

THE M'COOK TRIBUNE.

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M'COOK, : : : NEB.

STATE NEWS.

NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.
-The no-license ticket was successful in Juniata.
-No license carried by a majority of 13 in Osceola.
-Work has commenced on Cass county's new court house.
-Diphtheria is prevailing to an alarming extent in Beatrice.
-President Harrison will be in Omaha May 13th, remaining several hours.
-Hon. Perry Walker of Odell, was stricken with palsy last week, and is not expected to recover.
-R. T. Martin of Rising City has three broken ribs, which came from owning a vicious horse.
-The residence of R. C. London at Ulysses was destroyed by fire as the result of a defective flue.
-Oliver Goodros of Unadilla has been sent to the reform school on the grounds of incorrigibility.
-The Polk county alliance passed resolutions condemning Gov. Boyd for vetoing the Newberry bill.
-A large number of people are at work in the state house preparing the session laws for the printer.
-On a recent Sunday 56 persons were received into membership in the Congregational church at Crete.
-Fulton Cramer of Nickerson is under arrest charged with committing a rape upon Mrs. Sarah Spangler.
-One hundred civil and eight criminal cases were disposed of at the last term of the district court of Cherry county.
-Rev. George Williams has resigned the pastorate of the Presbyterian church at Niobrara and removed to Mitchell, S. D.
-George D. Wallace, a prominent farmer near Rising City, has become violently insane as a result of an attack of la grippe.
-John Flaherty, of Plattsmouth, 17 years old, was drowned while attempting to cross the Missouri river in a skiff near that city.
-Omaha will have one or more of the meat inspectors to be appointed by the secretary of agriculture under the national meat inspection act.
-Dut Lane, who drives the stage between Homer and Winnebago, has been arrested on the charge of robbing an intoxicated stranger of \$50.
-The Dunn corn harvester and husker manufacturing company of Beatrice has filed articles of incorporation with a capital stock of \$50,000.
-John Stawal has sued the Cudahy packing company at South Omaha for \$5,000 for the loss of two fingers while operating machinery owned by defendant.
-The contract has been closed for the building of a normal university at Superior. The school is to be non-sectarian and the main building will cost \$40,000.
-Caleb Spencer, probably the oldest man in Clay county, died at Fairfield, April 6, aged 95 years. Owen Sweeney, also a resident of Fairfield, died the same day, aged 74.
-The farm residence of J. W. Graham, four miles south of Beatrice, was destroyed by fire last week with most of the contents. The loss will reach \$2,000; insured for \$700.
-John Bateman of Tamora has fitted up his sorghum mill with improved machinery and will be prepared to manufacture the product of from fifty to 100 acres.
-Verdigre gives promise of considerable building the coming summer. Among the substantial improvements is a fine large hotel, which will be commenced in a few days.
-The mystery surrounding the finding of a portion of a human leg in a Lincoln vault has been solved. It was the result of a surgical operation, and its owner, a boy, still lives.
-The teachers of Cedar county will hold a summer normal school at Coleridge during the months of July and August. The school will be conducted on the regular normal plan.
-A car-load of barley from the state relief committee was on the track at Burwell last week, held by the railroad company in consequence of some back charges to be adjusted.
-John Robertson, aged 68 years and one of the leading citizens and old residents of Beatrice died last week of la grippe. The deceased was widely known and esteemed throughout that section.
-Mrs. G. A. Salman, wife of G. A. Salmon of the firm of Salmon & Rainey, Beatrice, died suddenly the other day of heart disease. The deceased was widely known and highly esteemed in the community.
-Rev. Levicks and McDonald, the evangelists, are holding meetings in the Baptist church at York. The house is crowded and great interest is being taken by the Christian people of all denominations.
-Governor Boyd has appointed and commissioned Louis Heimrod of Omaha to succeed Smith Caldwell as state inspector of oils. Mr. Heimrod is a well known Omaha grocer and a man of considerable means.
