

George Feiler Bound Over.
George Feiler, who stabbed Wilbur Goff at Nebraska City last week, was bound over to district court in the sum of \$1,000. Not being able to give bail he went to jail. Goff is still confined to his bed, and is in a serious condition.

NAYDEN'S ART STUDIO
New Location, 1277 O
Fine work a Specialty.
Auto 3336

We are expert dressers, grooms and finishers of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing of all kinds. The finest dress a specialty.
THE NEW FIRM
J. C. WOOD & CO.
And FOR PRICKLIST.
PHONES: Bell, 147. Auto, 1292.
1200 N St. - Lincoln, Neb.



OFFICE OF
Dr. R. L. BENTLEY
SPECIALIST CHILDREN

Office Hours 1 to 4 p. m.
Office 2118 O St. Both Phones
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

Lincoln Dental College
CLINIC
Open for Patients Every Afternoon
14th and O Sts. E. & M. Building

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

San Francisco.—Complaints were received by the building trades council from the housemiths, cement workers, bridge workers and electricians that the ordinance which requires that safeguards shall be provided in buildings in course of construction are not enforced by the authorities. It was stated that in the past two months eight men in various crafts have met death and 16 have been seriously injured because of such neglect. The matter was referred to the council attorney, who was requested to take steps to see that the authorities do their duty in the matter, and if the ordinances are faulty to draft one that shall make provision for the safety of the workmen.

Chicago.—Charges that the Illinois Tunnel Company is violating the state law which requires employers of labor to report to the secretary of the bureau of labor statistics every case of serious accident sustained by employees while at work were made by officers of the tunnel employees' union. The law on the subject provides that every accident resulting in death or of a nature to incapacitate employes for 30 days or more shall be reported to the secretary of the bureau of labor statistics within 30 days. Business Agent Downing declared that at least two trappers have been killed since the tunnel company made its last report in February.

Fall River, Mass.—The new wage agreement between the cotton manufacturers and the textile council, which will be in force until next November, became effective. Under the agreement the 25,000 operatives accept a wage reduction of 17.94 per cent. The mills here have been running on short time for several months, but it is expected that the production will be increased considerably next month. The cut in this city swells the number of cotton operatives in New England, whose wages have been reduced this spring, to about 170,000.

Chicago.—Judge Walker gave a decision, based on the lines of previous ones, notably that of Justice Alton B. Parker of New York, declaring that men who belonged to a labor organization were bound by its rules and by-laws, and had no right to try and disrupt a union because they were dissatisfied with the action of its officials. He refused several dissatisfied men of the street car men's union an injunction to prevent the union insisting upon their discharge because they refused to pay their dues.

Atchison, Kan.—When the car repairing department of the Central Branch shops reopens the Carmen's brotherhood will not be recognized. The men who were employed in this department before the retrenchment of February will return to work, but will be paid on the piecework plan and not by the union schedule. It is expected that when the other departments of the shops are reopened the unions will not be recognized. The Missouri Pacific seems to be adopting an open shop policy.

Cleveland, O.—Petitions, signed by 24,000 voters, were poured into the city council demanding referendum on the franchise under which the Municipal is operating. Only 13,000 names were necessary. They were referred to a committee controlled by Mayor Tom L. Johnson, which will delay a ballot until the next municipal election in 1909. The strikers will endeavor to compel an early election by action in the courts.

Kansas City, Mo.—The coal mines in Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas were officially declared reopened, after an enforced shut-down of three months. A contract for two years between the miners and the operators was ratified in a joint meeting in Turner hall attended by 20 operators and 70 miners. The 35,000 miners in the district are all back at work.

Chicago.—Trouble between the carpenters' union and John Olson, proprietor of the Standard Sash and Door Company, 5519-21 Center avenue, is alleged by the police to have resulted in the incendiary fire which destroyed the plant. Victor and Thomas Altman, brothers, are held on suspicion that they set fire to the building. They were caught running from the scene.

Boston.—The largest Boston dry goods firms have agreed to the Saturday half-holiday system for the four summer months, dry goods clerks' union 736 reported the other day.

Cleveland, O.—At a meeting of the striking street railway conductors and motormen, it was voted to continue the strike against the Municipal Traction company.

San Francisco.—The following is the eliminated section of the telephone ordinance which caused the labor council to adopt resolutions protesting against the action of the supervisors and asking that the section be restored:

Washington.—Joseph E. Ralph, who has just been confirmed as director of the United States bureau of engraving and printing, was once the head of the famous Amalgamated Union of Steel, Tin and Iron workers.

Milford, Mass.—Milford granite industry strike has ended with a compromise.

Chicago.—Carpenters employed on several buildings in the city which are using finishings supplied by the Mears-Slayton Lumber Company, against which firm a strike is in progress, were called from their work by John Brittain, a union business agent. Judge Carpenter has issued an injunction against the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners restraining the organization from interfering in any manner with the business of the lumber company. It is said that the injunction, however, did not cover the Amalgamated Association of Carpenters, many of whose members are employed in the construction of buildings throughout the city.

Washington.—There is considerable satisfaction in labor circles in relation to the passage by the house of a bill to provide compensation to government employes who are injured through no contributory negligence while employed in hazardous occupations. The bill provides that in case of injury the wages of the victim shall be continued for one year unless he is sooner able to resume work, and in case of death at the time of accident or death following an accident the full amount of a year's pay shall be divided to his dependent ones named in the bill.

Philadelphia.—Anthracite miners, numbering 140,000 men, are to be given steady employment and not a day will be lost to them if the rapidly maturing plans of the operators' agreement under which the miners are working expires on April 1 next and it is the desire of the operators to store before that time not less than 10,000,000 tons of various sizes of hard coal in anticipation of any prolonged disagreement over the terms of the next wage contest.

