

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

Chicago.—Returning delegates from the convention of the American Federation of Labor declare that the convention's action and legislation were the most important of any year. The reports of all the 124 big international unions showed tremendous gains in membership and many advances in wages and betterment of conditions in every section of the country. The A. F. of L. reiterated the declaration, made at the Boston convention several years ago, when hard times seemed threatened in general business throughout the country, that the unions would not stand for any wage reductions at any place.

Louisville, Ky.—The strike of 750 union employes of the Louisville Railway company was called off by a vote by the men. The men made no conditions. The officials of the company announced that they would employ the strikers who apply as individuals or who have not been implicated in acts of violence during the strike. The strike lasted 12 days and was marked by two serious collisions between sympathizers and the police. It was caused by friction over the interpretation of an agreement of the strike which occurred last April.

Boston.—Thirty-five mills and factories in New England, which have been curtailing production or shut down for repairs for a brief period, are expected to resume operations. There will also be resumption of work in the Bigelow carpet mills at Lowell and Clinton, and the Apsley rubber mills of Hudson, while at Marlboro three shoe factories which have been operated on half time will begin running on practically full time.

Omaha, Neb.—Construction work all along the line of the Harriman railroads, which was suddenly brought to a close a month ago when the financial flurry began, has started up again with renewed vigor. Advertisements appear in western papers for thousands of men. They are inserted by the contractors who are engaged by the Union Pacific to complete the work which was brought to such a sudden close a short time ago.

Bristol, Pa.—The iron rolling mills here have shut down temporarily, throwing 150 men out of work. One hundred and fifty coke ovens at Stonega, Va., have shut down and 500 men are idle there. The Norton Coal company has closed down all its ovens and 60 per cent. of the men have been laid off. The price of coke has been reduced until the operators say they cannot manufacture it at a profit.

Boston.—David J. Shackleton, M. P., president of the British trades congress and head of the labor party in the British parliament, who was one of the fraternal delegates from the British trades to the A. F. of L., sailed for home from this city, hurrying back to take charge of several important labor measures that are to come up.

Bedford, Ind.—On account of the financial situation 1,500 foreign laborers, who use the pick and shovel at the Hoosier quarries, had their wages cut from 155 to 13 cents an hour. They marched to the machine shops and cut several inches off their shovels and say short money, short shovels.

Youngstown, O.—The Valley plant of the Republic Steel and Iron company and several departments of the Brown-Bonnell steel plant resumed operations, giving employment to 5,000 men.

Boston, Mass.—More than 400 men were discharged from the force of the Charlestown navy yard, the work on the various battleships on which they had been engaged having been completed. It is expected that altogether 1,000 of the 3,000 workmen employed at the yard will be laid off within the next two weeks.

Washington.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, issued an order directing the International Longshoremen, Marine and Transport Workers' association, comprising a membership of 30,000 men, to so change its name as to eliminate the words "marine and transport workers."

Ottawa, Can.—The loss of time to employes through trades disputes in the Dominion of Canada during September of this year amounted to 61,900 working days. In 1906 the loss from the same cause was 99,860 and the year before 97,140.

New York.—Industrial insurance is the fad in the east at this time, many of the members of various unions taking advantage of the insurance proposition offered by their respective unions.

Washington.—The national union of brewery workers has issued an appeal to the public for opposition to local option bills in a number of the states, on the ground that the passage of such bills would work a hardship on many hard working people and deprive them of the means of earning a livelihood.

New York.—Eight of the big trans-Atlantic liners which sailed for European ports December 1 carried in the steerage allens to the number of 12,000, making the record breaking total for the week of nearly 90,000 foreign laborers, who have left the country because of lack of work.

St. Louis, Mo.—In compliance with orders issued by Vice President C. S. Clark, of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system, more than 100 employes in the auditing, engineering and mechanical departments of the system were dismissed from service, and it is understood others will be dismissed until 500 are out. The statement is made that the order resulted from the general stringency and an overplus of employes.

Houghton, Mich.—It was announced at the Isle Royale, Tamarack, Osceola and Ahmeek mines and stamp mills, and the Lake Superior Smelting works and Tamarack and Osceola docks, all Bigelow properties, that wages will be reduced to same level as a year ago, which is practically a reduction of five per cent. The cut was expected and affects about 5,000 men.

Boston.—Patternmakers' association has received the most favorable assurances from government officials and congressmen in answer to its appeal that a sufficient amount of work be sent to the Charlestown navy yard to prevent the necessity of laying off any large portion of the working force there now that the battleships have all been gotten away.

Gloversville, N. Y.—The Glove Manufacturers' association of Fulton county expressed confidence in continued prosperity at their quarterly meeting by adopting the former wage scale. They passed resolutions to continue a full force of employes on part time rather than a diminished force on full time to meet the needs of the situation.

Gardner, Mass.—Three of the chair factories which form the principal industry of this town have entered upon a short time schedule. Notices were posted at the factories of the John A. Dun company, P. Derby & Co., and S. K. Pierce & Son, announcing that the concerns would be operated eight hours a day for five days a week.

Dayton, O.—It is announced that the Friend paper mills of West Carrollton will resume operations. About 1,500 people will be employed. The National Cash Register plant will also take on several hundred employes who were laid off recently. Other plants will add to their present forces, but no definite figures are obtainable.

Rochester, N. Y.—The United Teamsters of America, in convention, adopted a resolution calling upon congress to submit to the state legislatures for ratification an amendment to the United States constitution prohibiting disfranchisement on account of sex.

London, Eng.—Branch councils of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers of Great Britain are maintained in Scotland, Australia, South Africa, Canada and the United States. Since the formation of the society \$33,000,000 has been paid in benefits to its members.

