

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

STONE'S CONSULAR INSPECTION BILL PASSED.

CONGRESSMEN ARE MUCH EXERCISED.

While They Were Watching the Tariff Fight in the Senate the Bill Quietly Slipped Through the House—Its Provisions Far-Reaching and Important—Meiklejohn's Scheme

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The congressional authorities on immigration laws are much exercised over the passage of Representative William A. Stone's immigration bill in the house yesterday, while most of the members were watching the exciting scenes in the senate. By it the entire inspection is transferred to foreign ports and placed in the hands of the United States consuls instead of waiting for inspection at New York and other ports when the immigrants arrive in this country.

"I expect to see the bill taken up by the senate at an early day and passed," said Mr. Stone, "and already several senators who recognize the evils of immigration have signified their purpose to urge it to speedy passage. The present immigration system has proved a failure. Immigrants keep coming without reference to the restrictions. The system is wrong, as it leaves the immigrant to furnish all the information on which he is received or rejected."

Representative Meiklejohn, speaking in regard to his bill providing for a tax of \$100 on each alien immigrant, said today: "When the population of this nation increases by more than 5,000,000 of foreign immigrants annually the limitation of foreign immigration has become a question of national importance. We have developed our national resources and sustained the standard of American wages through the levying of a duty on manufactures of foreign labor. Wages are subject to the law of supply and demand. Wage earners are as much interested in preserving our field of labor for the American wage worker as the protection of the products of his laboring competition of the foreign manufacturer. The policy of placing a duty on importations of the product of foreign workers at a rate sufficient to equalize the difference between our domestic and foreign cost of labor has established an incomparable scale of wages in this nation for our wage earners and which in my judgment can only be maintained by extending the same beneficial policy of immigration of foreign laborers. The bill which I have proposed exempts all relatives of any American citizen or any person who has declared his intention to become such, while a duty of \$100 is levied upon all other alien immigrants. American and foreign born are alike interested in keeping from our shores the class of immigration which this measure would prohibit."

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STATE TAXES AND RAILROADS.

The House Passes a Bill to Settle Disputed Points Effectually.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The house has passed without opposition the bill reported from the judiciary committee fixing the status of state and municipal taxation on railroad property in the hands of receivers appointed by United States courts. The bill provides that taxes heretofore or hereafter assessed by state, county, or municipal authority against any corporations or corporate property shall not be classed as debts to be passed upon in the first instance by any court in the United States but shall be collectable by the proper authorities according to the assessment, whether the corporation is in the hands of a receiver or not, and no judge or court of the United States shall have any other or greater authority to enjoin, restrain or interfere with the collection than if no receivership existed, and the seizure as well as the sale of property for taxes shall divest the receiver and court of control. Property seized for taxes and not sold is to be returned to the receiver and the corporation or receiver is to have the right of a citizen to apply for abatement of a tax or sue, or defend against improper assessment in courts having jurisdiction.

This bill, if it becomes a law, will settle some of the disputes between the state and federal authorities concerning the taxation of railroad property now in the custody of federal courts. In South Carolina two years ago, acting on the advice of judges, the railroads refused to pay the full amount of taxes levied by the state commissioners, holding that the appraisal of the property was excessive, but tendered the amounts which the judges held to be fair. Three state consuls who attempted to enforce the collection ordered by the state board were fined \$500 each for contempt of court. The state paid their fines and recently the house judiciary committee reported a bill to refund the amount \$1,500 to the state. Governor Tillman—me to Washington and addressed the judiciary committee in favor of that bill and advocated a measure of the effect of the one passed.

THE VIGILANT'S DAY TO WIN.

Gould's Yacht Beats the Britannia in a Light Wind Race.

KINGSTOWN, July 23.—This was the Vigilant's day to defeat the Britannia, and she did it under conditions that had heretofore been considered unfavorable to her. She finished the fifty mile cruise 3 minutes 39 seconds ahead, not reckoning time allowance, which will reduce it about 1 minute 10 seconds.

The prize competed for was \$300 offered by the Royal Yacht club and the course the same as that sailed yesterday. A light breeze was blowing at the start and did not increase to any considerable extent during the continuance of the race, but at times died away so that the yacht could make no headway.

