VINCER'S WIND MILL

A double Grinder with three burrs. Center draft, Can be attached to any make of pump-ing wind mill. E. B. WINGER, 6 532 Kenwood Terrace, Chicago, Ill.

MONEY MAKER AND SAVER."

FEED GRINDER

BANK OF LEXINGTON, VA., SYS. TEMATICALLY ROBBED.

THE CASHIER STOLE ABOUT \$150,000

He Had Been Stealing for Twenty-Five Years-The Bank Left With Only 86,000 to Cash-Business Is Paralysed on Account of the Wreck of the Institution -Many People Suffer.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 19.-It is now quite certain that C. M. Figgatt, the defaulting cashier of the Bank of Lexington, stole about \$150,000 from that institution-\$80,000 of the capital stock and nearly \$70,000 belonging to depositors. The developments show that his stealings covered twenty-five years and depositors are angry with the directors for having failed to deteet what was going on. The bank is left with only \$6,600 in cash.

Lexington is a town of 3,000 population and is the county seat of Rockbridge, a thrifty farming community. Business is almost paralyzed on account of the wreck of this financial institution.

During the time Figgatt had been stealing he had had many bondsmen and the situation is so complicated it will be hard to recover anything from them and it is likely that nearly everything will be lost. There is no doubt that he had accomplices in the robbery. A director said the investigation was sure to make some start-ling disclosures. Some persons of very high standing are thought to have profited by the embezzlement.

CHINA ASKS FOR FAVORS. Peace Negotiations May Be Held at Port

Arthur for Li Hung's Benefit. TIEN TSIN, Feb. 19.-The Tsung Li Yamen, the Chinese foreign officer, has requested Mr. Denby, United States minister, to suggest to the government of Japan that the peace envoys appointed by the two countries meet at Port Arthur or some place near Tien Tsin in order to suit the convenience of Li Hung Chang, one of the Chinese envoys The Chinese government has requested John W. Foster, who was selected to assist the Chinese envoys in the peace negotia-tions, to meet Li Hung Chang at Tien Tsin. Mr. Foster, who is now at Shanghai, will probably leave for Tien Tsin as soon as communication between the two places is opened.

A FRENCH EMBARGO NEXT.

Farmers Call on the Ministry to Shut Out American Cattle.

PARIS, Feb. 19 .- A deputation representing the farmers in the departments of Pas de Calais and Nord visited M. Gadaud, minister of agriculture, and pointed out to him the grave danger of infection to French cattle arising from the importation of American cattle suffering from conwhich they referred had been submitted to a committee of experts on cattle diseases and their decision would shortly be given.

No Special Intervention.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-It is posttively denied at the state department that Secretary Gresham has intervened especially in the case of Major Seward, one of the Americans under death sentence at Honolulu for treason, or that he has addressed a special message on the subject to Minister Willis, to be forwarded by the first steamer from Vancouver.

Schooner and Sugar Cargo Lost, PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19. - The Philadelphia barkentine, Sadie Thompson, Captain Mowatt, bound from Nassau for this port with 5,600 bags of sugar valued at \$100,000, consigned to the sugar trust, has been totally wrecked on Memory rock, Bahamas. The vessel is valued at \$50,000 and together with the cargo was fully covered by iusurance in local companies. The crew probably escaped.

Women in Council.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-The formal spening of the second triennial session of the National Council of Women of the United States began at the Metropolis hotel to-day, Mrs. May Wright Sewall, its president, in the chair. The council is a representative body, composed of delegates from all of the twenty associations of women throughout the country.

Foreclosure Resolution Presented. Washington, Feb. 19.—The Julian resolution from the Missouri house of representatives was presented to the house by Mr. Dockery. It requests Missouri representatives and senators to vote for the foreclosure of the government's mortgage on the Pacific railroads. It was referred to the Pacific railroad committee.

Archduke Albrecht Dead.

VIENNA, Feb. 19.-Archduke Albrecht died to-day at Arco, South Tyrol, of congestion of the lungs. He was in his 78th year. He was the oldest son of Archduke Charles, a brother of the grandfather of the Emperor Francis Joseph and Princess Henrietta of Nassau-Weilburg.

Pool Operator Irwin Acquitted. PITTSBURG, Feb. 19.—The sealed verdict in the case against George M. Irwin for false pretenses was opened this morning. It found the discretionary pool operator not guilty of the offense charged but ordered him to

pay the costs of the case. Flames in Siloam Springs, Ark. SILOAM SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 19 .-Last night fire destroyed a brick block in the central part of the city and a stock of goods belonging to M. E. Hudson. The loss is about \$20,000, partially insured.

SEAL KILLERS NUMEROUS.