-A five-year-old daughter of J. W. Bassett, living near Unadilla, met with a fatal accident. She was playing in a barn with a companion and jumped from the manger to the floor. Her neck was broken in the fall.
-A large frame barn owned by Claudius Jones of Seward on his farm northwest of Brainard, burned. The fire started from sparks from a chimney in the house of his renter, Fred Teger. There was a small insurance.

The depot restaurant, owned and operated by P. W. Owens at Beatrice, was destroyed by fire. The building and contents were completely ruined by the flames. The restaurant had not been running for a few days, which gives color to the theory that the fire was of incendiary origin.
-Rawlins post No. 85, Grand Army of the Republic, of Beatrice, held a very interesting and largely attended meeting, commemorative of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the foundation of the order. Speeches and addresses appropriate to the occasion were delivered by local talent and the affair was an enjoyable success throughout.
-Train 68 from St. Paul collided with train 55 leaving for Greeley. Engine 125 and four freight cars were badly damaged. The caboose, containing several persons, was thrown partially on one side and H. C. Wolf, representing W. H. Bliss, was painfully injured, and others received slight bruises.
-When the janitor started to lower the chandelier in the Congregational church at York the night, the fastenings gave way, and the chandelier fell to the floor striking the janitor on the head as it fell. Every lamp was extinguished during the descent or there might have been a conflagration. The fine chandelier is a total wreck.
-Frank Sharp, about 15 years old, of Logan county, while out hunting, accidentally shot himself. Some shot entered his left breast; about a half a dozen shot struck him in the face; one shot struck each ear, and the thumb and first three fingers of the left hand were torn off. His hand had to be amputated and at last accounts he was in a critical condition.
-Health Officer Bartram, of Lincoln, is authority for the statement that there is an epidemic raging in that city known as "pink eye." He says there are probably 1,500 cases of the disease among both children and adults. The symptoms are inflammation and swelling of the eye lids and the whites of the eye balls turn a pinkish color.
-At Fremont Peter Beck, charged with burglarizing carson the Fremont, Elk Horn & Missouri Valley road, was found guilty and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. H. S. Griswold, charged with the same offense, pleaded guilty and received the same sentence. Brombe, charged with grand larceny, pleaded guilty and received one year in the penitentiary.
-H. S. Potter and wife, two of the oldest and most beloved citizens of Ainsworth, died last week of pneumonia, superinduced by la grippe. They were eighty-six years old, were married in 1841. They never had any children and five days before their death took their bed together, when they died within about three hours of each other. They were buried together.
-Officer Jesse Newman (colored) proposes to have satisfaction out of Jack Hopewell, the proprietor of the Keystone chop house in Omaha, where the riot took place. He has brought suit in which he asks that he be awarded \$2,000 damages, charging that owing to his color he has been denied certain rights and privileges accorded other American citizens such as sitting upon a high stool and eating a 15-cent meal.
-Under the school law enacted by the legislature it is provided that the election of members of the board of education shall be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November in each year, at which time there shall be elected five members at large to serve for the term of three years from and including the first Monday of January following their election, or until their successors are elected and qualified.
-The date of Adams county's exposition, races and fair has been changed to September 29 and 30 and October 1 and 2. The date was changed to get more of the fast trotters. Colonel W. P. McCreary, owner of George Monday, is making a special effort to make the fall races in Hastings the event in racing circles of central and western Nebraska. Over \$4,000 in purses for the two days' racing promises to draw some star horses.
-The fifth annual session of the Long Pine Chautauqua will be held August 1 to 16. The grounds are the most beautiful in the state. The management will do all they can to adapt these natural advantages to the convenience and comfort of the multitudes who attend the Chautauqua. The programme this season will be fully up to the standard of excellence of previous years. The best talent of this and other states will be employed, including several teachers and lecturers of national reputation.
