## ABOUT NEBRASKA

-Counterfeit silver dollars and dimes are circulating quite freely at Omaha. -Plans have been agreed upon for a new court house at Fremont. The

for the creamery project at Blooming-ton. There is said to be no doubt about the balance forthcoming at an early day.

-A Norfolk dispatch reports that publie interest in the Soulier case, and the subsequent shooting of Dr. Kelley, superintendent of the insane asylum, has about subsided, although occasional remarks are heard. It is now stated baby, but of darker color, and George Oliver is charged with being the father. Oliver has left the country and his whereabouts are not known.

-A recent measure passed by the house is a bill for glass ballot boxes in cities of 5,000 or over, after the Colorado style. Each box is to have three keys, which are kept by different judges, and the box cannot be opened except by using all three keys.

-The house bill for abolishing state oil inspection was indefinitely postponed, and in its stead the senate has refuse to allow. Warfare is expected. before it a bill for a higher test and better inspection.

-Among the bills in the legislature now in process of consideration is one for the protection of merchants and farmers who furnish provisions or fodder to contractors on railroads. If the latter fail to pay up the debt, it is to be a lien on the railroad for two years.

-Suit has been begun in the district court of Dodge county by Miss Minnie Rynold and her sister, Mrs. Frank wreck on the Elkhorn road which occurred a short distance from Fremont on the night of November 4. Their injuries were quite severe, and they have been laid up in consequence of them during the winter.

-A. K. Dunkle, superintendent of the Hall county poor farm for the past two or three years was found in a cellar with a broken leg. He says he was robbed and thrown into the cellar.

-Representative Sweet, of Merrick county, has introduced a bill that proposes to establish a state inspectorship of liquors similar to the oil inspection. Mr. Sweet says that if liquor is sold people shall have a pure article of grain juice. He is opposed to benzine, tovacco wash, strychnine and other strengthening flavors being allowed in the drinks of American citizens.

-Mr. Cady has introduced a bill designed to submit a constitutional amendment to the people making railroad commissions elective by popular vote. The measure provides for three commissioners, one to be elected annually for three years, thus leaving two comsalary of a commissioner is set at \$3,000. Mr. Coleman, of Antelope county, has introduced a similar bill.

-Sheriff Wedgwood arrived in Grand Island the other day, having in custody William Rutherford, charged with burning a barn and stealing horses belonging to Staphen Jones, of Wood River. Rutherford worked for Jones last summer under the name of William Hendricks. He pleads guilty to the charge of grand larceny, but denies all knowl-

edge of the barn burning. -The general merchandise firm of Williams & Dahl, at Dodge, has failed. -The Lincoln Journal says the cold enap makes it settled that pork packing will go on at West Lincoln all summer. An immense tonnage of ice is now being

harvested for use in the cooling rooms

and for icing the refrigerator cars. -A joint resolution has been passed by the legislature urging the Nebraska delegation in congress to favor the bill that proposes to pension survivors of the rebellion who are over fifty years of age. Also a similar resolution in favor of the deep water harbor on the coast of Texas.

-Newport has commenced proceedings in the supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel the canvasing board to count Gracy and Lay precincts, which were thrown out by the county clerk and two so-called disinterested parties selected by him. As soon as this is done the contest will at once be com menced

· -W. W. Drummond, superintendent of the city schools at Plattsmouth, has sued the Herald for \$15,000 for libel.

-The hospital barn belonging to Dr. Carl Schioedte, veterinary surgeon, Grand Island, was burned to the ground, together with all contents including four horses, grain, harness, buggy, hay, etc. Three of the animals belonged to Dr. Schieodte and the fourth, a fine young animal valued at \$250, belonged to John Wallichs, formerly state auditor of Ne-

-Mr. Curyes, of Illinois, offers to locate a creamery and canning factory in Greenwood, Cass county, if the citizens will donate him the necessary

-Mrs. M. A. Hitchcock, of Fremont, she is daily in receipt of applications from temperance speakers and workers in other states who desire to come to Nebrasks and assist in the prohibition cacraign in this state. She says, however, that the policy of the W. C. T. U. will be to not begin the campaign for perhaps a year yet. Then it will made red hot until the election.

-A dog with pronounced symptoms of hydrophobia attacked William Oswald, living near Odell, and badly lacerated his leg.

left for that point.

wants of Madison -The foundation of the new \$25,000 high school buildidg at Crete is completed, and the work will be pushed to completion after March 15.

The latest freak of nature reported from Nevada county is an eight-legged calf. -Pierce expects a big boom with the

opening of a large cattle ranch near town and the deput of the Omaha t

-A detachment of the Salvation army is about to move on Wymore, barracks having already been secured. -Hooper's business men have organ-

rusts -A Schuyler young lady is said to have been the recipient of \$1,000 as a birthday present from her father.

zed a union and will steer clear of

The Winnebago Indians are refusing the county seat.

