

A man cannot have an idea of perfection in another, while he is never sensible of in himself.—Steel.

# Carl Hough Garded Closely in Bedford Jail

## France May Expel Reds; Police Act

Armed Force Ready to Combat Alleged Plot to Seize City Hall at Lille.

## 50 Communists in Jail

By FRANK MASON, International News Service Staff Correspondent. Paris, Dec. 6.—France tonight was in the midst of a relentless movement to rid the nation of bolshevism. The arrest of 50 prominent communists already has been made, Prefect of Police Morin officially announced, and he said that operations against the communists would continue. One report tonight had it that 50 agitators were en route to the border to be expelled.

## Secret Plan Discovered

A secret plan has been discovered whereby armed communists Sunday night would occupy the city halls and public buildings at Lille and Roubaix.

Lille is the capital of the Department of Nord. It is an important city, fortified and approximately 150 miles from Paris, Roubaix is six miles from Lille.

In Paris, the prefect of police has mobilized a force of 2,000 plain clothes officers. In order to be prepared for any emergency, he has in reserve 1,500 additional police and enough motor trucks to convey these men to any part of the city at a moment's notice.

In addition to the 50 communists arrested, the police took into custody 52 men, women and students at a school for Leninism, which the police characterized as a school for Leninism.

Communist Deputy Ormyou, who was taken in one of the raids, was later released.

Herriot Outlines Policy. The government's attitude toward the communists was made plain when Premier Herriot, answering an interpellation in the chamber of deputies, declared:

## SUNDAY BASEBALL LOBBY IS DENIED

Boston, Dec. 6.—State Senator William F. Murphy today asked District Attorney O'Brien to convene the county grand jury to consider the statement made in New York last night by Emil E. Fuchs, part owner of the Boston Braves, that he had been approached by a lobbyist who told him that a bill for Sunday baseball could be put through the Massachusetts legislature through payment of \$100,000.

He asked that Judge Justice also be summoned to tell the grand jury what he knew about the matter.

## SWENSON ASKS FOR A RECEIVER

Charles W. Swenson filed an amended petition Saturday in his suit against Henry F. Swenson and the Swenson Brothers company. He charges that Henry Swenson had diverted the company's stock, employed an auditor who changed entries in the company's books and in other ways has attempted to wreck the business.

He asks for an accounting be made and for liquidation and the appointment of a receiver.

**The Weather**  
For 24 hours ending 7 p. m. December 6. Relative Humidity, 74 per cent. Precipitation, .01 inches. Wind, variable. Total snow January 1, 26.15 inches. Hourly Temperatures.

## Mrs. Robinson's Friend in Blackmail Suit



This is the first photograph of Mrs. Devan, who was mentioned in the famous "Mr. A." suit in London as the companion in Paris of Mrs. Maude Robinson, wife of an English bookmaker, when Sir Hurri Singh, Indian potentate, was blackmailed for \$250,000. According to the testimony of Mrs. Devan, the account of \$15,000 was shortly thereafter opened in Mrs. Devan's name in a London bank.

## Woman Denies Aiding Bruner Poison Spouse

Mrs. Northey Admits Affection for Him and Wanted to See Him Free. Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Broken Bow, Neb., Dec. 6.—Mrs. Ardosta Northey, 47-year-old flapper for love of whom Frank Bruner had admitted slaying his wife, made a statement today from her cell in the county jail.

She continued to deny, in her statement, that she had had anything to do with the poisoning of Mrs. Bruner, but she did tell of her friendship and affection for Bruner.

Mrs. Northey was arrested one week ago on a charge of murder in the first degree after Frank Bruner had broken down under the questioning of the county attorney and the sheriff and had confessed to killing his wife.

Bruner declared that Mrs. Northey had given him some poison tablets with complete direction as to how they were to be used. The woman said that she had never mentioned poison to Bruner.

The man and the woman are charged jointly with the murder. They had been arraigned in county court. Bruner waived a preliminary hearing and told how he had placed two poison tablets in a cup of tea which his wife was about to drink.

Mrs. Northey seemed to be anxious to talk when the officers questioned her. She told the story of her friendship for Bruner from the time of its beginning, eight years ago.

She said that she had met Bruner soon after she moved to Sargent. Their friendship had progressed slowly and it was not until two or three years later that they became intimate.

The automobile tour which she and Bruner made last summer was described in full. The trip was out short because of Bruner's fear that his wife would charge him with desertion.

"Bruner spoke often of getting a divorce but he always said that his wife wouldn't stand for it," Mrs. Northey said. "He told me that he would be free by spring but never said how he expected to do it. I never suggested killing her, although I did want him to be free."

Mrs. Northey declares that Bruner once suggested that she put poison in her husband's tea but that she told him that it would be much easier for her to "just walk out." She did as she suggested later and left her husband and family.