The Traffic Never So Great as at Present, Despite the Agreement

MONTREAL, Feb. 19 .- Information has been received at Ottawa from Victoria, B. C. which shows that the seal killing industry, far from being killed by the Bering sea arbitration arrangements, never was in a more flourishing condition than to-day, and never were more persons engaged in

it. Up to date fifty vessels have sailed for the grounds. One half are bound for the Japanese coast and the other half to hunt in British Columbia and Pacific waters. On the vessels which have gone to Japan are 605 hunters, pearly all of whom are hunters, nearly all of whom are whites, the gun being used freely in hunting on the coast of Japan. On the other vessels there are 178 whites and 603 Indians, making a total of 1,385 persons employed in the industry, exclusive of those who will go to sea on the schooners still in port.

BARRIOS IN A DILEMMA.

Either Disastrous War With Mexico or a Revolution Must Be Faced.

CITY OF GUATEMALA, Feb. 19. -Riots are frequent in many sections of the country. While no one is important, considered together they indicate universal discontent. Should President Barrios be unable to divert the attention of the people by a foreign war it is believed that he cannot prevent a revolution, which will accomplish his overthrow. The malcontents have no concerted plan yet, and they lack a leader with the confidence of the army and the people.

AFTER THE TRUSTS.

Senator Leedy Calls for State Prosecu-

tion of the Big Combines. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 19.-A concurrent resolution was introduced in the senate by Mr. Leedy to compel the enforcement of the law against trusts. Senator Leedy names the sugar trust. the Standard Oil company, the soap trust, the cracker trust, the starch trust, the match trust and several others in his resolution and declares that they are operating in Kansas. The resolution will pass the senate.

Big Exporters Unite.

New York. Feb. 19.-The long rumored consolidation of two of the largest houses in the export trade of the United States-Flint & Co. and Coombs, Crosby & Eddy-has at last been consummated. The new concern of Flint, Eddy & Co. has a capital stock of \$3,500,000 and the consolidation has been effected for the purpose of extending the trade of both firms, which already includes seventy countries and colonies.

Two Montana Blizzard Victims.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 19.-Reports of additional fatalities in the recent blizzard in the eastern part of the state are received almost daily. August Shaefer, agent of a stock company in Fergus county, started to assist the herders and got lost in the blinding snow. His body was found within a few rods of the house. A herder for State Senator Swift, near Miles City, named Smith, was lost in the storm.

No Drayton Case Hearing.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 19 .- The Drayton case did not come up in the tagious diseases. M. Gadaud informed chancery chambers to-day as had been the delegation that the matter to expected. There was a big growd of expected. There was a big crowd of spectators and newspaper men present waiting for the case to be called, but shortly after noon Chancellor McGill announced that there had been no appearance of the interested people, and the case went over.

"o liepest the Usury Law. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 19 .- Mr. Julian introduced in the house a bill to repeal the law passed in 1891 regulating the rate of interest on all loans, chattels and personal security. It is claimed by those interested that the usury law of 1891 has proved a hardship instead of a benefit to the

borrowing classes. \$40,000 Reward for Fraker.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 19.-The insurance companies who were defendants in the suit brought by the heirs of Dr. George Fraker, which was recently compromised in the United States circuit court, have offered \$40,000 to any one who will produce him alive during the next six months.

Cline Cameron's Rash Act. Sr. Louis, Mo., Feb. 19.-At the female hospital of this city Cline W. Cameron, a youth of 18. made a desperate attempt to end the lives of girl wife, Mamie, aged 17, and him-

self. His wife will die. Three Children Suffocated.

GRAFLING, Mich., Feb. 19 .- Three children, aged 9, 6 and 4 years respectively, lost their lives in a fire at Lewiston last night.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

A suit has been brought at Columbus, Ohio, to test the income tax law. Asa Mulford of Greenville, Ill., a classmate of Garfield, hanged himself.

The Irish National Federation passed resolutions denouncing John Redmond for voting against the Liberals.

Count de Castellane, who is to marry Anna Gould, will have a wedding gift of 1,000,000 francs from his father.

Bills are pending in several legis-latures looking to the reduction of sleeping-car rates.

The German government has raised the duty on imported canned meats sixty cents per 100 kilogrammes. The French chamber of deputies re-

fused 305 to 205, to order the separation of church and state. Because his wife upbraided him for gambling, Gus Batiste of Algiers, La.,

shot her dead in a gambling den. Professor Ernest Curtius, the eminent archæologist, was run over by a sleigh in Berlin and seriously injured.

The Wyoming legislature has ordered suit against ex-State Treasurer Otto Gramm and his bondsmen for \$56,000 lost in the S. A. Kent bank at Cheyenne, which failed in July, 1883.

The north wing of Music hall, Buffalo, N. Y., was damaged by fire to the extent of about \$50,000.

