McCOOK, -

- NEBRASKA

Severe earthquakes are reported at

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Caracus, Venezuela. The late heavy rains covered all

sections of Nebraska. Fire at Durant, I. T., destroyed prop-

erty valued at \$100,000.

Live stock conditions in the northwest are of a most flattering character. Seven people were injured, one tatally, by falling walls in a Chicago

Both of the big political parties have opened headquarters in New York.

Charles Johnson, of Omaha, took hold of a live electric wire and was instantly killed.

It is semi-officially denied that 30,-000 Russian troops are marching to Pekin from the north. A terrible drouth prevails in west-

ern Rio Arriba county, in the Rio

Puerco section, New Mexico. Rev. Dr. Mowatt, professor of theology in queen's university, died at

Kingston, Ont., aged 75 years. The census office has issued the first bulletin giving the population of the District of Columbia at 278,178.

Admiral Remey has cabled to the Buffalo, now at Colombo, Ceylon, to proceed to Taku. The trip will take three weeks.

Spanish capital involved in China now is small. Only four lines of Spanish steamers are still entering Chinese ports by route of Japan and Manila. Colonel Emerson H. Liscum of the

Ninth infantry, who was ki..ed at Tien Tsin, was one of the most gallant of the old civil war veterans still in the

A large committee from the house of representatives was appointed by the speaker to attend Senator Gear's funeral. Congressman Mercer is among the number.

George Ludwig Muerhe, president and manager of the Volksblatt, and for many years a prominent German editor of Chicago and St. Louis, died in St. Joseph.

The state convention of Texas Prohibitionists to nominate a state ticket called for Dallas, July 18, has been indefinitely postponed by the state executive committee.

Mrs. Mary Lawton, widow of the late General Lawton, purchased \$100 worth of books to be sent to Mrs. Liscum at Manila, when she heard of Colonel Liscum's death in China.

Judge Yancey Lewis, formerly judge of the central district, under President Cleveland, has accepted a position in the faculty of the law department of the University of Texas.

There are now about 64,000 troops equally divided between regulars and volunteers under General MacArthur, but this force is to be reduced by about 3,000 for Chinese service.

At St. Joseph, Mo., a Rock Island passenger train pushed a freight train off the track and through a building seventy feet square owned by the St. Joseph Plow company, completely destroying the structure.

General Heywood, commandant of the marine corps, is arranging for the mobilization of another battalion of marines for the far east. They will leave San Francisco as soon as transportation can be arranged.

Dr. Arthur Brown, secretary of the Presbyterian board of foreign missionaries, has cabled an order for \$500 to Rev. Dr. Hunter Corbett, head of the mission at Che Foo, with instructions to use the money in relieving the

wants of refugees. Vice Consul General McLean has made a report from Yokohoma on the subject of the importation of American flour into Japan. He says that the use of flour is not confined to the large cities of Japan, but is becoming com-

mon throughout that country. High military officials place no credence in the published report that the military department of the gulf is to be re-established for the purpose of giving Major General Otis a command commensurate with his rank, though General Miles has recommended its reestablishment.

George H. Heafford, general passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, has resigned to take effect in the fall. Grain rates from all southwestern

Missouri river points to the east, north and south have been advanced an average of 5 cents per 100 pounds.

Dutch interest in China is about £1,000,000 annually.

The Italian consul at Shanghai cables the Italian mission house in Hu Nan has been destroyed and that Bishop Faintosati and two missionaries were killed. He also reports the Italian mission in Ho Nan and Hupe has been assaulted.

At Emporia, Kan., C. V. Eskeridge, editor of the Republican, and former lieutenant governor of Kansas, died from the effect of self-inflicted wounds. At Phoenix, Ariz., John Torrance, an actor, died from sunstroke. Torrance was 55 years old and had been

on the stage for thirty-five years. All grades of refined sugar have been advanced 10 cents per one hundred pounds.

