

IN THREE DISTRICTS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE IN THE STATE OF NEBRASKA.

Figures that show the Election of One Democrat and Two Alliance Men—All Republican Candidates Defeated—Matters in Connection With the World's Fair—The Next Congress—The Irish Patriots' Visit to Canada.

The Nebraska Congressional Vote.

FIRST DISTRICT.—Following is the complete vote for congress in the First district with the exception of Roof's vote in Pawnee county. It shows Bryan's plurality over Connel to be 5,135:

Counties.	Connell.	Bryan.	Roof.
Cass	1,775	2,353	882
Douglas	2,345	2,199	1,301
Gage	941	839	937
Lancaster	4,539	3,975	3,521
Lincoln	1,044	1,038	930
Osceola	1,213	2,225	1,165
Pawnee	1,219	979	917
Richardson	501	960	230
Sarpy	1,079	311	2,357
Sumner	1,079	311	2,357
Totals	25,907	31,442	19,783

SECOND DISTRICT.—Returns have been received from all the counties in the Second district. Two of these are not official but the result will not be materially changed. The showing gives McKeighan a majority of 14,707 over Harlan.

Counties.	Harlan.	McKeighan.
Adams	1,488	2,229
Bullard	285	2,288
Clay	1,329	2,996
Chase	357	595
Dundy	358	444
Fillmore	4,305	2,317
Franklin	581	1,032
Frontier	536	1,185
Grant	199	708
Harrison	310	754
Jefferson	1,078	1,062
Kimball	450	1,029
Lincoln	1,238	1,426
Logan	750	1,251
Madison	802	1,410
Polk	580	1,582
Phelps	487	1,582
Red Willow	787	910
Saline	1,688	2,930
Thayer	2,371	2,930
Wayne	1,109	1,564
Webster	942	1,390
York	1,800	1,944
Totals	29,250	34,967

THIRD DISTRICT.—The four counties yet to hear from are in the Third district and are thinly populated. They will not cast over 1,200 votes and the result will not be materially changed. Kem's plurality over Dorsey is now 5,359 and over Thompson 8,321. The vote in the counties marked with stars is not official:

Counties.	Dorsey.	Thompson.	Kem.
Antelope	567	292	1,316
Banner	225	130	210
Blaine	111	29	104
Boone	700	150	1,100
Box Butte	421	319	814
Brown	317	281	338
*Buffalo	1,010	605	3,326
*Cedar	437	1,259	1,569
Cheyenne	599	571	418
Cherry	555	375	310
Colfax	419	1,124	1,233
Cuming	907	1,697	231
Custer	1,494	429	2,630
Dakota	414	434	2,324
Dawson	817	577	1,444
*Deshler	225	179	140
Dixon	639	515	564
Dodge	1,534	2,069	62
Garfield	156	6	225
Grant	66	66	38
Greeley	124	158	661
Hall	960	1,650	1,290
Holt	908	433	1,263
Howard	569	628	878
Hooker	.....	.....	.....
*Keya Paha	.....	.....	.....
Keith	175	134	159
Kimball	136	60	3
Knox	723	329	723
Lincoln	779	428	999
Logan	.....	.....	.....
Loup	130	21	165
Madison	908	829	1,150
McPherson	.....	.....	.....
*Merrick	625	367	902
Sanborn	281	97	444
Perkins	295	177	444
Pierce	293	493	344
Platte	1,440	1,345	1,450
Rock	322	146	282
Scott's Bluff	205	66	111
*Sheridan	700	350	850
Sherman	575	179	1,234
Sioux	150	125	164
Stanton	315	385	100
*Thomas	50	30	41
Thurston	427	225	32
Valley	407	285	807
Washington	702	1,215	924
Wayne	443	564	299
*Wheeler	151	40	291
Totals	24,675	21,713	30,084

World's Fair Organization.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 6.—Director General Davis and Secretary Dickinson of the World's Columbian exposition have issued a circular letter to the members of the national commission, in reference to the citizens in various states and territories organizing for the purpose of securing proper representation at the world's fair, making arrangements for their exhibits, raising funds and getting proper measures through the legislature. Attention is called to the commendable promptness with which the people of the state of California held a state convention to inaugurate the matter, and the legislature of Iowa, appropriating \$50,000 for preliminary expenses, with another appropriation to be made next year. A state convention of citizens is commended as one of the best plans, and permanent organization should be effected to carry on the work in the different states and territories. The commissioners will be requested to visit the legislatures this winter and use their best endeavors to see that the plan of organization is adopted.

