M'COOK TRIBUNE.

F. M. KIMMELL, Publisher.

McCOOK, -:- -:- NEBRASKA

NEBRASKA.

Beatrice will entertain the state firemen next year. J. R. Burke, a prominent citizen of

Beatrice, died last week. Ashland has a Woman's club with

regular weekly meetings. An early closing movement has been inaugurated at Stromsburg.

Nebraska towns are going right along with building all winter. The only store in Oconee was burned down last week. Loss about

The Dempster mill manufacturing company of Beatrice reports a pros-

perous year in 1897. Quité a number of farmers have lost cattle that were allowed to forage in

the fields of cornstalks. The Norfolk school board has been compelled to rent a building to accommodate the school children.

The Elkhorn Valley Poultry and Pet Stock association will hold its first show at Norfolk, January 26, 27 and Footpads are not all confined to

siderable experience with them of A couple of harness thieves in Polk county have at last been nabbed after long prosecuting their nefarious

Omaha. Grand Island has had con-

Lem Parish and E. P. Burdick of Elmwood got into a friendly scuffle. which resulted in the breaking of Bur-

dick's right leg. W. A. Gilliland of Bedford precinct, Nemaha county, sold his 362-acre farm to Kansas parties for the comfortable sum of \$15,500.

The annual meeting of the Interstate Swine Breeders' association at Red Cloud has been postponed from

January 11 to February 1 and 2. The village board of Gibbon has ordered a fifteen-horse power gasoline engine, which will be placed in

the fire house for use in time of fire. North Platte will hold its western Nebraska irrigation fair again this year and the organization is already planning for special features and at-

Farmers of Buffalo county were ar-

The business men of Lawrence, Nuckolls county, have petitioned the town council to pass an ordinance to compel all business places to remain closed on Sunday.

York county is arranging for one of the best of the many good farmers' institutes being held in Nebraska this winter. Prominent speakers upon agricultural topics win be present.

The stockmen held a meeting last Saturday at Pine Bluff to discuss the wolf nuisance. The bounty was raised to \$12, which it is thought will encourage the hunters to kill off some

of the pests. The business of the Beaver City station of the B. & M. showed an increase in 1897 over the previous year of 75 per cent. The number of carloads dispatched was 415 and the number of

carloads received 247. Clinton Grant, a 9-year-old boy of Hayes Center, was seriously injured by a horse falling on him. When found he was unconscious and is supposed to have been ying in that condi-

tion for several hours. Burglars made a great haul on Clem Ziegler's store at St. James. They swiped the entire line of ladies' and gents' fine clothes, every bolt of fine dress goods, and completely gutted two large showcases which were filled with notions, trinkets and jewelry.

The C., B. & Q. railroad company, through attorneys, has secured a temporary restraining order on a petition for an injunction against officials in Otoe county in order to be relieved from paying the taxes on their bridge at Nebraska City for the year 1897, claiming that the taxes are illegal.

James Linville, who on the night of August 28, shot and killed Henry Carpenter, in a drunken row at Goodwin. and who was captured at Conde, S. D. in November and brought to Dakota City for trial, was last week declared a free man by a jury of his countrymen, they sustaining his plea of self-

Hartington Cispach: At a charavari last night at Glen, a 14-year old boy was shot and killed, it is surposed by the groom, Irvin Gilmour. Particulars further than Gilmour shot into the crowd with the above result are not known. The coroner and the sheriff have gone to the place of the killing. Gilmeur has sk'pped.

Fulton's hounds, says a correspondent, did another fine piece of work at Oketo, Kas., one day this week. A of Utah the public lands within its McKinley, at 11:08 Sunday night, \$100 shotgun and robe had been stolen | borders. The commissioner advances from a cutter. When the dogs were many reasons why he believes the taken off the cars at Oketo a fellow standing on the platform said: "If those dogs ever come to my house I'll kill them." As he was not suspected of the theft nothing was thought of the remark, but the dogs went directly to his place when given the scent. When the fellow opened the door he had an axe in his hand, which he brandished in a threatening manner, but was finally induced to quiet down. A search of the house revealed the missing articles.

A separator creamery plant is being put in at Sterling and it will be owned by a joint stock company. The promoters are meeting with success in their canvass for patrons,

John F. Stull, who recently died near Plattsmouth, established the first blacksmith shop in that place in 1856. Shortly after he took a claim two miles from Platismouth, where he

lived until his death. The Baldwin locomotive works has applied for 8,000 feet of space at the Omaha exposition, and will exhibit four of its most modern engines mounted so that they can be operated

WORK FOR THE WEEK

THE SENATE PROGR/ M IS FULL OF UNCERTAINTY.

