

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The cruiser Philadelphia has left San Francisco for Samoa with a crew of enlisted men to relieve the crew of the station ship Abarenda at Tutuila.

Anton Skerbeck, one of the Skerbeck brothers, proprietors of a circus, dropped dead while acting in the ring during a performance at Staples, Minn.

By a vote of 71 to 91 the Kansas City Live Stock exchange has refused to join the National Live Stock exchange, which has headquarters in Chicago.

It is not probable that Sir Thomas Lipton will accept the offer made by an American magazine for a \$5,000 cup race over the same course after the America's cup race.

The 1901 wheat crop is being harvested in southern Illinois, and is the largest in many years. It is estimated that the large crop of 1882 will be equaled if not surpassed.

Practical farmers are wanted at twenty-two of the Indian schools that are scattered about the country. The government wants farmers who can teach the young Indians to till the soil and grow crops.

The Nashville railway has been placed in the hands of a receiver. The application was made by the Baltimore Trust and Guarantee company, the holder of \$2,000,000 of the company's bonds.

Attorney Charles Ogden, former judge of the district court at Omaha, Neb., was fined \$25 and costs and sent to jail for contempt of court by Judge Keyser in the criminal branch of the district court.

President Fish of the Illinois Central railway made a positive denial to the New York Post of the current reports that the Illinois Central will take over the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Iowa Central railroads.

Prof. Robert Koch publishes in the German Medical Weekly a declaration that Dr. Goetsch, of the Slawentz hospital, has used for the past year tuberculosis against pure tuberculosis with unvarying success.

A census of the consumptives in New York is to be begun in about a week by Dr. Daniel Lewis, commissioner of the state Board of Health. It will be the first census of the kind ever undertaken by that state.

A meeting of broom makers has been called to be held in Cleveland, Ohio, for the purpose of forming a general company with a capital of \$6,000,000, to include the factories in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan.

Rev. Joseph Cook, the distinguished lecturer and author, is dead, at his summer home in Ticonderoga. He has been in ill health for several years. Mr. Cook is best remembered by his efforts to show, in his lectures, the harmony of the bible with science.

The wedding of Miss Ellen Leo, daughter of Brigadier General Leo, to First Lieutenant James Cooper Rhea, of the Seventh cavalry, U. S. A., took place in the Church of the Transfiguration in New York. A few days will be spent by the young couple in travel before the start for Cuba, where the bridegroom is now stationed.

The Orange Judd Farmer says: Spring wheat conditions practically perfect. General wheat prospects warrant estimate of 750,000,000 bushels yield as minimum. Corn improving, but will require perfect weather for average result; condition not over 85. Rate of oats yield decidedly below average.

The steamship Dolphin, from the Klondike, brought \$1,350,000 in gold dust.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of two per cent in favor of the creditors of the insolvent Capital National bank of Lincoln. The force maintained by Austria-Hungary in China has been reduced to two vessels and 100 men.

Thirty acres of coal land in the vicinity of Pittsburg, Pa., sank several feet and the surface is still going down.

Admiral Sir Anthony Hiley Hoskins is dead in London. He was born in 1828.

The circulation per capita in the United States is now the largest in the country's history, amounting to \$28.13. One year ago it was \$26.71.

It has been decided that neither the American colonies of Berlin, Leipzig nor Dresden will hold general or official Fourth of July celebrations. Andrew D. White, the United States ambassador at Berlin, and Mrs. White will spend the day at Sassnitz.

Dr. Jose Gomez brioso and Jos. E. C. Barosa, members of the executive council of Porto Rico, arrived at Cleveland, Ohio, and held a conference with Senator Hanna. After a brief sojourn there they departed for Buffalo to visit the exposition.

FIFTY THOUSAND OUT

Strike of the Steel Workers Involves the Hoop Trust.

UNION MEN ARE TO WALK OUT.

Even the Open Shops Are No Longer to Contain Them—Some Mills Looked for Action—To Others It Comes as a Surprise.

PITTSBURG, July 1.—President T. J. Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Tin Workers will this morning issue an order calling out all union employees of the various mills of the American Steel Hoop company, known as the hoop trust. It is estimated that 15,000 men will be subject to the call, which, in connection with the big strike of the American Sheet Steel company ordered by President Shaffer on Saturday, will affect 50,000 men.