Ninety-five Majority.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The Evening Star summing up the returns says that 206 democrats and 113 republicans are certainly elected. Four districts in West Virginia, six in California and one each in Rhode Island, Montana and North Dakota are left undetermined. This would make the democratic majority in the next house about ninety-five.

The Irish Patriots in Canada.

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 8.—Sir John McDonald said that if Dillon and O'Brien came to Canada they could not be prevented from exercising the right of free speech. They were British subjects and members of par-

liament, and even if they were subjects of a foreign country with which England was not at peace, they could not be molested. He felt sure no attempt would be made to interfere with their movement.

Miscellaneous Election Echoes.

Iowa, six democrats, five republicans. Indiana, ten democrats, three republicans. Kentucky nine democrats, two republicans.

It was an off year for republicans in most quarters.

Kansas, one democrat, five alliance, one republican.

Ten democrats and two republicans will be Tennessee's representation in the next congress.

The result of the vote has been confirmed showing that Pierre is the permanent capital of South Dakota by a large and decisive majority.

Advices from various points in Nevada indicate the election of Colcord, rep., for governor and Bartine, rep., for congress by a majority between 5,000 and 6,000.

Senator Calvin S. Brice telegraphs Chairman Phelps of the state central democratic committee: "Congratulations, Ohio elects fourteen democratic congressmen, a gain of nine. McKinley and Foster both defeated."

W. J. Bryan sent the following message from Lincoln: "To my friends in Douglas county:—I wish to express my high appreciation of your loyal support and earnest work, which has led to such a splendid victory for tariff reform. The interests of Omaha will receive a full share of my attention and your people will have a warm place in my heart." W. J. BRYAN.

A Girl's Horrible Crime.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 4.—One of the most terrible murders known in the history of Erie county was committed at Akron, twenty-four miles east of this city. A young woman named Sarah McMullen, aged nineteen, enticed Delia Brown, aged six years and Nellie May Connors, aged ten, to the Akron cement works narrow gauge railroad bridge at a height of sixty-five feet over Murder creek. All of a sudden she pushed them off the bridge into the precipice below. Nellie was instantly killed but Delia Brown lives to tell the horrible tale, although terribly mangled. It is thought she will recover. The missing girls were found about 2 o'clock this morning.

After committing the act Sarah McMullen returned to the house where she was living and said: "I am going away. Perhaps you will not see me again." She went to a milldam and jumped into the water but was seen and rescued. No reason is assigned for the terrible deed, and it is believed that the McMullen girl is insane.

Lucky to be Alive.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—In an interview in a local paper Chairman Jones of the republican state central committee, speaking of the election, says: "I tell you we will do well if we come out of this fight with our bodies. It is a fight to the school house issue. It is well enough in an American ward for republicans to get out and make fight for the 'little red school house' and that sort of thing, but it is not practical politics this year. The republican party in Illinois has enough to do to fight the democrats alone without taking up all the 'isms' that come up."

A Lone Highwayman's Work.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 8.—masked man stopped a buggy containing Walter Thomas and James Poter near Independence last night and compelled them to give up all their valuables. This Missouri Black Bart held his revolver so hard against the face of young Thomas that it left a red ring on his cheek. Although both young men were armed they did not get a chance to draw their weapons on the lone highwayman.

Going to Indiana.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 6.—Messrs. Armour, Swift and Morris, the three big packers, have confirmed the reported purchase of 3,700 acres in Lake county, Indiana, for stock yards purposes. They paid on an average of about \$180 per acre for the land, making a total cost of a little over \$650,000. In an interview Mr. Armour said: "The reason we have taken this move is to save \$4 on every car that is switched into our present plant. Switching charges are \$2 each way, while down in the new place the thing could be done for 50 cents. One million dollars put into a plant there would be able to buck against the \$23,000,000 capital invested at the Union stock yards. Work will be begun in a few weeks and the yards ought to be completed some time within the next two years."

Dan Kelliher of Boston and the Black Pearl of Minneapolis fought for \$1,000. At the end of the twentieth round the fight was awarded to the Pearl. Kelliher claimed a fowl, which in all probability will be allowed.

The Canadian customs department has made a ruling that Louisiana lottery advertisements and other matter may be received by the various posts, but that persons to whom they are sent shall be subject to prosecution by the legal authorities.

A Poner for Dewey.