Its Plans having been Somewhat Upset by the Teller Resolution-Numerous Important Bills Pressing for Attention .-Senate in a Quandary Which to Consider First.

The Senate Program.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The senate proceedings for the week will open with a speech by Senator Pettigrew, dealing with the Hawiian question yond this speech it is very difficult to pany of New York. In this position usual invocation Teller bond resolution has left the sen-

ranged program. Senator Pettigrew's speech will be made during the morning hour and the probabilities are now that at its conclusion, or at least at 2 o'clock, one of the general appropriation bills will be called up. The army and the legislative appropriation bills are already on the calendar, and the consideration of the agricultural bill has been completed by the committee, so that it will be reported on Monday. The probabilities are that the army bill will be the first of these measures

the legislative bill.

largely taken up with them that the army bal should be amended army, and if such a change should be attempted it would give rise to a very spirited debate.

The census bill, also, will be pressed for consideration during the week, and Senator Carter, chairman of the cenin the near future.

as to give the secretary of the census until next week. bureau to the secretary of the interior.

The bimetallist republican senators ranging for spring plowing prior to are still discussing the advisability the last snow storm, all the frost be- of renewing the financial agitation in ing out of the ground in that section | the senate by the introduction of some measure of their own, though they do not seem quite so intent upon this course as they appeared to be immediately succeeding the vote upon the Teller resolution. If they present a resolution it will probably be a declaration to the effect that the United States is not committed to the

gold standard. senate committee on privileges and week. This will be the feature of the elections declaring Mr. Corbett not to proceedings. While the republican be entitled to a seat in the senate strength in the house cannot be comfrom Oregon is also on the serate cal- manded against the resolution, no endar and there is a disposition in doubt is expressed by those who have some quarters to dispose of this as made it their business to canvass the speedily as possible. It is a question situation that the majority against it of the highest privilege and can be will be decisive. taken up at any time, displacing any

other subject before the senate. debate and delay involved in these various measures, it seems quite improbable that the Hawaiian treaty will receive much attention, at least in execntive session, during the week. Still Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, announces it to be his purpose to move an executive session for the consideration sible that he may be influenced by declaration. pressure from senators who have other measures requiring immediate devoted to the appropriation tills. The attention to postpone this motion for District of Columbia is still under disa few days. He does not, however, cussion and the fortifications bill is on admit such a probability.

Big Increase in Wheat Exports.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.-The monthly statement of the Bureau of Statistics shows that the exports of wheat during the calendar year 1897 and after that the contested election aggregated 109,990,328 bushels, a gain of more than 26,000,000 bushels over 1896, and over 43,000,000 bushels as compared with 1895. Wheat flour, however, fell off over 2,000,000 barrels as compared with 1896.

The exports of corn in 1897 were Railroad and Transportation company, unprecedented, amounting to 189,127,- has advices of the completion of the 570 bushels, an increase of 57,000,000 company's aerial railway over the bushels over 1896, which itself was a Chilkoot pass to Lake Linderman. very heavy export year.

half of 1896, of about 8,000.

Oppose Ceding Lands to the State. WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.-The pensioner Herman of the general land of-

fice has made an advance report on the bill introduced by Representative King, granting and ceding to the state Stanford and other women, President proposed cession would be foreign to Francisco. the best interests of the people. Probably 200,000,000 acres of pub ic land have already been given to the sta e; for various purposes and the use they have made of them, as he says, ind cates that other cessions would be uti- which they obtain a deed to 800 acres lized for revenue only and not for the good of the individual.

mains unbroken.

Corbett Not Considered. DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 31.-F tz immons and Julian declined to cons der Corbett's final challenge today. Considine of tals city, who had undertaken | mittee in charge of the Denver exhibit to have the fight pulled off for a purse at the Omaha exposition discussed of \$25,000, held an interview with plans last night for making a display Julian and Fitzsimmons' class. The in a building to be erected at a cost latter declared that Corbett was no of \$5,000. The plan is to bring the

The bicyclemanufacturers of Canada in the shape of a Maltese cross, surhave asked the government for a spe- mounted by an artistic looking dome cific duty of \$9 on each bicycle im- and ornamented with panoramic views ported from the United ' ates

not be until he whipped Maher.