REPLIES TO ATTACKS MADE ON HIM

Mr. Stewart Criticises the Bond Contract and Declares There Is No Authority in Law for the Transaction-The Delaware Senator Sharply Rebukes Congress for Inaction.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-The senate was the center of interest as a result of the warm discussion of the financial question and the personal criticisms of the preside t Saturday. Mr. Vilas of Wisconsin had a roll of York. Vilas of Wisconsin had a roll of manuscript and a ile of books before him, ready to esume the financial debate where it was left off.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada was the first to continue the criticism of the bond contract by calling up his resolution declaring that the government had no legal authority to buy gold coin in preference to silver coin for any cause whatever. He spoke of the humiliating position of the United States in being held by the throat by a gold commission, which had the power to "coerce and squeeze" the power to "coerce and squeeze" the country up to next October, when the contract expired.

Mr. Gray of Delaware, who is recognized as close to the administra-tion, expressed surprise that the senators from Massachusetts, Lodge, and Colorado, Wolcott and Teller, had gone so far out of their way to indulge in a violent assault upon the executive. The president had performed a duty incumbent on him by stating that the law was such that any evasion of it would have been a plain dereliction of duty. Congress had made this law. It made it necessary to maintain the parity between the metals by redeeming in either. No sooner had congress assembled than the president applied to it concerning the financial conditions. A hill was spension day in the house. Under financial conditions. A bill was formed on the lines suggested in that message, and the house saw fit to reject it. Again the president applied to congress. Mr. Gray read from the president's message urging patriotic and unpartisan action to meet the

"Does the senator think," inter-jected Mr. Stewart, "that the presi-dent has re-established confidence in affairs by hiring the assistance of a foreign syndicate?"

ONGRESS SHARPLY REBUKED.

Gray said he would fully consider that point later. Proceeding with the president's message, he read the specific statement that the law did not provide for bonds payable in gold. At that time Mr. Lodge had not complained of the condition clearly set forth by the president, but had waited until now to present a scathing denunciation. "Having thus applied to congress," continued Mr. Gray, "having thus presented the situation to both branches of congress -in appeals almost pathetic in their earnestness—the president was left alone to struggle with the condition and to meet it.'

The senator told of the tremendous drains of gold from the treasury, running up to \$7,000,000 in one week shortly before this contract was made. From December 1 last up to the time of the contract \$17,000,000 had been withdrawn and of this only one-half was exported, showing that the other half was hoarded at home.

"Has the senator lost sight of the fact," asked Mr. Wolcott, "that the secretary of the treasury has reported to us that he had used \$105,000,000 of that gold for current expenses?"

This did not divert Mr. Gray from his line of argument as to the gold withdrawals for export and for hoarding at home.

Right here I want to ask," said Mr. Peffer, "is there any law which compels the secretary of the treasury to pay demand notes in gold instead of in silver?"

"I have not said there was any such law," replied Mr. Gray. "I know of no such law. But the obligation to maintain the parity between metals makes it absolutely incumbent to treat these metals equally." Mr. Hill rose at this point to say that the question of Mr. Wolcott should not go unanswered. The secretary of the treasury had not reported to the senate that he had used \$105,000,000 of the gold for current ex-

Mr. Teller wanted to read the secretary's report, but Mr. Gray would

not yield. "And this drain of gold continued," resumed Mr. Gray, "until the sub-treasurer at New York reported that they could not hold out another day. Then came the great question. Was the country to go to a silver basis between sundown and sunup or was it to secure the gold absolutely necessary to maintain the parity and exchangeability between the two metals? What would you have said if the president had not met that emergency and performed his duty? Would we have heard such animadversions, such as those of Saturday for not rescuing the country from the grave crisis then presented? Action was imperative and quick action. It was to be done in the twenty-four hours. What time was there to advertise for bids for gold?"

Mr. Gray forcibly urged the gravity of the condition which compelled speedy action and an appeal to those who had the gold.

Mr. Wolcott here came forward with

another question. "Does the senator know of any one

other than Russell Sage who has hoarded gold?" Mr. Wolcott asked. "I do not." said Mr. Gray. "But I do not know Russell Sage or any of his kind, and it would be no pleasure if I did."

Mr. Gray then urged support of the Hill resolution for paying in the best money in use.

Mr. Gray declared that the real attacks on the credit of the country were not from the president, but from senators who proclaimed

closed with much vigor. "We have been dumb during this grave emerg-ency. We have left the president to fight this battle alone for the credit GRAY OF DELAWARE DEFENDS
THE PRESIDENT.

and honor of the United States. And the people of this country will not forget that the American congress desirted the president in the hour of

Mr. Sherman secured recognition after a brief attention to routine business and took up the thread of the financial debate, being accorded the closest attention. "The real question," said he, "is, shall this government pay its obligations in gold or in some other coin. I wish to point out that in every act every point out that in every act, every loan, every sale of bonds since 1869, this government has demanded gold." his government has demanded gold."
Mr. Gray's statement that had it not been for the bond contract the United States might have gone to a silver basis in twenty-four hours created something of a stir. When asked about the matter after his speech he said that everything that he had said on that point

TO MEET THE DEFICIENCY.