-Harry Plunkett an insane man, escaped from the county farm in Otoe county last week. Plunkett killed a man named McNamara in Nebraska City twenty-eight years ago and was sent to the asylum at Mount Pleasant, Ia., the then territory of Nebraska having no asylum. He was afterward transferred to Lincoln asylum and a short time ago was sent to the Otoe county poor farm as incurable but harmless. It is said he also killed a man at Mount Pleasant, and Nebraska City citizens will rest easier when he is recaptured and returned to the Lincoln asylum.
-Will the governor call an extra session of the legislature? is the question of the hour. The governor has intimated that he will call an extra session if he finds that the people demand it. In case it is called the things that will be considered are railroad legislation, the matter of electing presidential electors by congressional districts and the appointment for legislative purposes. Leading politicians are of the opinion that an extra session will be called, but not until harvest is passed, thus allowing farmer members to attend without neglecting their crops.

BLAINE HEARD FROM.

HE PREPARES AN ANSWER TO THE ITALIAN PREMIER.
The Secretary's Letter Submitted to the Cabinet and Found to be Satisfactory-April Returns on Crops-The Season Generally Favorable for Seeding-Two Federal Appointments from Nebraska-The Burlington Determined Not to be Boycotted by Eastern Railroads.
Blaine to Rudini.
WASHINGTON, April 11.-It is known here that Secretary Blaine has prepared an answer to the message of Premier Rudini. The fact of the preparation of Secretary Blaine's reply is not only well understood, but it is stated, moreover, that the secretary's letter was submitted to the president and cabinet and found to be satisfactory. In view of circumstances it is asserted with considerable confidence that the letter of Secretary Blaine already has been sent to the Marquis Rudini, though whether it was communicated by mail or telegraph is not known. If the former method were adopted the Italian premier, it is believed, was apprised of the fact. It is suggested also as very probable that intimations have been conveyed of the advisability of conducting the diplomatic negotiations between the two countries with less publicity. For these reasons it is thought to be almost impossible that today's rumors in Rome can be correct. No information could be secured in official circles here tonight relative to the report from Rome that Italy would close all direct diplomatic intercourse with the United States unless a reply was received to the last message of Premier Rudini on the New Orleans Italian incident. The Rome dispatch was shown to both the president and Secretary Blaine tonight and each returned word that he had nothing to say on the subject. There was a general disposition to discredit the report in unofficial circles.
April Returns on Crops.
WASHINGTON, April 11.-April returns to the department of agriculture make the condition of winter wheat 96.9 and of rye 95.4. The season for seeding was favorable over the whole winter wheat area, the soil generally easily worked, the seed bed prepared with unusual care and sowing followed by gentle rains sufficient to properly pack the earth and insure prompt and perfect germination. Suitable weather and soil conditions enabled the farmers in the Ohio valley states to put in a full breadth under entirely favorable circumstances and proper combinations of sunshine and moisture, which continued until cold weather set the plant into winter quarters with a sturdy growth and good color. In portions of Kansas and Nebraska the prolonged drought last summer extended into the period of seeding, interfering somewhat and rendering germination slow, but seasonable weather during the late fall and early winter was sufficient to offset the disadvantage of the late start. The entire season was favorable in California, while in Oregon the dry seed bed received moisture in time to secure good though late growth. The weather was generally mild over the whole area, and while the snowfall was comparatively light, it came when most needed, protecting the plant during the coldest weather. The Hessian fly, which was feared in December in the central west, is yet in abeyance, but the presence of the pest is noted in many localities and serious injury may follow should the early season prove favorable to its development. The general average for condition is the highest reported for April since 1882 and individual state averages are remarkable for their uniformity. It is 16 points higher than last year and 3 above the returns of 1889. The high April condition does not insure a large yield, but it indicates a strength and vitality which would enable the plant to withstand more than the ordinary vicissitudes of the season. The average of condition in the principal states are: New York, 92; Pennsylvania, 97; Tennessee, 98; Kentucky, 97; Ohio, 98; Michigan, 93; Indiana, 99; Illinois, 97; Missouri, 96; Kansas, 99; California, 99, and Oregon, 97. Returns make the percentages of losses among farm animals during the past year of horses 1.7; cattle, 3; sheep, 4; swine, 8.4. The percentage of loss of cattle is slightly higher than reported in 1888 and 1889, the scarcity of feed swelling the figures in proportion in Kansas and Nebraska. The losses of sheep are smaller than usual on account of better care, while less disease than usual is reported among swine, though there is a heavy loss in the region of last year's crop failures.