President Shaffer said tonight: "The impression that only the mills of the American Sheet Steel company are affected by the decision of Saturday is a mistake. The workmen of all mills in the American Steel Hoop company are interested and will be officially notified this morning that the scale has not been signed and that they will quit work. The to the well organized mills this notice will be no surprise for the men who have watched the situation carefully, but what is known as open mills where union men have been allowed to work side by side with the non-union is where we have to move. Union men must walk out of these open mills in the hoop trust."

"The open mills to be notified are one at Hollidaysburg, Pa., three at Pittsburg and one at Monessen. The organized mills which will close on our call are the Upper and Lower mills at Youngstown, O.; Pomeroy, O.; Sharon, Pa.; Girard, Pa.; Warren, Pa.; Greenville, Pa. This, I believe, will bring the number of men affected up to 50,000. It is a matter of regret that the issue has been forced, but it now looks as though it will be a fight to the death."

Continuing, Mr. Shaffer said: "The Amalgamated association is not prepared for it. We have not had a general strike for many years, and in that time we have not been idle. We have funds and will use them. Right here I want to correct an impression which has been given that no benefits will be paid strikers until two months have elapsed. The Amalgamated association will begin at once to take care of its people."

Mr. Shaffer concluded his talk by saying: "I will say now what I said to Mr. Smith, general manager of the steel company in the conference. I said if it is to be a strike we will make it one to be remembered. The officials now dealing with us have but little idea of the extent to which this strike will go, once it is on."

CUBAN ELECTORAL LAW.

Constitutional Convention to Discuss It This Week.

HAVANA, July 1.—During the coming week the constitutional convention will discuss the electoral law. The project submitted by the commission provides only for the election of congressmen, governors, state representatives, mayors and councilmen. No agreement has been reached as to whether the president and senators shall be chosen by popular vote.

The discussion of the electoral law will probably open up an argument by the conservatives against a federal republic with many provincial officers as entailing heavy expenditures. The conservatives will oppose granting absolute autonomy to the provinces and municipalities. An effort will be made to change the constitution and to invest the central government with appointive and veto power.

Universal suffrage seems to be a popular movement, but the general opinion is that it will be impossible to get the congress to change the form of voting.

Governor General Wood is improving, but his physicians advise him to desist from public duties for some time. He received the cabinet secretaries yesterday and today.

Bryan in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—Hon. W. J. Bryan arrived in this city this morning from Philadelphia and spent a quiet day with friends. Tonight he went by boat to Newport News, Va., where tomorrow he is to deliver an address before an educational institution.

English Drouth Broken.

LONDON, July 1.—The long-continued drouth in Great Britain has been broken. Violent thunderstorms occurred Saturday night, accompanied by torrential rains and lightning, which caused much havoc. Many parts of the continent have been suffering from heat waves. In Portugal much damage has been done by floods and hailstorms. According to a dispatch to the Daily Press from Oporto twenty persons were drowned.

UNITED STATES IS FIFTH.

Trade With Switzerland and Exports of Manufactured Goods Increasing.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—One of the most interesting extracts from the volume entitled "Commercial Relations of the United States, for 1900" was made public Saturday by Frederick Emory, chief of the bureau of foreign commerce, dealing with United States trade in Switzerland. Consul Gifford, stationed at Basel, says Switzerland's trade figures are especially noteworthy as showing that this diminutive republic, about half as large as the state of Maine and which would be swallowed up in big Texas, is commercially the most highly developed part of the world. Not even industrious Holland or Belgium, says the consul, can display the astonishing figures of \$130 of foreign commerce for every unit of its population of barely 3,000,000 reached by Switzerland. These remarkable results have been attained by a country without seaports, without coal or iron—in fact, without any considerable quantity of raw material for the manufactures it has to sell.

According to Consul Morgan at Aarau, Switzerland is almost wholly dependent on the outside world for its well-being, 30 per cent of its entire importations consisting of foodstuffs and over 40 per cent being raw material, which is re-exported in the shape of manufactured goods.

BIG HARVESTS OF GRAIN.

Wheat Greater Than Ever, Corn Good and Weather Satisfactory.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 1.—"I can say positively that the prospects for big harvests of grain in this state were never better than they are at present. The wheat crop will probably be the largest in the history of the state. Corn in practically all parts of the state is in good condition, but a trifle late in growth. Territory in the immediate vicinity of Lincoln has been dry recently, but all other sections of the state have had good rains and I was unable to find any corn that had been killed by drouth."