Three hundred and eighty vagrant foreigners have been arrested at Johannesburg in consequence of the discovery of a plot to create a riot and to join a Boer commando with which they have been in communication.

Cholera is raging in India, the percentage of death being 90.

The position of first assistant postmaster general, to be vacated by the resignation of Perry Heath, has been offered to Mr. Curtis Gould, Jr., of affairs, war department, has made Boston, who was a member of the Porto Rico insular commission.

At Richmond, Ind., Evans H. Jenkins, aged 81, for more than sixty years a prominent jeweler, and for fifty years an Odd Fellow, is dead.

Lieutenant Smedley Darlington Butler, who was wounded in the engagement between the allied forces and the Chinese, is a son of Congressman Butler of West Chester, Pa.

CHINA IS OUR FRIEND

And Wants Us to Help in Settling Her Perplexing Difficulties.

NO ANSWER HAS YET BEEN MADE

State Department is Proceeding Upon the Theory that Legates Are Alive-Points of Difference Between State Department and European Powers.

WASHINGTON, July 23 .- President McKinley has received what purports to be an appeal from the Chinese imperial government to use his good offices to extricate that government from the difficult position in which it has been placed as a result of the Boxer uprising and ensuing hostile attitude of the great powers. Although the exact text of the appeal made by the emperor of China to France, as outlined in the cable dispatches of yesterday had not been made known it is known that the address to the president is similar in terms to that communication. In our

through Minister Wu to the state department. Thus far a final answer has not been returned, the French government answered at once, but that answer will not serve us. The United States government is conscientiously proceeding upon an entirely different line of policy in the treatment of the case. Unfortunately the state department finds itself alone in this, but nevertheless it is convinced that its plan is the best and it has behind it the con-

case the communication was made

solidated assurance that at present all of the European governments have tacitly admitted that an error was made in the beginning in not following the common sense advice of the

The point of difference between the state department and the European governments is that the latter are proceeding upon the belief that all the foreign ministers and missionaries having guards at Pekin have been killed and insist upon dealing with the Chinese situation on that basis, thereby assuming a hostile attitude that ends to destroy the last chance of availing of whatever friendly sentiment may yet exist among the powerful Chinese viceroys and the imperial government itself. Thus, the French reply, as indicated in the four conditions laid down by M. Delcasse yesterday, sets an impossible task for the imperial government in its present

straits and tends to drive it at once to make terms with the Boxers and Prince Tuan's party. On the other hand the government of the United States, while not guaranteeing the truth of he advices from the Chinese government as to the safety of the foreign ministers, is willing to accept the statements temporarily, in the meantime remitting none of is efforts to get access to Mr. Conger through the use of military force if need be. By following out this polisy the state department argues that it has two chances instead of one. It may reach Mr. Conger with troops and it also may secure, his deliverance through the friendly offices of some of the powerful Chinese officials, which the powers are not likely to obtain for their own people by following out their present policy. It may be stated also that the United States govern-

Seeks to Appease William.

ment has not and does not intend to

relinquish any part of its claim for

compensation and reparation in the

ultimate settlement. Its position in

that respect, it holds, will not be af-

fected unfavorably by prosecuting its

efforts to make use of the friendly

sentiments of the Chinese officials.

PARIS, July 23 .- The Berlin correspondent of the Temps asserts:

"It is asserted in Berlin that the emperor of China has sent a telegram to Emperor William deploring the assassination of Baron von Ketteler by the rebels and declaring that the murderers are being actively sought and will be punished. He also expresses a hope that the relations of China with Germany would not suffer from this state of things."

HEAVIEST ARTILLEY TO GO.

Seventh Battery Receives Rush Orders to the Orient.

FORT RILEY, Kan., July 23.-Rush orders have come for the Seventh battery of heavy artillery to proceed with all haste to the Orient, calling for orders at Nagasaki. General Merriam promulgated the order in Denver.

