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WHITE AMERICANS CARRY PREJUDICES TO FOREIGN LANDS

Attempt to Impose Their Silly Practices Upon Foreigners Who Indignantly Resist Them

FRANCE ISSUES STATEMENT

Will Follow Her Usual Custom and Protect Black Citizens Against Discrimination Urged By Tourists

Paris, July 19.—Following incidents wherein American tourists in Paris have taken offense at the presence of Negroes in cafes or on sightseeing cars, Premier Poincare, under pressure from Negro members of the chamber of deputies, has agreed to request the American government, through the ambassador at Washington, to endeavor to explain to Americans touring France that France's Negro citizens enjoy the same rights as the whites in every respect and will be protected by law against discrimination.

The government intends to issue an official statement to the French people and to visiting foreigners on the subject, particularly with a view to preventing unpleasant incidents.

As the number of Negroes in France is insignificant and the French people have no race prejudices it is feared that in case of a dispute in some public place between a French Negro and an American the crowd would side with the Negro.

The French people will be warned that they must not discriminate against the Negroes, however much the visiting American may protest.

A cafe proprietor who recently forced the departure of a Negro customer at the request of an American customer will be punished by the police closing his establishment for eight days.

Diagne has called attention to the fact that several black Frenchmen, college-bred gentlemen, "who exposed their lives for the defence of France," have recently been subjected to indignities at the behest of American tourists.

"While we do not approve of their treatment of their black compatriots in the United States, that is a matter with which we have no right to interfere. We have no such custom here. A Frenchman is a Frenchman, and good taste would dictate that these Americans respect the customs of our country."

CHURCH LEADERS RISE TO TUSKEGEE'S DEFENSE

Threatened Interference with Institution Would Be Lasting Disgrace Say Methodists South.

Lake Junaluska, N. C., July 27. (Special)—The Social Service Commission of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in annual session here last week, gave out a statement expressing appreciation of Tuskegee Institute and declaring that any interference with the institution would be a "lasting disgrace to Southern civilization." The statement which was given wide publicity by the Associated Press, was as follows:

"Inasmuch as there has come to us through reliable newspaper reports and private sources of undoubted reliability information that the interests of the great institution for colored people at Tuskegee, Ala., are seriously menaced by threats of organized interference,

"Resolved, that this Commission put on record our appreciation of the incalculable value of that institution for the training of our colored fellow citizens, and declare our unalterable conviction that any invasion of its rights or interference with the orderly pursuit of its lawful and benevolent labors would be a calamity to the institution and a lasting disgrace to our Southern civilization.

The action of the Commission of which Bishop James Cannon, Jr., is chairman, was called forth by the recent parade of the Ku Klux Klan at Tuskegee and by other efforts to intimidate the Institute, because of its supposed attitude in the controversy relative to the new government hospital for colored veterans.

The statement is considered very significant as representing the leadership of one of the greatest Southern denominations, with a membership of 2,500,000. It indicates the prevailing attitude of the best people of the South toward Tuskegee and other Negro institutions.

ELECTROCUTED FOR CRIME

Columbus, S. C., July 27.—George Allen, slayer of Cecil Hale, a white man from Anderson county, was electrocuted at the state prison here. The execution was witnessed by the widow of the victim.

ROMAN CATHOLIC SPEAKERS FAVORS SACRAMENTAL PRIESTS

Races are Converted Normally and Most Successfully Only Under Leadership of Their Own

URGENT CALL FOR WORKERS

New York City, July 27.—Right Reverend John E. Burke, director general of the Catholic Board of Mission work among colored people, preached a sermon here at the ordination of Father Joseph A. John, recently elevated to the priesthood at St. Benedicts Church.

The director said that no nation or race had ever been converted except by its own leaders. "Gratitude and thanksgiving," he said, "are in our hearts today. You all know that I have been for years and years a staunch advocate of the necessity of colored priests in the United States.

"We who are working among the eleven million colored people in the United States are planting the seeds. Thank God we can already see consoling results. I believe the harvest is to come from the colored priests in the United States. We need colored priests. We need colored Sisters, and thanks be to God, they are coming. Obstacles must be overcome, and prejudices must die."

Declaring that "the white race has not the monopoly of the benefits of the Redemption—the grace of God can work in the soul of a black man as efficaciously as it can in the soul of a white man," he urged all present to "agitate in prayer for colored vocations. Agitate among yourselves that the idea may spread. Agitate by co-operating with those who have taken up the work of educating young colored men and girls for the priesthood and Sisterhood.