LEAVES UNION PACIFIC.

Chief Engineer Pegram Tenders His Ressignation.

OMAHA, Jan. 31.-The first resignation of a Union Pacific official since the election of President Burt is that of George H. Pegram, chief engineer, of the system, with headquarters in Omaha. His resignation was handed to President Burt a few days ago in New York and the news became known in Omaha this mornig on the return of Chief Engineer Pegram from the east.

Mr. Pegram has accepted the position of consulting engineer of the which wil be delivered Monday. Be- Manhattan Elevated Railroad comforecast the outlook for the week. The he will rank above the chief engineer diversion occasioned by taking up the of that company, and will hold, it is said, what is regarded as one of the ate in a somewhat disorganized and most responsible engineering positions unsettled condition with no prear- in the United States. It is believed that in a remunerative way his new position will be worth more than double the place he has just decided to give up. He has been in New York for several weeks past, and is said to have had the offer of his new position under consideration for some time. He will leave for New York this evening, though he will not remove his home

there for some time yet. George H. Pegran has been chief engineer of the Union Pacific for about six years, having accepted the position to receive consideration, though there under President Clark. He is well is some disposition to displace it with known in engineering circles not only in this country, but abroad, and since Senator Allison, chairman of the his connection with the Union Pacific committee on apppropriations, said he has brought up the engineering dethat it was his intention to have the partment until it has been regarded appropriation bills considered before as one of the very strongest departother measures, and if he adheres to ments of the company, and as strong this determination the week may be as the engineering department of any western railroad. As the inventor of So far as can now be seen there are the celebrated Pegram truss he has few features in the bills already re- achieved a widespread fame. One of ported calculated to arouse discussion. the largest structures in which the There is a feeling in certain quarters truss has been used is the grand union by a provision for the increase of the bridges of the Union Pacific in Wydepot at St. Louis. The new steel oming, Idaho and Kansas have all been erected under his direction, and most

of them include the Pegram truss. The announcement that Chief Engineer Pegram had resigned created sus committee, said today that he was quite a stir in Union Pacific circles this very hopeful of securing its passage morning. The officers of the road in the east have known of the matter for The debate upon the civil service several days, but it was not generally bill will be resumed when this bill is known here. General Manager Dicktaken up, and the bill will be amended inson is in the west and will not return

IN THE HOUSE.

do This Week.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.-It is the intention of the house leaders to offset, so far as possible, the action of the senate in passing the Teller resolution by killing that declaration of the sense of congress regarding the payment of the government's bonds in sil.er on The resolution reported from the an aye and nay vote in the house this

As soon as ...e resolution is reported back from the ways and means com-In view of all the possibilities for mittee, which may be today, the rules committee will bring in a special order for its consideration. The time allowed for debate is likely to be brief, as the leaders do not believe there is any necessity for protracted debate and moreover a long discussion will measurably decrease the very purpose they have in view-namely, a prompt and of the treaty on Monday; but it is pos- decisive negative reply to the senate's

The remainder of this week will be the calendar. The house leaders intend to give appropriation bills the right of way in order to make an early adjournment possible. The moment the apropriation bills are out of the way the new rules will be brought in cases and the bankruptcy bill will be brought forward.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan 31.-Hugh C. Wallace, president of the Chilkoot

Aerial Road Over Chilcoot.

This marks a new era for Klondike The immigration into the United travel, as the time between tide water States during the last six months is and the head waters of the Yukon rivshown to have aggregated 99,175, a er is hortened from a month to one falling off, as compared with the last day, besides removing the peril and hardships. The President Touched the Button.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.-In the presence of the entire California congressional delegation, Judge McKenna of the supreme court and Mrs. Leland touched a telegraph key at the white house and opened the jubilee at San

Mining Deal Closed.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 31 .- A deal has been closed by Colonel E. P. Snow on behalf of Denver mining men, by of rich placer grounds on the Middle Fork of the Little Laramie river. The Denver men will commence work on Tennessee's senatorial deadlock re- their property as soon as spring opens

Colorado's Building.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 31.-The longer in Fitzsimmons' class and would | building to Denver at the close of the exposition and place it in the city park. The plans call for a structure of Denver and Colorado in glass.

END OF THE DEBATE.

THE TELLER RESOLUTION DIS-CUSSED IN THE SENATE.