The battery was organized during the Spanish war and since that time has been idle. The equipment embraces the heaviest caliber guns in the service, with a full complement of mortars, attended by 250 men and ten

Has No Faith in Conger Dispatch. ST. PAUL, Minn,. July 23 .- W. N. Lovatt, who has spent forty years in the customs service in China, is in the city. In an interview today Mr. Lovatt declared his absolute disbelief in the authority of the telegram received at Washington, signed by Minister Conger. He believes the last authentic information .from any of the legationers was the message from the British legation, countersigned Sir Robert Hart, and dated June 18, Mr. Lovatt says that Sir Robert Hart was a favorite with the Chinese and the fact that no letter or message has come from him means that every foreigner in Pekin has been killed.

The Philippine Trade.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23 .-The divisions of customs and insular public its regular monthly bulletin on the subject of the trade of the Philippine islands for the six months end-

ed December 31, 1899. The total value of merchandise imported into the islands for this period was \$11,456,670, of which \$572,346 worth was admitted free of duty. The was \$2,071,706.

FLICK HEADS THE TICKET.

Middle-of-the-Road Populists Take & Custer County Man.

For Governor-TAYLOR FLICK, Custer. For Lieutenant Governor— H. G. RIGHTER, Buffalo.

For Secretary of State— W. C. STARKEY, Pawnee. Auditor of State-SAMUEL LICHTY, Richardson.

For Treasurer— A. TIPTON, Otoe. For Attorney General-

F. STEVENS, Clay. For Land Commissioner-JAMES SALMON, Douglas. For Superintendent-MRS. J. T. KELLEY, Buffalo. For Presidential Electors-JEROME SHAMP, Lancaster.

A. A. PERRY, Douglas, JAMES BROOKS, Stanton, JAMES BROOKS, Stanton.
DEWITT Eager, Seward.
JAMES STOCKMAN, Custer.
G. W. RAWORTH, Douglas.
W. O. WOOLMAN, Clay.
D. F. PEARSON, Nemeha.

GRAND ISLAND, July 21.-Middleof-the-road populist convention here nominated a state ticket (as given above), appointed a central committee, adopted a platform and formed a new political party, christening it the "populist party of Nebraska." The convention was called to order by Alfred Fawkner of Omaha and a blessing was invoked by Rev. Mr. Arthur. Mayor Platt welcomed the delegates on behalf of the city and the response was delivered by A. Sott Bledsoe of Otoe. E. F. Morearty of Omaha was

chosen secretary. Among resolutions is the following: We, the populist party of Nebraska, in convention assembled at Grand Island this 20th day of July 1900, heartily affirm the Omaha and Cincinnati platforms and enthusiastically endors the candidacy of Wharton Barker for president and Ignatius Donnelly for

vice president. We demand an irredeemable dollar good for all debts, public and private, issued direct to the people by the government, but until such legislation is secured we are in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the existing ratio of 16

We pledge our candidates if elected to use all existing lawful means to introduce the initiative and referendum for the conduct of state affairs and to provide such necessary legislation as may be lacking for its enforcement, but until such legislation is secured we are in favor of enacting the following: Election of president, vice president and United States senators and federal judges by the direct vote

of the people. We demand state or municipal ownership of water works, street railways, telephones and electric light service at

cost to the people. We demand an equality of assessment on all property to the end that corporations may not shift their burden of taxation to the small property owners; that the rich shall pay their just share of government taxes; that the stocks and bonds of all corporations, including railroads, banks, etc., to be registered in the counties in which their value resides and assessed in said county or counties at their full selling value; that all mortgages shall be deducted from the value of property before assessment and that such assessment shall constitute a first lien upon such property assessed.

MADE SENSATION IN LONDON.

Message From Conger Revives Hope in the British Breast.

LONDON, July 21 .- (New York World Cablegram.)-Minister Conger's reply to the Washington message created a tremendous sensation here. strengthening the hope of the rescue of the legation.