Judge Crouse Appointed.
WASHINGTON, April 11.-The president has at last filled the vacancy in the treasury caused by the resignation of General Batchelor to accept the mission to Portugal, and as was expected, Judge Lorenzo Crouse of Nebraska has received the appointment. Judge Crouse's fitness and qualifications for the position were first brought to the attention of the president by the senators some five or six weeks ago, and after he had made a careful investigation into Judge Crouse's qualifications the president decided to appoint him and gave Senator Manderson a hint of this character last week. It is expected that Judge Crouse will take the oath of office and enter upon his new duties immediately. Nebraska scored another point yesterday when the president appointed ex-Governor Robert W. Furnas to be commissioner-at-large to the world's fair and Columbian exposition. Ex-Governor Furnas was talked of for a

cabinet position and the geographical question was the only thing that prevented his appointment at the time the cabinet was formed. The appointment of Governor Furnas to this place is proof that the agricultural interests of the west will be well looked after in the exposition of 1893.
Will Not be Boycotted.
CHICAGO, April 11.-General Passenger Agent Eustis said that the Burlington will not be boycotted by eastern roads.
"Our objections," he continued, "to ceasing the payment of commissions where we were requested to do so by the board of rulings were based upon sound business principles. The board has answered them fully and freely with such guarantees that we can no longer wisely hold out, especially as a continuance of our present attitude, we are definitely told by the roads in question, will bring upon us the combined opposition of more than one hundred thousand miles of connecting lines, together with the assistance of many thousand miles more completing with us all through the country where we run. No government could maintain opposition to any policy whatever against the united attacks of enemies at home three to one, and enemies abroad fifteen to one. Conditioned therefore upon the faithful performance of promises received from them, we have today telegraphed the board of rulings that we will no longer use our 7,000 miles of road to interfere with their adoption of the policy which they have inaugurated, and that we will pay no commissions, in the prohibited territory for business after April 1. No, we are not committed to the advocacy of any policy for or against commissions. We have not been asked, we have simply agreed on certain conditions to remove ourselves from their way."
The Journal says: "What those conditions are could not, only in a general sense, be learned. It is safe to predict, however, and that, too, without violating any confidences, that they will not be carried out."
The Irish National League Passes Resolutions and Adjourns.
CINCINNATI, O., April 13.-The council of the Irish national league of America completed its work and adjourned subject to the call of the president. The following resolutions were adopted:
"Whereas, The executive committee of the Irish national league of America is without advice from the Irish national league at Dublin, and a question is presented requiring an interchange of views with Charles Stewart Parnell, president, and Timothy Harrington, secretary, of the last named organization; therefore, be it
Resolved, That the president and secretary be instructed to correspond with Messrs. Parnell and Harrington in reference to the matter aforesaid, and especially the letter of John Dillon received by our president and laid before this committee; that the president be authorized to suggest the good offices of this organization as arbitrator with a view to the restoration of harmony and the reconciliation of all differences in Ireland, and to this end that the president at once put himself in communication with the proper parties in Ireland; that we recommend a national convention in America, to be held not later than September, 1891, at Baltimore, and the president is hereby instructed to request the presence of Mr. Parnell, president of the Irish national league, and of the Irish members of parliament at such convention; that we learn with sincere regret of the illness of Hon. John F. Armstrong in his native land, an honored member of this body, and one of the most faithful and devoted Irishmen in America, who gave unstintingly of his time and money to the furtherance of true national principles. We miss his wise counsel and the manifestation of his unbending and sterling integrity, and trust in the providence of God he may be speedily restored to his family and friends and the service of his country; that we do now adjourn, subject to the call of the president, in order to further the work for which we are convened."
