

M'COOK TRIBUNE.

F. M. KIMMELL, Publisher.
M'COOK, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA.

The government survey is at work in Kimball county.
South Omaha dogs must have tags or be exterminated.
Congressman Horr of Michigan spoke in Lincoln on the 5th.

Randolph has contracted for a new school house to cost \$5,000.
The Hitchcock County bank at Culbertson is in the hands of a receiver.
A farmer in Pawnee county threshed 769 bushels of wheat from twenty acres.

The new B. & M. eating house at McCook is rapidly nearing completion.
Railroads will give a one-fare round trip rate for the state reunion at Lincoln.
There is a demand at South Omaha for muttons, and sheep bring good prices.

Colored people of Omaha celebrated emancipation day by holding a picnic at Fremont.
Charles Thayer, long a citizen of Wahoo and an old soldier, died last week, aged 53.
Discussion of the union depot at Omaha is still on, but nothing definite has been decided.

Mrs. Elizabeth Freeman wants \$5,000 from South Omaha for injuries received from a defective sidewalk.
The physicians of Seward county have organized an association, with Dr. D. D. Potter president.

Around Winside a considerable acreage of wheat will not be cut because of an excessive growth of weeds.
The sixth annual session of the Nebraska sugar school opens at the State university in September.
P. A. Hilderbrand of Plattsmouth, was prostrated by heat, and at this writing fatal results are feared.

William Gill, a farmer living near Boone, while running a corn sheller there lost his hand in the machine.
Rev. Jonathan Redding, the evangelist, will begin a series of meetings at Liberty to continue for two weeks.

The old Settlers' association of York, Seward, Butler and Polk counties will abandon its annual picnic this year.
Nelson Stone's residence at Juniata was struck by lightning, but every member of the family dodged the bolt.
Rev. A. D. Wolfe, pastor of the Seward Presbyterian church, has resigned to accept a pulpit in a Missouri church.

A party of eastern real estate men, 200 in number, are expected to make a tour of Nebraska during the month of August.
Rev. John Clark Hill of Chicago has been unanimously called to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church at Lincoln.

Buy home made goods and build up home industries, is a good policy. Farrell's Fire Extinguisher, made by Farrell & Co., Omaha.
Bancroft is to have a system of waterworks at once. City bonds to the extent of \$5,000 have been sold and dirt will begin to fly.

The Schuyler Sun has been purchased by R. S. Bulla and T. P. Orth. The latter gentleman was formerly connected with the Fullerton News.
The last hope for Hoover, the Omaha condemned murderer, is gone. Gov. Holcomb has refused to interfere and the law will be allowed to take its course.

Quite a number of the wide awake farmers around Newcastle are commencing to plow the stubble fields so as to prevent the Russian thistle going to seed.
An allowance of \$44,896 was made last week by the first assistant postmaster general for clerk hire in the Omaha postoffice during the present fiscal year.

One of the largest real estate mortgages ever filed in Ked Willow county was placed on record recently at McCook. It covers a 2,000-acre farm and is for \$25,000.
The creamery at Geneva is paying out about \$1,200 per month for the milk delivered by the farmers from the vicinity. They are making about a ton of butter a day.

Frank Veach, a Verdon elevator man, took in 10,000 bushels of old corn last week and is unable to secure empty cars enough to make shipments as fast as the grain comes in.
Judge B. I. Hinman of North Platte threshed some oats which ran nearly 100 bushels to the acre. On one of the stalks there were twenty-six kernels. The entire crop was irrigated.

Governor Holcomb, ex-Assistant Attorney-General Summers and Judge Broadway will deliver addresses at the tenth annual picnic of the old settlers at Humboldt on August 12 and 13.
Hon. J. Sterling Morton, national secretary of agriculture, has been visiting at Arbor Lodge, near Nebraska City, and will probably make a public address before returning to Washington.

An Otoe county farmer stopped to light his pipe last week while working in his oats field. The match also ignited the straw and ten acres of oats joined the farmer in a very successful smoke.
Ames Wiseman, one of Polk county's young farmers, while working about his horses, was kicked in the abdomen and nearly killed.

