

Miller & Paine

BASEMENT BARGAINS

Unusual bargains in our Household Furnishing Department. The sale of the McCord-Brady Stock continues through the week.

Two Representative Bargains TEA KETTLES

Grey Royal Graniteware. No. 7, 39c each. No. 8, 49c each. No. 9, 59c each.

Rome Nickel Plated Tea Kettles, 85c, 95c and \$1.25. Regular at \$1.00, \$1.35 and \$1.75.

200 fine Clothes Baskets. New, bright stock, strong and durable. Medium size, worth 85c, now 45c.

Larger size, worth \$1.10, now 65c.

Hundreds of items in Graniteware, Bread Boxes, Cutlery, etc., at a saving of 20 to 50 per cent.

MASON JARS

Pints, 60c doz. Quarts, 65c doz. Half Gall., 85c doz.

Goodwin's German Foot Remedies
SPECIALLY DEMONSTRATED

A Sale of Fine Japanese China

Thursday morning these specials went on sale in our China Department. Many sample pieces and many items imported in quantities for special sale.

One large table, about 600 pieces, thin hand decorated Japanese China. Tea Cups and Saucers, Plates, Bowls, Nut Dishes, Salt and Pepper Shakers, etc. Regular 25c and 35c values, choice. **15c**

One table, about 400 pieces, Fancy Cups and Saucers, Plates, Footed Nut Bowls, Large 8 Cups, Tea Pots with strainer for holding tea leaves, and odd pieces of finest fancy wares worth up to 75c, choice. **35c**

600 Mush Bowls or Jelly Dishes, assorted decorations, worth 10c and 15c, choice. **5c**

100 Large Japanese China Vases at ONE-THIRD OFF.

In the LABOR WORLD



Guthrie, Okla.—Gov. Haskell, as chairman of the state text-book commission, has canceled the contracts of Scott, Foresman & Co. and Allen & Bacon, two of the large book companies which fared well in the recent state adoption because of their refusal to agree to the union labor provision of the contracts. The governors also threatened to cancel the contract for Doub's spellers, published by Doub & Co. of San Francisco, because of the fact that a part of the binding had been substituted to a non-union concern by a union shop to which the contract was given by the publishers, as its facilities were insufficient to get the books out in the required time. It is understood that an adjustment of that difficulty has been reached.

East St. Louis, Ill.—More than 900 employees of the Republic Iron and Steel company of East St. Louis, who have been out of employment for several months owing to the practical shut-down of the foundry, were notified to report for work. Notice was posted at the same time that the rolling mills would have the full complement of men at work by October 1. There were more than 2,000 men employed by the works when it shut down. Superintendent Cunningham of the company said the mills would start up on full time by October 1, but would take back about 900 men within a short time.

Washington.—Among those mentioned prominently as successor to Frank P. Sargent as commissioner general of immigration is John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers' union. It is known that President Roosevelt and Secretary Straus of the department of commerce and labor, of which the immigration bureau is a part, think well of Mr. Mitchell, and it is believed that the place will be tendered him. It is known, however, that Mr. Mitchell has declined both elective and appointive offices since retiring as president of the mine workers' organization.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Freight tonnage on all the railroads of the Pittsburg district has increased during the latter part of August to such an extent that more men have been put to work on repairing damaged equipment and to push improvements on roadbeds. This is taken to mean the executive officials anticipate heavy business the coming fall and winter. The Pennsylvania railroad has put on 150 men in the shops within the last few days, in addition to the 300 taken on about ten days ago. It is understood 100 of these men will go to work at the Pittsburg shops.

Washington.—The hearing in the contempt proceedings of the Bucks Stove & Range company against labor officials who are alleged to have violated an injunction to discontinue a boycott may not be held until October. Justice Gould of the district supreme court has intimated that the matter should go over until the regular court term in October. The federation has been allowed an extension of time for filing its answer to the Bucks company's bill, pending which the hearing may be postponed.

Providence, R. I.—There is a possibility that arbitration may be called upon to end the trouble between the local street railway men and their employers, which threatens to precipitate a general strike on the trolley lines operated by the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad in three states. Should such a strike be ordered no less than 32,000 men would be involved. The whole trouble arose over the discharge of 54 men employed by the local company.

Washington.—President Frank A. Kidd of Columbia Typographical union and the other officers of that organization have been requested to co-operate with the international union in the fight for the promotion of health in composing rooms. In this connection it is stated that several union printers who have contracted tuberculosis while working in printing offices throughout the United States will be exhibited at the international congress on tuberculosis to be held in this city.