It is pointed out, however, that it the Chinese had taken the American legation they would have got the cipher and key in Hay's cipher, but the opinion is prevalent in the house of commons tonight that if the reply is a fraud it would have been more hopeful in order to lull the powers into a sense of security.

The example shown by America in getting information is urged for imitation by the British government, which intends to press the Chinese ambassador here to do likewise.

Marine Batallion Going.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-General Heywood, commandant of the marine corps, and Major Denny, quartermaster, were in consultation with Secretary Long at the navy department today with respect to the immediate transportation of the marine battalion about to be mobilized in this city for service in China. These marines, numbering fifteen officers and 501 men in command of Major Dickins, will leave this city next Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock for San Francisco. They are scheduled to sail on the transport Hancock, which will leave San Francisco within an hour or two after their arrival, ei...er on the 27th or 28th inst.

Plans of the Commission.

WASHINGTON, July 21 .- Mr. Rockhill, who has just been appointed special commissioner to China, has gone out of town to a Pennsylvania resort, but will return ...onday. The developments in the Chinese situation will not affect his mission; in fact, they have rather increased its importance, for they are taken to presage an earlier settlement in China than had been expected. Mr. Rockhill accordingly w.il sail from San Francisco on an American steamer on August 3, taking this route instead of going by Vancouver, as he can thereby save nearly two week's time.

The Election in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-It is understood that the president and General Wood have agreed on September 15 as the time for holding the election in Cuba for delegates to the constitutional convention that is to be called for the purpose of formulating a constitution for an independent government for Cuba. On the return of General Wood to Cuba he will confer with the leaders of the Cuban people as to the details of the election and what total amount of import duty collected | restrictions, if any, should be placed |

CONGER IS HEARD FROM

Chinese Minister Receives Reply to Message Sent to American Minister.

THE NEWS COMES IN CIPHER FORM

Authorities Express Confidence in Genulneness of the Message-Ouick Relief Can Prevent Massacre-Legation Under Constant Shell Fire from Chinese.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-Like a flash of light out of the dark sky came the intelligence at an early hour yesterday that United States Minister Conger has sent a cipher cablegram from Pekin to the state department at Washington, making known that two days ago he was alive and that the foreigners were fighting for their safety. The Chinese minister, Wu Ting Fang, received the message.

It was in the state department cipher and was transmitted through the tsung li yamen and the Shanghai taotai. It contained about fifty words and was signed in English with the name "Conger."

At 9:45 Minister Wu nanded the Conger dispatch to Secretary Hay, who immediately called in his assistants and private secretary and work was begun in translating the cipher. Mr. Conger's telegram is as follows:

tinued shot and shell from Chinese troops. Quick relief only can prevent general massacre," The message is not dated, but, it is

"In British legation. Under con-

understood, was sent from Pekin on

The state department issued the following bulletin:

"The secretary of state received this; morning a dispatch from Consul Fowler at Che Foo, dated midnight 9, saying a Shanghai paper of the 6th said all foreigners murdered. Fowler wired the governor demanding the truth. The governor replied that his courier left Pekin on the 11th and all then were safe, but Pekin east city had been carried by rebels with intent to kill."

Within an hour the welcome intelligence that Mr. Conger had been heard from, after weeks of silence and evil report, was flashed throughout the country, and, indeed, throughout the world, dispelling the gloom which had prevailed everywhere and bringing to officials and to the public generally a sense of profound relief. The dispatch was in reply to Secretary Hay's cable inquiry to Minister Conger, on July 11, and as both messages vere in the American cipher code they were regarded by the officials as above with in the course of transmission through Chinese channels. Mr. Wu promptay communicated the dispatch to the state department, where he translation was made from the cipher figures, and soon all Washingon was astir with the intelligence.

FRIENDLINESS WILL BE TRIED.