The Beatrice canning factory has begun the summer pack. About 300 men and boys and girls will be given employment during the season.
A stranger drove a team into the livery barn at Hastings and said he wanted to leave it and have the liveryman sell it. He said he needed a little money and was advanced \$10 and departed. Next morning Sheriff Tate of Fremont county and the owner came and demanded the team. It had been stolen at Humboldt.

The State Banking board has just completed a statement of the amount of funds in state banks at the close of business June 30. The statement does not include exchange or amounts due from other banks, and is as follows: \$481,865; silver, \$128,415; currency, \$353,800. This does not include pennies or nickels.

Michals, the shirt thief, and John Clark, his man, were tried on preliminary examination for burglary and bound over to appear at the October term of the district court of Boone county. Every day nears the new evidence of the wholesale thievery this gang has carried on. It is said they are wanted at Missouri Valley, Ia., for the same charge.

Mrs. Catherine Driscoll of South Omaha died last week at Neola, Iowa. Mrs. Driscoll secured judgment against South Omaha some time ago for \$3,500 for injuries received on account of a defective sidewalk. The city confessed judgment and the claim was about to be paid when, through her attorneys, she filed a notice alleging fraud, and thus stopped payment for a time. Mrs. Driscoll was about 88 years old at the time of her death.

A horse belonging to a pilgrim outfit shot himself recently near Lexington. His owner had left a loaded pistol lying on a quilt on the wagon seat. When no one was around the horse commenced nosing about the wagon for something to eat and in doing so pulled the quilt in such a manner as to throw the pistol out which struck on one of the wheels and was discharged, the ball striking the animal in the flank, and causing his death in half an hour.

At Chadron Jack Bright, Thomas Wilson and Bert Algire were sentenced to four years each in the penitentiary by Judge Westover. These are the three men who pleaded guilty of robbing the hardware store of Robert McNair at Crawford. Bright was the only one of the trio who made any statement, saying he had left home two years ago and that upon arriving at Crawford with his two companions they were unable to obtain work or anything to eat and were compelled to steal.

A Granger (Wyo.) dispatch says: The Omaha city officials' special, conveying the city council and some fifteen citizens representing the Trans-Mississippi exposition, are en route to the principal cities in Montana, Utah, Idaho and Colorado. All through Wyoming today, at Cheyenne, Laramie, Rawlins, Rock Springs, Green River, Granger and other places, the city officials and citizens turned out in large numbers with bands of music and much enthusiasm. All expressed great interest in the exposition and gave assurance of co-operation.

While Attorney John V. Morgan of Nebraska City was looking over the papers of the late Eugene Wilhelm at his old home near that city he found an Adams Express order for \$1,500, issued in 1853 at Placerville, Cal., and sent by Mr. Wilhelm to his wife, Martha Wilhelm, and payable to her order. Why the order was never cashed Mrs. Wilhelm, who is a very old lady, is unable to explain. The head office of the company at New York has been notified that the order has been placed in the bank for collection. It remains to be seen whether the order will be ordered by the company after all these forty-three years.

Coroner Victor Carlson of Stromsburg held an inquest on the body of Mrs. L. Frerichs. She had been ill and becoming discouraged took a dose of strychnine with suicidal intent. She was the mother of six children and was well thought of by her neighbors.

A Washington dispatch says that as the result of a conference between Secretary Smith and General Solicitor Kelly and Land Commissioner McCallister, of the Union Pacific Railroad company, the former has recommended to Attorney-General Harmon dismissal of the suits now pending in the United States court of Nebraska against the company and purchasers of lands said to have been erroneously certified to the former.

When Claude Hoover, the condemned murderer, received the first news of the action of the governor in refusing to interfere in his case he broke down completely. He had been very confident that the governor would commute his sentence and had talked very hopefully of the possibility of ultimately securing his freedom by good behavior. At no time has he given way to the thought that the governor would decline to interfere with the carrying out of the sentence, and the news that the last hope was gone and that no further process could possibly be instituted in his behalf carried away the last stay and he seemed to realize that he had but a few days to live and that an outraged justice must be satisfied.

