which he says:

In reply to your letter of the 6th inst. I have to say that I desire the ideas of President Harrison carried out as to my conveyance to the inaugural ceremonies. A very sensible suggestion is attributed to him in the newspaers, and that is that I ride in his carriage as he did in mine on the 4th of March, 1889.

Mr. Cleveland will return from the capitol to the reviewing stand in a carriage furnished by the senate committee on arrangements. Hawkins, Mr. Cleveland's old driver, who has been employed as a messenger in the pension office, will be on the box. It is said that the turnout will be the finest that ever came up Pennsylvania avenue. The vehicle will be drawn by four jet black horses, the harness will be white and each horse will be attended by a footman in whits

TO CONTEST THE SEAT. Another Senator Is to Be Elected Out in

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 22.-Another man will be elected to the United States senate from Kansas, and the seat claimed by John Martin will be contested by either Bailey P. Waggener of Atchison, Colonel A. A. Harris of Fort Scott, Ed Carroll of Leavenworth

or W. H. Rossington of this city.

All of the Republican legislators were gathered together in caucus last night and the friends of Waggener. who alone seemed to be in touch with the Republican movement, sent dis-patches to their candidate, and he arrived in town last night. W. M. Mitchell and J. B. Crouch, the stalwart Democrats, were looking out for the interest of Colonel A. A. Harris and the Republican members had Mr. Rossington's boom in tow. The proposition agreed upon was simply to have the Democratic members submit the names of the good Democrats to the Republican caucus which was to select the candidate.

Assurances have been received here from Washington that if a straight out Democrat should be returned from Kansas he would be returned from Kansas he would be seated in prefer-ence to Martin, and the idea now, since it seems sure that the Dunsmore house will be declared illegal, is to, have the Democrats and Republicans get to-gether and elect an out and out Dem-

Will Invade the Strip.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Feb. 22 .- At a meeting of the thousands of home seekers held yesterday a resolution was adopted declaring that in the event that congress did not take action looking to the opening of the Cherokee strip by Wednesday, they will take steps to invade the strip and stake out claims. Captains Hamilton and Corrigan say that there are 20,000 men who will move simultaneously men who will move simultaneously from both sides of the outlet.

Held Up the Station Agent.

WAGONER, I. T., Feb. 22 .- The station agent of the Kansas and Arkansas Valley railway at Inola, sixteen miles north of this place, was held up and robbed by two masked men short-ly after dark last night. Only about \$20 was secured. The men left on horseback, coming south, and stated that they intended to rob the train which came down an hour later, but no attempt in this direction was made.

Rights of Say the mantered WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The bill granting the Martin line right of way through the Indian territory, which has passed the senate, went through the house this morning. The house also passed the bill giving the Rock Island right of way through the territory for its Dallas extension.

No Model Distillery at the Fair. CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—There will probably be no model distillery at the world's fair. Collector Mamer announces that his office could not pernit a still to be run there, and if such in attempt was made it would be topped.

THE MARKETS.

Kansas City.

Prices were quoted as follows: No 2 hard wheat, 59@60c; No. 3 hard wheat, 57%658%c; No. 4 hard wheat, 55@57c; rejected hard wheat, 48@54c; No. 2 red wheat, 63% 264c; No. 3 red wheat 60@61/4c; No. 4 red wheat, 57@58c. Sales on 'change, f. o. b. basis of Mississippi river: HARD WHEAT—No. 2 hard, 12 cars 66c, 4 cars 654c; 17 cars, 654c; 1 car 66c; No. 3 hard, 2 cars choice 65c, 4 cars 644c, 6 cars 64c, 1 car, 634c; No. 4 hard, 2 cars, good, 63c. Soft Wheat-No. 2, red. 1 car, 62 lbs, very choice, 71c; 3 cars, 70c; No. 3 red, 1 car, 65c; No. 4 red, 1 car, 65c; 2 cars, musty, 64c. Spring Wheat spring, 1 car choice, 634c; 3 cars, 624c; 2 cars, 62c; 2 cars, 61½c; rejected, 1 car, 61c. No. 3 white spring, 2 cars, 58c; 1 car, 57½c; 2 cars, 57c; rejected white spring, 2 cars, 56c; 1 car, 55c. CORN-Was in fair demand at yesterday's prices throughout. The market was quiet. Offerings were fair. Receipts to-day were 5f cars; a week ago, 51 cars; a year age, two days, 230 cars. No. 2 mixed corn sold at 34c; No. 3 mixed 331/4c; No. 4 mixed, No. 2 white, 35½c; No. 3 white, 35c; No. 4 white sold at 34c. Shippers paid 37½@37½c Mississippi river and 40@40½c Memphis for No. 2 corn; No. 2 white sold oat 32@3914c river and 42@4214c Memphis.
Oars—Sold slowly and were rather wes

Receipts were 20 cars. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed, 294@390; No. 3, 284@290; No. 4, 270; No. 2 white, 314@320; No. 3 white, 304@310. RYE—Was steady; No. 2 sold at 520 river; No. 3 at 50c; No. 4 nominally 48c. FLAXSEED -Firm; \$1.13@1.14 according to billing on the basis of pure; small lots,2c less. BRAN-Firm; 63@64c, according to billing, 100-lb sacks. HAY—Receipts, Il cars; steady. Quotations are: Timothy, choice, \$009.53; good, \$629; clover, mixed, \$6@7 per ton: fancy, prairie, \$9; good to shoice, \$7@8.50; common, \$6@6.50.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 21 .- Cattle-Receipts, 5,832; caives, 55; shipped yesterday, 1,188. The steer market was duli and generally 5@10c lower; good cows steady to strong; others 10c lower; feeders weak.

Dressed beef and shipping steers, \$3.5035; cows and heiters, \$2.4024; stockers and foeders, \$303.50; mixed, \$2.2536.

Hogs Receipts, 7,030; no shipments. The market opened 50,10c lower and closed 100,15c lower Prices ranged from \$6 to \$8.20 pc; 100 lower prices ranged from \$6 to \$8.20 pc; 1

is a necording to quality.

Sheep Receipts, 1945; shipments yesterday

(S) Good mutton and lambs were wanted scrive and strong; others dult and abo