Chauncey Dewey was relating in his Syracuse address his experience on Farmer Everts' domain in Vermont, and how champagne and milk had been set out for his edification with the remark that "they both cost the same," when a tall farmer far back in the crowd, who had been literally drinking in every word Mr. Dewey said, yelled out the unanswerable and literally stunning inquiry, "Say, Chauncey, which did you take?"—Exchange.

DETAILS OF THE VOTE

HOW THE VARIOUS STATES WENT ON TUESDAY LAST.

The Democrats Make Great Gains and Will Control the Next House by a Large Majority—McKinley Defeated in Ohio—The Result in Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, New York, Ohio and Numerous Other States.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—The republican state committee on unofficial returns received from seventy-five counties and the remainder estimated claim that the republican plurality on the head of the state ticket will be between 14,000 and 15,000. The committee concedes the defeat of McKinley (rep.) for congress by about 200 and Foster (rep.) by 75 or 100. The democratic candidates in other close congressional districts received majorities ranging from 500 upward, except Cosgrove at Cincinnati, who is defeated by Storer (rep.) by 2,700. One of the most remarkable democratic gains was in the Eleventh district, where Pattison (dem.) is elected by 3,100, with a gain of 1,500 over last fall's vote. The republican committee concedes that the delegation to congress will stand seven republicans and fourteen democrats.

CANTON, O., Nov. 6.—Unless the official count in Stark and Holmes counties changes, McKinley is defeated by 227 votes.

The republican state committee still claim the election of Poorman (rep) in the Seventh district over Pearson. Major McKinley said this afternoon, to an associated press reporter, that while conceding his probable defeat by a small majority, he is satisfied with the result. He said the issue was between the protection tariff and a tariff for revenue only, clear and distinct, and nothing else entered into the canvass.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 5.—The vote for governor shows an overwhelming democratic victory. The returns on votes for minor state officers are not complete. The democrats elect Trefrey auditor over Lord, the present incumbent, by about 5,000 plurality, but the republicans elect lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer and attorney general.

Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 5.—The democratic committee claim the election of Dixon to congress by 450 majority. The republican committee claims the state for Carter by 125. The democrats claim four state senators and concede the republicans two with two in doubt. The republicans claim five state senators. The contest is very close all around and it may take the official vote to decide it.

Michigan.

DETROIT, Nov. 5.—Late returns from the state make it reasonably safe to predict that the democrats will control the next house by a large majority.

COOPER (rep.); Second, Barwig (dem.); Third, Bushnell (dem.); Fourth, Mitchell (dem.); Fifth, Brickner (dem.); Sixth, Miller (dem.); Seventh, Coburn (dem.); Eighth, doubtful; Ninth, Lynch (dem.).

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 7.—Official returns from the First district today show the election of Clinton Babbitt (dem.) over A. H. Cooper (rep.). This leaves only one republican congressman, Haughen, in the Eighth district, who has about 1,000 majority, and Bailey (dem.) threatens to make a contest. The legislature will probably elect ex-Secretary Vilas to succeed Senator Spooner. Peck (dem.) for governor has a majority of about 30,000.

Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—Yesterday's election changed considerably the political complexion of Missouri. The democrats send a full delegation to congress, with one exception. They elect their state ticket and will have a majority on joint ballot in the legislature. Returns are coming in slowly and several days will elapse before the official vote will be given. The chairman of the state democratic central committee said that Wade (rep.) had defeated Fyan in the Thirteenth congressional district.

Delaware.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 5.—Complete returns from the whole state give Reynolds (dem.) for governor 445 majority and Causey (dem.) for congress 514 majority. The city of Wilmington has gone 414 republican on the head of the head of the ticket. The republicans elect their county ticket in Newcastle county by 326 majority. The next legislature will stand: Senate—Democrats 5, republicans 4. House—Democrats 14, republicans 7. There is no United States senator to be elected. The prohibitionists, who had a full ticket in the field, polled about 450 votes in the whole state.

New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 5.—Late returns give the democrats increased majorities in both branches of the legislature. The senate will stand democrats 13, republicans 7. The assembly will stand democrats 42, republicans 17.

North Carolina.

RALPHIGH, N. C., Nov. 5.—The majorities for the democratic state ticket is estimated at 40,000. The congressional delegation stands eight democrats and one republican. The legislature is largely democratic.

IOWA. DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 6.—Complete returns from fifty counties on the head of the ticket received by the Register show a net republican gain of 5,135 over last year. If the gain continues in the same ratio the state ticket will be elected by 3,000 to 5,000 majority with the possible exception of railway commissioner.