Signed by all the members.
Pan-Republican Congress.
WASHINGTON, April 13.-The central committee of the pan-republican congress paid a visit to the white house, headed by Judge Arnoux, who made a short address to the president, outlining the work accomplished and contemplated by the committee. The president made a brief response, expressing his interest in the movement and saying that while he could not speak officially without the authority of congress, his own feelings always have been in sympathy with all movements directed toward the enlargement of human rights. Within the last few years, he said, the nations of the earth have been brought to understand each other better, improved methods of communication had brought them closer together and had strengthened the bond of friendship and sympathy. The general committee of the pan-republican congress to be held in 1893 held its second regular meeting today. Champion S. Chase of Omaha presented the report of the committee on plan and scope and it was unanimously adopted. The executive committee reported a resolution providing that a committee of 200 be incorporated as a humane freedom league to continue as long as there is work for such committee to do. The purpose of this league is to support, maintain and bring about the proposed congress in 1893. It is empowered to establish branches in each state to further the cause.
Eugene Groom, a Des Moines, Ia., student, blew out his brains because of unrequited love.

SLEW HER CHILDREN.

AWFUL DEED OF A NEBRASKA INSANE WOMAN.
She Crushes the Heads of Her Two Children With an Axe and Then Kills Herself-Commendable Work in the Census Bureau at Washington-President Harrison's Western Trip-A Peculiar Pension Case from Kansas-The Coming Wheat Crop in California.
An Awful Tragedy in Nebraska.
HEMMA, Neb., April 10.-One of the most sickening and horrible tragedies that ever occurred was enacted here yesterday morning, and is evidently the outcome of a long cherished plan wrought in the brain of a mother as a result of sickness. Mr. Andrew Doll and his family, consisting of a wife aged 30, a boy and a daughter aged 7, have resided here for a long time and are well respected. Some years ago Mrs. Doll was taken ill and has never since fully recovered. Her disease developed into mania, during which she planned to murder her little ones and make away with herself. At the time her intentions were discovered, she was adjudged insane and sent to the state asylum, where she has been until recently, when she was pronounced cured and sent home. Her conduct since her return has been such as to dispel any suspicion of other than the fullest possession of her faculties, and the home had resumed its wonted tranquility and happiness so long lacked through her absence. Yesterday morning Mr. Doll rose and went to his work as usual, suspecting no harm. Shortly after his departure, however, Mr. Doll aroused her little ones from their slumbers, took them to the kitchen, and with an axe crushed their little heads to jelly. Taking up the bodies she replaced them in the bed, nailed up the door, went to the kitchen and drank a strong decoction of concentrated lye. Climbing out of a window she called to her neighbors to come and see her children whom she said she had slain. A crowd soon gathered and bursting open the door found Mrs. Doll in the kitchen in the agonies of death from the poison, and on the bed lay the almost lifeless but moaning little children.
The mother died in horrible convulsions at 9:30, and was shortly after followed by the son-the daughter lingering until later in the afternoon. Mr. Doll was summoned as hastily as possible, and is now almost a raving maniac, while the entire community is in a state of gloomy sorrow and horror.
Census Work.
