

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AS SEEN THROUGH REPUBLICAN EYES.

When the republicans of Nebraska, the "old-time machine men," undertake to tell the truth about one another, everything the independents have ever said about them becomes tame in comparison to their startling disclosures. This has been illustrated several times but never more forcibly than in the present war between the friends of Crouse headed by Rosewater, and the friends of Majors.

"Scandalous incidents," "one of the greatest crimes that has ever been perpetrated against the people of this state," "ruffianly crowd," "a high-handed conspiracy," "their infamous plan," "infamous under-handed criminal business," are very strong expressions. But they are used by the leading republican editor of the west, the national committeeman for Nebraska, Harrison's right hand man, to describe the leading managers of the party, and their acts. They come from a man who is thoroughly familiar with the inside as well as the outside history of Nebraska politics. Such language coming from such a man carries great weight. People may not love E. Rosewater, they may say and believe that he and his methods are as bad as the men and the methods he denounces; but this does not disprove his charges. The fact is that the republican party of this state is a mass of organized iniquity. The managers of the party keep the corruption under cover as much as they can, but occasionally some reckless, selfish egotist, like Rosewater, in a fit of passion, because he can't have his own way, lifts the veil, and gives the people of the state a glimpse of the festering corruption that lies within.

It matters little whether it was Rosewater or Majors or somebody else that abducted Taylor, the people of Nebraska will endorse the statement that it was a "high-handed conspiracy," and "one of the greatest crimes that has ever been perpetrated against the people of this state."

The people are also well convinced that this infamous crime was committed by the leading machine men of the republican party. And the people who read know that this is the first time the act has ever been denounced by any prominent republican in the state.

Whatever may be said of Rosewater's methods, he has at least given a bold and emphatic expression of the general opinion of Nebraska's leading citizens, regardless of politics, concerning the abduction of Taylor. But what must be thought of Bushnell, editor of the Call, who in reply to Rosewater's charge said according to the Evening News:

"As for the Taylor matter I don't believe that there is anything in it. But suppose Mr. Majors did connive at the disappearance or abduction of Senator Taylor? What of that? Worse things than that are being done all the time, and if Mr. Majors had himself abducted Taylor it would not make any difference with me. These charges don't amount to anything. Why gentlemen, look at the horrible charges that were made against Judge Post one year ago. They didn't hurt him any. They made him votes and they'll do it in the case of Mr. Majors."

Certainly the republican party has reached the lowest ebb of political debauchery if it can endorse such a shameless utterance as the above. Yet has not the party by its silence endorsed Bushnell's position for more than a year since the occurrence? "What of that? Worse things are being done all the time." In other words; "What's

the use talking about trying to be decent and honorable? Our party is rotten to the core. This is only one of our infamous crimes, and it isn't nearly as bad as others that are being perpetrated all the time. What's the difference? The people like us better with all our treachery and infamy than they do our common enemy. In fact the people will be more likely to vote for candidates with rotten records than for clean, pure, honest men!" Isn't that a fair interpretation of what Mr. Bushnell says?

Decent people will be glad to know the estimation in which they are held by the republican politicians.

If republican leaders thus advertise the corruption of their party, what must be said of the people if they continue to support that party and its candidates for office? They will not do it. Aside from the seventy thousand voters who have openly declared their political independence and arrayed themselves in the ranks of the people's party, there other thousands, and many of them, who have quietly determined to redeem this state from political disgrace, and free our politics from corruption and railroad rule at the coming election. And they will do it.

ROASTING A. W. FIELD.

Not a republican paper in the district has had the hardihood to defend Judge Field's "defense," made at Elmwood, of his decision in the B. & M. bridge tax case. The republican press is entitled to credit for its good sense. The newspaper fellows seem to realize the fact that their candidate "put his foot in it" badly, and they don't propose to be caught in the same trap. The idea that a judge who is still on the bench, should have the brazen effrontery and hardihood to claim that if his decision had been endorsed by the supreme court it would have given the state of Nebraska control of the rates of freight on the bridge over the Missouri river, is too foolish to be entertained by sensible men for a moment. His effort to deceive the farmers who listened to him was inexcusable. He attempted to perpetrate a fraud on them and his party ought to compel him to withdraw from his race for congress.—Plattsburgh Journal.