This Expedient Will Be Our Policy With Chinese Officials.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-Secretary Root this evening made the positive statement that no more troops had been ordered for Chinese service. He

added: "The chief object of our government just now must be directed to aiding in securing he friendliness of the Chinese officials. It is taken that the Chinese government has been acting in good faith, and on the 18th inst. was still using its best efforts to protect the legations. We must do everyis hard to say just now whether increased military activity on the part of the powers would have good or evil effect. That must be judged by the officers on the other side. We have not the information here that would enable us to fairly judge.'

THE PRESIDENT NOTIFED.

Minister Conger's Dispatch Promptly Sent to Him.

CANTON, O., July 21.-The president's first news of Minister Conger's ashore. dispatch was handed nim the instant he left the train by the Associated Press correspondent. Scanning the bulletin, he gave evidence of pleasure at the news. Later when the state department's statement first reached him by the Associated Press adding strength to the genuineness of the news, he was more visibly gratified. Those near the president have known hope that Minister Conger was alive.

Fever Checked at Callao. LIMA, Peru, (via Galveston, Tex.), July 21.-There have been no further deaths from yellow fever on the British steamer Chile, which still remains at Callao. The French steamer Aconcagua, from Caleta Buena for La Pallice, with a foul bill, although without death on board, was ordered to undergo ten days' quarantine at Payta on the very day she was to have sailed for Panama.

Doubts Massacre of Foreigners.

MANCHESTER, July 21.-The Guardian says today that its London agent Sir Robert Hart, director of the Pek.n. vesterday received a cablegram from Pekin, and thereby much doubt is thrown on the report of the massacre of the foreigners.

Colonel Grosvenor Dead.

NEW YORK, July 21 .- Colonel Wil-Ham Grosvenor, an editorial writer on the New York Tribune, died at his home in Englewood, N. J., today. He served with distinction in the civil the St. Louis Democrat, then the leading republican newspaper of Missouri. While acting in this capacity he became interested in the liberal republican movement of 1872, which culminated in the nomination of Horace Greeley for the presidency by the Cinupon universal suffrage in the island. | cinnati convention of that year.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations From South Omaha

and Kansas City. UNION STOCK YARDS SOUTH OMAHA Cattle—The supply of cattle was rather limited, and prices in most cases were not materially different from what they were the previous day. Handy weight cattle that suited the buyers sold at fully steady rates, whereas some grades. ly steady prices, whereas some grades for which there did not happen to be much competition were a little slow and weak. The light supply, however, and fairly good demand brought the market to an early close. There was hardly enough cow stuff on sale to make a test of the market, only about 2 or 3 cars being reported at the yards. The better quality brought fully steady prices, and owing to the light receipts, sold in some cases a little higher. There was nothing on sale to speak of in the way of stock cattle, but what few there were here met with ready sale, at good, strong Hogs-There was a light run of hogs.

but buyers started out from the beginning to pound the market. Opening bids were largely at \$4.95, but sellers did not let go at that figure, and as a result packers had to pay \$4.97½ for the bulk of their droves. The choicer hogs sold from that figure up to \$5.19 and the lighter weights sold from \$4.97½ down. After the long string had changed hands prices began to weaken, and it looked as though the wind-up was going to be easier, but finally everything was bought without much change in prices. The bulk went from \$4.25/a5.00, with the long string at \$4.97 and the top \$5.10. Sheep—There was a good demand on the part of local packers and the ewes sold at fully steady prices. The lambs, however, sold lower owing to the big

drop in the eastern market. Quotations were: Choice western grass wethers, \$3.85@4.00; choice grass yearlings, \$4.000 4.25; choice ewes, \$3.2563.40; fair to good ewes, \$2.7563.25; fair to good yearlings, \$3.6063.90; good to choice clipped lambs, \$4.2564.60; choice spring lambs, \$5.756 6.09; fair to good spring lambs, \$5.2505.50; feeder wethers, \$3.006(3.50; feeder year-lings, \$3.2503.50, and feeder lambs, \$3.50 in 4.50.