-Sufficient stock has been subscribed to insure the success of the Inter-State Driving Park association at Nebraska

-There are about thirty thousand of the sixty-five thousand sheep which were fed in Douglas county this winter still remaining

-Howard M. Blake, of Boston, superintendent of construction of the New building will be 120x85 feet, and of brick York life insurance building in Omaha, with stone trimmings.

Forty-four shares have been taken and was instantly killed.

fell down the elevator a few nights ago and passed over. The point was raised that commercial banks would evade the -A man was brought into Omaha po-

lice station last week with both feet badly frozen. He walked into the city from Papillion early in the morning, and not having proper covering for his feet, froze them. Dr. Ralph ordered him sent to St. Joseph's hospital, and may save his simplify local administration of affairs. having proper covering for his feet, froze feet from amputation.

-Dodge county presents the spectacle that Miss Soulier's baby was not a white of a man eighty-two years of age in the role of a bridegroom. His name is James Hensel, and he has outlived two

> -Fairbury's creamery, which has been closed for some time, recommenced large extent. Scoville thought the bil operations the 1st of March. -A hotel, billiard hall and two small buildings were destroyed by fire at De-

catur last week. Loss, \$6,000; insurance, \$2,000. -The Omaha bricklayers' union wil

-Wm. Rutherford, charged with ar-Island, has been bound over in the sum of \$1,000 in each case.

gaid to be locating in Illinois this year. erected in Cozad this year.

-Measles are quite prevalent in Geneva, among both children and adults. in Nemaha City have leased the opera was diminished. Every amendment was Hoagland, against the Fremont, Elk- house and will not allow any more danc- voted down, and, after some time spent horn & Missouri Valley railroad for \$50,- ing in it. The Times remarks: "Thus in filibustering, the bill was reported 000 damages. These ladies were in a one evil is crushed out in Nemaha and back and put on its passage. The final vote stood 79 yeas and 7 nays. Those the work of reformation still goes on."

> -J. M. Linville, residing several miles northeast of Broken Bow, is in dozen for money borrowed. The amount raised by this crooked method is nearly sixteen hundred dollars, and the whole amount will be a total loss to

osed of at the next term of court in Custer county.

-The Union Pacific has decided to vestibuled train. It is also intended to fit up the regular passengear cars with

-Work will be begun on several important enterprises in Crete as soon a the weather will permit. Among them missioners always holding over. The a first-class system of water works, to cost not less than \$25,000.

## THE NEBRASKA SENATE AND HOUSE. Proceedings of the Upper and Lower Branch

of the Nebraska Assembly. In the senate on the 25th several bills were considered in committee of the whole. After much patching it approved Raymond's bill creating liens on railroads for merchandise, provisions or fodder furnished contractors building such roads. The committee killed a bill abolishing the days of grace on notes, checks and drafts payable on demand. The bucket shop bill came up county seat. The bill was recommendand its opponents secured further delay by adjourning. In the house, as this

was the last day on which bills could be introduced, a large number were sent up. Among them were the following: municipal purposes of railroad property Providing for the selection of three railroad commissioners. Requiring all children between seven and fifteen to attend some public school taught in the English language. To prohibit bookmaking and pool selling. To amend the state constitution so as to provide for the election of three railroad commissioners. To provide for a state inspector of malt, spirituous and vinous liquors. To provide for and regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors for necessary quiring or holding real estate in this purposes; to prohibit the manufacture. sale, keeping for sale or in any manner disposing of intoxicating liquors except for pharmaceutical, medical, chemical and sacramental purposes, and to provide remedies and penalties for the violation of the same, and for the repeal of chapter 50 of the compiled statutes of the state of Nebraska of 1887, entitled, "Liquors." For the recovery of damages of an employe from the negligence and carelessness of engineers and other employes of railroad companies doing business in the state or organized in the state, and to provide for the collection