## SOLON AGAINST BUTLER LEAVE

Washington, Dec. 6.—President Coolidge was advised today by the senate naval committee through Chairman Hale, not to extend the leave granted Brigadier General Butler of the Marine corps to permit his service as public safety director of Philadelphia.

## President of Irish Free State Sees Prosperity Ahead on Third Anniversary; Ex-Minister Gloomy

Head of Government Points to Restored Order, New Judiciary, Agrarian Improvements and \$50,000,000 Internal Loan; Leader of Nationalists Flays Cabinet's Indecisive Stand on Important Questions.

By Universal Service. Signaling the third anniversary of the signing of the treaty between the Irish free state and England, the two articles published herewith express divergent views of the present status of Ireland. President Cosgrave finds the situation full of hope; Joseph McGrath gives voice to dissenting comment.

By WILLIAM T. COSGRAVE, President of the Irish Free State. (Copyright, 1924.) Dublin, Dec. 6.—We have emerged out of the writer of the Irish revolution a small state laboring under the natural difficulties of the time, and progressing slowly but surely and steadily towards that prosperity and happiness which was thus always the promise of national freedom.

Today, on the third anniversary of the signing of the treaty with England, we can look back on a year of substantial, constructive effort and can more confidently than ever face the future. The darkest hours of Ireland's life are passed and the wounds of the national struggle are healing.

The treaty has already brought to Ireland much of what Arthur Griffith prophesied in the rest is coming.

The people are grappling with problems consequential on both their past subjection and their liberation. Last year we had restored order, made ourselves a constitution, created a new judiciary, a police force, and an army, settled our most difficult agrarian question, raised an internal loan of \$50,000,000 and laid the foundation for the restoration of the national culture.

Economics Studied. The Irish mind is turning from politics in the old sense to economics. The work of the Oireachtas (parliament), particularly in the last six months, has been almost entirely in that sphere, and its effects should begin to appear very soon. A bill dealing with livestock breeding, for instance, is at present before the deputies, and the minister for lands and agriculture has estimated that it will improve the value of Irish cattle and products by \$40,000,000 annually. I am told that this is a conservative estimate.

Other acts are designed to increase the value of Irish butter and eggs on the English market. Our exports of these two items alone amount at present to about \$60,000,000 a year, but recently the Danes have been encroaching substantially on the market, and we must see to it that our eggs are carefully graded and packed if we are to compete with them successfully.

We propose also to provide a national market for butter, which will be an absolute guarantee of high quality.

Small tariffs have been levied for the encouragement of several industries. It is with such practical matters as these that the Irish parliament is now mainly concerned.

Farm Loans Awarded. For the first time since 1914, government loans are now available for farmers who want to improve their farm buildings or land. Our roads are being rapidly improved, over \$5,000,000 being spent on them. An effort is being made to meet the housing shortage by granting loans to local authorities and to private builders. The sugar beet and dead meat industries—both of which are eminently suitable to the country—are being investigated and government support will be forthcoming.

In regard to unemployment, this is undoubtedly as pressing a problem here as in most other states, but not more so. In our efforts to remedy it, our policy has been not to promote unproductive relief works which must of their nature be merely palliative, but to restore normal industrial conditions and start permanent constructive work.

Directly and indirectly the government has made available about \$5,000,000 to be spent in this way during the next couple of years. This includes \$7,000,000 paid as compensation for damage done during the De Valera disorders.

Budgetary is gradually recovering from the slump of the war years. It must be remembered that the adverse conditions which have affected it in other countries were here stipulated by conditions peculiar to ourselves. But those times are now, we hope, well behind us.

One of Ireland's chief concerns at present is with the great scheme for utilizing the power of the river Shannon to supply the whole nation with cheap light, heat and power. The government has been in negotiation with a great continental firm on this project, and when the work has begun it will directly give employment to at least 2,000 men for a number of years.

Boundary Agreement in Sight. I have said that Ireland is more interested at present in economics than in politics. One political question is still of prime importance. Powerful influences have been steadily at work to wreck one clause of the Anglo-Irish treaty—that which provides the machinery by which those areas of northern Ireland, in which a majority of the inhabitants were unwillingly cut off from citizenship of the free state, may be restored to the government of their choice. Today, however, the boundary commission is actually in session and we have no reason to doubt that its findings will be in accordance with the merits of the case.

I need hardly add that the people of the free state have no ambition to acquire unwilling citizens. We are anxious above all things to secure the ultimate unity of our country, and hope to achieve it when passion and prejudice have given place to good will and a general recognition that such unity is essential to the well-being of all sections of our countrymen; but, in the meantime, we cannot ignore the wishes of thousands of northern nationalists who desire our citizenship and have in fact repeatedly demanded it.