The last Nebraska crop bulletin reports: The rainfall has been generally heavy, falling in showers accompanied by high winds, and in a number of small areas by destructive hail storms. The rainfall to the extreme southwestern counties was between a quarter and a half an inch, while more than an inch fell over the rest of the state and in the lower Platte river valley the rainfall was from two to four and a half inches. The showery week has been unfavorable for stacking and threshing small grain and some light damage is reported from growing in the shock or heating in the stack. The past week has been very favorable for corn and it has made a rapid growth and the crop is now in an unusually promising condition and is well advanced for the season of the year.

The champion snake killer of western Nebraska seems to be Bird Lilly, of Rawhide, who so far this season has killed 672 rattlers. He found a den of them near Red Cloud springs early in the spring and has allowed but few of them to escape.

A committee has been organized in Fremont to put up buildings for drying chicory, and a five acre tract has been secured for that purpose. Two large brick buildings will be built and the chicory in that section will be dried there ready to be worked up at the factory at O'Neill. The German Chicory company of O'Neill is the incorporator of the new company.

SPEECHES BY MR. BRYAN.

IOWA PEOPLE GREET HIM AT EVERY STATION ALONG THE LINE.

SAYS PLEASANT THINGS.

Leave Des Moines at 6:50 in the Morning. Accompanied by General Weaver, Who Introduces Him to the Crowd—Talks of the Coming Presidential Campaign.

GRINNELL, Ia., Aug. 10.—Early breakfast was served at the hotel to Mr. and Mrs. Bryan at Des Moines and at 6:50 they went to the depot where 200 or 300 people were assembled. General Weaver accompanied Mr. Bryan to Newton and Mrs. Watts of Des Moines rode with Mrs. Bryan as far as Colfax. The train was a local passenger.

At Altoona about twenty men were on the platform and they cheered until Mr. Bryan appeared. General Weaver said they were nearly all Republicans who had fallen into line for silver.

At Mitchellville there were 200 people at the depot and Mr. Bryan shook hands during the brief stop.
Colfax was reached a few minutes before 8 o'clock and about 1,000 people, many of them miners with lamps in caps, were present. General Weaver introduced Mr. Bryan as the next president and he paid compliments to General Weaver as a pioneer for free silver. The train was moving as his last sentence was uttered.

At Newton at 8:15 there were about 1,200 people on the platform, on box cars, on buildings and in carriages. General Weaver presented Mr. Bryan, who said: "If I am not mistaken, your town bears the name of a man who is given credit for starting the law of gravitation. Some of the laws of finance—I may say all the great laws of finance—are certain in their operation and as irresistible in their force as the law of gravitation. If you throw a stone in the air you say it will come down. Why? Because it is drawn toward the center of the earth. The law upon which we base our fight is as sure as that. If we have a gold standard prices will go down."

At Kellogg the 500 people were appeased when Mr. Bryan shook hands with as many of them as could push through the crowd and there was no demand for a speech.
At Grinnell, 2,000 people were in waiting. In the midst of the handshaking there were many cries for a speech and Mr. Bryan responded, though a freight train partly spoiled the speech.

IOWA CITY, IOWA, Aug. 8.—At Brooklyn about 500 people listened to a short address which Mr. Bryan delivered from a wagon.
There were 2,000 people at the Margeno depot, but only about half of those present could get within hearing distance of the rear platform. Mr. Bryan spoke as follows: "Ladies and Gentlemen: The name of your town, they tell me, is Margeno, and it recalls one of the great battles of history. I have been told by some of those who met me in the train that the battle fought at Margeno was no more bitter as a struggle than the battle that is going to be fought here for the purpose of restoring the gold and silver standard of the constitution. I am glad to hear of it and I wish you success in your efforts. I am not going to enter into a discussion of politics, because I have not been notified of my nomination."

At Downey 1,300 people cheered as the train passed, and at West Liberty, where the train stopped for twenty minutes for dinner, over a thousand people greeted Mr. Bryan. He declined to say anything for the present when his attention was called to the decision of the gold standard Democrats to hold a national convention at Indianapolis. He was shown a dispatch announcing that employees of Pittsburgh iron mills had been called upon to contribute to the McKinley campaign fund, and said: "I very much prefer that they contribute their funds to McKinley and their votes to the cause of free silver."