KANSAS CITY. Cattle—Market steady; native steers, 4.00@5.00; Texas steers, \$2.75@5.50; Texas sows, \$2.30@3.20; native cows and helfers. \$1.5564.80; stockers and feeders, \$2.5964.49;

bulls, \$2,50@4.50, Hogs-Market strong and 5@71/2c higher; bulk of sales \$4.2565.10; heavy, \$4.9065.15; packers, \$4.9565.10; mixed, \$4.8565.07%; ight, \$4.9546.10; yorkers, \$5.0545.10; pigs, Sheep-Market steady; lambs, \$4.00@6.25;

LI HUNG CHANG AT SHANGHAL.

muttons, \$3.00@4.50.

Chinese Diplomat is Coldly Received by

Foreign Consuls. SHANGHAI, July 23.-Li Hung Chang, who arrived here today on the steamer Anning from Hong Kong, was coldly received. The native officials sent an escort of 300 armed troops, but as the French consul objected to their passage through the French settlement they were withdrawn and Earl Li landed under an escort of twelve French police, Once cut of French jurisdiction he was handed over to the Cosmopolitan settlement's police, who escorted him to a place of residence. The Anping, having munitions of war on board. violated the harbor regulations by the suspicion of having been tampered | entering and was compelled to leave the limits.

The consuls have decided not to call upon Li Hung Chang officially.

Japan Impresses Steamships.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 21.-Word was received here today by the local agent of the Nippon Usen Kaisha line, connecting with the Great Northern railway, that two of their vessels, the Tosa Maru and Kinshiu Maru, have been impressed by Japan to carry troops to Taku. Rio Jun Maru, which sailed yesterday for the Orient, is the only vessel left in service. It will not be back until September.

France Honors America. PARIS, July 21 .- Mr. James Hyde of New York has been appointed a chevalier of the Legion of Honor. This decoration has been conferred upon him in recognition of his work for the advancement of French literature in the United States through the thing we can to second as efforts. It | Cercle Francaise of Harvard univer-

Smallpox Under Control.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 21.-The secretary of the treasury has received a telegram from Lieutenant Jarvis. acting special treasury agent at Cape Nome, stating that there had been only two new cases of smallpox since last report. The disease, he states, is apparently not spreading. He reports that he is maintaining examinations of vessels and immediate isolation

CURE FOR YELLOW FEVER.

Mexican Patient Treated With Bellin-

xaghi's Serum. VERA CRUZ, Mexico, July 23 .-The first patient treated with yellow fever serum by the young Brazilian experimenter, Dr. Belinxaghi, now is for days that he has never given up fully convalescent. Other patients treated are progressing favorably. There is intense interest in the experiments and every facility is afforded the doctor. Patients very low with black vomit have been treated and the effect of the serum is marvelous, astonishing old physicians

Jack Was a Dull Boy.

The late Admiral "Jack" rhilip, while a religious, conscientious man, was as a boy persistently neglectful of his studies and always in trouble on account of his uncontrollable tendency to mischief. When in the naval academy he only managed to attain Chinese imperial maritime customs at the minimum grade necessary to keep him in the institution, and made that only through the grace of his instructors, who knew that he had the making of a fine officer in him.

Boer Attack Repelled.

LONDON, July 23 .- The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"PRETORIA, July 22.—The Boers war. Afterward he entered journalism | made a determined attack yesterday and became in a short time editor of to destroy a post at the Rail Head, and a 'pompom' and surrrounded the

> "They were, however, beaten off afforcements summoned from Heidelberg | aggregated 10,343,152. had arrived."

TO INVESTIGATE CHINA

Rockhill Named as a Special Commissioner for the Work.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE CABINET.