The Vigilant crossed the starting line 34 seconds ahead. At the conclusion of the first round of the course, which is nearly quadrangular, she was 4 minutes and 22 seconds in the lead, but in the second round the Britannia had reduced the advantage to 1 minute 17 seconds. This was as close as the yachts were at any time during the last round which was finished by the winning boat at 6:45:04, the Britannia coming up at 6:46:42.

A Town Terror Shot Dead.

PITTSBURG, Kan., July 23.—Sam Taylor of Litchfield, who had been drinking all the afternoon, secured a Winchester rifle last evening and terrorized the officers and citizens until he was killed by some one unknown. He was a native of Alabama, and was under a bond of \$2,000 for shooting two negroes and a white woman in that state some time ago, and would have left within a few days to put in an appearance for trial.

Third Kansas Republicans Open.

FREDONIA, Kan., July 23.—The Republicans of the Third congressional district opened the campaign with a rally here this afternoon and evening with S. S. Kirkpatrick, candidate for congress, John J. Ingalls, Major Morrill, Benard Kelly, W. R. Campbell, department commander, Dick Blue and S. S. Benedict as speakers.

No Holiday for the President.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—It was stated at the White house to-day that the President had no intention of visiting Atlantic City this season. He has contemplated visiting Mrs. Cleveland at Gray Gables as soon as public business will permit, but probably cannot go until after congress adjourns.

Federal Troops at Butte, Mont.

BUTTE, Mont., July 23.—At 11 o'clock to-day seven companies of infantry, numbering 450 men, arrived at the Union Pacific depot and went into camp. The striking American Railway union men were not in sight. Four Omaha companies were expected from the south to-night.

A Santa Fe Mail Car Burned.

LA JUNTA, Col., July 23.—A mail car on the Atchison, Topoka and Santa Fe California express was burned at Timpus, twenty miles from here, yesterday. The fire is supposed to have caught from sparks from the engine. Over 200 sacks of papers and twenty pouches of letters, all for California points, were consumed.

Two Small Boys Burned to Death.

DIGHTON, Kan., July 23.—The 8 and 10-year old sons of William Watson, living about ten miles northwest of here, were burned to death Thursday night while sleeping in a granary about ten rods from the dwelling. The origin of the fire is not known.

Chicago's Hotel Metropole Involved.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Following the issue of an attachment by Frederick M. Smith and company, game dealers, on the hotel Metropole, on Michigan boulevard, the hotel to-day confessed judgment on two notes, one for \$25,488 and the other for \$19,746.

Brazilian Senators in a Fight.

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 23.—In the senate, Senator Coelho referred in an insulting manner to President Peixoto and Senator Senneria replied defending the president. Blows followed and the session was adjourned in an uproar.

For Dougherty Against Dockery.

LIBERTY, Mo., July 23.—The Liberty Tribune, the oldest paper in Clay county, the Democracy of which is unquestioned, came out strongly this week for John Dougherty for congress as against Dockery.

Even the Dakota Beaten.

KINGSTON, July 23.—The Lilith to-day beat the American built Dakota by a minute in the race of the terrors. The Lilith, throughout most of the race, led the Dakota by nearly twenty minutes.

Struck Dead by Lightning.

GREAT BEND, Kan., July 23.—A son of Sig Jacoby of Albert was killed by lightning Thursday night. He was a nephew of C. Samuels, a leading dry goods merchant of this city.

Pacific Coast Lumber to Go to Egypt.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The engagement of a vessel to load lumber at Puget Sound for Alexandria, Egypt, the first instance of the kind, is reported.

Rumors of a War in the Far East.

LONDON, July 23.—A dispatch received here this evening from Shanghai says that a rumor is in circulation there that war has been declared between China and Japan.

Stealing From the Mails.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 23.—J. A. Calvert, one of the oldest letter carriers in the service of the Kansas City postoffice, was placed under arrest to-day charged with stealing from the mails.

Kansas Bank Figures Called For.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 23.—Bank Commissioner Bridenthal has issued a call to state and private banks, asking for a statement of their affairs at the close of business July 15.

Flames in an Indiana Town.