After dinner Mr. Bryan addressed the people from the porch, saying: "Ladies and gentlemen: I suppose that this is what may be called an after dinner speech, since I have just finished an excellent dinner. I am very glad to see you and to give you a chance to meet a candidate. I believe it is the duty of any person who is a candidate for office to become acquainted with the people whom he is to serve if elected. There is an old fashioned idea which in my mind is the idea to be entertained in this country, that the party chosen is nothing but a hired man, no matter how exalted the office or how lowly. He is simply employed for a certain time at a certain salary to do certain work and the people employ him, not because they desire to, but because they are too numerous to do the work themselves.

"And you have the right to choose the persons who are to do your work and to watch them all the time they are at work. In other words we live in a land where the government derives its just powers from the consent of the governed. Not only the powers of government, but all the authority of those who govern is derived from the people themselves, and it is my opinion that the people ought to keep themselves in a position where they can exercise as much restraint as possible over those who temporarily serve them. This is the best country in the world. You pick out a person, put him in office; he serves you a while, and then steps down and becomes one of you again, and someone else takes the place, and so we go on from time to time. I am glad to have a chance to see some of the people whose servant I shall be if in November I shall receive a constitutional majority of the vote of the people."

THE HOT WEATHER.

West of the Mississippi the Hottest of the Year in Missouri and Kansas.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 10.—The official temperature here to-day was 101 degrees with a warm breeze blowing. The United States report issued this morning says:
"Yesterday was the hottest day this year west of the Mississippi river, especially in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Every weather bureau station in those States with the exception of Concordia, recorded 100 degrees or more Oklahoma City recorded 104.
"The high temperatures also extended into Minnesota, and South Dakota, Huron reporting 102 and St. Paul 92.
"The highest temperature on the records of this office occurred yesterday afternoon—102.2 degrees, two-tenths of a degree higher than the maximum on July 13, 1890. In the extreme Northwest, the lake region and Ohio valleys, moderate temperatures prevailed.
"During the past twenty-four hours light showers fell in the Dakotas, Nebraska, Montana, New Mexico, and moderately heavy showers in Minnesota and the upper Ohio valley. A slight shower fell in Eastern Missouri and a sprinkle in Southwest Kansas. At 7 a. m. the weather was generally fair in all sections."

HEAT IN MISSOURI.

While Humanity is Suffering, Many Horses Are Dying From Heat.
MANSFIELD, Mo., Aug. 10.—The most damaging drought this section has experienced in many years is prevalent throughout Wright and the border counties further south. There has been no rain for three weeks, and as a result late corn won't make over half a crop. Pastures have been cut short and stock of all kinds are suffering for want of rain. The mercury registered 104 yesterday, breaking all previous records.
WEBB CITY, Mo., Aug. 8.—At 3 p. m. yesterday the thermometer registered 107 in the shade, being the hottest of the season by 6 degrees. The intense heat is killing many horses.

IN FAVOR OF REVOLUTION.

The Irish National Alliance of America Issues a Fiery Address.
NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—William Lyman, president of the Irish National Alliance, and other officers have issued a long address to men of the Irish race denouncing John Dillon, member of Parliament, and the proposed convention of the Irish race. It concludes with the declaration: "There is no hope for Ireland within the scope of the British constitution. To revolution alone she must look for her redemption. God save Ireland."

Depositors in Possession of a Bank.

NEVADA, Mo., Aug. 10.—When, in accordance with a court order to take charge of the Conking Bros' banks here and at Bronough and the branch banks at Richards and Sheldon, which had been reported by the secretary of state as conducted in an unbusiness-like manner, Receiver C. M. Shortel and Deputy Sheriff W. W. Hill went to Bronough concern they found about 150 depositors present, who said the money in the bank belonged to them and they did not propose to have it taken away. As they were responsible persons the key of the building was left in their charge. President Conking claims he could pay all debts in forty-eight hours if left in control.