of attorney fees of attorney-at-law when

employed by persons to recover persona

damages against railroad companies, and to provide for the manner of giving noin of their supportment In the senate on the 26th four bills were passed. One provides that when the last day of grace on a note or other commercial paper falls on Sunday, such paper shall be due on the Saturday preceding. Another makes it unlawful for an officer of a city or village to be or become interested, directly or indirectpresident of the state W. C. T. U., says ly, in any contract with his municipality. The penalty for an offending city court from commuting death sentences. officer is a fine of \$1,000 to \$5,000; for a village officer, \$100 to \$1,000. fourth measure was a house bill making the commissioner of public lands and buildings a custodian to receive from to shippers on forty-eight hours' notice the United States surveyor general or was placed on the general file. A bill by land titles in Nebraska, including all The house took up, as special orders, surveys made under the authority of the government. Raymond's railroad Australian ballot, and Baker's bill, prolien bill, which has been under fire sev- viding for a general registration law for -Representative Sargeant at Custer eral times, reached its third reading villages and cities of \$1,000 inhabitants last week received the sad news of the after many vicissitudes and on the verge and over. The registration bill was first death of his father at Greely, Ia., and of passage was sent back to the engross- considered. The bill is a very long ing committee to correct a clerical er--Houses to rent is one of the present ror in an amendment. In the house bills were passed: Fixing the fees of county treasurers and providing that only one commission on taxes should be collected. A bill authorizing the issuing material changes. The modified Austraof injunctions and orders of a similar nature on Sunday; and a bill for the appointment of a stenographer of each district court, and prohibiting him from practising law in the district. House roll 105, to prohibit the publishing of all lottery advertisements. House roll 146. declaring dogs to be "property," and levying a tax against all male dogs of \$1 and females \$3. The Gilbert usury bill failed to pass. The Omaha charter bill, after various amendments, was passed. The house then took up the Weber bill, compelling railroads to list their proper-

special order for February 28, at 2:30.

In the senate on the 27th two bills were killed. Senate File 170, Pope's to sign the petition to form the new were killed. Senate File 170, Pope's county of Blackbird, with Pender for Pullman bill, was indefinitely postponed on recommendation of the railroad committee. Another bill covering the same ground, but obviating some of the legal objections, is in the commit-tee. The other bill was Senate File 188, which provided for transfer passenger tickets. Mr. Fink's insurance bill was recommended for passage and went on general file. The Raymond banking bill was discussed. The committee's amendment exempting savings banks from the clause regulating capital stock according to population was objected to law by establishing a savings department. The bill was sent back to the ommittee for change. In the house bills on third reading that relate to county and township organization were

House roll 184, a bill compelling adjacent owners to pay one-half of the value of a lawful line fence, was passed. Majors moved to go into committee of the whole to consider senate file 3, the Ransom valued policy bill. Carried. Speaker Watson warmly defended the bill and said it would prevent litigation to a very of vital importance, and that the best interests of the people demanded its passage. Burnham thought the legislature, by passing this measure, was put-ting a premium on arson, and that incendiary fires would light up the horiask for nine hours' pay for eight hours' that the edict has gone forth that the work this season, which the contractors bill must be passed just as it came from bill must be passed just as it came from zon in every direction. Mr. Hall stated the senate. For his part, he was glad this bill was before the house. It gave son and with horse stealing at Grand the members a chance to make a record. When a bill reducing railroad charges was up for discussion the members were -A good many Illinois people are very timid, but now they all seemed to be a unit in favor of this measure aimed Twenty new business houses will be at the insurance companies. There was not a single petition in favor of this bill on file in the house. Every time an insurance company is compelled to pay more than the true value of the prop--The Methodist church people down erty its ability to adjust honest losses

Burnham, Cushing, Gardner, Hall, Rayner and White. trouble. He has been giving a number In the senate on the 28th a final vote of chattel mortgages on stock he never was taken on Raymond's railroad lien had, and on the same stock to a half bill and Ransom's oil inspection bill. Both were passed without debate and with very few negative votes. A reso-Intion was adopted asking the secretary and to further provide for ascertaining -Two murder cases are to be dis- office with their bill number, that they octoroons, and for ascertaining the reate adjourned till Friday morning to Missouri offered a series of resolutions adopt the system of heating its cars by the numerous bills in their hands. In steam on all its lines, and orders have the house the following were recombeen issued to equip all its passenger en- mended for passage: To regulate telegines with improved steam heating ap- graph charges. This bill fixes the rate pliances in order that any of them may at 20 cents for ten words under 100 be used for the new Golden Gate special miles, and 1 cent for each additional word; and for greater distance 25 cents for ten words, and 1 cent for each word steam pipes as fast as can conveniently in excess of that number. To prohibit all saloons within 600 feet of any church, school or university. Authorizing mutual insurance companies organized under the laws of other states to do business in Nebraska. Authorizing any number of persons to organize a mutual insurance company; to provide for glass ballot boxes; to impose a tax of not less than \$3 on dogs. and prohibiting any persons from owning more than one; to make an assault with intent to inflict great bodily injury a penitentiary offense; requiring a two years' course of study before being admitted to the bar; extending the jurisdiction in criminal cases of every county through which a railroad runs to all offenses committed on trains. The