Our Government After Information-Former Secretary of Legation at Pekin Will Endeavor to Ascertain the Status of Matters.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The cabinet meeting yesterday developed nothing of importance regarding the Chinese situation beyond a decision to send W. W. Rockhill, formerly secretary of the legation at Pekin and assistant secretary of state, and now director of the Bureau of American Republics, to China to investigate the situation and report to the authorities here. Mr. Rockhill will go as a special commissioner to ascertain the extent of the responsibility of the Chinese government, if any, for the existing disturbances and to otherwise furnish the administration with information upon which the case of the United States against China for indemnity and reparation will be based. He is well equipped for the mission, having been secretary of the American legation for several years. He speaks and writes Chinese fluently.

The administration expects authentic news from Pekin soon; in fact, both the president and his advisers can hardly understand why some absolutely reliable news has not arrived before this time. In the absence of any additional information, the discussion in the cabinet today took wide range, covering tentatively many contingencies which may possibly arise. There was unanimous concurrence in the president's action in appointing General chaffee to be major general, to make his rank commensurate with his command in China and that of the commanding officers of the forces of

the other powers. For some reason the officials did not care to have it known that Mr. Rockhill had been selected for this responsible duty. Within a week he will have a final conference with the president and Secretary Hay and then will leave for China. He probably will go to Vancouver and there take the Japanese line steamer for Yokohama, proceeding from that point to Shanghai. Not until he arrives at Shanghai will Mr. Rockhill undertake to outline his further course. His position is a peculiar one; ne will be actually an ambassador in powers and so to the scope of his functions will be akin to President Cleveland's paramount commissioner to Hawaii, Mr. Blount.

LONDON, July 20 .- "The Washington idea of sending Mr. Rockhill to China," says the Standard editorially this morning, "is an excellent one and might advantageously be imitated by the British and other governments."

ANDRE AGAIN HEARD FROM.

Canadian Indians Tell of Finding Bodies and Wreckage.

CHICAGO, July 20 .- A special from Fort William, Ont., to the Times-Her-

Indians hunting on the east coast of Hudson bay have brought word from Hudson Bay company's post, on the west coast of James bay, that they found a vast amount of wreckage, the bodies of two men and a man in the last stages of death struggles. The Indians reported that they could not understand the language he spoke, but that it was not English. He died while they were there and they returned to the trading post without bringing any evidence of the strange

SUCCESSOR OF HENNESSEY.

occurrence.

Bishop Keane Named by the Pope for the Place.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The New York Evening World says that Bishop Keane has been named by the pope to succeed the late Archbishop Hennessey of the archdiocese of Dubuque, his name with those of two others having been presented about six weeks ago by priests of the diocese for consideration. Should this statement prove true it will be the quickest selection ever made by the propaganda. and will be a great surprise to members of the household of Mgr. Martinelli, and papal delegate to the United

IN BEHALF OF BOLLN.

Attoracy Will Next Week Seek His Release.

OMAHA, July 20 .- J. M. McFarland, attorney, will go to Lincoln to begin habeas corpus proceedings to secure the release from the state penitentiary of Henry Bolin, the former Omaha city treasurer, convicted of embezzlement. Mr. Macfarland will bring the case in the district court in chambers. court being now in vacation, and, in case of a favorable ruling on his plea, Bolln will be at once released.

Rough Riders for China.

FORT MEADE, S. D., July 20 .- Orders have been received at this fort from Washington, in regard to the troops that are to leave for China. Troop I has been ordered to proceed to San Francisco, thence to Manila. where orders will be waiting to proceed to some port in China.

MILITARY POWER OF NATION

The Adjutant General Makes a Statement Relative Thereto.

WASHINGTON, July 19 .- The adjutant general's office has issued its nual statement of the organized militia force of the United States, tothirteen miles east of Heidelberg, gether with the number of available which they attacked with three guns | for military duty but unorganized. The grand total of organized militiamen in the several states and territories at last report was 106,339. Those unorter a sharp engagement, before rein- ganized but available for military duty