Senator Stewart Leads Off in Favor of the Resolution-He is Followed by Mr. Jones of Arkansas-The First Speech in Opposition Given by Mr. Burrows of Michigan.

Close of the Silver Debate'

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29 .- In accordance with agreement the senate convened at 10 o'clock yesterday. chaplain being absent, the vice president opened the session without the

By unanimous consent the routine business was waived and Mr. Stewart (Nev.) opened the last day's .. scussion on the Tc.ler resolution. In supporting the resolution Mr. Stewart maintained that money, whether it be silver or gold or paper, was a creature of law, the creation of money being inherent in all independent nations. He said that this statement had been upheld by the nighest of triounals and cited historical instances of such creation of money.

to the speech of President McKinley tution. in New York last night, that he rethe president's speech: obligations in the currency recognized to increase. as the best throughout the civilized world at the time of payment."

Referring to Secretary Gage, Mr. Stewart said he believed the secretary this question, except from the standpoint of a banker. He thought it unfortunate that the president had be granted by special act in excess or placed the treasury department in and made the issue directly with the cluding the claimant's affidavit; ---

Mr. Jones (Ark.) began his speech per month be allowed. in support of the resolution by critiposed to pay the full pound of flesh during the war, and is now a widow due, but absolutely not a bit more.

The first speech of the day in opposition to the Teller resolution was delivered by Mr. Burrows (Mich.). He said that the republican party was pledged to secure if possible international bimeta...sm and the president would do evrything in his power to carry out that pledge. Meantime the existing gold standard would be maintained. Until the international agreement was secured the purpose of the administration was to convinue the kind of bimetallism we have now, whereby 500,000,000 silver dollars were maintained at a parity with gold. Any proposition which looks to the abandonment of this position, which was likely to create a disparity between the coins of the country, was in violation of the public faith and in derogation of the rights of the public creditor. In conclusion Mr. Burrows said that the passage of this resolution fortunately could accomplish nothing.

from the Indianapolis convention or der to consume time. from the New York Clearing House association. He thought that the denunciation and abuse heaped upon those who supported the resolution was unwarranted.

Chinese Slay German Tars.

from Che Foo to the Mercury of Shanghai gives details of the murder of a German sailor named Schultz, belonging to the cruiser Kaiser, while on outpost duty at Tsimo, the extreme post in Kaio Chou bay.

The crime, committed by the Chinese at Tsimo, the extreme post in Kaio Chou, was not discovered until three men of the corporal's guard were making the rounds, in order to relieve the sentries. Then Schultz was discovered. his head having been severed from

the body. The relieving guard was directly af-

killed. mands upon China.

Paul Felix Taillade, the veteran French actor, is dead at Paris.

Visit of War Ships Will Do Good.

MADRID, Jan. 29.-A semi-official different naval cammanders will ex- and populist candidate, the seat. change visits. The forthcoming festivities are regarded bere, as well as in Washington, as a pacific demonstration calculated to be satisfactory the Union Pacific will not be turned to both countrice.

PENSION RULES.

Senate Committee Adopts a Set Governing Pensions. WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.-The sen-

ate committee on pensions has adopted the following rules, which will be of general interest to those concerned in pensions: "First-Consideration will not be

given to any bill which has not first been submitted to the pension bureau for adjudication unless conclusive proof is presented that the claimant has no pensionable status before the bureau. Claims passed upon by the bureau, whether allowed or rejected, will not be entertained by this committee unui a period of at least one year has elapsed.

"Second-Where original pension or increase of pension has been allowed by special act, no proposition for additional pension will be entertained by this committee.

"Third-Bills providing for the payin any case.

"Fourth-Bills proposing to pension children of soldiers will not be entertained except in cases w 're the child has been idotic, deformed or otherwise mentally or physically inca-After a legal discussion of the money pacitated from birth or early chilaquestion, Mr. Stewar, says, referring hood, and then only in cases of desti-

"Fifth-Bills for increasing pension gretted to see that the president had by special act which have been not studied this question more deeply granted by the bureau at the maximum and that he was utterly misguined. rate under the act of June 27, 1890, He quoted the following sentence from | will not be given consideration, except "Nothing in cases of actual destitution or exshould ever tempt us-nothing ever treme physical disability; provided, will tempt us-to scale down the sa- however, that where pension has been cred debt of the nation through a allowed under the act of June 27, 1890, legal technicality. Whatever may be and a rejected claim exis under the the language of the contract, the general law, the equities in the latter United States will discharge all of its claim will be considered with a view, use to have lost a great part of its

"Sixth-Bills proposing to pension men who were not mustered into service, except in cases where they performed actual military duty and were to be an honest man-a man who wounded, or unless some special or would not rob a bank, but he said it | extraordinar service was rendered was difficult for Mr. Gage to look at in connection with a garmy, are not admissible.