Pittsburg, Pa.—The Isabelle furnace of the American Steel and Wire company at Etna has been closed indefinitely, throwing over 1,000 men out of employment. The pipe mill of the Spang & Chalfant company shut down, 150 men being affected.

Ottawa, Can.—The bill which the government will introduce this session in regard to old-age annuities is to encourage the opening up of savings accounts by the working classes so that they may have the provision for old age after reaching 60.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The Show Steam Pump works has ordered its forces back on full time. Elgood C. Lufkin, general manager of the plant, said that the whole industrial and financial situation has so greatly improved that the company has been obliged to restore the full schedule of working hours to keep up with its orders. About 1,000 men are concerned. The working time was cut during the financial flurry.

Birdsboro, Pa.—A reduction in wages that will average ten cents a day from each workman has gone into effect at the blast furnaces of the E. & G. Brooke Iron company here and will apply to all the earnings until further notice.

Birmingham, Ala.—The receivers of the Southern Steel company, the big industrial corporation which was thrown into involuntary bankruptcy several weeks ago, have decided to close down all the mines, furnaces and plants of the company.

St. Johnsbury, Vt.—The E. & T. Fairbanks Scale company, employing 1,300 men, which went on a five-hour schedule two weeks ago, started on an eight-hour basis.

Washington.—The Te Fang cigarette factory in China employs about 80 persons in producing its goods. The majority of the employes are boys, whose wages range from one dollar to \$1.65 a month, while the skilled workmen are paid \$3.60 to \$5.50 a month. The workers are given their meals twice a day.

Marlboro, Mass.—The three local shoe factories of the Rice & Hutchins company, which have been operated on half time since November 12, resumed work at least five days a week. About 2,200 hands are employed in the three factories.

New York.—Local No. 10 of the

The Cheapest Place in Lincoln

To Buy Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing, Carpets and Rugs

NOTE A FEW OF OUR PRICES

One lot of men's suits, was \$15, now.....\$7.50
 One lot of men's suits, was 14, now..... 7.00
 One lot of men's suits, was 13, now..... 6.50
 One lot of men's suits, was 10, now..... 5.00
 One lot of men's suits, was 8, now..... 4.00

We have a full line of men's overcoats at the same cut price as the above suits; we also have a full line of boys' and youths' suits, in long and knee pants at the same low price. We have the boys' overcoats (long and short) at the same big reduction. In fact, all our clothing is priced now at 50 cents on the dollar—not because it is old—not because we are hard up—we do not need money. Why, then? Well, we bought this stock for 50 cents on the dollar—that is all. Come and see the stock.

CARPETS AND RUGS

One lot of Ingrain all-wool fine carpet, was 85c, now, per yard.....\$.60
 One lot of ingrain cotton warp, was 55c, now, yd. .35
 One lot of Brussels, good grade, was 75c, now, yd. .50
 One lot of Brussels, good grade, was 60c, now, yd. .40
 One lot 9x12 Brussels, was \$12, now,..... 8.00
 One lot 9x12 Brussels, was \$20, now,..... 13.00
 One lot ingrain all-wool, was \$12, now,..... 8.00

MEN'S DUCK COATS

Sheep lined, best made.....\$4.50
 Lighter weight than this one..... 3.50
 Plain duck coats, flannel lined, from \$1.50 to..... 2.00

COMFORTS

Best in the city for the money, 75c, 95c and....\$1.35

LADIES' SUITS

Was \$21.00, now.....\$10.50
 Was 15.00, now..... 7.50
 Was 12.50, now..... 6.25
 Was 10.00, now..... 5.00

These are fine goods, well made and up to date.

BLANKETS

Cotton blankets.....75c, 90c and up.

BOYS'

Heavy lined union suits, each.....40c

NEN'S

2-piece, heavy fleece-lined underwear..... 39c

MEN'S AND BOYS

Heavy warm sweaters.....69c

OUTING FLANNEL

Best grades for.....10c

We sell the best prints for..... 6c

We sell the best thread for..... 5c

A good pair of men's suspenders for.....15c

FARMERS DRY GOODS CO.

236 North Tenth St., Lincoln, Neb.

Christmas Jewelry

Each year finds the giver of presents more particular as to quality. We did not change our method to meet this demand, for quality has always been our stock in trade. :: ::

TO THE UNION MAN WHO HAS A JEWELRY NEED WE CAN MORE THAN PLEASE AND SUPPLY

Fred Gardner

1006 O STREET

The Lincoln Wallpaper & Paint Co.

A Strictly Union Shop

Wholesale and Retail Modern Decorators, Wall Paper, Moldings, Etc. Masonic Temple 230 S. 11th St. Asto Phone 1975

DEMAND THE LABEL

REMOVAL SALE!

We must vacate our present store room in a short time and we do not intend to move a single dollar's worth of goods to our new location. In order to accomplish this we are going to sell our Men's and Boys Suits and Overcoats cheaper than known before in Lincoln.



ONLY A FEW DAYS

until Christmas. Have you thought about what you are going to get for the home that date? Let us suggest you get your family a piano for a Christmas present.

If you will call at our piano store and investigate how easy you can buy a piano we are sure you will make a selection and have it for the occasion.

We will give you a fine high-grade Piano for a few dollars down and a few dollars each month. Come in now, take your choice, and we will put it aside and deliver it Christmas morning.

Every Piano fully guaranteed. These prices will interest you.

\$300 UPRIGHT NEW PIANO ONLY \$195

\$375 UPRIGHT NEW PIANO ONLY \$265

\$500 UPRIGHT NEW PIANO ONLY \$375

\$600 UPRIGHT NEW PIANO ONLY \$400

Slightly used Pianos in good condition for \$25 up to \$199.

Schmoller & Mueller Piano Co

135 So. 11th St. Bell 763

Lincoln, Neb. Auto 1763