London, Eng.—Sixteen British trade unions, with a membership of 300,000, are supporting a movement to establish a one-cent eight-page daily newspaper in the interest of labor. Its title will be the Morning Herald. The parliamentary committee of the trade union congress will manage the venture. The suggested capital is \$500,000.

Winnipeg, Man.—The Canadian Pacific railway has decided to take the mechanics who are on strike back in their old positions on the wage scale agreed upon by the majority report of the board of conciliation held in Winnipeg, pending a further investigation by a second board on some points now in dispute.

New Orleans.—About 500 men, comprising practically the total membership of the painters' union, went on strike here. The painters are demanding an increase in wages amounting to about 15 per cent., and are asking other concessions.

Cleveland, O.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will erect its new home and office building on the southeast corner of St. Clair avenue and Ontario street. Grand Chief Warden S. Stone announced the plans have been drawn up for the purchase of the site. The brotherhood is paying \$200,000 for the corner. Mr. Stone stated that the project calls for a total outlay of \$1,000,000 including the price paid for the land. Construction will start at once.

Madrid, Spain.—The law in Spain which already fixed the maximum working hours for children between the ages of 10 and 14 years, limiting them to six hours in mills and other industrial establishments, and to eight hours in shops and offices, and which further prohibited them from being employed on night work, has until now made no regulations against the employment of women and children in certain harmful branches of industry.

Cleveland, O.—Secretary Thomas of the Ohio Federation of Labor announces that during the month of August 20 new unions affiliated with that body. Already 50 delegates have been elected to the state convention in Dayton next month, about a dozen being from this city, with many more to follow.

Washington.—In the matter of factory inspection and the health and safety of employees, legislative action was taken in 39 states and territories last year. These include all states in which mining or manufacturing employs a considerable number of persons. In 14 states new enactments touching upon this subject were written into the statutes.

Washington.—According to the monthly report of the bureau of navigation 125 sail and steam vessels were built in the United States during August, which were officially numbered. These included five steel vessels and 120 wooden vessels of which 19 are sailing ships.

Vallejo, Cal.—As a result of complaints made by the trades council, orders have been issued by the navy department to observe the provisions of the California child labor law in employing boys at the Mare Island navy yard.

New York.—Outside of the American Federation of Labor, the largest labor organizations in the country are the great railroad brotherhoods, six in number, which include something like a million workers, divided up into thousands of local unions.

London.—During June the average number employed daily at the docks and principal wharves in this city was 12,049, a decrease of 3.1 per cent., as compared with a month ago, and of 0.3 per cent., as compared with June, 1907.

London.—The Scotch Shipbuilding Employers' Federation and the men's union are arranging for a joint agreement, and the men's union has appointed seven well-known representatives to draft a constitution.

New York.—The coopers' local unions will vote on a proposition to do away with conventions and adopt the initiative and referendum system in conducting the affairs of the organization.

Reading, Pa.—The Reading company posted notices at its locomotive and car shops in this city notifying the men that they will work longer hours. The order went into effect September 14 and affects 2,400 men.

Austin, Tex.—It is announced that as a result of Samuel Gompers recent visit to Texas a political alliance has been formed between the National Farmers' union and the American Federation of Labor.

New York.—The journeymen tailors' general executive board has interpreted the law relating to sick benefits to mean that no such benefits can be paid to any member while outside the United States or Canada.

Philadelphia.—After being idle for about nine months the Leeburg, Pa., plant of the American Sheet and Tinsplate company resumed operations. About forty men returned to work.

Glasgow, Scotland.—The recent trade union congress passed resolutions in favor of old age pensions and in favor of compulsory intervention in labor disputes.

Lynn, Mass.—Building trade unions are getting together for one central council that will include all.

San Francisco.—The Drug Clerks' Union has opened an employment bureau for clerks.

Washington.—The Trades Unionist has been taken out of the receiver's hands.

Glasgow.—James Keir Hardie, Socialist member of the house of commons, has sailed for Canada and the United States. The object of Mr. Hardie's tour is to try to amalgamate the American and Canadian trades unionists and Socialists into one political organization like the British labor party.

New York.—By a referendum vote the Poster Artists' Association of America has decided to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor. The union has passed its tenth anniversary, and there are locals in every important labor center of the country.

MADE IN LINCOLN
MADE BY FRIENDS

LINCOLN MONEY
LEFT IN LINCOLN

LIBERTY FLOUR

No better flour sold on the Lincoln market. Every sack warranted. We want the trade of Union men and women, and we aim to deserve it. If your grocer does not handle Liberty Flour, phone us and we will attend to it. Ask your neighbor how she likes Liberty Flour. We rely on the recommendation of those who use it.