FINANCIAL DRIVE FOR OLD FOLKS HOME IS NOW UNDER WAY

Enthusiastic Meeting Endorses Campaign for Funds for Purchasing New Building for Worthy Institution—Let's All Help!

Last Sunday afternoon a mass meeting was held at Zion Baptist church to open the campaign for funds for the new Old Folks Home which the Negro Women's Christian Association is purchasing at 923 North Twenty-fourth street. Owing largely to the intense heat the attendance was not large, numbering less than 100 persons. What the meeting lacked in numbers was made up by the enthusiasm which prevailed. M. F. Singleton presided. Several of the local ministers present made brief addresses commending the movement and pledging their support. Those who did this were the Rev. Messrs. Botts, Divers, Talyor, Burekhardt, Adams, W. C. Williams and John Albert Williams. Mrs. Martha Taylor Smith, president of the Home, spoke briefly of the organization, work and plans of this commendable charity and Mrs. James G. Jewell outlined the well-planned drive. Pledges aggregating \$260 were made, a portion of which was paid in cash.

The total cost of the property which consists of a beautiful, well-built, modern twelve-room residence is \$8,000. Upon this a payment of \$500 has been made giving the Association an option which expires August 22, by which time \$2,500 more is to be paid. This Special Financial Drive which began July 22 and ends August 22 is to secure at least this amount. With Omaha's colored population which numbers fully 14,000, there is no reason why the whole \$8,000 should be raised within the thirty days set. The plan is to get every member of the race in this community to give something if it is only 25 cents towards this worthy cause. Let those who can give large contributions, and let those who can only give small ones do that and the money will be raised.

\$10,000 BRIDAL GIFT

Chicago, July 27.—Mrs. Nora Douglass-Holt who will be married to Joseph L. Ray at Bethlehem, Pa., July 29th will receive \$10,000 worth of preferred, Class A., securities of the United States Steel Corporation as a gift from the groom.

Mrs. Holt's first husband was a successful business man of Chicago, owning the majority of the stock in the Liberty Life Insurance Company. Ray is often referred to as "the right-hand man" of Charles Schwab, the steel king.

809,886 IN CUBA

Havana, Cuba, July 27.—The report of the director of the national census, made public today, gives Cuba a population of 3,123,040; 1,193,936 are whites and 809,886 colored. Added to these were 118,084 immigrants. There were 722,000 colored people in Cuba in 1919.

A Modern Robinson Crusoe



SAY KU KLUX KLAN USED HOSPITAL SHEETS

New York City, July 27.—According to reports reaching here from various sources it is charged that sheets from the store-room of the Veterans' Hospital at Tuskegee, Ala., were used as uniforms in a Ku Klux Klan anti-Negro demonstration there on July 3.

It is further charged that the white persons connected with the Hospital entertained the members of the Klan paraders at supper in the Hospital after the demonstration. These charges were made by the N. A. A. C. P. following an investigation by special agents from that association.

According to the report submitted by the investigators the sheets afterward were found to bear dust and automobile grease, and other evidence to show to what use they had been put.

"GET WORD TO ALL THE BOYS THAT WE WANT THEM TO COME"

The Omaha Elks who are planning for a monster picnic for all Omaha boys between the ages of 6 to 16 at Elmwood Park, Saturday, August 4, are anxious to have all boys know that they are wanted and welcome. Mr. C. M. Fixa, of the Merchants' National Bank, who is treasurer of the Omaha Lodge, and like the rest of the committee, working like beavers under the chairmanship of Dr. Ford, said to The Monitor, Monday, "Get word to all the boys you can that we want them to come." Last year 6,000 boys were guests of the Omaha Elks. This year they want 20,000.

RESUMES FORMER BUSINESS

Mr. J. Bernstein, former proprietor of the popular Department Store, 1805 North Twenty-fourth street, who a few months ago sold out his business, has repurchased it and is doing business at the old stand where he will be pleased to renew acquaintance with his many old customers and a large number of new ones. He is one of the few North Twenty-fourth street merchants who believe in advertising in our newspapers.

FORMER FLOGGERS FIND FIERCE FORMS FOR FORCING FEAR

Prural Road Bosses Forbidden by Law to Flog Prisoners Resort to Other Methods of Torture.

"SWEAT BOX" REPLACES LASH

Punishment of White Unfortunates Differs from That of Blacks Who Are Exposed to Mosquitoes.

