

Notice of Final Report.

Estate No. 2309 of Andrew Sundean, deceased, in County Court of Lancaster County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska. To all persons interested in said estate, take notice, that the administrator has filed a final account and report of his administration, and a petition for final settlement and discharge as such, which have been set for hearing before said court on November 10, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., when you may appear and contest the same.

Dated October 8, 1908. P. JAS. COSGRAVE, County Judge. By Walter A. Lease, Clerk.

Notice of Adoption.

In re adoption No. 256 of James Vernon in the County Court of Lancaster County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska. To all persons interested take notice that Edwin Hall and Lulu Hall, husband and wife, have filed their petition and relinquishment of the State of Nebraska, by the superintendent of the Home of the Friendless, its custodian, for the adoption of James Vernon, a minor male child, with bestowal of property rights and change of name to Edwin Carter Hall, which has been set for hearing before this court on December 28th, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m., when you may appear, object to and contest the same.

Dated October 8, 1908. P. JAS. COSGRAVE, County Judge. By Walter A. Lease, Clerk.

A HANDSOME GIFT.

Lincoln Printer Gives Sample of His Skill to William J. Bryan.

Some men, when they feel nervous or think they need a tonic, go out and just "throw a few under their belt." Erastine King does differently. He goes out in his little workshop, heats up his gluepot, gets out his sand-paper, his saw and his clamps and proceeds to forget his troubles by engaging in parquetry work. Know what this is? Well, it's making all sorts of things out of all sorts of wood. Mighty fine work, too.

For nearly nine years King has been putting in odd moments making a center table with a view to giving it to William J. Bryan. A few days ago the table was completed and taken to Fairview. Mr. Bryan was delighted with the gift and thanked the donor most heartily.

The table contains upward of 75,000 pieces of wood, comprising 148 varieties, from cedar of Lebanon and olive wood from the Mount of Olives, to pretty nearly every kind of wood that grows in Nebraska. And it isn't a large table either. The diameter of the top is less than eighteen inches. Nothing prettier in this line of work was ever shown in Lincoln.

For Union Workers

Important Happenings in Industrial Circles in This Country and Europe

Pittsburg, Kan.—The employes of the Dupont Powder Company at the powder works in Pittsburg and Turck, Kan., and Patterson, Okla., went on strike. The dispute between the company and its employes has been on since September 21, when a committee of the employes submitted a proposition to the company to arbitrate the matter. The employes demanded a joint agreement with the company similar to that of the coal miners in this district, covering wages and conditions of employment. The company reiterated its former statement that it would not enter into a joint agreement with the men.

Lynn, Mass.—Unless future developments result in a change of plans, no attempt will be made by the members of the Lynn shoe manufacturers' association to break the strike of the 1,400 lasters and lasting machine operators. Rather than import strike breakers and afford the strikers an opportunity to resort to violence, the largest manufacturers whose factories are crippled by the strike of the lasting room employes, have decided to shut down their plants and permit them to remain idle until a settlement is effected between the strikers and the Joseph Caunt Company.

Chicago.—James B. Durbin, formerly a collector for a street car union local, is accused of embezzling \$341.25 of the funds of the union in a suit begun in the superior court for the recovery of that amount by Division 241, Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America. In the declaration filed with the suit it is set up that Durbin collected this amount from the street car employes in May, 1908, and that he has failed to account for it to the proper officials.

New York.—It is stated at the offices of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company that there is a big falling off in the number of idle mechanics, especially in the building trades, who are applying for work. A representative of the Interborough said: "Many men are applying for work, but they are principally drivers, hucksters and peddlers. Several months ago a great many bricklayers and idle men in the other building trades were among the applicants. Now they are few."

Boston.—The Roofers' Protective union, after an existence of 40 years under its present charter, and a total life of more than eighty years under various forms of organization, last week voted to amalgamate with the Boston Sheet Metal Workers' union, and thus bring the men engaged at all forms of roofing in one big union under the protection of the Boston C. L. U. and its building trades department.

Washington.—It is reported that some 4,000 joiners and carpenters in Budapest, Austria-Hungary, have been locked out. The reason alleged is that the men boycotted the works of 14 firms who refused to concede the advance of ten per cent. in wages, as demanded by the men. The other firms resented this, and all agreed upon a lockout.

Cincinnati.—The strike of the International Printing Pressmen and Pressmen's Assistants' union against the National Printing and Engraving Company, which has been on since November of last year, was settled. The pressmen's demands were granted. The strikers returned to work with eight hours at the back of the new contract.

Franklin, N. H.—The paper mills of the International Paper Company in this town started on full time, all the men having voted to accept the five per cent. cut down. The men refused to go to work a week ago because they had not been given opportunity to vote on the reduction, which had been agreed to by their national president of the union.

Paris, France.—The National Miners' Federation of France, with a total membership of 80,000 men, has decided to affiliate with the General Federation of Labor for the purpose of acquiring greater strength and influence over legislation.

Seattle, Wash.—The Alaskan fisheries now give employment to more than 5,000 fishermen, the majority of whom are now organized. A few years ago there were scarcely any unionized fishermen engaged in the large Alaskan districts.