## World Court Action May Be Deferred

Borah Sees Slight Hope of Calling Measure Up During Present Term.

## Special Session Urged

By GEORGE R. HOLMES, International News Service Staff Correspondent. Washington, Dec. 6.—A special session of the 69th congress to be called early next summer to deal with the world-court issue and tax reform is insistently being urged upon the president.

The pressure on this action, which has been strong since election, is increasing so that it is a question of whether Mr. Coolidge will be able to adhere to his announced intention of giving the country another rest from congress.

The plan now being pressed on the president, is to call another congress to meet in May or June and let the senate tackle the courts while the house takes up the tax reduction and tax reform advocated by Secretary of Treasury Mellon, and to which the administration is pledged.

The friends of the court and the friends of more and immediate tax reduction are backing the program to the limit of their ability.

Senator William E. Borah of Idaho, the new chairman of the foreign relations committee of the senate, said today in a formal statement that he was willing to call the court issue up at any time, but he saw little prospect of it at the present short session.

Court in Abeyance. This confirmed the belief already existing that there will be no action on the court before March 4, and at the same time increased the desire on the part of the court's friends to have an extra session.

Borah refused to commit himself as to whether he is in entire accord with the president on the court. His statement today was issued because of reports that he had swung over to the administration's viewpoint.

"I am quite willing, as chairman to help," Borah said. "I am even anxious to bring the world court before the senate just as soon as the appropriation bills, which have the right of way and agricultural legislation have been disposed of."

"I have for 20 years favored a world court. But I would regard the effort to establish an effective judicial tribunal as wholly fruitless if such a tribunal were left so that it would inevitably be drawn into international politics."

Vote for Peace. "When I vote for a world court, I would like to feel that I have voted for something that will be an aid to the world peace."

The plain inference left the Idaho senator was that he did not consider the present court, with the Rens protocol and its kind of electing judges, to be the kind of court he could give his support to.

## 3 HOSPITAL AIDES HELD FOR SLAYING

Cherokee, Ia., Dec. 6.—Three attendants at the state hospital for the insane here are under arrest, charged with first degree murder, in connection with the death last night of Henry Van Haften, a patient.

## FORMER RAILROAD PRESIDENT DEAD

Pasadena, Cal., Dec. 6.—William C. Brown, 71, former president of the New York Central railroad, died this morning in South Pasadena. Two years ago he suffered a stroke of apoplexy and has been in failing health since. Services will be held at the residence at 40 E. Lick Monday. Burial will be at Loma Springs, Ia., his former home.

## Abts Wholesale Grocery Bought by Nash Concern

Columbus, Neb., Dec. 6.—The H. W. Abts Wholesale Grocery company, founded here by H. W. Abts and Matt Catto in 1887, owners of a chain of 115 wholesale grocery houses in the northwest and of six other Nebraska houses in North Platte, Scotts Bluffs, Norfolk, Hastings, Kearney and Crawford, has been sold to the Nash-Dietz company, handling fresh produce as well as staples. J. P. Harrison, Minneapolis, has been transferred here as local manager. The Abts company averages a million and a quarter turnover.

## Fleeing Bride Eludes Chase



MRS. DOROTHY MARTIN HILLMAN

Mrs. Dorothy Martin Hillman, wife of Edward J. Hillman, jr., millionaire Chicago department store owner, fled to New York after a month of married life, following a mysterious quarrel with her husband. She denied she was going to Europe to escape her "nasty little husband." He asked the police to apprehend her, but she eluded them.

## House Completes Consideration of Interior Measure

Appropriation Bill Virtually Unchanged: Final Vote Delayed Until Tuesday.

Washington, Dec. 6.—House consideration of the interior department appropriation bill was completed today with only a handful of members on the floor, and a final vote on the measure was postponed until Tuesday.

Except for this amendment and the striking out of a \$406,000 appropriation for Howard university in this city on a point of order by Representative Byron, South Carolina, the bill was not changed by the house in any important particular.

It carries a total of \$28,000,000, a decrease of \$30,000,000 from the total available for expenditure this year and \$1,500,000 from budget estimates.

Among the items approved without material change were those for reclamation projects in the west, the total amounting to \$8,947,000.

## "Golden Rule" Sunday Observed

Nebraskans Show Interest in Offering for Near East Children.

Many cities and towns over Nebraska are making plans for the observance of Golden Rule Sunday today, according to the near east relief committee, with headquarters at Omaha.

## PERSHING, ENVOY, ARRIVES IN PERU

Lima, Peru, Dec. 6.—Gen. John J. Pershing, carrying the title of special ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Peru, arrived here today at the head of the United States delegation which will attend the centennial of the battle of Ayacucho here on December 8. This event is celebrated as the anniversary of Peruvian independence.