H. O. BARBER & SON

The Lincoln Wallpaper & Paint Co.

A Strictly Union Shop

Wholesale and Retail Modern Decorators, Wall Paper, Mouldings, Etc. Masonic Temple 230 S. 11th St.

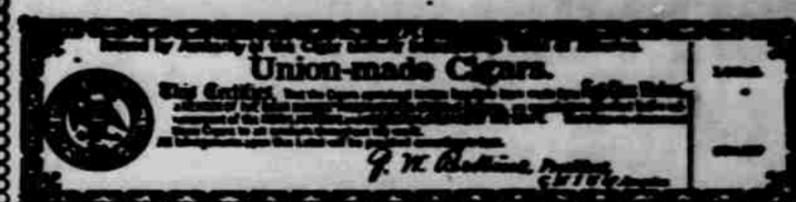
Auto Phone 1975



136 South 15th St.

LINCOLN

Your Cigars Should Bear This Label.



It is insurance against sweat shop and tenement goods, and against disease. . .

We Trust You for Anything Used in the Home

Whatever you want for use in your home will be sold to you on credit. Your choice of 5,000 articles will be shipped on approval. Use our goods 30 days before you decide to keep them. Then, if satisfactory, pay a little each month. We mean that exactly. When a person wants to make his home more attractive, his credit is good with us.

Save 15 to 50 Per Cent

We are the largest concern of our kind in the world. Our combined capital is \$7,000,000. Our store books are more than 430,000 customers. We own 25 mammoth retail stores, located in the principal cities, and we control the output of a score of great factories. Thus we buy and sell at prices which no other concern can compete with. We invite any sort of comparison. You can return any goods, sent on approval, if you don't find a saving of 15 to 20 per cent, under the lowest prices, cash or credit, anywhere.

30 Days' Free Trial

As you can't come to our store, we send the goods to you on approval. Use them a month, and decide how you like them. Compare our prices with others. If not satisfactory, return the goods at our expense. The month's use will not cost you a penny.

Small Monthly Payments

If you are satisfied, you can pay a little each month—what you can afford. Take from 10 to 24 months to pay, while you use and enjoy the articles. We charge no interest and ask no security. You simply buy as we buy—on credit—and our dealings are all confidential.

Four Free Catalogs—3,000 Articles

We issue four handsome catalogs, showing pictures, prices and descriptions of 3,000 things for the home. Many of the pictures show the actual colors. Simply write us a postal and say which catalog you want. They are free, and we pay postage.

Furniture and Carpets

Catalog No. 10 shows a new and wonderful line of Furniture, Housefurnishings, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths and Portieres, illustrated in actual colors. Also Lace Curtains, Clocks, Silverware, Crockery, Sewing Machines, Washing Machines, Refrigerators, Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.

Stoves and Ranges

Catalog No. 20 shows the whole Empire line

Send us a postal today, saying which catalog you want
Spiegel, May, Stern Co. - 2323 35th Street, Chicago

of stoves and ranges—the stoves that save fuel enough to pay for themselves in six months.

Columbia Graphophones

Catalog No. 30 is devoted to the greatest of all talking machines. We send a complete Graphophone outfit, freight prepaid. You don't pay a penny until you have tried it ten days. Then send us small monthly payments.

Pianos on Free Trial

No Money Down
Catalog No. 40 shows the celebrated Meyerhoff and Beckmann Pianos, from \$44.50 up. We send a piano on 30 days' trial, with no payment down. Pay us nothing at all until we convince you that we save you at least \$100. Then pay a little each month.

Low One-Way Rates.

TO MANY POINTS IN

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, WASHINGTON

TICKETS ON SALE

EVERY DAY

September 1 to October 31, 1908

\$30

to Pendleton and Walla Walla, to Spokane and Wenatchee, Wash. to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and many other California points, to Everett, Bellingham, Vancouver, Victoria and Astoria, to Weed, Calif., Ashland, Roseburg, Eugene, Albany and Salem via Portland, to Portland, Tacoma or Seattle.

VIA

UNION PACIFIC

ENQUIRE OF

E. B. SLOSSON, General Agent

GREEN GABLES

The Dr. Benj. F. Bally Sanatorium
Lincoln, Nebraska

For non-contagious chronic diseases. Largest, best equipped, most beautifully furnished.

H. & H. DIAMONDS

are truly wonderful stones—nothing at all like the ordinary imitation diamonds—as brilliant as the real diamonds. See them, you'll be surprised and delighted.

Henderson & Hald,
10th Street, Opposite Post Office

We carry a complete line of
Union-Made Razors
and all union-made goods
GREEN MEDICAL CO., Barber Supplies
120 North 11th St.