"Any person, company or corporation engaged in the business of supplying telephonic service in the city and county shall upon demand furnish within 20 days telephonic service of the classes or kinds specified in this ordinance, without discrimination, qualification or restriction as to employes of subscribers or otherwise, at the same rates to all persons, companies or corporations who shall elect to take or use any of such classes or kinds of service."

Chicago.—Members of the Commercial Telegraphers' union are again talking strike. They are planning a general tie-up of the wires at the time of the Republican national convention in June, it is said. They figure that the moral effect of a strike at such a time may produce results within the convention hall which might be repeated later when the Democrats meet in Denver, and bring about a governmental investigation of conditions.

Cleveland, O.—According to a statement given out by Chief of Police Kohler, four striking conductors and motormen have confessed to taking part in the dynamiting of street cars in various parts of the city. These men are now in custody. It is also stated that a number of other arrests in connection with the dynamite outrages will be made. Cars on nearly all lines were operated on practically normal schedules.

Sterling, Ill.—The Keystone works of the International Harvester company has increased the working hours from eight to 12 hours a day, and the company is serving supper in the plant. The extra hours are necessary on account of the increase in hay tool orders.

Guthrie, Okla.—The house and senate passed senate bill No. 81B, which provides for a penitentiary term for any employer who refuses work to an employe on account of the latter belonging to a labor union. The bill also prohibits Pinkerton detectives from working in the state.

Boston.—Boston Stereotypers' union advanced the arrangements for the convention of the International Stereotypers' and Electrotypers' union, which is to be held in Boston in August. It elected James J. Dellagana, H. J. Lewis and William Weston as its delegates.

Boston.—The call for the New England convention of the metal polishers', buffers' platers' and brass and silver workers' unions has been issued. It will be in this city July 5. The Boston unions are requesting the international for a permanent Boston organizer.

Pawtucket, R. I.—Notices were posted in the thread mills of the J. & P. Coates Company that the mills would operate only four days a week. Some time ago they went on a five days a week schedule. About 2,500 hands are affected.

Chicago.—James Durbin, treasurer of a street car men's union, was attacked by three armed men, who overpowered him and gagged and bound him to a fence. Then they took from him \$25 which he had collected from members of his local.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A wage scale operative until March 31, 1909, affecting 40,000 miners in the Pittsburg district, has been signed.

Gold Found in Turkey's Crop.
Half an ounce of pure gold was found in the body of a turkey killed on a farm on the Tarvine river, Victoria.

TALK WITH FIELDING ABOUT REAL ESTATE

136 South 15th St.
LINCOLN

UNION PACIFIC
"The Way to Get the Most For Your Money"
GO TO
Tacoma or Seattle
Via the
UNION PACIFIC
AND
PORTLAND
Ask your nearest ticket agent, or

The Lincoln Wallpaper & Paint Co.
A Strictly Union Shop
Wholesale and Retail Modern Decorators, Wall Paper, Mouldings, Etc. Masonic Temple 230 S. 11th St. Auto Phone 1975

A SUIT or OVERCOAT Made to Order For
No More \$15 No Less
From Sheeps Back to Your Back

ISSUED BY AUTHORITY OF
UNITED GARMENT WORKERS AMERICA
7041144 REGISTERED BOARD OF AMERICA UNION MADE

World's Greatest Tailors
Scotch
145 South 13th Street
LINCOLN NEBRASKA

MADE IN LINCOLN MADE BY FRIENDS
LINCOLN MONEY LEFT IN LINCOLN
LIBERTY FLOUR
No better flour sold on the Lincoln market. Every sack warranted. We want the trade of Union men and women, and we aim to deserve it. If your grocer does not handle Liberty Flour, phone us and we will attend to it. Ask your neighbor how she likes Liberty Flour. We rely on the recommendation of those who use it.
BARBER & FOSTER

There IS a Dress Shirt Made With The Union Label
It sells for a Dollar and bears the Label of the UNITED GARMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA
MODEL SHIRT
UNION INDIANAPOLIS MADE
Insist on Getting THE MODEL
and if your dealer will not get it for you, we will send shirts, carrying charges prepaid, to any address in the United States or Canada for \$1 each.
We make laundered negligee shirts with cuffs attached or detached; also coat shirts. Pleated bosoms in all patterns and styles, if you want them.
THE MODEL Royal Blue Shirts
are indigo dyed, fast colors and so warranted.
MODEL SHIRT CO., CENTURY BUILDING INDIANAPOLIS, IND.
New York Office, 350 Broadway

LYRIC THEATRE Matinee 3:00 P. M. Evening 7:45 & 9:00
POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Lincoln's Popular Playhouse. Prices—Balcony 10c, Lower Floor 20c

Shoes Bearing This Stamp
are made by Union Labor and Fair Employers agreeing to arbitrate all differences.
Believers in Industrial Peace and Fair Treatment of labor, should ask their shoe dealer for shoes bearing this stamp.
The product of Fair Employers and Fair Labor merits the patronage of all fair minded persons.
Ask your dealer for Union Stamp shoes, and if he cannot supply you, write
BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION
246 Summer St., BOSTON, MASS.

GREEN GABLES
The Dr. Benj. F. Bally Sanatorium
Lincoln, Nebraska
For non-contagious chronic diseases. Largest, best equipped, most beautifully furnished.

Your Cigars Should Bear This Label...
Union-made Cigars.
It is insurance against sweat shop and tenement goods, and against disease.