PERU, Ind., July 23.—Fire at Commerce to-day destroyed nine business buildings, six dwellings and four barns.

BY THE POPULAR VOTE.

UNITED STATES SENATORS MAY YET BE SO CHOSEN.

IMPORTANT ACTION BY THE HOUSE.

Mr. Tucker's Resolution Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Providing that Senators Shall Be Elected by a Direct Vote of the People Passed by a Vote of 137 to 49.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—There was a very slim attendance of members when the speaker called the house to order to-day. Mr. Bowers demanded the regular order, which was the Tucker resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution providing that senators shall be elected by direct vote of the people. Although a two-thirds vote is required for measures amending the constitution the pending resolution was passed—137 to 49—thirteen votes to spare. The announcement of the result was received with Democratic applause.

The house disagreed to the senate amendments on the Indian appropriation bill and Messrs. Holmes, Allen and Wilson of Washington were appointed conferees.

THE SUGAR INQUIRY AGAIN.

Reporter Rood Examined at Length But All Points Brought Out Withheld.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—When the senate sugar investigating committee resumed its work to-day, only Messrs. Gray, Lindsay and Davis were present, but they had several witnesses before them and announced a determination to proceed with the work so long as there was any possibility of securing witnesses who could furnish any testimony.

Henry W. Rood, the New York Herald reporter who wrote the articles in that paper upon which the present branch of the inquiry is based, was examined at length as to the sources of his information. Special effort was made to get the best information at his command as to his statements that United States senators had been speculating in sugar stocks since the tariff bill was taken up in the senate, despite their denials. It is understood that he responded to this request as fully as he was able to do and professed a willingness to aid the committee to the extent of his ability.

It was impossible to secure the details of the testimony. When Mr. Gray was asked for a statement as to the proceedings he replied that he could say nothing, and that it was the intention of the committee not to give out any information as to testimony until the present branch of the inquiry was completed because the publication of the facts elicited would interfere with the plans of the committee and prevent a complete inquiry.

Other witnesses were W. B. Wheeler, a New York broker, and A. M. Seip of this city. Wheeler stated that he had never placed any orders for senators for sugar stock and was unable to give any information. Seip had been represented in the newspapers as saying that he had come into possession of knowledge of the fact that a certain senator had placed orders for sugar stocks during the spring, and to have stated that they were placed with a man representing the firm of Seymour, Young & Co., New York brokers.

Senator Allen of Nebraska, who was a member of the sugar investigating committee, has made an additional report to the senate supplementing that of the committee. He holds that the testimony of Henry O. and Theodore Havemeyer and John E. Searies left no doubt of the fact that the Sugar trust in 1892 contributed money to the Democratic party of New York state for campaign purposes, and at the same time and for the same purpose, contributed money to the Republican party in Massachusetts and that the money went into the general campaign fund of those states and was used as much for national as for state and local purposes. He believes that the American Sugar Refining company, the sugar trust, had been in the habit of contributing money to the national campaign funds of both the Democratic and Republican parties through its president, with the expectation, if not the implied promise, that whichever party succeeded to power the interests of the company should be "cared for" by it. He holds that a wisely drawn and judicious law looking to a prompt and efficient remedy for this growing evil should be passed by congress and approved by the president. He also holds that there should be a law to prevent speculation such as Senators John R. McPherson of New Jersey engaged in. He declares that the evidence does not show that the sugar trust had any direct influence in procuring the presentation to the senate of the committee amendment to the sugar schedule, although that schedule insofar as it prescribes an ad valorem system of taxation is entirely satisfactory to the trust. There is nothing in the evidence to show that Secretary Carlisle had any improper interviews with any representative of the trust, or that Senator Jones of Arkansas was actuated by any but honorable motives. He is thoroughly convinced, however, that no senator or representative should ever permit himself to be approached upon any subject connected with legislation by those representing private or special interests, except on such occasions as such persons may be heard by a committee. In conclusion he calls for legislation to compel continuous witnesses to testify.

To Work for the Single Tax Idea.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 23.—N. O. Nelson, the manufacturer, was nominated for congressman in the Twelfth district by the Single Tax league. His candidacy will be made the occasion of a vigorous campaign for the advancement of the single tax doctrine.