This reassuring information was given by Charles T. Neal, a grain dealer of Lincoln, who had just returned from an extensive trip over the state. He visited nearly all of the grain growing counties and gathered opinions relative to grain from the best posted men in each community, besides making personal investigations.

"In some sections corn has been delayed by lack of moisture, but the damage has not been extensive," continued Mr. Neal. "Just at this time corn does not need much rain and unless the dry season is protracted and accompanied by hot winds the cereal will get along well without a great deal of moisture."

DEFENDS RUSSIA'S POLICY.

Journal of Commerce Attacks Duty on British Paraffine.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 1.—Confirming statements already telegraphed to the Associated Press, the Journal of Commerce and Industry, representing the Russian ministry of finance, explains Russia's attitude toward the American duty against British paraffine manufactured from Russian naphtha. The article declares that Secretary Gage's measure was "manifestly designed as a reprisal," adding that this position is strengthened by the fact that article 626 had never previously been so construed. It asserts also that Mr. Gage did not mention Roumanian naphtha, which is likewise imported into Great Britain.

The contention, therefore, is that Russia's answer in raising the duties on bicycles and rosin is justified.

Suffering from Hot Winds.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 1.—Kansas and Missouri are suffering from hot winds that threaten great damage to corn. Atchison, Kan., reports the greatest drouth in northeastern Kansas since 1860, a warm wind having Abilene, Kan., reports 155 degree weather, with many fields in south Dickinson county ruined. A Mexico, Mo., dispatch says the thermometer in that part of the state registered 101 yesterday and today and if rain does not come soon the farmers will have to put their stock on the market immediately to save it.

Insists on Open Shop.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The conference between representatives of the employees of the National Cash Register company of Dayton, O., and the company was not entirely satisfactory. The machinists were granted what they asked, nine hours' work at the pay hitherto prevailing, but the polishers, buffers and glass moulders will have to fight for what they demand. There was but little discussion over the demand of machinists.

NEBRASKA SOLD WAR HORSES.

Two Thousand of Them Gallop for English Army Against the Boers.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 1.—During the last two years Nebraska farmers and stockmen have sold to England over 2,000 horses for service in the war in South Africa. The price paid has varied from \$30 to \$90, but the general average has been \$35 per head. Most of these horses came from the western part of the state and were sold at South Omaha or Kansas City, where the English purchasing agents maintained headquarters. There is still a good demand for the tough animals known as "war horses." The dealing just now is inactive, but it is said that the purchasing season will soon open and that there will be a ready market for all horses that can be supplied.

When England began purchasing horses in America the agents demanded young, thoroughbred animals and the price paid sometimes went as high as \$100, but they took only animals that were selected with great care, and were sound in every bone and fiber. The extravagance of these operations was soon demonstrated and the English agents in America were instructed to be less particular in selecting the animals. Horses are extremely sensitive to climatic changes and conditions and it was found that even the best American horses could survive only about six weeks of active service in the South African war. The agents began experiment with common stock and it was found that the ordinary plains or range horses from Nebraska, Wyoming, Montana or other western territory could do just as effective work and live as long in South Africa as the high-priced thoroughbred horse.

OSCAR SHOUSE IS ACCUSED.

Arrested on Charge of Complicity in David City Ticket Robbery.

HASTINGS, Neb., July 1.—Sheriff Simmering, with Superintendent Bigrell of the Burlington road and a couple of detectives, took a special train out of Hastings for Blue Hill, where Sheriff Simmering arrested Oscar Shouse on the charge of having been implicated in the robbery of the railway tickets at the Burlington depot at David City, May 27.

Shouse is a traveling man for an oil house and it is said he has disposed of considerable transportation during the last two weeks. One of the persons to whom he sold transportation was located at Denver and he was brought to Hastings and taken to Blue Hill and identified Shouse. Shouse was a member of the Hastings police force four years ago.

Deed for State Fair Grounds.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 1.—The Board of Public Lands and Buildings has been given a deed by the Lancaster County Agricultural association for ten acres of land situated within the enclosure of the state fair grounds. This is a part of the preliminary work of transferring the fair grounds to the state.

Indians Voted "No."