New York.—By a referendum vote Poster Artists' association has decided to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor. The union has passed its tenth anniversary, and there are locals in every important labor center of the country.

San Francisco.—It is reported that the city will put about 3,000 men to work on municipal improvements, thus greatly relieving the situation at that point, which has been rather critical in the recent past.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Strong efforts to organize the office workers throughout the city are being made by the membership of Bookkeepers', Accountants' and Stenographers' Union No. 12646.

Portland, Ore.—The Garment Workers' union has entered into an agreement with the factory proprietors that provides for 48 hours' work a week.

Wheeling, W. Va.—President Thomas L. Lewis of the United Mine Workers of America stated that the operators and miners of Montana and Wyoming have signed an agreement as to wages on the basis of last year's scale, and 12,000 men who have been idle since September 1 will not return to work. Lewis declares the report that W. D. Ryan of Springfield, Ill., secretary of the United Mine Workers, has resigned his office is untrue. Ryan has not resigned, said he, nor will he resign, but in a few days he will make known officially his determination not to be a candidate for re-election at the end of his term.

Washington.—Vicissitudes of the woolen manufacturing industry in France, obstacles which hamper its growth and the competition it meets on the part of energetic spinners and weavers of other countries, are described in a report by Special Agent W. A. G. Clark at Roubaix. He says the English wool manufacturing industry is steadily increasing, the United States and Germany are rapidly forging ahead, and Italy is beginning to struggle for a place among the leaders. France is lagging behind and its industry as a whole is stationary.

Cleveland, O.—The strike declared on July 15 by the boiler-makers in the shops of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis has been ended because the strikers were unable to get boiler-makers in the shops of other roads in the New York Central system to go out on a sympathetic strike. The strike was declared because the piece-work system was adopted in the new Beech Grove shops of the Big Four. The Beech Grove shops were not involved.

Geneva, Switzerland.—The canton of Zurich has, by 49,412 votes, against 33,928, passed a general strikes act, prohibiting picketing and inflicting punishment for preventing persons from working by bodily force, threats, or libel. Other cantons are contemplating the introduction of a somewhat similar measure, and all over Switzerland this move has been received with warm support on the part of most of the inhabitants.

Winnipeg, Man.—The Canadian immigration officials at Emerson intercepted a party of machinists, car repairers, and boiler-makers at the international boundary and refused them admittance, turning them back to the United States. Some of the men had written contracts to work with the Canadian Pacific railway, contrary to the Canadian alien labor law. Their tickets read from Chicago to Winnipeg.

Ottawa, Can.—The engineers of the Canadian Northwestern have applied for a Dominion arbitration board, and ask for an entirely new schedule, which includes a revision of working hours—a rearrangement of routes with respect to senior and junior employes, and an increase in the wage schedules of ten to fifteen per cent. There is said to be no possibility of any serious trouble between the company and the men.

New York.—At the seventeenth annual convention of the United Brewery Workers of America there were delegates present representing 378 local unions, with a membership of approximately 40,000. The International Union of the Brewery Workers was organized in Baltimore in 1886, when there were but eight local unions and a membership of barely 6,000.

Minneapolis.—Judge Milton D. Purdy of the United States federal court, sitting in Minneapolis, granted an order to the receivers of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Company Ltd., allowing the issuance of \$750,000 in receivers' certificates, which was shown as an absolute necessity to allow the company's mills to operate. Through this decision the temporary affairs of the concern are settled.

Vincennes, Ind.—The Indiana State Federation of Labor has asked Samuel Gompers to settle by telegraph the fight of the green bottle blowers' delegates against seating the commercial glass blowers' delegation at the labor convention here. Delegate Sullivan of Evansville was denied a seat because of his activity for James E. Watson, the Republican gubernatorial candidate.

Ottawa, Canada.—Canadian textile workers have decided that the weekly contributions should be increased from 8 to 25 cents a week, and that representation should be made to the government in such a way that the law stating that women and children should not be allowed to work over 55 hours a week should be enforced.

Winnipeg, Man.—The Canadian Pacific mechanics' strike has been officially declared off. The settlement of the strike was first announced through the conservative government in this province. The terms are those brought in by the board of conciliation under the Lemieux act, for settling labor disputes. The men return to work unconditionally.

Connellsville, Pa.—The striking employes of the Tri-State Telephone Company returned to work. The trouble arose over the linemen not receiving their monthly pay when they said it was due.

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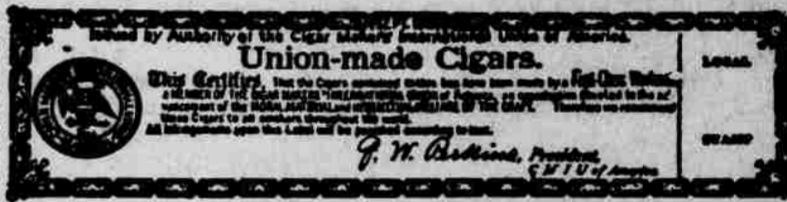
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