voting against the bill were Berlin,

towns and cities was voted down, and the original bill reported back with the recommendation that it pass. A resolution to hold evening sessions every other night next week was adopted. In the senate on the 1st the Jewell alien land bill was approved. It prohibits non-resident aliens and corporations not incorporated in Nebraska from acstate, but, as amended, exempts property in cities and towns. The bill allows non-resident aliens now owning land to make a bona fide sale during their life. A lively debate followed on Taggart's bill prohibiting any county, precinct, township or city from voting bonds in aid of the construction of railroads. The committee recommended the indefinite postponement of the bill, and when the report of the committee came before the senate the friends of the bill made a desperate fight to save it. Several of their motions were defeated by a vote of 18 to 15, and the bill was finally killed. The following bills were recommended for passage: Authorizing the governor on July 4th of each year to pardon two long term convicts recommended by certain officers. Making it unlawful to contract in notes, bills of exchange, bonds or mortgages for the payment of attorneys' fees, and declaring such contract null and void. Providing that action to recover on an insurance policy may begin at any time within five years after loss. Providing for the incorporation of towns lying in two counties. Fixing penalties for killing dogs or defacing marks of identification. Prohibiting the supreme In the house the speaker announced that

he had signed senate file No. 37, the valued policy insurance bill. McBride's bill to compel railroads to furnish cards Olmstead's bill, providing for a modified measure and is an embodiment of the yery best laws on the subject now in considered section by section and ordered to a third reading without any lian ballot system was discussed at

itualist in Newark, N. J. Hermann was explaining how messages from so-called spirits were produced on siates. The spiritualist, who went on the stage from the audience, stole the slates from Hermann and substituted clean slates sevaral times without hein . latected "First in war, first in peace, and first

The Alleged Outrages in Alaska.

Washington dispatch: After Secretary Vilas sent to the senate the report from Governor Swineford, of Alaska, upon the reported outrages upon women in Alaska, his views upon this subject have been published. Concerning missionary work in Alaska, the general said: "I can but express an earnest hope that either the government or the board of home missions may be able very soon to find a field far remote from Alaska, in which the peculiar talents and altogether questionable methods of the Rev. Dr. Sheldon Jackson can be more profitably employed. Governor Swineford says two or three of the misionaries are responsible for the vile slanders upon the white people of Alas-ka which have been sent broadcast through the country, and he recommends that the Presbyterian board of home missions make a thorough investigation of the management of its Alaska stations.

JENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

& Synopsis of Proceedings in the Senate and House of Representatives. SENATE. -In the senate on the 23d the resolution in relation to alleged election outrages was considered. Mr. Daniel spoke in opposition to the resolution. General Harrison's title of president, he said, which had been sealed and delivered to him was not given to him by the nation or by a majority of its people, but by the soverign states, which had commissioned him as their chief magistrate. State rights, he said, had held the ladder for Benjamin Harrison to ascend to the presidential chair; had given the senators their prerogatives, and had lifted the republican party out of the slough of despond and over the hill of difficulty and brought it within sight of the goal of its desires. Mr. Daniel criticised Mr. Hoar's speech as having contained no response to the question asked by him. After having spoken nearly five hours, Mr. Daniel yield for a motion to go into executive session. That motion, however, was not pressed, and the senate adjourned.

House.-In the house on the 23d, on motion of Mr. Peel of Arkansas the senate bill was passed to ratify and confirm the agreement with the Creek nation of settlement unassigned lands in Indian l'erritory ceded by the Creeks to the United States. The senate amendments to the house bill for taking the eleventh census were concurred in. The principal amendments are those extending the scope of the inquiry as to the number of soldiers and sailors and their widows, of state to mark the acts as filed in his the number of negroes, quadroons and may be more readily identified by per- corded indebtedness of private corporasons wishing to consult them. The sen- tions and individuals. Mr. Hatch of providing for the delivery of eulogistic addresses on the late James N. Burnes, of Missouri, and providing that as a mark of respect to his memory they adjourn at the conclusion of these proceed-