Senate Appropriations Committee Provides for Certificates of Indebtedness.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- The full senate committee on appropriations to-day decided to report an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill for \$100,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness of denominations of \$20, to run for two years and draw three per cent interest and to be good treasury deficiency.

The amendment is regarded as a direct assault upon the president, and excellent opinion seriously questions

whether he would sign as an acceptable measure of relief one containing such an indirect affront.

Mr. Reed says that, if the administration is opposed to the provision, it will probably pass. The silver men say that they would resist it with the utmost endeavor. Mr. Bryan does not protest that he would die, but does say that he would sit in his seat till noon of March 4 obstructively. Livingstone echoes the statement

suspension day in the house. Under the rule, if a second was ordered, any bill could be placed upon its passage after thirty minutes' debate. Several minor measures were then passed, as was also a bill to raise the rate of pensions of Mexican war veterans to

Electrical Workers Locked Out. NEW YORK, Feb. 19.-Nine hundred men of Local Union No. 3 of the Brotherbood of Electrical Workers in this city are locked out by the Electrical Contractors' association, to head off a strike proposed by the workers. The fight is for a reduction of the working hours from nine to eight, at \$3 a day.

Brooklyn | rolley Strike Cost \$3,000,000 BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 19.-The trolley strike which has lasted thirtyfour days, has cost an enormous amount of money. Three million dollars is considered by those involved a moderate estimate.

Father M. A. Finn at Rest.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 19 .- Told with consummate skill is Father M. A. Finn, Catholic chaplain of the soldiers' home and of Vincent's orphan asylum, died yesterday morning at the orphan asylum of pneumonia.

No Action on the Teller Bill.

Washington, Feb. 19.-The conference on the Teller bill ended without result. Another meeting will be held and the conferrees will try to patch their differences.

Detroit Saloons Closed.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 19.-Owing chiefly to the efforts of the Civic Federation recently organized in this city, all the saloons in the city were closed yesterday.

Lord Raudolph Churchill's Successon LONDON, Feb. 11.-Mr. Fardel, Conservative, has been returned without opposition as a member of parliament for South Paddington, in succession to the late Lord Randolph Churchill.



Right Arm Paralyzed! Saved from St. Vitus Dance.

"Our daughter, Blanche, now fif-teen years of age, had been terribly afflicted with nervousness, and had lost the entire use of her right arm. We feared St. Vitus dance, and tried the best physicians, with no benefit. She has taken three bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine and has gained 31 pounds. Her nervousness and symp-toms of St. Vitus dance are entirely gone, she attends school regularly, and has recovered complete use of her arm, her appetite is splendid." MRS. B. R. BULLOCK, Brighton, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1,6 bottles for \$5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Eikhart, Ind.



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Notice to Non-Resident Defendants, In the DistrictCourt in and for Lancaster county.

Nebraska. Nancy L. Sargent, Plaintiff.

Carlos C. Burr, Mary E. Burr, his wife; Charlotte N. Darlington, D. B. Welch, first name unknown; S. A. Maxwell & Company, The First National Bank, a corporation of Seward, Nebraska, Doc. 18-111

National Bank, a corporation of Seward, Nebraska,

Defendants.

To Charlotte N. Darlington, S. A. Maxwell & Company and D. B. Welch, first name unknown, non-resident defendants:

You are hereby notified that on the 12th day of December, 1894, Nancy L. Sargent, the plaintiff herein, filed her petition in the above entitled cause of action in the District Court in and for Lancaster county, Nebraska, against the defendants, Carlos C. Burr, Mary E. Burr, his wife; Charlotte N, Darlington, D. B. Welch, first name unknown; S. A. Maxwell & Company, The First National Bank, a corporation of Seward, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain morigane executed by the defendants, Carlos C. Burr and Mary E. Burr his wife, on the second day of June, 1890, to the plaintiff, upon the undivided one-half (1/4) of lot numbered sighteen (18), in block numbered eighty-five (85), in the town (now city) of Lincoin in the county of Lancaster, and state of Nebraska, to secure the payment of one certain promissory note dated June the second, 1890, for the sum of fourteen hundred (\$1400) dollars due and payable on the first day of June, 1893; that there is now due upon said note and mortgage the sum of fourteen hundred (\$1400) dollars, together with interest thereon from the first day of October, 1893, and plaintiff prays for a decree that the defendant, Carlos C. Burr, he required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due on said note and mortgage.

You are required to answer said petition on o. before the 11th day of March, 1895.

NANCY L. SARGENT, Plaintiff.

By John H. Grossmaun, her Attorney.

Dated January 28, 1895,

Lincoln, Nebraska.

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Sugar

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