ONE of the calamity howls put up by the gold standard men is that free coinage of silver would drive gold out of circulation. We do not believe this is true, but if it were, certainly there is nothing in that to frighten the people. How much gold is in circulation among the common people any way? Many persons do not see a gold coin once a year. Most grown people can remember well the time when there was neither gold nor silver in circulation. Yet times were good, activity in every branch of industry, there was plenty of money in circulation and the people were contented and happy. Since 1879 gold has circulated to a limited extent among the people. Have times been good? Have industries flourished? Has there been plenty of money? Have the people been contented and happy? If the gold-bugs want to withdraw their yellow metal from circulation, let them do it. The people got along very well without it once and they can do it again.

THE democrats in the state of Washington have emulated the example of their Texas brethren and have had a big split in state convention. Everything is coming our way.

THE REPUBLICANS AND SILVER.

It is disgusting to intelligent fair-minded men to hear republicans tell about the friendship of their party for silver. Even Harrison, one of the most inveterate enemies of silver, is held up as a great friend of the white metal. But if the gall republicans display on this point is disgusting, the blunders they make when they undertake to discuss the subject are certainly ridiculous.

Mr. A. E. Cady, chairman of the republican state central committee, made a speech in Lincoln a few evenings since in which he tried to boom the record of his party on silver. He only succeeded in making some large-sized and ridiculous blunders. He told about how under republican laws a great deal of money was made by the government in the way of seigniorage. The secretary of the treasury was required to purchase two million dollars worth of silver per month. As a dollar would buy more than enough silver to make a dollar, there was a gain on all purchases. He said under that law more than seventy-five million seigniorage had been turned into the national treasury. He went on to say that under the Sherman law the secretary was required to purchase four and a half million ounces of silver per month, and thus a much larger seigniorage was secured.

Now, let us see what the facts are: The old Bland law, requiring the purchase of two million dollars' worth of silver per month, was not a republican law. It was originated by a democrat in a democratic house and became a law only by passing over the veto of President Hayes. It was always opposed by the republicans, and every republican president since that time has tried to secure its repeal.

Isn't it rather absurd for a man of Mr. Cady's standing to be claiming credit for his party from the results of such a law.

But this is not the worst of it. It is perfectly true that the government was the gainer of many millions in the way of seigniorage under the old Bland law. That law required the silver bullion purchased to be coined. But in 1890 the republican congress repealed that law and enacted the Sherman law in its stead. The Sherman law provided that the secretary of the treasury might, if he saw fit, cease the coining of the bullion purchased into dollars after July 1, 1891. Our Wall street secretary of course saw fit to stop coining the silver dollars as soon as he could. So for more than a year past no dollars have been coined, and therefore no seigniorage has been realized by the government.

And what is worse still the silver lies there in the treasury, depreciating in value from day to day. And the republican party is doing everything in its power to produce this result. If this silver bullion were sold today, it would not bring nearly as much as it cost the government.

The republican party has for twenty years been the most bitter and relentless enemy of silver. It has sought at all times to depreciate and degrade silver, and to set up a single gold standard. And it is now seeking through President Harrison to have a new ratio adopted by which the silver dollar will be made about one-fourth larger. If this is accomplished, the next step will be for the government to redeem all the silver dollars outstanding, melt and recoin them at a loss to the government of more than a hundred million dollars.

We invite the attention of Mr. Cady to these facts. Perhaps some day he can spare time enough from the arduous task of "making medicine" to look more closely into the record of his party on silver.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Disease

Are very common in this climate. The general all around doctor, is not prepared to treat these cases. If he is interested in his patients, as he should be, he would advise them to consult a specialist in this line of work. Among those who treat all forms of catarrhal diseases of the eyes, ears, nose and throat, none are more successful than Drs. Moore and Dennis, Catarrh Specialists of Lincoln Neb. Graduates of the best medical colleges in America they are thoroughly prepared to treat all cases of polypus of the nose, obstructed breathing, deafness, sore eyes, chronic cold of the head, hay fever, asthma and bronchial and lung troubles, all results of nasal catarrh. Come and see us. A consultation will cost you nothing.

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