Republican Campaign Divisions.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 10.—Chairman Hanna, Major C. F. Dick and Colonel Haskell will leave for Chicago on Sunday and thenceforth the Republican national campaign will be managed entirely from the Eastern and Western headquarters. The territory which the New York office will care for consists of New England, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Tennessee, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida. The Chicago office will look after the rest of the country.

Georgia Fusion Idea.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 10.—The Populist state convention nominated Seaborn Wright of Rome for governor. The convention unanimously adopted a resolution authorizing the state executive committee at any time that Mr. Sewall should be withdrawn from the Democratic ticket to withdraw six Populist electors and place six Democratic electors in their stead. This done the convention adjourned sine die.

Secretary Smith's Decision.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Secretary Hoke Smith has decided in favor of the townsie settlers of Manchester, Ok., in their case against Gilbert M. Morrison as to lands in the Enid district, and sustains the general land office in rejecting the claim of Jefferson county, Illinois, for the swamp land indemnity under the acts of March 2, 1855, and March 3, 1857.

Lewelling for the Senate.

WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 10.—The friends of Governor Lewelling of this county have entered him in the race for United States Senator. Their plan is to first send him to the State Senate, and they propose to nominate him next week for that office. They claim that Leedy, if elected, and Leedy's friends, will be for him, and that they have promises to that effect.

Silver Transformed Into Gold.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Dr. Stephen H. Emmens, the chemist and inventor of the explosive known as "Emmensite," which has been adopted by the United States government, said to-day that plans are under consideration for a completely equipped laboratory in New York for the treatment of silver. Dr. Emmens asserts that he has discovered a process by which silver can be transformed into gold. While unwilling to reveal his secret, the doctor is sanguine of success and believes that silver will soon be at a premium commercially, instead of gold.

HOLCOMB IS CHOSEN.

NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR BY ACCLAMATION.

Mr. Harris of Nemaha County Selected for Second Place Without Any Opposition—Fusion With the Democrats Would Not Work—Uncertainty of the Situation Solved by Chairman Smyth's Action—Populists Released From All Engagements.

POPULIST STATE CONVENTION.
Governor..... SILAS A. HOLCOMB
Lieut. Governor..... JOHN E. HARRIS
Secretary of State..... W. F. PORTER of Merrick
Auditor..... JOHN F. CORNELL of Richardson
Treasurer..... J. N. MESERVE of Red Willow
Supt. of Public Instruction..... W. R. JACKSON of Holt
For Attorney General..... No nomination
Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings..... J. V. Wolf of Lancaster
Supreme Judges..... JUDG. NEVILLE, (long term) JOHN KIRKPATRICK, (short term)

Hastings, Neb., August 9.—The populist state convention was held here yesterday. It was an hour late in assembling. A large portrait of W. J. Bryan adorned the back of the stage. It bore the legend "No Crown of Thorns, No Cross of Gold." Chairman J. H. Edmiston of the state central committee called the convention to order and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Isham of Hastings.

The secretary read the call and ex-Mayor A. H. Wier of Lincoln, was unanimously named as temporary chairman. Frank E. Eger of Lancaster, H. A. Edwards of Hall, W. H. Waldron of Adams, and N. R. Greenfield of Dawson, were made secretaries, and in the absence of contents the list of delegates as prepared by the secretary of the convention was read and the action of the committee recommended by J. N. Giffin of Saunders county for chairman and the temporary secretaries for secretary. This was adopted and Mr. Giffin was escorted to the chair. He thanked the convention briefly and excused himself from a speech on account of the business to be transacted.

Senator W. V. Allen, W. N. Poynter of Boone county, L. N. Harrington of Holt, S. W. Bardsley of Lancaster, J. H. Powers of Hitchcock, Judge Grim-coll of Colfax and Elmer E. Thomas of Douglas were named as the committee on resolutions.
P. H. Barry of Lancaster moved that the matter of the selection of the electoral ticket be referred to the executive committee of the state central committee to act in accordance with the sentiment of the platform to be thereafter adopted. The motion, after considerable discussion, prevailed.