Cocoa, Fla., July 27.—Bosses of convict labor gangs, denied the right to use the lash since the death of Martin Tabert caused the Florida legislature to pass an anti-whipping law, have obtained new expedients to enforce obedience from their charges.

The "sweat box" is the new method of torture for white prisoners who are striped road workers, while the Negro convicts, on the same sort of work, are given an even more cruel type of punishment. Convict guards from all parts of the state are reported to have complained to the state authorities that since Governor Hardee signed the anti-whipping act, it has been almost impossible to force convicts to labor on the roads. They contend that, lacking the whip, they are unable to subdue the insubordination among road gangs all over the state.

At a convict camp on a state road which is being pushed through the gum-bordered swamps and the live oak hummocks of Brevard county, there were seven "sweat boxes" and all of them were occupied at some time or other.

Picture a plain wooden box, made out of rough pine lumber. It is just high enough for a medium sized man, and not wide enough to permit a man to sit down or bend over. A fraction of an inch separates one's head from the roof, perhaps there is not even this much space. The roof itself is the crowning touch. It is made of galvanized iron. There are no windows in the box, and the only fresh air, when

the door is closed, is that which seeps through the cracks and crevices.

The "sweat box" is trundled out under the broiling sun, and the recalcitrant convict is made to enter it. A pint bottle of water and a portion of bread is placed on the floor. The inmate can reach it, if at all, only by the most trying efforts. When a man is released his clothes usually drip with perspiration and his face, bloated and red, shows the agonies he has undergone.

In the Negro camps the disobedient convicts are given short shrift. When a convict says he is unable to work—and illness is not accepted as an excuse either from whites or blacks—he is stripped to the waist, handcuffed to a pine tree, and so placed that his bare back receives the full force of the sun's rays. Swarms of mosquitoes and other insects abound during the summer months along the flat, swampy lands of the east coast, and the Negro is the prey to these insects. Not a man is said to have been able to stand the torture for more than a half hour.

With the abolition of the convict lease system, however, it is expected that not nearly so many arrests, as occurred in the past, will be made for petty offenses and consequently only desperate and unruly convicts will have to undergo the tortures of the "sweat box" and the bare back mosquito sessions.

YE DIAMOND SHOPPE

People who are interested in fine jewelry at reasonable prices will find it to their advantage to visit Ye Diamond Shoppe at 1508 Douglas street, of which D. B. Gross is the genial proprietor and I. W. Pope, the courteous manager.

SELLING SILK HOSIERY

Birney B. Cowan has taken the agency for real silk hosiery from a well-known eastern mill and will be pleased to show his goods which are of a superior make and at reasonable prices to prospective purchasers. Persons who have purchased these goods speak in high terms of them.

LARGE SHORTAGE OF WELL QUALIFIED MEN FOR MINISTRY

Annual Demand For Pastors For Work Among Race in United States Requires Over 1500 Men

FEW ARE COLLEGE TRAINED

Washington, D. C., July 27.—The demand for colored ministers of the Gospel in the United States is 1,500 a year, according to statistics collected today by Howard University under the supervision of the Department of the Interior.

Last year less than 100 colored men graduated from any kind of training school in the country for preachers and of this number less than 10 were college graduates. The average training of the other 90 for the colored ministry was about one and one-half years of grade school work.

There are about 50,000 colored churches of all denominations in the U. S. Shortage of preachers is illustrated by the fact that there is one white minister to every 389 white people, most of the latter being graduated from theological institutions.

Howard University is one of the few colleges in the country maintaining a school of religion for colored people, the number of graduates averaging between 5 and 10 a year. At the present time this school of religion receives no appropriations from the Government.

RACE FIRM OPENS GROCERY STORE ON NO. TWENTY-FOURTH

Crowder and Wilson is the name of a new business venture by members of our race on North Twenty-fourth street. These gentlemen have opened a small, but neatly-kept and well-stocked grocery store at 1803 North Twenty-fourth street, just north of Grace. The firm guarantees prompt delivery and assures The Monitor that it is their intention to do all within their power to give satisfaction and build up a good trade. Mr. Wilson is formerly from Little Rock, Ark., but has resided here for the past six years. Mr. Crowder is from Mound Bayou, Miss. Help this race firm grow.

GOES TO GALLOWS WITH SMILE ON LIPS

Texarkana, Tex., July 27.—Sol Johnson, slayer of G. W. Landers, white, aged storekeeper, on the outskirts of Texarkana, was hanged inside the Bowie county jail at Boston, Johnson went to the gallows unassisted and with a smile on his lips.