SENATE. - In the senate on the 25th the house bill to divide a portion of the Sioux reservation was taken up, read, amended and passed. The army anpropriation bill was considered, after which enlogies were pronounced on the death of the late Representative Burnes, of Missouri. Among other speakers, was Senator Ingalls, whose closing remarks are here quoted: Mr. Ingalls, in his remarks, after speaking in eulogy of Mr. Burnes, said as he looked upon that countenance for the last time he had reflected upon the impenetrable and insoluble mystery of death. But if this be the end-if the life of Mr. Burnes terminated upon "this bank and shore of time," if no morning is to dawn upon the night in which he sleeps, then sorrow has no consolation, and this impressive and solemn ceremony which we obhouse went into committee of the whole serve to-day has not more significance to consider House Roll 199, a bill rethan the painted pageant of the stage. quiring a three-fifths vote to relocate a If the existence of Burnes was but a troubled dream-his death oblivioned for passage. Weber's bill to compel what avails it that the senate should railroads to list their property for taxapause to recount his virtues. Neither tion was taken up. The amendment veneration nor reverence are due the providing for a special assessment for dead if they are but dust. No cenotaph should be reared to preserve for situated within the corporate limits of posterity the memory of their achievements if those who come after them are to be only their successors' annihilation and extinction. If in this world only we have hope and consciousness, duty must be a chimera. If our pleasures and our passions should be guides of conduct and virtue, it is indeed a superstition if life ends at the grave. This is a conclusion which the philosophy of negation must accept at last. Such is the felicity of those degrading precepts which make epitaph the end. If the life of Burnes is a taper that is burned out, then we treasure his memory and example in vain, and the latest prayer of his departing spirit has no more sanctity to us, who soon or late must follow im, than the whisper of the winds that stir the leaves of the protesting forest or the murmur of the waves that break

upon the complaining shore. was the order of the day. It was begun as soon as the journal was read by Mr. Bland of Missouri, who raised the point California election case, and Mr. Sayers stead law, which was agreed to. of Texas, in the interest of the deficiency appropriation bill, raised the question of consideration. The house decided to consider the election case. A reconsideration of the vote was asked and then a motion to table the former motion was the house adjourned.

SENATE. -In the senate on the 26th vention by 147 delegates. the army appropriation bill was considered. Senator Stewart offered an ammunition and carriages, to be placed the bill then passed.

few members were present when the session opened. Kennedy, of Ohio, referforce other states. The house bill was red to the speech on the southern elec- F. Pettigrew, of South Dakota. tions made by him in July last, and the reference made to him by Crisp a few election of president of the league. days ago. He proceeded to sharply criticize Crisp, and said the people of the Nebraska, who was speedily declared the length but final action was not reached. United States had been insulted and Hermann, the well known prestidigi- outraged by the selection for chairman tator, was cleverly outwitted by a spir- of the committee on elections of a man whose election was challenged by every Humphrey and Treasurer Lounsbery. sense of decency and honor. That committee had been appointed for a purpose. structed to revise the constitution in With undue haste, it had reported the such respects as it may deem necessary, case of John G. Carlisle to the house. and present the revision at the next an-The gentleman from Georgia did not mual convention, which it was decided treat Carlisle with the same precision should be held in Nashville. and exactness with which he treated the Elliott-Smalls case. The latter case had ty for taxation. The substance of an in the hearts of his fellow citizens" apamendment proposed by Mr. Cady was peared in the resolutions presented to incorporated in the bill, the amendments the house of representatives in Decemend. He wished to show that the dem-

would do justice to a black man.

SENATE. - In the senate on the 27th the conference report on the agricultural department appropriation bill was presented to the senate and agreed to. Mr. Platt, from the committee on territories, reported two bills for the formation and admission of the states of Idaho and Wyoming, and said that as soon as the bills were printed he would ask for their consideration. Mr. Hoar, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported an amendment to the deficiency bill, which was referred to the committee on appropriations, appropriating \$25,000 to enable the president of the United States to offer a reward for the detection and conviction of persons who llegally carried away and destroyed the ballot boxes of Plummerville, Ark., at the last election for representatives in congress and for presidential electors. He stated that it was the majority re-

port, the minority dissenting.

House.-In the house on the 27th the bill was passed for the relief of the widow of Colonel Arno Voss. The house then went into committee of the whole on the Indian appropriation bill. The senate amendment appropriating \$1,192,000 to pay the Seminole Indians mitted to the special committee on Pafor lands in Indian territory ceded to cific railroads. the United States was agreed to. The lands acquired, 2,037,000 acres, are made law. On motion of Mr. Morrill, of Kansas, an amendment was adopted directing the authorized commissioners relinquishment of their title to the Cheroke outlet; also to treat with the prairie tion of their reservation. An amendment was adopted authorizing the president to estalish two land offices upon lands opened to settlement by this act. The committee rose and the bill was passed. It is the last of the general appropriation bills.

SENATE. -In the senate on the 28th a number of bridge bills were passed. including the senate bill for a bridge across the Illinois river from a point within five miles of Kampsville, Ill. The postoffice appropriation bill was taken up and passed, with amendments, the only important one of which was a provision that there shall not be allowed for the use of any third class postoffice for rent a sum in excess of \$400, nor for Indians for the purpose of opening to | fuel and lights in excess of \$60 in one arrest. Mr. Canaday tried to persuade year. A conference was ordered on the naval appropriation bill, and Messrs, refused, the sergeant, who is a museu-Hale, Farwell and Gorman appointed conferees on the part of the senate. The conference reports on the army appropriation bill, fortification bill, and the bill to withdraw certain public lands from private entry were presented and agreed to.