GUARDS STILL NECESSARY.

New Chicago Workmen Afraid to Labor Unless Protected by Militia.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The removal of the troops from the Lake Shore yards last night was made cause of refusal to work to-day on part of the men employed there. The only condition on which they would continue work was the return of the troops, as they declared they would not risk personal violence and could not trust the police. President Newell secured the return of Company C, Second regiment, and the men resumed work. A number of strikers returned to work in the packing houses to-day. The striking butchers had a meeting, but did nothing more than discuss the situation.

President Lyman J. Gage of the Civic Federation has appointed the following committee to arrange plans for the proposed labor conference in this city: A. C. Bartlett, E. G. Keith, Mrs. Potter Palmer, Marvin Haight, M. J. Carroll, Geo. R. Peck, J. J. Ryan and A. W. Trudell. The committee includes bankers, wholesale merchants, railroad officials and labor leaders. Telegrams have been received from labor leaders and large employers, endorsing the plan. To-day Directors Roy Goodwin, W. E. Burns and M. J. Elliott of the American Railway union, and L. P. Benedict, stenographer, were arrested. Warrants were out for John MacVeha and Thomas Hogan, but they could not be found.

FREY TO HIS EMPLOYEES.

The Santa Fe General Manager Assures the Faithful of Full Consideration.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 23.—General Manager Frey of the Santa Fe has issued a circular to all employees of the company, expressing the thanks and appreciation of the management for the "faithfulness, courage and enthusiasm" of employees who remained at their posts and who held themselves in readiness to assume any tasks assigned to them and in every way aided and assisted the company during the recent "inexcusable and fruitless strike." In conclusion the circular says: "It is a source of genuine pleasure under such conditions to realize that so large a majority of our employees are faithful to their trusts, and ready to meet every emergency to promote the success of the company and aid the receivers in the operation of the road. The service of the faithful certainly will not be forgotten, while the action of the unfaithful can only bring sorrow and regret to themselves and their families in addition to the loss that such actions entailed, both to the company and the public. The interest of the management and of the receivers is also the interest of the faithful employee, and we have full confidence, after the burning test we have passed through, that all will work together in harmony to secure the best possible results to the company as well as to themselves."

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of the third judicial district of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster county, in an action wherein Rebecca A. Weber and John M. Weber are plaintiffs and Charles C. Munson et al. are defendants, I will, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1894, at the east door of the court house, in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate to-wit: Lot number one (1) in block number nine (9) in Mount Heron, within the corporate limits of the city of University Place, in Lancaster County, Nebraska. Given under my hand this 19th day of June, A. D. 1894. FRED A. MILLER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of the third judicial district of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster county, in an action wherein the Nebraska Savings Bank is plaintiff, and Walton G. Roberts, et al. are defendants, I will, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1894, at the east door of the Court House, in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot number three (3) in block number sixteen (16) in Peck's Grove, according to the records of plat thereof, in Lancaster county, Nebraska. Given under my hand this 19th day of July, A. D. 1894. FRED A. MILLER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of the third judicial district of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster county, in an action wherein the Clark and Leonard Investment Company, et al., are plaintiffs and John Green et al. are defendants, I will, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1894, at the east door of the Court House, in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots number one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5) in Block five (5) in Hill's University Addition to Lincoln, Nebraska. Given under my hand this 19th day of July, A. D. 1894. FRED A. MILLER, Sheriff.

Notice of Tax Sale.

To whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that on the following dates R. R. Osgood bought at public sale the real estate described below, all situated in Lancaster county, Nebraska, for the delinquent taxes for the year 1891, and taxed in the names of the persons following each description as set forth below, and that the time of redemption of same will expire on the dates as herein below stated. The following described lands were purchased November 19th, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 18th, 1894: Lot 13, sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, J. H. McMurtry. Sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, Flora R. Runyan. Sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, Flora R. Runyan. Sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, Rosa M. Randall. Sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, W. L. Crandall. The following described lands were purchased November 12th, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 12th, 1894: Sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, Flora R. Runyan. Sec 34, T. 11, R. 6, D. M. Walter. The following described lots in the city of Lincoln were purchased November 14th, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 14, 1894: Lot 16, subdivision north half block 34, J. G. Miller. Lot 17, subdivision north half block 34, J. G. Miller. Lot 3, block 39, S. B. McCandless. The following described lots in the city of Lincoln were purchased November 15th, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 15, 1894: West 100 feet lots 14 and 15, block 69, Mary A. Grant. Lot 9, blk 100, Fannie A. Bagard. The following described lots in Cook's addition to the city of Lincoln were purchased November 17th, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 17, 1894: Lot 22, block 1, Mary A. Pynchon. Lot 23, block 1, J. A. Leming. Lot 2, block 2, A. M. Miller. Lot 2, blk 2, Josephine Cook. The following described lots in Dawson's addition to the city of Lincoln were purchased November 18, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 18, 1894: Lot 2, block 26, John Sosters. Lot 4, block 24, W. H. Noll. Lot 4, block 26, Mary P. McNair. The following described lots in Kinney's O addition to the city of Lincoln were purchased November 21, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 21, 1894: Lot 12, block 7, J. H. McMurtry. Lot 2, block 7, Lydia A. Addis. Lot 2, blk 7, J. H. McMurtry. Lot 2, block 10, Abigail Hubbard. Lot 5, block 14, J. H. McMurtry. The following described lots in Second East Park addition to the city of Lincoln were purchased November 21, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 21, 1894: South 40 feet lot 3, block 8, W. A. Holdbrook. Lot 4, block 8, Mattie M. Seesey. South 40 feet lot 8, block 8, W. J. Turner. Lot 4, block 10, H. J. Morgan. Lot 11, block 10, John Kinney. The following described lots in South Lincoln addition to the city of Lincoln were purchased November 22, 1892, and the time of redemption will expire November 22, 1894: Lot 1, block 13, Emily Butler. Lot 1, block 13, George H. Butler. Lot 4, block 14, J. C. Johnson. Lot 7, block 14, J. R. Whitte. Lot 8, block 14, J. R. Whitte. Lot 8, block 14, J. R. Whitte.

INTENSE HEAT IN THE EAST.

The Record Broken in New York—New England More Than Sweltering.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The heat yesterday was a record-breaker. Up to 70 July 20 since the establishment of the United States weather bureau has the mercury climbed to such a height. On the streets 98 degrees was registered. Seven persons succumbed during the day. A number of cases of prostration were reported in Brooklyn. Boston, July 21.—The full effect of the hot wave was felt in Boston yesterday, and many cases of prostration were recorded. The thermometer did not get above 95, but the humidity was more to blame than the high temperature.

SHY TEN MILLIONS.

Ex-President Ezeta of San Salvador Charged With Hugs Robberies.

SAN SALVADOR, July 23.—Provisional President Gutierrez has begun an investigation into the affairs of Carlos Ezeta's administration. A commission sits daily and has employed expert accountants to examine the books. Defalcations aggregating \$10,000,000 have been discovered, it is announced, in the departments of finance, public works and the interior. The government charges that Ezeta carried off important books and documents, and it is alleged that some of the books were destroyed before his flight. Indictments will be lodged against the implicated officials.

Strikers at Pullman Threaty.

CHICAGO, July 23.—A mob of strikers collected in Pullman to-day and attempted to intercept thirty Hollanders who were on their way to work in the Pullman shops. A detail of police escorted the workmen through the crowd and no violence occurred, although the officers had considerable difficulty in keeping the crowd in check. A body of police was kept on guard at the works all day as trouble was feared.

A New Yacht for Gould.

KINGSTON, July 23.—Mr. Herrero has received a commission from George Gould to build another yacht for him which will in every way be lighter than the Vigilant.

Nerve Tonic Blood Builder Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

OXFORD MFG. CO., 340 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

A GRAND DISCOVERY! WANTED—A live man or woman in every county where we have not already secured a representative to sell our "Nevada Silver"...