WORRIED SELF TO DEATH

Washington, July 27.—Because she studied hard but received marks so low that there was little likelihood of her being appointed a teacher in the local schools, Miss Audrey C. Wooden, 933 R street, June graduate of the Normal School, is said to have worried herself to death.

Dr. S. S. Thompson's certificate of death states that she died of acute dilation of the heart caused by worry.

FIELD SECRETARY VISITS CITY

Mrs. E. E. Whitefield of Washington, D. C., Field Secretary of the Woman's National Baptist convention, arrived in Omaha Sunday morning, July 22. She spoke at Zion Baptist church at 11 a. m., St. John's A. M. E. Sunday School, Bethel Baptist So. Side at 3 o'clock and Pilgrim in the evening. She also spoke at Pleasant Green Baptist church Tuesday evening, leaving for Cheyenne early Wednesday. She is a very excellent and forceful speaker.

THANKS—THE MONITOR

New York, July 14, 1923.
Rev. John Albert Williams, Editor,
The Monitor,
P. O. Box 1204,
Omaha, Nebr.

Dear Mr. Williams:
We have seen and deeply appreciated your editorial in The Monitor of July 6th on "The Elaine Victory", and this is just to send you our sincere thanks for the valuable work you are doing for the Association in The Monitor.

Faithfully yours,
HERBERT J. SELIGMANN,
Director of Publicity.

PAY THE COLLECTOR.

Arthur B. McCaw, a Central High school student, is earning money to help pay his way through school and go to college by collecting for The Monitor. He is being paid a commission for collecting. That's the way he earns his money. He is working hard. Please pay him promptly, whenever you promise to do so. Don't keep him running back for the small amount you owe. And don't put him off by saying, "You'll see the Editor."

COLOR CLAUSE TO BE STRICKEN FROM MARRIAGE MEASURE

Objectionable Provision Which in Effect Would Encourage Concubinage Meets Defeat

WOMEN LEAD IN OPPOSITION

Federation of Colored Women's Clubs Again Demonstrate Their Efficiency and Ability

Washington, D. C., July 27.—The active and organized protests of the colored men and women of the country, backed by numerous other organizations have won the day in the fight to eliminate the color clause from the proposed national marriage and divorce bill.

Led by the Federation of Colored Women's Club, groups of women from all over the country began piling up letters of protest upon the desk of Senator Capper, the junior member from Kansas, who is said to have expressed his amazement at the effective working of their organization and to have predicted "that if similar efficiency were exercised in the same unselfish way" most any legislation desired by the colored people could be secured.

The bill which Senator Capper introduced last session was prepared by an attorney for the American Federation of Women's Clubs, white, and contained the following objectionable clause:

"No license to marry will be issued where applicants are members of different races that is to say no marriage between members of the white and black races or of the white and yellow races, shall be valid."

While Southern sentiment supported the clause, the bill it is said was prepared by a woman attorney in Indiana, the State which first sponsored the measure.

Senator Capper will re-introduce the bill at the coming session of Congress, but during the recess of Congress he has been able to get a line on the reaction from the various sources so that amendments will likely be proposed to meet the majority of opinion as he finds it. There is considerable sentiment among members of Congress in favor of some such measures to eliminate conflicts in marriage and divorce laws of different states which now lead to many marital entanglements and much embarrassment especially in property distribution.

In a letter to friends here this week Senator Capper takes the position that it is needless to go out of his way to offend the Negro population of the country in declaring the social line since marriage between whites and blacks is not forbidden in most of the States.

OPENS PRINTING SHOP

Herman J. Ford has opened a printing shop at 1423 North Twenty-fourth street.

Mr. Ford is a native of Houston, Texas, and learned his trade at Tus-



kegee Institute. He has been in the printing business for many years. Mr. Ford came to Omaha last October to become foreman of the Statesman Printing company, with which he recently severed his connection. He has purchased a nice home on Ohio street as indication of being a permanent resident of our city. He and a nice family, and is a decided addition to our community.

COLORED LABOR HELPS AROUND PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, July 27.—There is a decline in the demand for labor in this city which may benefit the farms nearby. When building contractors put out signs now stating laborers are wanted, the full quota is readily available. Many applicants are being turned away. Most of them are Negroes from the south.

The Residence the N. W. C. A. Is Raising Funds to Buy for Old Folks' Home.