PENDER, Neb., July 1.—The proposition to bond Thurston county to pay off the floating indebtedness did not carry at the special election. The vote was 316 to 208 against the bonds. The Indians voted solidly "no." This county owes about \$32,000, with only one township of land and all personal property taxable.

New Bank for Grand Island.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., July 1.—E. D. Hamilton of Julesburg, Colo., was in Grand Island on business connected with the establishment of a new bank in this city. Mr. Hamilton stated that the new firm expected to open the middle of July.

Million Dollar Binder.

YORK, Neb., July 1.—One million dollars is the amount Thomas Owens, a local jeweler, is promised for his patent binder, which ties bundles with straw, if the machine proves a success.

Wanted for Wife Murder.

CLINTON, Ia., July 1.—The negro White, who is charged with drawing his wife in Chicago, has been traced to this place, and officers are hunting for him.

Farmer Dies by Hanging.

GENEVA, Neb., July 1.—Fred Fricke, a farmer near Ohiowa, committed suicide last night by hanging. The coroner has gone to hold an inquest.

Killed Under Wagon Wheels.

ST. EDWARD, Neb., July 1.—Herman Stenzel, a prosperous farmer four miles south of here, was instantly killed a few days ago. He had started for home with a large load of lumber when three miles from town he fell off the front end of the wagon as it was going down hill and it passed over his face and legs, breaking his neck and right leg. He was found shortly afterward and brought to town.

WARM, WITH HEAVY SHOWERS.

Crop Conditions for the Week in Nebraska.

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA, LINCOLN, Neb.—The past week has been warm, with heavy showers in the northern counties. The daily mean temperature has averaged one degree above normal in eastern counties and two degrees in western.

The rainfall of the week was heavy in the central and northeastern counties, generally ranging from one to three inches but in a few instances reaching nearly six inches. In the southern and southwestern counties the rainfall was light, being generally less than half an inch.

Winter wheat has ripened rapidly and harvesting has commenced in southern counties. A few reports indicate that the heads are rather short, but well filled with plump berry. Oats have improved in northern counties, but continue to indicate a small crop in southern. Spring wheat is generally doing well. Corn has grown well, but is backward and needs warm weather, and in southern counties mor rain. In the northern counties rain has delayed cultivation, and corn is generally getting weedy. Considerable alfalfa hay was damaged in western counties by rain while curing. In southern counties the dry weather has damaged grass in pastures and meadows, but in the northern counties the prospect is for an exceptionally heavy hay crop, and the pastures and range are unusually fine. Peaches promise a good crop.

WILL TAKE BACK THE STAMPS.

Internal Revenue Collector Receives a Ruling.

OMAHA, June 29.—J. E. Houtz, collector of internal revenue, has received a ruling from Commissioner J. Y. Yerkes in regard to the redemption of documentary stamps after July 1. The circular sets forth that banks or stationers cannot act as agents for the presentation of claims for their customers, but may purchase imprinted stamps which they had previously secured and sold. As the bona fide owners thereof they may present claims in their own names for the redemption of such stamps without regard to the number purchased from each customer.

In presenting claims for the redemption of stamps a number of formalities will have to be gone through with by the applicant. In all cases where claims are made by banks or stationers for the redemption of stamps thus purchased it will be necessary, in addition to evidence now required in support of claims, for each claim to be accompanied by a certificate duly signed by the party from whom the stamps were purchased, setting forth the absolute sale and transfer of said stamps to the claimant.

Prisoner Jumps From Train.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., June 29.—A telegram from Sheriff Wheeler at Albia, Ia., states that Charles Elmer Holmes, who was arrested in Chicago and being brought to this city to be tried on the charge of perjury in connection with the case of stealing brass from the Burlington shops here, had escaped by jumping through a car window of train No. 5. He was handcuffed at the time.

Lives With Dislocated Neck.

FRANKLIN, Neb., June 29.—Percy Reams, the young man whose neck was dislocated by being thrown from a horse a week ago, is living, but is in a semi-conscious condition. He can swallow food and medicine, but cannot speak and can only comprehend complete sentences.

Receiver for State Bank.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 29.—James W. Quckenbush has applied to the district court for the appointment of a receiver for the State Bank of Greenwood. He alleges that the directors of the institution are seeking to deprive him of his interests and to reduce the stock from \$50,000 to \$25,000.