Mr. Herbert moved to concur in the senate amendment appropriating \$100,-000 for the construction of a building in a chair and then they mounted guard for use by the naval torpedo station and over him to prevent his return to the war college on Goat Island. Agreed to. The other recommendations of the committee on naval affairs was agreed to and the bill sent to conference. Mr. Holmes, of Iowa, called up as a privileged question the Des Moines river land bill vetoed by the president, pending which Mr. Crisp presented various conference reports upon bills for the establishment of sundry light houses and lights, and they were agreed to. Mr. Steele, of Indiana, submitted the conference report on the bill for the relief of certain volunteer soldiers of the late war and the war with Mexico. Agreed to. Mr. Anderson, of Iowa, submitted the conference report on the bill authorizing the construction of a high wagon bridge across the Missouri river at Sioux City,

Ia. Agreed to. SENATE. -In the senate on the 1st the conference report on the bill to divide a kota into separate reservations was pre- at-arms. sented and agreed to. All the pension bills on the calendar were passed. Among them one giving a pension of \$50 a month-instead of \$100, as in the bill-to the widow of General Hunt. The house amendment to the senate bill to increase the appropriation for a publie building at Winona, Minn., was concurred in. The deficiency bill was taken up. Among the items inserted were the following: Seventy-five thousand dollars for salaries and expenses of agents and subordinate officers of internal revenue; \$1,651,349 to pay findings of the court of claims in the French appliation cases.

House. - In the house on the 1st, the joint resolution to promote commercial union with Canada, introduced by Hitt, of Illinois, was reported unanimously from the committee on foreign affairs. The senate amendment was non-concurred in to the house bill to punish dealers, or pretended dealers, in counterfeit money for using the United States mail. The senate bill was passed granting the right-of-way through the White Earth Indian reservation in Minnesota to the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad company. On motion of Gifford, of Dakota, the senate bill was passed granting the right-of-way to the Forrest City & Watertown railroad company House.—In the house filibustering through the Sionx Indian reservation. Holmes, of Iowa, called up the Des Moines river land bill, with the president's veto message thereon. house determined-yeas 136, nays 113of no quorum. He withdrew his point to consider the vetoed bill, but its conto permit C. F. Booher of Missouri, to sideration was suspended to allow Holqualify as the successor of the late James | man, of Indiana, to present the confer-N. Burnes. Senate amendments were ence report on the bill for the disposal non-concurred in to the agricultural bill. of certain public lands of the United Mr. Crisp then called up the contested States under the provisions of the home-

## A Nebraskn Man Honored.

Baltimore dispatch: At the convention of the national league of republican made. The vote showed no quorum, credentials reported that twenty-two and thus the day was wasted. At 5:15 states, one territory and the District of Columbia were represented in the con-

posed of the roll of states was called for retirement with friends. amendment, which was agreed to, ap- the purpose of hearing the reports of other authorized agent of the govern- Potter providing that all railroad tickets propriating \$187,500, for the purchase of the various state leagues. The reports ment the field notes, maps, charts, rec- shall be good until used, or the money three penumatic dynamite guns, 15-inch showed the growth of the league and the Herman Clark, the well-known contracresult of organized work in the last campaign. Some reports were received with and amounted for use on the Pacific cheers, especially those showing the tem of tunnels under New York city and coast. A number of other amendments work done in the doubtful states. Vice the East and North rivers connecting of minor importance were agreed to, and presidents of the national league, House.—In the house on the 26th but selected by their respective state leagues, were named, among them being H. M. Washburn, of Illinois; G. B. Pray, of Iowa; B. D. Slaughter, of Nebraska; Alex Hughes, of North Dakota, and R. The convention then proceeded to the

> in nomination John M. Thurston, of unanimous choice of the league. The rules were suspended to allow the unanimous re-election of Secretary The executive committee was in-

President Foster, of New York, placed

A recent visitor to the library of Dr.

copy of Shakespeare.

A SUNDAY SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Drunken Senator Causes Considerable Commotion in the Upper House.

At 2 o'clock this morning, says a Washington dispatch of the 3d, the doors of the senate were reopened and without the transaction of further business the senate took a recess until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The senate met again at 2 o'clock, but an agree- action. ment was reached almost immediately to suspend business informally until 8 o'clock. When 8 o'clock arrived Senator Dawes presented the conference rewere agreed to.