Nominations were then called for, and the action of the convention resulted in the choice at the head of this column by acclamation. For lieutenant governor Senator Harris was named by acclamation.
Harrington of Holt county moved that a committee of five be appointed to confer with the representatives of the Bryan democracy before making any further nominations. Adjournment was taken till evening, at which time the Harrington motion was laid on the table. Then followed the nomination of W. F. Porter for secretary of state. John F. Cornell of Richardson county was nominated for state auditor. J. B. Meserve of Red Willow county was made nominee for state treasurer.

The state central committee was authorized by resolution to fill any vacancies that may occur on the ticket.
At a meeting of the state central committee, held at the hotel Bostwick, P. H. Barry of Lincoln was elected chairman, and Frank Ager of Lincoln temporary secretary. They will serve until the candidates get together and make their selection.

THE PLATFORM.

The committee on platform presented the following report, which was read by W. A. Poynter and adopted without discussion:
The people's party of Nebraska, in convention assembled, declares: We most heartily endorse the platform and action of the people's party national convention, recently held at St. Louis, and congratulate the country upon the bright prospect of an effectual union of all reform forces in the nation.
We favor national aid for an effectual system of irrigation of all arid and semi-arid lands.
We endorse the course of Senator Allen in the Senate during the past two years, where he so ably stood for the rights of the people against the insolence of organized wealth.
We recognize in the administration of Governor Holcomb an able and economical management of the executive department of our state and a complete and perfect refutation of the charge of incompetency often made by the enemies of our representatives.
We denounce the republican state officers for their persistent and unlawful refusal to invest the permanent state funds, amounting to \$330,000, and we unhesitatingly approve the position taken by Governor Holcomb in his efforts to invest said funds in state and county bonds and registered warrants, as directed by the constitution.
We hold that the formation of mutual and fraternal associations for the protection of their members against loss by fire, death and accident is a right of the American citizen that should be fostered and protected by law. We approve the present valued policy law and demand its rigid and honest enforcement.
We cordially endorse the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition to be held in Omaha in 1898 and we urge upon the people of the state encouragement and support thereof. We recognize in the enactment of the law the untiring efforts of Nebraska's senior senator for the upbuilding and prosperity of our state and of the great West.

THE STATE COMMITTEE.

The roll of counties was called for nomination of members of the state committee. It resulted: Adams county, Dr. J. D. Steeie, Hastings; Antelope, J. T. Hatfield, Neligh; Boone, W. J. Poynter; Box Butte, G. M. Culliver;

Alliance; Buffalo, E. Youman, Shelton; Burt, E. W. Peterson, Tokamah; Butler, Thomas Welch, David City; Cass, James Roush, Alva; Cedar, John H. Fetrich; Cherry, G. P. Crabb, Valentine; Clay, Henry Renting, Saroville; Colfax, John C. Sprecher, Schuyler; Custer, James Holland, Broken Bow; Dawes, J. J. Adams, Crawford; Dawson, J. H. Donehue, Lexington; Dixon, Warner Star, Allen; Dodge, R. D. Kelly, Fremont; Douglas, A. J. Williams, Irvington; Dundy, D. E. Walker, Benkelman; Fillmore, O. D. Wilton, Geneva; Franklin, James Hampton, Bloomington; Frontier, D. L. McElride; Furnas, W. J. McKenna, Arapahoe; Gage, W. A. Wagner, Beatrice; Garfield, T. G. Hamit, Burwell; Gosper, S. R. Yeoman, Elwood; Greeley, P. H. Barry, Greeley; Hall, E. E. Shuman, Grand Island; Hamilton, F. M. Howard, Aurora; Harlan, Thomas Moore, Alma; Hayes, J. E. Hammond, Hayes Center; Hitchcock, G. W. Carter, Dyke; Holt, G. A. McCutchen, O'Neill; Howard, C. Bradley, St. Paul; Jefferson, Thad Williams, Fairbury; Johnson, W. G. Levine, Tecumseh; Kearney, E. O. Mead, Kearney; Keith, J. W. Sherburne, Keith; Keya Paha, H. Maley; Knox, C. C. Crockett, Niobrara; Lancaster, C. W. Hoekin, Lincoln; Lincoln, T. T. Keller, North Platte; Logan, W. H. Manfield, Gandy; Loup, F. A. Warklin; Madison, Joe Martin, Madison; Merrick, W. F. Porter, Clarke; Nemaha, W. P. Potter, Fullerton; Nemaha, A. P. Robertson, Brook.