"Seventh-No widow's pension will the maximum rate allowed by law charge of bankers, but he was glad except in cases of Jostitution, to be the president had thrown off the cloak substantiated by sworn testimony, inin no case will a higher rate than \$50

"Eighth-This committee will not cising the position taken by Mr. Alli- give consideration to any bill which son (Ia.). He thought the resolution proposes to restore to the roll the would squarely align those who held name of a widow of a soldier whose the various financial beliefs. He said pension was forfeited by remarriage the advocates of the resolution pro- unless she was the wife of a soldier n actual need.

"Ninth-Bills proposing 'n pension will not be given favorable considera-

"Tenth-As a rule bills for original pension will be given consideration in preference to those for increase. "Eleventh-Bills will be promptly referred to a sv cimmittee upon request of any senator, but all bills rereferred to a subcommittee upon re-

ported back to the full committee for

action before being reported to the senate. "Twelfth-An authorized statement by a member of committee, or by the senator introducing a bill, as to the circumstances of the claimant, will be required when tisfactor evidence does not aprir among the papers trouble.

accompanying the bill."

Fight Over Book Concern Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.-Yesterday It might tend to alarm the business was private bili day in the house under interests of the country and retard the rules, but Mr. Grout (rep., Vt.). to some extent the advance of in charge of the District of Columbia prosperity, but by the statements of appropriation bill, attempted to sunthe president of the United States last plant the regular order with the connight the country was assured and sideration of that bill. This at once the government obligations would be caused a renewal of the fight over the discharged in the best money in the bill to pay the book publishing company of the Methodist Eriscopal Mr. Wolcott followed in support of Church South \$288,000 for damages the Teller resolution. He thought any sustained by it during the war, which senator, whatever his financial views, had already consumed the entire time could vote for the Teller resolution, as of two private bill days. The friends it involves nothing except the carry- of the latter measure, under the leading into effect of the government's ership of Mr. Cooper (dem., Tex.). plain obligations. He thought lugging rallied in opposition to the motion and into the debate the rights of pension- defeated it on a rising vote-72 to ers was entirely irrelevant. He could 129. In continuation of the filibusterimagine, however, what sort of treat- ing tactics begun last week Mr. Dalment the pensioners would receive zell secured the year and nays in or-

Church Bill Passes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29.-The bill to pay the book publishing company of the Methodist Episcopal church south \$288,000 for damages sustained by that corporation during the war. SHANGHAI, Jan. 29 .- A dispatch after encountering an obstinate filibuster, which staved off a vote on the two private bill days, was piloted to its passage in the house today by Mr. Cooper of Texas, who was in charge of the measure.

The friends of the measure proved themselves in an overwhelming majority and the opposition today, finding it could how out no longer, reluctantly yielded. The vote on the bill was 188 to 67.

Alger is Better.

WASHINGTON. Jan. 29.-Acting Secretary Meiklejohn, who visited Secterwards attacked by a hundred na- retary Alger today on a matter or offitives, and after a stubborn fight it is cial business, said that the secretary reported that all the sailors were was "doing nicely." He had not seen the secretary for about ten days, and Twelve natives were killed during was agreeably surprised to find him the fighting. It is added that, in con- looking so well. The secretary is still sequence of the outrage, the greatest a very sick man, however, and the excitement prevailed at Kaio Chon, very nature of his trouble-grippe and and it is believed the incident will malaria-precludes the probability of form the basis of further German de- a rapid convalescence. In order to expedite his recovery as much as possible he will be removed to the mountains of South Carolina.

Election Frauds in the South.

usually severe arraignment of alleged fuls or great bunches of loose flowers ued in relation to the visit election frauds is made in the report of the United States battle ship Maine filed by house committee on elections to Cuba says: This necessitates Captain General Blanco sending a battle drich against Thomas S. Plowman, shin as well as the cruiser Vizcaya to visit American ports. The visit will Mr. Plowman is the sitting member, be made the occasion for festivities in but the committee submits a recount honor of the Spanish sailors and the of the vote giving Aldrich, republicar and a branch of forget-me-nots are

> The Salt Lake Herald predicts that over until March 1.