Senator Riddleberger moved an executive session, but the motion was lost. He then interrupted the senators who bills that have passed: were recognized to call up private measures until the chair notified him that he would not be recognized again. On motion of Senator Frve the Pacific railroad funding bill was recom-

Senator Riddleberger continued to interrupt the proceedings of the senate open to settlement under the homestead by demands for recognition, but the presiding officer refused to recognize

Shortly before 9 o'clock he arose and to treat with the Cherokee Indians for a announced that he had this evening telegraphed his resignation to the governor of Virginia because he found that he had band of Pottawattamies and Kickapoo no recognition. He was awaiting an an-Indians of Kansas for the sale of a por- swer to his dispatch and he hoped it would come soon and relieve him from the embarrassment of his position. He then sat down but in a few minutes he again arose and demanded recognition. The chair refused to recognize him and told him to sit down. He continued to address the chair and Senator Ingalls instructed the sergeant-at-arms to arrest him if he refused to be seated. Ser-

ately around him had persuaded the senator from Virginia to sit down. The sergeant-at-arms lingered about and when, a few minutes later, Senator Riddleberger arose and once more addressed the chair, he was placed under him to leave the chamber, but when he lar man, caught hold of his coat and pulled him toward the cloak room. The senator caught hold of his chair, and the assistant of the sergeant. Captain May, caught his arm and together the two officers dragged him out of the chamber into the cloak room. There House.-In the senate on the 28th was a slight demonstration in the gallery, but it cleared very quickly. When the two officers got Senator Riddleberger in the cloak room they placed him

> to leave the building, but as he refused it was thought best not to drag him through the corridors, which were thronged with visitors. The scene was most extraordinary and

> has no parallel in the history of the sen-Senator Riddleberger was in a state of gross intoxication, and was not respon-

sible for his action. The presiding officer exercised a great deal of patience, and his final action was

unavoidable Senator Riddleberger has been threat; ened before. When he had been taken in the cloak room he was visited by Senator Quay and then by Senator Dawes, who tried to reason with him and endeavored to persuade him to go home, but he refused to leave and stretched on a couch in the cloak room, he remained portion of the Sioux reservation in Da- in the custody of the assistant sergeant-

When the slight applause in the galleries, which greeted his expulsion had subsided the chair called the attention of the visitors to the fact that the demonstration was a violation of the rules and said he hoped it would not occur again. The business of the senate was

## then resumed. THE TRAGEDY COMES TO AN END.

Mrs. McAuley Murders Her Bables and Commits Suicide. Chicago dispatch: Mrs. Lizzie Mc-Auley, who shot and killed her husband December 24, 1887, was found dead in bed this morning with her two children aged 3 and 12. She had smothered the children and then suicided by inhaling gas from a rubber tube connected with the jet. Mrs. McAuley had not been exactly in her right mind since the killing of her husband, but never gave an intimation of any intention to commit snicide. The cause of the killing of her husband was his intimacy with her sister-in-law, Mrs. James Mackin. For some time before the crime McAuley's neglect and frequent absence from home had given the wife a great deal of worriment, and she finally employed detective who located McAuley and Mrs. Macklin living as man and wife in another part of the city. Mackin, the

while Mrs. McAuley filed a suit against her husband for a divorce. On the afternoon of December 24, residence to interview him regarding the matter. While he was conversing with Mr. McAuley in the parlor, Mrs. McAuley entered the room with a revolver in her hand and, without saying a word, shot down her faithless husband, who died instantly. After the killing for some time Mrs. McAuley was a raving maniac. A coroner's jury discharged her from custody, declaring clubs this morning the committee on her insane at the time of the shooting. Another attempt by McAuley's mother to induce the grand jury to take up the case failed. When Mrs. McAuley had recovered from her nervous prostration she went to another part of the city After the resolutions had been dis- with her children and has since lived in

betrayed husband, took steps to have

the guilty pair arrested for adultery,

A Great Scheme in Gotham.

New York special: Two years ago tor, broached a scheme for a great systhe city with suburban points. Little attention was paid to the plan. To-day Mr. Clark announced the completion of the arrangements to carry out the great OATS-Mi work. A capital of \$150,000,000 has PORK ..... been guaranteed, of which \$40,000,000 LARD ..... is considered sufficient to do the tunneling. The tunnels will be 150 feet below the surface, thus avoiding all buried pipes, sewers, etc., and avoiding any difficulty with the rivers. The main tunnel will extend from the city hall in New York to Fleetwood park on the On the east, and under Jersey City to New York. There will be four tracks. Freight and passengers will be carried. The passenger trains will be run at full WHEAT-No. 2 red cash...... express speed. Elevators will convey Cons-Perbushel..... freight and passengers between the Oars-Per bushel 24 4 27 street stations and the tunnel. The Hous-Mixed packing...... 440 @ 460 plan for carrying freight will relieve the CATTLE-Feeders ...... 175 @ 300 city streets of much trucking. Cars will be brought under the larger stores, WHEAT-Per bushel. Oliver Wendel Holmes says that the and freight can be lowered directly to Conn-Perbushel... books in it that appeared to be most them. Negotiations are now pending Oars-Per bushel. ordered printed and the bill made a ber, 1790, presented by Gen. Henry ocratic party never had done and never frequently consulted were a Bible and a with the city government for the re- laws a Stockers & freeders 1 60 @ 3 20 quired permission to begin work.

THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS PASSES AWAY.

Final Adjournment at Noon on the Fourth-Some of the Bills Passed, The fiftieth congress expired at noon on the 4th. The house dissolves, but the senate, continuing in existence, meets in extra session to form a new organization and to confirm or reject such nominations as the president may submit for

There were introduced in the senate in the Fiftieth congress 3,999 bills, 143 joint resolutions and 2,710 reports were made from the committees. In the ports on the bill for the allotment of house there were 12,659 bills, 267 joint lands in severalty to the United Peorias resolutions and 4,154 reports. Of all and Miamas in the Indian territory and bills and joint resolutions in the present the Indian appropriation bill. They congress, not one in twenty passed the house, and not one in thirty passed both houses and went to the president for his signature. The following are important

Of the bills that became laws at the first session of the present congress the following are the most important: Authorizing the condemnation by the government of sites for public build-

Establishing a department of labor. Prohibiting obscene or libellous letters passing through the mails.

Providing for an annual maritime conference to secure greater safety for

life and property at sea Giving \$100 bounty to soldiers who were curolled or enlisted for three years prior to July 23, 1861, and who were subsequently honorably discharged

from the service. Authorizing the president to arrange a conference with the South and Central American republics with a view to closer commercial relation.

Remitting duties paid on imported breeding animals and admitting free of duty those imported in the future. Reducing the charge for passports

from \$5 to \$1. Increasing pensions for utter deafgeant-at-arms Canaday started around ness to \$30 a month. the rear of the chamber, but before he Increasing the stringency of laws rereached the seat of Senator Riddleber-

lating to timber cutting on the public ber, Senator Teller and others immedidomain or Indian reservations. Extending the eight hour law to letter

> Giving to state soldiers' homes \$100 a year for each inmate received, who would be entitled to admission to the national home. Restricting Chinese immigration.

Detailing officers of the army and navy for educational purposes in state Widening the scope of the law relat-

ing to postal crimes, and providing boards of arbitration for railroads. Among the measures which have passed congress at the session just closing, and which have received the signature of the president are the following: Granting the use of certain lands in

to the city of Tacoma. Placing on the retired list Generals Rosecrans, W. F. Smith and A. J. An effort was made to persuade him

Regulating appointments in the ma-

rine hospital service, and requiring that appointments be made by the president by and with the advice and consent of the senate. Incorporating the American historical association.

Providing for the cession of the lands of the Chippewa Indians, in Minnesota, to the government, and their allotment to the Indians. Providing arms, etc., for the militia

in Oregon and Montana. Providing that letters bearing a spec ial delivery stamp shall be delivered whether they bear the regular postage Increasing the limit of cost of the San

Francisco public building to \$80,000. Increasing the maximum amount of inter-national money orders from \$50 to Abolishing the circuit court powers of

the district courts in Arkansas and West Virginia, and providing for writs or error in capital cases. Providing a temporarary home on re-

ceiving ships for discharged sailors of the navy. Authorizing the furnishing of obsolete cannon to the soldiers' homes. Providing that seamen may deposit their savings with the paymasters on

whose books their accounts are borne. Raising the age of consent in the District of Columbia to 16 years. Creating an executive department of

agriculture. Increasing the pension of those who have lost both hands to \$100 a month. Creating the Northeastern division of the Sourthern federal district of Georgia. Giving the president power to authorize the cutting of dead timber by In-

dians on government reservations. Appropriating \$500,000 to pay the legal representatives of James B. Eads for work on the jetties. For the admission of four territories.

To accept and ratify an agreement with the Shoshone, Bannock, and Sheep Eater Indians of Idaho. Providing for writs of error or appeals to the supreme court in all cases

involving the question of jurisdiction of the court below. Appropriating \$250,000 to enable the president to protect the interests of the United States in Panama. Strengthening the interstate com

-Last month 460 volumes were added to the Omaha public library. 1887, a reporter called at McAuley's LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

merce law.

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OMAHA.			
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CORN-No. 2 mixed	19	4	199
OATS-No. 2	22	0	23
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BUTTER-Choice rol	17	6	19
Eggs-Fresh	11	(4)	12
CHICKENS-dressed	9	60	11
TURKEYS	11	(64	13
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