Harlan to Start for Alaska.

YORK, Neb., June 29.—Hon. N. V. Harlan and wife and Edward Harlan, his son will leave York for Alaska Monday, where Mr. Harlan takes up his work as United States district attorney. For twenty-nine years Senator Harlan has lived in York.

Boy Drowns Near Chadron.

CHADRON, Neb., June 29.—Frank Carroll, about 15 years old, was drowned one mile east of town. He and a boy 8 years old were in bathing near the railroad and he stepped into a hole where the water was over his head.

Admission Fee to the Pen.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 29.—Governor Savage has announced that after July 1 an admission fee of 10 cents will be charged for visiting the penitentiary. On visitors' day, which is the first Tuesday of each month, no admission will be extended to visitors to the Sunday services. This admission fund will be used to help defray the expense of putting in a prison library, the former one having been destroyed.

How Metals "Feel." Can metals feel? Recently at the Royal Institution, Professor Jagadis Chunder Bose proved that they can. In much the same way as animate beings, He struck a piece of copper, pinched a piece of zinc, gave it poison and administered an antidote, and threw light upon an artificial retina. In each case the electrical emotion, as registered by the galvanometer, was painful to witness. As the London Mail suggests in telling the story, there is an opening for a society for the prevention of cruelty to metals.

Honors for Sullivan.

A monument is to be placed in St. Paul's cathedral, London, to the memory of the late Sir Arthur Sullivan. It is also proposed to endow a scholarship at the Royal Academy of music and to erect a statue to the composer on the Thames embankment.

An Offer Morgan Declined.

Several years ago Heidelberg university, impressed with the capacity of J. Pierpont Morgan's head for figures, offered him the chair of mathematics in that institution, and as a special inducement tempted him with a promised increase of the chair's salary from \$500 to \$600 a year.

Would Have Women Study Law.

Sir John Cockburn, the celebrated English advocate and jurist, recently took the affirmative in a debate at Gray's inn on the question whether the time had arrived when women should be admitted to the legal profession. He said that women possessed several qualities which fitted them for law, not the least of which were intuition, persuasion and eloquence.

Big Loss in Insurance Premiums.

It is estimated that the fire insurance companies will lose a premium income of nearly \$1,000,000 a year by the decision of the big steel trust to carry its own insurance. Most of this insurance runs out in June and will not be renewed.

Better Than "Christian Science."

Jettmore, Kans., July 1st.—Mrs. Anna Jones Freeman, daughter of Mr. G. G. Jones of Burdett, and one of the most popular ladies in Hodgeman County has been a martyr to headache for years. It has made her life a continual misery to her. She suffered pains in the small of the back, and had every symptom of Kidney and Urinary Trouble.

Today she is as well as any lady in the state.

This remarkable change was due entirely to a remedy recently introduced here. It is called Dodd's Kidney Pills, and many people claim it to be an infallible cure for Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism and Heart Trouble.

Mrs. Freeman heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and almost with the first dose, she grew better. In a week, her headaches and other pains had gone, and she had left behind her all her illness and days of misery.

A medicine that can do for any one what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for this lady, is very sure soon to be universally used, and already the demand for these pills has increased wonderfully in Pawnee and Hodgeman Counties, where the particulars of Mrs. Freeman's case and its cure are known.

Man is the only animal that tries to fence in the earth—and fence out his neighbors.

It is a wise woman who laughs at her husband's jokes.

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 16-oz starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The sensitive man is doomed to suffer a whole lot of pain that is not his own.

The Remington Typewriter people are to be congratulated on their increasing success. Their business is growing rapidly in all lines and especially with the large users who are the best judges as to the relative value of typewriting machines. Their office at 1619 Farnam street, Omaha, reports sales for the year just closed as being much the largest in the history of the Remington business.

Self-inspection is the best cure for self-esteem.—Ruskin.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

To work and never win will wear wrinkles into the face of a god.

Are You Using Allen's Foot Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Woman is most attractive when most womanly.

FRAGRANT SOZODONT a perfect liquid dentifrice for the Teeth and Mouth. New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c. SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c. Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c. 25c. At all Stores, or by Mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York. Thompson's Eye Water. When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper. W. N. U.—OMAHA No. 27—1901. PISONS CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by Druggists. CONSUMPTION.