WASHINGTON, April 10.-Superintendent Porter is making more rapid progress with the work upon the eleventh census than any of his predecessors in the last 100 years ever thought of making. The population schedules are all in and tabulated and all the figures by states, by races and under other varied heads have been published from time to time, leaving only the minor divisions, such as towns and villages, to be reported. The most important matters still pending are the statistics of manufactures, and the work upon them is progressing so rapidly that it will be but a short time before the first bulletins under this department will be ready for publication. Some of the opposition newspapers have from time to time jumped upon the work being done by Mr. Porter's bureau, but even the most bitter of these has had to acknowledge the value and importance of the work performed. Everything points now to the collation of statistics under the present census which for care and accuracy will be simply irrefragable, and notwithstanding the growling of some disappointed towns which are not as big as they thought themselves, the general verdict, judging from the letters constantly received, will be highly complimentary to the man placed in charge of the work by President Harrison.
President Harrison's Trip.
WASHINGTON, April 10.-The itinerary of the president's tour has been finally prepared. The personnel of the party is not finally determined, but it is believed that Mrs. Harrison and Mrs. Dimmick, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Secretary Rusk, Private Secretary Halford, Marshal Ramsdel and E. F. Tibbets, executive clerk, will accompany the president. Assistant General Passenger Agent Boyd of the Pennsylvania road will have general charge of the train, which will start from here next Tuesday morning, going via Chattanooga, Birmingham, Memphis, Galveston and Los Angeles to San Francisco and returning via Portland, Salt Lake City, Denver, Omaha, Springfield and Indianapolis. On the return trip the party will reach Lincoln, Neb., Wednesday, May 13, via the B. & M. road, and after a stop of an hour proceed to Omaha, remaining there until 6 p. m. Springfield, Ill., will be reached at 9:15 May 14, and after a stop of an hour, the train will proceed via Decatur to Indianapolis and thence return to Washington. The total distance traveled will be 9,060 miles.
A Peculiar Pension Case.
ATCHISON, Kan., April 10.-A pension case came to light in this city that seems to confirm the charges made in the newspapers that George E. Lemon, the Washington pension attorney, is favored by the pension bureau. Lucas Brooks, an old colored soldier several years ago employed Lemon to prosecute his claim under the old law. Discouraged by repeated failures he last week employed T. M. Pierce, an attorney of this place, to

file his application under the new law. Today he notified Mr. Pierce that his services were not needed, as he had just received intelligence from Washington that a pension had been allowed under the new law. He says he has never made application under the new law, as he was prepared until last week to take his chances under the old law. Brooks cannot write, but signs his name with a mark. Mr. Pierce, who is an old soldier, says Lemon has evidently been permitted by the pension bureau to substitute the papers filed under the old law, and thus obtain the pension provided by the late act. He has informed Attorney General Miller of the case.
The Coming Wheat Crop.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 10.-The Evening Post prints an interview with one of the leading grain merchants of the state, regarding the shortage in the European wheat crop, as follows:
"Everything indicates that the price of wheat will be higher this year than last. Six weeks ago the price commenced to go up rapidly and now is from \$1.55 to \$1.60 per cental. Our exporters are selling cargoes for August, September, October, November and December at the rate of \$1.50 or more here. The season's options are \$1.56 until June, and the year options are quoted at \$1.57. These options are the best indications of the prices which will prevail during and after the harvest, and the next crop will bring \$1.50 or more per cental. The acreage of wheat this year in California is very large, perhaps larger than ever before. Every part of the state is all right except the San Joaquin valley. There the rain fall has not been sufficient to give the growers any margin. If, however, during this month they should get two or three inches more of rain it will give the growers of the valley the largest crop perhaps they ever had.
Annual Report of the C. B. & Q.
BOSTON, Mass., April 10.-The annual report of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad has been given out. No mention is made of the Burlington & Northern. Gross earnings, \$27,726,000; operating expenses, taxes, rental and interest on bonds, etc., \$25,193,000; net earnings, \$2,533,000. Added to this were interest dividends received and net land receipts, making a total of \$3,517,000; dividends paid, 5 per cent, \$3,820,000, leaving a deficit of \$802,000.