DEMOCRATS DISPLEASED.

The members of the democratic steering committee, who were in attendance at the populist convention were much incensed at the manner in which their overtures were received. After two days of hard work they accomplished nothing and the action of C. J. Smyth in withdrawing their request for representation is taken to signify that fusion will not fuse in Nebraska this year. Mr. Smyth was unwilling to say what the policy of his party would be; whether it would put up a ticket of its own was a matter to be decided later. He would consult with his colleagues on the state central committee, and their policy would be determined on by the time their state convention met. Others of the committee did not hesitate to emphatically denounce the action of the populists and to declare that under no circumstances would they vote to endorse the populist ticket. In the discussion that took place regarding division of offices, Senator Stewart wanted to know why the silver democrats were more entitled to representation than the silver republicans. Harrington of Holt county moved as a substitute that two places on the ticket be left to be filled by democrats and one to be filled by free silver republicans. There was a long debate on the question. It was a continuation of the same arguments heard all through the convention and was marked by frequent confusion. The delegates might have talked on and on had not Chairman Smyth of the democratic state central committee sent a note in which he broke off all negotiations by withdrawing their request for places on the state ticket.

GEORGE T. ANTHONY DEAD.

The Kansas Pioneer and Ex-Governor No More.
TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 7.—Ex-Governor George T. Anthony died at 10:35 last night. He had been ill about three weeks.

Governor Anthony was born in Mayfield, Fulton county, N. Y., June 9, 1824. His parents were Quakers. He worked on the farm from the age of 12 to 18, attending the neighborhood school during the winter months. He was apprenticed to the tin and copper-smith trade at Union Springs, N. Y., at the age of 19, following it for five years. In 1852 he engaged in the hardware business at Medina, N. Y. He married Rosa A. Lyon of Medina the same year. She survives him. In 1853 he added a stove manufactory to his business, continuing it until 1860, when he removed to New York city and engaged in the commission business.

In 1862 Governor Morgan of New York commissioned Anthony to raise and organize troops under the call of that year. He was mustered into service as captain of the Seventeenth New York independent battery of light artillery, serving with the Eighteenth army corps till the close of the war. He was breveted major for services in the last campaign at Appomattox court house, and mustered out at Richmond June 12, 1865.

Anthony came to Kansas in November, 1855, locating at Leavenworth. He engaged in the newspaper business, editing the Daily Bulletin at Leavenworth and afterward the Daily Conservative. Later he edited the Kansas Farmer. In 1867 he was appointed United States assistant internal revenue assessor, and a year later he was appointed collector of internal revenue. In 1875 he was elected the seventh governor of Kansas, serving one term. Prior to that time he had officiated as president of the State Board of Agriculture for three years, and of the Board of Centennial managers for Kansas.

Retiring from the governor's office, he accepted a position with the Santa Fe and helped extend the road into Mexico. He served as chairman of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners under Governor Humphrey, and Governor Morrill, in 1895, appointed him to be state superintendent of insurance, which position he left vacant by his death. Governor Anthony always was a radical Republican, and for many years a power in Kansas politics. His last active work was at the Lawrence convention, which nominated Colonel Jack Harris for congressman.

WATSON IN THE CHAIR.

The Populist Vice Presidential Nominee Presides Over Georgia Populists.
ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 7.—The largest and most enthusiastic state convention the Populists of Georgia have ever held assembled to-day in the hall of the House at the state capitol. The presence of Thomas E. Watson, the party's nominee for vice president, added interest to the occasion and worked the enthusiasm up to as high a temperature as that of the weather. Thomas E. Watson called the convention to order at 11:15 o'clock. He made no speech, but the dropping of his gavel was the signal for an outburst from the delegates.