SPRAY YOUR FRUIT TREES & VINES

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CHICAGO AND NEBRASKA. City Express, 11:30 p. m. to 6:00 p. m. St. Louis via express, 11:30 p. m. to 6:00 p. m. Auburn and Nebraska, 9:35 p. m. to 6:00 a. m. St. Louis direct exp., 8:35 p. m. to 6:00 a. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY. Ticket offices at depot and corner of Twelfth and O streets. Leave Arrive. Omaha, Co. Bluffs, Chi. 7:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Bear River, Blue Springs, Manhattan, east & west, Topeka, Kansas City, Denver, David City, St. Paul, Sioux City, St. Louis, San Francisco and Portland, 7:30 p. m. to 9:20 a. m.

HAIRVEST EXCURSIONS. Via the Missouri Pacific Route. On the second Tuesday in December 1893, January, February, March, April and May, 1894, the Missouri Pacific Route will sell round trip tickets to all stations in Texas, with final limit to return in thirty days from date of sale. Stop-overs are allowed in Arkansas, Texas and Oklahoma, New Mexico and Indian Territory. Come and take a trip to the south. PHIL DANIELS, C. P. & T. A. 1201 O street.

RIPAN'S TABLETS. REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD. RIFAN'S TABLETS are the best medicine known for indigestion, biliousness, headache, constipation, dyspepsia, chronic liver troubles, biliousness, bad complexion, dysentery, offensive breath, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels.

MIXED Paints. For HOUSES, BARNS, ROOFS, all colors, & SAVE Middlemen's profits. In use 31 years. So famous by Grange & Farmers' Alliance. Low prices will surprise you. Write for samples O. W. INGERSOLL, 253 Plymouth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOCAL RAILROAD TIME TABLES. STANDARD CENTRAL TIME. Arrival and departure of trains carrying passengers at Lincoln, Neb. Trains marked * Daily; † Daily except Sunday; ‡ Daily except Monday; § Daily except Saturday; ¶ Sunday only; † Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday only; ‡ Monday, Wednesday and Friday only.

Chicago, Beak Island & Pacific. Passenger station corner O and Twelfth St. City office, 1046 O Street. Leave Arrive. Past express to Topeka, Kansas City, and all points in Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas, 7:30 a. m. to 11:31 p. m. Local freight, 12:35 p. m. to 11:00 a. m. Local freight accommodation, 12:35 p. m. to 11:00 a. m. Past exp. for Omaha, Co. Bluffs, D. Moines, St. Paul, Chi., & east, 7:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Past exp. to Denver, Col. Springs, Pueblo and west, 7:30 p. m. to 8:00 p. m. Local pass for Omaha and Council Bluffs, 10:10 p. m. to 8:00 a. m.

Missouri Pacific Railway. Ticket offices at depot and corner of Twelfth and O streets. Leave Arrive. Auburn and Nebraska, 11:30 p. m. to 6:00 p. m. City Express, 11:30 p. m. to 6:00 p. m. Auburn and Nebraska, 9:35 p. m. to 6:00 a. m. St. Louis direct exp., 8:35 p. m. to 6:00 a. m.

Chicago and east, 1:45 p. m. to 12:15 p. m. Fremont Omaha, Sioux City, St. Paul, Duluth, Manhattan, Chicago, Rapid City, Clinton, Dos Moin, a Pierre, Aberdeen, Oakes, 7:30 a. m. to 9:20 p. m. Omaha, 7:30 a. m. to 9:20 p. m. Wahoo, Fremont, Norfolk, O'Neill, Long Pine, Chadron, Clay Center, Hot Springs, Rapid City, Deadwood, 7:30 a. m. to 9:20 p. m. Fremont express, 11:40 a. m. to 7:15 p. m. Fremont freight, 11:40 a. m. to 7:15 p. m.

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"Tobacco Users Smile Sometimes" When told how tobacco hurts them: sometimes they don't, because shattered nerves, weak eyes, chronic catarrh and lost manhood, tell the story. If you are a tobacco user and want to quit, you will find about NO-TOBACCO, the wonderful, harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure by calling on H. F. Clark Drug Co., our agents, and securing a copy of our little book, "Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away." Tobacco has sold many boxes of NO-TOBACCO, and they are prepared to sell it to you under an absolute guarantee to cure. Books mailed free by addressing "THE SHERIDAN REMEDY COMPANY, No. 45 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

The Onet Hotel is headquarters of W. H. Dool, Division Commander of the Ancient Order of Loyd Americans—Room 5. W. H. Dool.