The report says: "So large a part of the country served by the company's lines depends on the corn crop that any serious damage to that staple must affect the business. The effect of the bad crop will be only temporary, however. Our more serious difficulties come from laws which do not allow us to do business on business principles. The law prohibits pooling, the most convenient if not the only effective form of associated action, and it remains to be seen whether any substitute can be found to check the tendency to unreasonably low prices which always prevail with independent action. Without some method of effective co-operation competing lines must become bankrupt and in the end consolidate. There are signs of a growing belief, both in and out of congress, that the interstate law should be amended. The law has cost and is costing the country millions of dollars and that the public can find it for its interest to long maintain laws which make that property unnecessarily and unnaturally hazardous and unprofitable would seem impossible."
Wanamaker Coming West.
WASHINGTON, April 9.-Postmaster General Wanamaker and Secretary of the Navy Tracy have decided to accompany President Harrison on his "swing around the circle." Private Secretary Halford has not yet decided whether he will be able to go, and will be governed largely by the condition of his wife's health. Mrs. McKee will also probably make one of the party, although that has not been definitely decided, either. The party will leave here on Tuesday of next week.
An export duty on hides has been imposed on Uruguay.
At the meeting of the Union League club in New York a letter was read from Father Thomas E. Sherman, acknowledging the receipt of and extending the thanks of the family for resolutions adopted on the death of his father, General Sherman.
LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.
Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Kansas.
OMAHA.
Butter-Creamery..... 25 @ 28
Butter-Country Roll..... 18 @ 20
Wheat-Per bushel..... 12 91 @ 12 50
Eggs-Fresh..... 12 @ 12 1/2
Honey, per lb..... 13 @ 14
Cheese-Edam..... 11 @ 12
Turkeys-Dressed..... 13 @ 15
Oranges..... 2 50 @ 3 00
Onions-Per bushel..... 2 00 @ 2 25
Lemons..... 3 00 @ 3 50
Beets-Per bushel..... 2 75 @ 3 00
Carrots-Per bushel..... 2 00 @ 2 25
Beans-Navy..... 2 50 @ 3 00
Wool-Fine, unwashed, per lb..... 16 @ 17
Beets-Per bushel..... 1 15 @ 1 30
Potatoes..... 2 75 @ 3 00
Apples-Per bushel..... 6 00 @ 6 50
Hay-Per ton..... 11 00 @ 12 00
Hogs-Mixed packing..... 4 50 @ 4 80
Hogs-Heavy weights..... 4 70 @ 4 80
Beaves-Choice steers..... 4 80 @ 5 25
Sheep-Natives..... 2 75 @ 3 10
NEW YORK.
Wheat-No. 2 red..... 1 15 1/2 @ 1 16 1/2
Corn-No. 2..... 77 @ 78 1/2
Oats-Mixed western..... 57 @ 58 1/2
Pork..... 13 25 @ 13 75
Lard..... 6 80 @ 6 85
CHICAGO.
Wheat-Per bushel..... 1 02 @ 1 02
Corn-Per bushel..... 66 @ 66 1/2
Oats-Per bushel..... 52 @ 52 1/2
Pork..... 13 25 @ 13 75
Lard..... 6 80 @ 6 85
Hogs-Packing and shipping..... 4 90 @ 5 25
Cattle-Prime steers..... 4 70 @ 5 25
Sheep-Natives..... 5 00 @ 5 25
ST. LOUIS.
Wheat-Cash..... 1 03 @ 1 03 1/2
Corn-Per bushel..... 66 @ 66 1/2
Oats-Per bushel..... 52 @ 52 1/2
Hogs-Mixed packing..... 4 50 @ 4 80
Cattle-Feeders..... 3 50 @ 4 00
KANSAS CITY.
Wheat-No. 2..... 91 @ 91 1/2
Corn-No. 2..... 68 @ 68 1/2
Oats-No. 2..... 57 @ 57 1/2
Cattle-Stockers and feeders..... 3 25 @ 4 15
Hogs-Mixed..... 3 25 @ 4 85