ARE YOU TO LIVE IN ALASKA?

Some Requirements That Will Be Found

Indispensable. The universal article of diet in that country, depended upon and indispensable, is bread or biscuit. And to make the bread and biscuit, either in the camp or upon the trail, yeast cannot be used-it must be baking powder; and the powder manufactured by the processes of the Royal Baking Powder Company, miners and prospectors have learned, is the only one which will stand in that peculiar climate of cold and dampness and raise the bread and biscuit satisfactorily.

These facts are very important for every one proposing to go to Alaska and the Yukon country to know, for should he be persuaded by some outfitter to take one of the cheap brands of baking powder, it will cost just as much to transport it, and then when ment of arrears will not be considered he opens it for use, after all his labor in packing it over the long and difficult route, he will find a solid caked mass or a lot of spoiled powder, with no strength and useless. Such a mistake might lead to the most serious results. Alaska is no place in which to experiment in food, or try to economize with your stomach. For use in such a climate, and under the trying and fatiguing conditions of life and labor in that country, everything must be the best and most useful, and above all it is imperative that all food supplies shall have perfect keeping qualities. It is absurd to convey over such difficult and expensive routes an article that will deteriorate in transit, or that will be found when required for value.

> There is no better guide to follow in these matters than the advice of those who have gone through similar experience. Mr. McQuesten, who is called "the father of Alaska," after an experience of years upon the trail, in the camp, and in the use of every kind of supply, says: "We find in Alaska that the importance of a proper kind of baking powder cannot be overestimated. A miner with a can of bad baking powder is almost helpless in Alaska. We have tried all sorts, and have been obliged to settle down to use nothing but the Royal. It is stronger and carries further at first, but above all things, it is the only powder that will endure the severe climatic changes

of the arctic region." It is for the same reasons that the United States government in its relief expeditions, and Peary, the famousthe brothers and sisters of soldiers arctic traveler, have carried the Royal

Baking Powder exclusively. The Royal Baking Powder will not cake nor lose its strength either on board ship or in damp climates, and is the most highly concentrated and efficient of leavening agents. Hence it is indispensable to every Alaskan outfit. It can be had of any of the trading companies in Alaska, but should the miner procure his supplies before leaving, he should resist every attempt of the outfitter to palm off upon him any of the other brands of baking powder, for they will spoil and prove the cause of great disappointment and

PEDDLERS IN MEXICO. Why an Cld Woman Wouldn't Sell All

Her Honey at One Time. "While traveling in Mexico a few years ago I had a funny experience with a Mexican vender which goes to show what little business ability the lower classes have," said E. F. Guignon of St. Louis. "I was en route to look at some mines away up in the mountains. At the station where we left the train to take the stage I saw an old woman seiling some honey. She did not have more than ten pounds of it altogether and as it looked so good I wanted to buy it all to take along with us. I asked our interpreter to buy it.

FADS IN FLOWERS.

Much to my surprise the old woman

would sell him but two boxes, claim-

ing that if she sold it all to him she

would have nothing to sell to other

people, neither would she have any-

thing else to do during the remainder

of the day!"

Florists' shops abroad are much different from the ones in this country. In London, for example, funeral freaths and emblems are displayed in the windows, with their prices attached. Some are attractive, others very hideous. Lichen. is fashionable there for crosses and wreaths, and from this grisly-gray background calla lilies and white roses.

Set pieces, the "gates ajar," broken columns and floral pillows, are always. painful, for, in the first place, the natural grace and beauty of the flowers is destroyed, and in the next there is no excuse for the emblems. Flowers for the dead should be scattered in careless handfuls-then only are they comforters, with their graceful beauty unimpaired. The modern custom of adding to a death notice the words, "Friends will please omit flowers," may be traced to the reluctance of the su vivors to be confronted with those ghastly set pieces which have raged as

The best artists have always recognized that flowers should be allowed to ASHINGTON, Jan. 29 .- An un- arrange themselves. Basketfuls, armare justifiable, but crushing their beauty into any systematized outline is unforgivable. Florists abroad have a frightful habit of "making up" boutonniers for men's coats, and these bunches. of three or four violets a spray of fern seen on the lapels of the men who do. not appreciate true fitness. A single gardenia tuberose or a knot of mignonette is better than one of these horrible mixtures.