Returns from one-third of the state show democratic gains sufficient to wipe out the republican majority of two years ago and give a small democratic majority. The congressional delegation will stand as follows, as it now appears: First, Serley (dem.); Second, Hayes (dem.); Third, Henderson (rep.); Fourth, Butler (dem.); Fifth, Hamilton (dem.); Sixth, White Seventh, Hayes for short and Hull for full term (both reps.); Eighth, Flick (rep.); Ninth, Bowman (dem.); Tenth, Doliver (rep.); Eleventh, Perkins (rep.).

DES MOINES, Nov. 6.—The state ticket in Iowa is remarkably close. Full returns from eighty-one counties, and the balance computed at the average per cent of the counties heard from, show the election of McFarland, republican candidate for secretary of state, by a plurality of 1,700. As McFarland leads the republican ticket it is probable that one-half or more of the democratic state ticket is elected. The proposition to call a convention to revise the constitution is overwhelmingly defeated.

Kansas.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 6.—Latest returns give Case Broderick (rep) for congress from the First district, an election over Colonel Moonlight. Moonlight concedes his defeat. The Star's Salina, Kas., special says Davis (independent and farmers' alliance) will be elected to congress in the Fifth district by 500 plurality. The same paper's Springfield, Mo., special says Gynno (dem.) has a safe majority of 1,500 over Wade (rep.) for congress in the Seventh and Thirteenth districts.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 6.—Estimates of the result of the legislature in Kansas gives the following figures: Republicans 75; anti-republican, including farmers' alliance and democrats, 90. Of the 75 republican about 15 senators have pledged themselves to vote according to the will of the people of their districts, as expressed in the vote for representatives. Nine of these districts returned alliance men.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 7.—The official canvass is being made to-night at Tepeka and has progressed far enough to show that the entire state ticket has been elected, with the exception of A. B. Kellogg, who is defeated for re-election for attorney general by Ives, the farmers' alliance candidate. The republican majority is placed at 10,000. The Kansas delegation will stand two republicans and five farmers' alliance. The legislature is still believed to be a farmers' alliance one.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The Tribune (rep.) finds the result in the state legislature on joint ballot to be as follows: Republicans 102, democrats 100, farmers 2. This would make a tie vote on joint ballot if the farmers' alliance men should vote with the democrats or give a majority of four should they vote with the republicans.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The associated press reports show that the democrats will have on joint ballot 81 votes against 70 for the republicans. This insures the election of a democratic successor to Senator Everts.

North Dakota.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns indicate that the legislature will have 60 republicans out of 93 members, the balance being divided between the democrats and independents. The entire state republican ticket and Johnson (rep) for congress are elected.

West Virginia.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 6.—The republicans concede a solid democratic congressional delegation. Pendleton carries the First district by 300, Wilson the Second by 1,200, Anderson the Third by 1,500 and Capehart the Fourth by 400.

Washington.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 6.—Returns and estimates from all counties give Wilson (rep.) for congress a plurality of 6,000. Olympia for capitol has 17,000 majority. The republicans have a heavy majority in the legislature.

Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 6.—Unofficial returns from the fifteen counties in the Second congressional district give Breckinridge (dem.) a vote of 5,164, and Langley (rep.) 4,662. Breckinridge's majority is 502, and any changes that may be made will be in his favor. The election of Cate in the First district is conceded. Arkansas will send a solid democratic delegation to congress.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Complete returns on the state legislature show that the republicans have a majority of 55 on joint ballot. Alex K. Craig (dem) is elected to congress from the Twenty-fourth district, defeating Andrew J. Stuart over 10,000 votes. This district in 1888 gave a republican majority of 4,338. Complete figures have now been received from every district in the state. The new delegation will stand 17 republicans and 11 democrats, a democratic gain of 4.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Alex. K. Craig, democrat, is elected to congress from the Twenty-fourth district, defeating Andrew J. Stewart by over 1,000 votes. This district in 1888 gave a republican majority of 4,338. Complete figures are now received

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INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 6.—Hall the townships in the state in the returns show an average democratic gain of 20 per cent to the township. This will make the state democratic by about 20,000. The democrats elect eleven out of thirteen congressmen. The legislature will be democratic on joint ballot by sixty-eight.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—Official returns from the state at large are just beginning to come in. The only republicans elected to congress are Waugh in the Sixth and Johnson in the Ninth district. Both houses of the legislature are democratic, with a majority of sixty-nine on joint session.

Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 6.—It is safe to predict from the late returns that the state is democratic by 10,000 majority and that the legislature will be democratic on the fusion vote with the Patrons of Industry. The democrats elect congressmen in the First and Second, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Tenth districts, the republicans in the Third, Fourth and Eighth. The republicans claim the Eleventh district and that the Ninth is going in their favor, but the democrats claim both districts as doubtful.

CONNECTICUT. HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 6.—The Courant's revised figures give the republicans seven and the democrats seventeen senators and show 133 republicans and 119 democrats in the house, a republican majority of 4 on joint ballot. The vote for governor stands at present: Merwin, (rep.) 63,967, Morris (dem.) 67,663, Augur (pro.) 3,469, scattering 257. In this calculation fourteen towns.

New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 7.—All the towns in the state, except two, give Tuttle (rep.) for governor 42,405, Amsden (dem.) 42,378, Fletcher 1,289. McKinney (dem.) for congressman from the First district has 1,131 plurality. A conference of republicans to consider the legislative situation was held today and a canvassing committee appointed to report later.

Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 6.—Official and unofficial, but complete and estimated returns from all but seven counties of the state give Merriam (rep.) 83,658, Wilson (dem.) 76,345. Plurality for Merriam, 7,313. The remaining counties are expected to cut this plurality down, and the republican committee is claiming Merriam's election by over 1,000, while the democrats claim 600 for Wilson.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Complete returns received this evening from more than one-half the precincts in California outside of San Francisco, and from about two-thirds of the precincts in this city give Markham (rep.) for governor, more than 10,000 plurality over Pond (dem.), and also show the republicans have carried the entire state ticket by a generally similar plurality and the entire republican ticket in this city with the exception of one minor office.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 7.—Fifteen hundred and twenty precincts, including 262 precincts in San Francisco, give Markham (rep.) for governor 103,645, Pond (dem.) 94,307. This leaves 671 precincts to hear from, many of which are small mountain districts. The returns represent a total of nearly 200,000 votes. The total vote at the last presidential election was 250,000.

The republicans have elected the entire state ticket. The only places where the result is in doubt are the First and Second congressional districts. The republicans have carried the other four.

HURON, S. D., Nov. 6.—The returns now indicate the re-election of A. C. Millette (rep.) governor by from 3,000 to 5,000 majority, although the independents claim Louck's election. The legislature will be independent on joint ballot, they having elected 94 out of 169 members.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 7.—The independents have conceded the election of the republican state ticket, and the latest reports indicate the election of a republican majority in the legislature. Pierre has been made the permanent capital. Chairman Miller of the democratic committee concedes the election of the republican congressmen and most of the state ticket, but claims the governor and enough of the legislature to give the majority to the alliance and democrats.

Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Nov. 6.—Oklahoma territory went republican. Harvey, republican candidate for delegate to congress, was elected by 1,873 plurality.

Pere Hyacinthe's Crusade.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Pere Hyacinthe has commenced a campaign against clericalism in his own church with a vigorous address. He said that the republic was firmly established, but after leaning toward Ateism there was now danger of its lapsing into clericalism. The pupils of the Jesuits, he said, were beginning to swarm in the military colleges, and the republic threatened to become a clerical government after the most bigoted pattern of the South American republics. He thought this was due to the republicans shutting their eyes to the power of religion in society, and he advocated the national churches in rejecting the authority of the pope, allowing priests to marry and abolishing the confessional.

Chairman Buchanan, of the republican central committee of Kansas, concedes the defeat of six out of the seven republican candidates for congress.

Harrison's Thanksgiving Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The following is the proclamation by the president of the United States:

By the grace and favor of Almighty God the people of this nation have been led to the closing days of the passing year, which have been full of the blessings of peace and the comfort of plenty. A bountiful compensation has come to us for the work of our minds and our hands in every department of human industry. Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Thursday, November 27, to be observed as a day of prayer and thanksgiving, and I do invoke the people upon that day to cease from their labors, to meet in their accustomed houses of worship and to join in rendering gratitude and praise to our beneficent Creator for the rich blessings he has granted us as a nation and invoking a continuance of His protection and grace for the future. I commend to my fellow citizens the privilege of remembering the poor, homeless and sorrowful. Let us endeavor to merit the promised recompense for charity and gracious acceptance of our praise.

In testimony whereof I have heretofore set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and the independence of the United States the one hundred and fiftieth.

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