The retired chief of staff of the American army received an ovation when he entered Lima. The city was in gala attire—triumphal arches and electrical illuminations having been erected. The arrival during the week of special emissaries was followed by a series of formal receptions at the government palace. The members of the various delegations are all accredited as special ambassadors.

## Five Claims Against State Fund Commission

Fremont, Neb., Dec. 6.—Five claims against the State Guaranty Fund commission were allowed by Judge F. W. Button in district court today. Two other claims were turned down for the present pending the close of hearings now in session.

The claims allowed are the following: Winslow State bank, \$1,750; J. W. Hoyle, over \$7,000; S. P. Hoyle, \$3,000; Hannah Ladd, \$25; George W. Smith, \$5,000. These were found to be bonafide deposits and merited consideration under the clauses of the state law. Two claims, one by Abbott, Robt. & Robins, Fremont law firm and another by P. L. Waldron, Omaha, for \$1,700, were disallowed. In the latter case the court found that it should have been placed against the bank instead of the fund today.

## Escape of Murderer Was Boast

Slayer Intimated He Would Gain Freedom If Convicted; Building Insecure.

## Awaits Prison Transfer

Bedford, Ia., Dec. 6.—Convicted of the slaying of his sweetheart, Lillian McKenney of Herrick, S. D., Carl Hough today was in jail here awaiting transfer to Fort Madison, where he was sentenced, according to the jury's recommendation, to serve a life term.

Hough refused to comment on his sentence, while relatives of the dead girl, who had been in the courtroom throughout the 10-day trial, declared they were satisfied and had not desired a death penalty.

On the recommendation of Judge Hammer A. Fuller, the trial judge, authorities took extra precautions to prevent any attempt at escape from the local jail, which, the judge said, was none too secure. A continuous guard was placed over the prisoner, who, officers said, had intimated he was prepared to show them something or two if he was convicted.

Eloped With His Victim. Hough was convicted largely on circumstantial evidence presented to support the state's contention that he eloped from Herrick with the girl early last August, returned to Oakland, Ia., his home, where he refused to marry Miss McKenney, then killed her in his automobile and concealed the body under a highway bridge.

The defense contended the girl was killed by two strangers, who drugged Hough.

The verdict was reached after the jurors had deliberated five hours. They retired at 5:10 and were ready to face the judge at 10:10.

Carl Hough was accused of having killed Lillian McKenney, 18, Herrick, S. D., whose bruised body was found under a bridge 17 miles west of here August 13.

Hough nonchalant throughout the trial, gave no bit of ground as the verdict was read. He was taken from the county jail as soon as word was sent from the jury room that verdict was ready.

As the jurors filed into the jury box Hough smiled and turned his back on them. As the clerk of court read the verdict, the prisoner continued to stand with his back turned on the persons who, in the opinion of the spectators, should have been of most interest. His smile remained.

When the verdict had been read he turned, still smiling, to the deputy sheriff with whom he had come from the cell. He held out his hands to be handcuffed and, with an air of contempt, turned and walked from the room.

Elmer McKenney, father of the slain girl, refused to comment on the verdict. He was present in the courtroom as the verdict was read and left immediately afterward.

Saves in Hough's Cell. A sensation developed Friday afternoon when it was discovered that two steel saws had been secured in Hough's cell.

The authorities have been in the habit of searching the cell each day when Hough is returned from the courtroom. Friday afternoon as Hough stood in the corridor a deputy sheriff entered the cell and felt under the mattress.

There he found the saws. Whether they were given to Hough while he sat in the courtroom or whether they were secreted in the cell while the prisoner was absent is not known.

The verdict of guilty voted finds to one of the most sensational trials held in a court of Taylor county in the annals of its court history.

The body of Lillian McKenney was found last August. For several days it could not be identified then, through clothing the identity of the man last seen with the girl was established.

Strangers Blamed. That man was Carl Hough and his identity was further established when Elmer McKenney, hurried from his home in South Dakota, viewed the body of his daughter and recognized her.

Hough was traced through Iowa and finally arrested in Sioux City. During the trial Hough proclaimed his innocence of the crime. He blamed two strangers for the death of his wife.

The climax of the trial came today when, after Richard Organ, attorney for Hough, asked that the state with its burden of proof be shifted to Hough, the jury returned its verdict. The two men whom Organ wanted in court spent August 11 in Hough's company. Hough declared from the witness stand that the men were strangers to him and that he did not know their names, and was able to give only a partial description of them.

Tax Hearings Monday. Federal Judge Woodruff will be joined by Judges L. Manser and William S. Keryon, Monday, when hearings on cases brought by the Western Union, and by the Rock Island, Burlington and Northwestern railroads to enjoin tax levies are to be heard.